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ServiceDesk Plus editions

ServiceDesk Plus is available in three editions namely,

- Professional Edition - Includes Help Desk & Asset Management.

A quick view of the features available in the editions and the comparison table can be viewed here.
Contacting ZOHO Corporation

- Contact Information
- Sales
- Technical Support

Contact Information

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Zoho Corporation Pte. Ltd.
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#08-01 Cecil Court,
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Fax: 62819188
Sales
For purchasing ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus from any part of the world, fill out the Sales Request Form. A salesperson will contact you shortly. You can also email us at sales@manageengine.com

You can also call the Corporate office of ZOHO Corporation at the following numbers:
Phone: +1-925-924-9500

Fax: +1-925-924-9600 and request for Sales

Technical Support
One of the value propositions of ZOHO Corporation to its customers is excellent support. During the evaluation phase, the support program is extended to users free of charge.

For support, please mail to servicedeskplus-support@manageengine.com
Alternatively, you can submit your feedback from the ServiceDesk Plus product by clicking the Feedback link at the top right corner just above the header tabs after logging in to the application. Your feedback will be sent to the ServiceDesk Plus Support Team and they will get in touch with you. Do not forget to provide your e-mail address or your contact information for the team to get in touch with you.
Installation guide

Introduction
The ServiceDesk Plus Installation Guide helps you overcome the initial hiccups of installing ServiceDesk Plus and starting ServiceDesk Plus as a service. This guide also provides step-by-step instructions for setting up your database, performing a manual backup, restoration of the backup data, changing your server port to HTTPS and installing SSL Certificate.
System requirements

Minimum system requirements to run ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus is as follows:

**Hardware**

The hard disk space grows overtime based on stored data. You may require more RAM space and high-end processors depending on the support load and simultaneous access load.

Hardware installation according to the number of technician login.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technician Login</th>
<th>No of Nodes</th>
<th>Processor Type</th>
<th>Processor Speed (GHz)</th>
<th>RAM (GB)</th>
<th>Free Hard Disk (GB)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>5-20</td>
<td>50-200</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>20-50</td>
<td>200-500</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-100</td>
<td>500-2000</td>
<td>Intel Core Duo</td>
<td>2*3.4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100-200</td>
<td>1000-5000</td>
<td></td>
<td>4*3.4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note:* Although we support both 32-bit and 64-bit installations, for better performance go for the 64-bit installation.

**Operating Systems**

**Windows**

- Windows Server 2016
- Windows Server 2012
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows 10
- Windows 8
- Windows 7

**Linux**

- RHEL 7.2 and above
- Ubuntu 10.0 and above

**Supported Database**

- MS SQL 2005, MS SQL 2008, MS SQL 2012, MS SQL 2014
- PostgreSQL

**Supported Browsers**

- Internet Explorer: IE 11, IE Edge
- Firefox
- Google Chrome
Install ServiceDesk Plus

Installation Files
The types of installation files for ServiceDesk Plus are,

- ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus.exe (for Windows OS)
- ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus.bin (for Linux OS)

Upgrade Service Pack

- ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus_<latest_version>_SP-<build_number>.ppm

Click here to download your appropriate installation file.
Installation on Windows

Download ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus.exe file.

- Click the .exe file to begin the installation. The ServiceDesk Plus installation wizard appears.
- Click **Next** to proceed with the installation.

![Installation Wizard](image)

- The **License Agreement** is displayed. Please read the license agreement carefully. You need to accept the license agreement to proceed with the installation.
Click **Yes** to accept.

Select the **ServiceDesk Plus Edition** to install.

- **Professional Edition** - This edition offers Software Compliance & License Tracking, Product Catalog, NMS Integration, Asset Reports and few other asset related process along with the features of Standard Edition.
- **Enterprise Edition** - This is an ITIL ready help desk. It includes all features of Professional Edition plus Incident Management, Problem Management, Change Management & Configuration Management Database (CMDB).

You can also refer the document ServiceDesk Plus Edition Comparison to choose your required edition.
If you have selected Standard Edition or the Professional Edition, then the **Version Selection Panel** displays options to select either the **Trial Version** or the **Free Version**.

- The **Trial Version** is valid for 30 days and allows 2 technician logins with 200 nodes. You need to apply a valid license key to continue using ServiceDesk Plus.
- The **Free Version**, on the other hand, never expires and can be used for unlimited time period without applying a valid license key. But the free version is restricted to a single technician login with 25 nodes.
• If you have selected Enterprise Edition, then the **Version Selection Panel** displays only the 30 days Trial Version with 5 Technician login and up to 200 Nodes. You need to apply a valid license to continue using ServiceDesk Plus. Refer Register ServiceDesk Plus to apply the license key.
• The next step is choosing the installation directory. By default, the application is installed in `C:\ManageEngine\ServiceDesk` directory.

![Installation Directory](image)

Click **Browse...** button to change the installation directory. Choose the installation folder and click **OK**.

![Choose Folder](image)

**NOTE:** Please make sure that the installation directory or its parent directories do not have any space character in its name.

• Click **Next**.
• Provide a name that needs to appear in the **Program Folders**. By default, it is **ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus**. Click **Next**.
• Enter the **Web Server Port Number** to run the web server. The default port number provided is **8080**. If you already have another application running in that port, then enter the port number which is free and can be used to run the web server.
Click **Next**.

- By default, ServiceDesk Plus supports PGSQL database. To switch over to **MSSQL / MYSQL database**, refer configure the database to configure the corresponding database. Click **Next**.

- The **Registration for Technical Support** form is for acquiring technical assistance from our support team. By registering for technical support, our support team will be better informed about your organization and its specific needs, and hence provide a more focused support. Enter your details such as **Name**, contact **Email Address**, **Phone Number** (helps in making calls for immediate support), **Company Name** and **Country**. The Email Address is a mandatory field.

- Click **Next**.

- The details that you have provided till now is displayed for your confirmation:

**Installation Directory:** *C:\ManageEngineServiceDesk*

**Folder Name:** *ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus*

**Web Server Port:** *8080*
If the displayed information is correct, then click the **Next** button, or else click the **Back** button and make the necessary changes and proceed with the installation.

- After you confirm the details, the application is installed.
- On successful installation, the InstallShield Wizard Complete screen is displayed. By default, the option to start ServiceDesk Server is enabled. If you do not want to start ServiceDesk Plus Server, then deselect the options.
- Click **Finish** to complete the installation. The **ReadMe** document is displayed in a pop up window.

If you had followed the instructions in the wizard and installed the application with the default settings, then the **ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus** program group is created in the **Start** menu. If you chose to start ServiceDesk Server, then the server is started and the client window opens to view the login page. Enter the **Username** and **Password** as "administrator" to log into the application.
Installation on Linux

- Install ServiceDesk Plus on a Linux machine
- Install ServiceDesk Plus on a Linux machine without GUI
- Install ServiceDesk Plus as a Linux Service

Install ServiceDesk Plus on a Linux machine

2. To execute .bin type files, you require the execute permission. Enter the command as given below in your command prompt.

   ```bash
   #chmod +xManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus_x_Linux.bin
   ```

1. Execute the .bin file.

   ```bash
   ./ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus.bin
   ```

2. The ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus Installation Wizard is displayed. Click Next to proceed with the installation.

3. The License Agreement is displayed. Please read the license agreement carefully. You need to accept the license agreement to proceed with the installation.

4. Click Yes to accept the license agreement.

   - Professional Edition: This edition offers Software Compliance & License Tracking, Product Catalog, NMS Integration, Asset Reports and few other asset related process along with the features of Standard Edition.
   - Enterprise Edition: This is an ITIL ready help desk. It includes all features of Professional Edition plus Incident Management, Problem Management, Change Management and Configuration Management Database (CMDB).

You can also refer the document ServiceDesk Plus Edition Comparison to choose your required edition.
6. If you have selected Standard Edition or the Professional Edition, then the **Version Selection Panel** displays options to select either the **Trial Version** or the **Free Version**.
   - The **Trial Version** is valid for 30 days and allows 2 technician logins with 200 nodes. You need to apply a valid license key to continue using ServiceDesk Plus.
   - The **Free Version**, on the other hand, never expires and can be used for unlimited time period without applying a valid license key. But the free version is restricted to a single technician login with 25 nodes.

7. If you have selected Enterprise Edition, then the **Version Selection Panel** displays only the 30 days Trial Version with 5 Technician login and up to 200 Nodes. You need to apply a valid license to continue using ServiceDesk Plus. Refer Register ServiceDesk Plus to apply the license key.

8. The next step is choosing the installation directory. By default, the application is installed in: 
   - **home/<user>/ManageEngine/ServiceDesk** directory. If you want to change the installation directory, then click the **Browse** button and choose the installation folder. Click OK.

9. Click **Next**.

10. Enter the **Web Server Port Number** to run the web server. The default port number provided is **8080**. If you already have another application running in that port, then enter the port number which is free and can be used to run the web server. Click **Next**.

    **Note:** If you want to provide a port number lesser than 1024 as the web server port, then you need to be the super-user of the system to successfully install and run ServiceDesk Plus application.

1. The **Registration for Technical Support** form is for obtaining technical assistance from our support team. By registering for technical support, our support team will be better informed about your organization and its specific needs, and hence provide a more focused support. Enter your details such as **Name**, contact **Email Address**, **Phone Number** (helps in making calls for immediate support), **Company Name** and **Country**. The Email Address is a mandatory field. Click **Next**.

2. The details that you have provided till now are displayed for your confirmation.

   **Installation Directory:** **home/<user>/ManageEngine/ServiceDesk**

   **Product Size:** 62.8 MB

   If the displayed information is correct, then click the **Next** button, or else click the **Back** button and make the necessary changes and proceed with the installation.
1. After you confirm the above details, the application is installed.
2. On successful installation, the **InstallShield Wizard Complete** screen is displayed. By default, the option to view the ReadMe file is enabled. If you do not wish to view the ReadMe file, deselect the check box.
3. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

**Install ServiceDesk Plus on a Linux machine without GUI**

1. Download ManageEngine **ServiceDesk_Plus.bin** file.
2. To execute .bin type files, you require the execute permission. Enter the command as given below in your command prompt.

   ```bash
   #chmod +xManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus_x_Linux.bin
   ```

   1. Execute the .bin file.

   ```bash
   ./ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus.bin -console
   ```

   1. Follow with the on-screen instructions to proceed with the installation.

**Install ServiceDesk Plus as a Linux Service**

1. **Download** the servicedesk.txt file from here.
2. Copy the **servicedesk.txt** to /etc/init.d/

   ```bash
   # cp servicedesk.txt /etc/init.d/servicedesk
   ```

1. **Edit** the servicedesk file to modify the MDIR Variable. MDIR refers to /bin. Typically, if you have installed ServiceDesk Plus as a guest user, then MDIR will be,

   ```text
   MDIR=/home/guest/ManageEngine/ServiceDesk/bin
   ```

   **Note:** To edit the servicedesk file type `#vi servicedesk.txt`
1. Give executable permissions for servicedesk startup script.
   
   # chmod 755 /etc/init.d/servicedesk

1. Create a blank file under /var/log for logging purposes.
   
   # touch /var/log/servicedesk-plus.log

1. Use chkconfig command to add the script as a startup process.
   
   # chkconfig --add servicedesk
Upgrade service pack

1. Upgrade Service Pack on Windows
2. Upgrade Service Pack on Linux
   - Apply patch from console or command line

**Upgrade Service Pack on Windows**
To upgrade to the latest version and build of ServiceDesk Plus,

1. Stop **ManageEngine ServiceDesk** service.
2. Take a backup of the existing build for security reasons. Refer Backup Process to know how to take a backup of your data.

   **Note:** Taking a backup is essential to revert to the existing build without any loss of data if the upgrade fails due to unexpected reasons. The backup is stored under Backup folder in ServiceDesk Plus Home directory.

1. Click here to download the latest hotfix or the .ppm file.
2. Go to `[ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin` and execute the file `UpdateManager.bat`.

   `cmd> UpdateManager.bat`

A Java UI pops up where you can browse for the location of the .ppm file and click install to start the installation process.
Note: If you are planning on performing multiple upgrades, please make sure to start and stop the application once after successfully applying a service pack, make a backup of this upgraded version and then proceed with the next service pack.

Upgrade Service Pack on Linux

2. Take a backup of the existing build for security reasons. Refer Backup Process to know how to take a backup of your data.
3. Click here to download the latest hotfix or the .ppm file.
4. Run the script `UpdateManager.sh` in the `<ServiceDesk_Plus_Home>/bin` folder.
5. From the Update Manager tool click Browse button to select the Service Pack file (ManageEngine_ServiceDesk_Plus_0.0_SP-x_0.ppm) that you had downloaded.
6. Click Install and Follow the on-screen instructions to apply the Service Pack / Hotfix.
7. Once the upgrade is complete, start ServiceDesk Plus Server.

Apply patch from console or command line

To install a patch from console or command line,

**Easiest option:**

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -c
```

And it will guide the user through the steps.

**Other options (in version 9400 and above)**

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>conf -c -option i -ppmPath <Patch file path including patch file name> -h <Product Home>
```

To un-install a patch:

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>conf -c -option u -h <Product Home> -version <Patch version>
```

To view installed patch versions:

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>conf -c -option v -h <Product Home>
```

**Other options (in versions below 9400)**

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>serverdefaultconf -c -option i -ppmPath <Patch file path including patch file name> -h <Product Home>
```

To un-install a patch:

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>serverdefaultconf -c -option u -h <Product Home> -version <Patch version>
```

To view installed patch versions:

```
sh UpdateManager.sh -u <ServiceDesk_Home>serverdefaultconf -c -option v -h <Product Home>
```

To run UPDATEMANGER.bat from konsole mode:

```
UpdateManager.sh -c -option i ppmPath <Path where PPM is downloaded> -h C:ManageEngineServiceDesk
```
Start ServiceDesk Plus server

- Start ServiceDesk Plus Server on Windows
- Start ServiceDesk Plus Server on Linux

Start ServiceDesk Plus Server on Windows

1. Click Start -> Programs -> ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus -> ServiceDesk Server to start the web server. This takes approximately 2 minutes in a Windows XP, 512 MB RAM, and 1.0 GHZ processor. The server is started and the web client is launched in the default browser.
2. If the web client is not launched automatically, then click Start -> Programs -> ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus -> ServiceDesk Web Client to start the web client. The ServiceDesk Plus login page in opened in the default web browser.
3. Enter the User name as "administrator" and the Password as "administrator" to log in to ServiceDesk Plus.

As soon as you login, the Product Overview page will be displayed. Select the module and play the video of the module you wish to learn about. Click Skip Tour on the right bottom of the page to skip the overview videos of each module and navigate to the Admin page. Proceed with the configurations in the Admin settings page. Refer Admin Configurations in the Admin Guide to know how to configure ServiceDesk Plus.

Start ServiceDesk Plus Server on Linux

1. Go to <ServiceDesk Plus>/bin directory and execute the run.sh file

   $ sh run.sh

2. To start the web client, open a web browser and type the following in the address field.

   http://localhost:8080

   Here, you need to replace the localhost with the corresponding server name where the ServiceDesk Plus web server is running and the port number 8080 should be replaced with the actual port where the server is running. The ServiceDesk Plus login page opens in the default web browser.
3. Enter the User name as "administrator" and the Password as "administrator" to login to ServiceDesk Plus.

As soon as you login, the Product Overview page will be displayed. Select the module and play the video of the module you wish to learn about. Click Skip Tour on the right bottom of the page to skip the overview videos of each module and navigate to the Admin page. Proceed with the configurations in the Admin settings page. Refer Admin Configurations in the Admin Guide to know how to configure ServiceDesk Plus.
Register ServiceDesk Plus

Once your trial evaluation period is over, you need to apply a valid license key to continue using ServiceDesk Plus. Please contact our sales team at sales@manageengine.com for a valid license key. Upon receiving the license file, you can register ServiceDesk Plus.

To register ServiceDesk Plus,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the User name and Password of an admin user.
2. Click Help drop down menu -> select License option. The License window is opened.
3. Click the Browse button to locate the license file sent to you when you purchased the application.
4. From the file chooser window, select the license file and click Open.
5. Click Upgrade.

The registration of the ServiceDesk Plus application is complete. You can continue using the application.
Shutdown ServiceDesk Plus server

- Shutdown ServiceDesk Plus on Windows
- Shutdown ServiceDesk Plus on Linux

Shutdown ServiceDesk Plus on Windows

1. Click **Start -> Programs -> ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus -> Shutdown ServiceDesk**. A confirmation message is displayed.
2. Click OK to proceed with the shutdown.

Alternatively, right-click on the system tray icon and select Shut down Server. A confirmation message is displayed. Click OK to shut down ServiceDesk Plus.

Shutdown ServiceDesk Plus on Linux

Execute `shutdown.sh` file from the bin directory as given below,

    sh shutdown.sh -S
Configure the database

- Configure the Database
  1. Configuring Postgres SQL database
  2. Configuring MS SQL database

- Non GUI Users
  - Connect to Postgres SQL Database
  - MS SQL Connection Resolution

Configure the Database
By default, ServiceDesk plus supports PostgreSQL database. To switch over to SQL database, you need to configure SQL server to establish connection and start the server.

Configuring Postgres SQL database

1. Execute the changeDBServer.bat [changeDBServer.sh for Linux] file present under the ServiceDesk Home directory. This opens the Database Setup Wizard. Fill in the respective server details:
   - Server Type: Select the server type from the combo box (Postgres SQL).
   - Host Name: Enter the IP Address/Host Name in which the database is available. The default host name is 'localhost'.
   - Port: Specify the Port. The default port is 65432.
   - Database: By default, the database name will be servicedesk (can be changed as per your requirement).
   - User Name: Specify the User Name to login to the server.
   - Password: Specify the Password.

![Database Setup Wizard](image-url)
1. To check the availability of connection, click the Test button. A window pops up showing 'Connection Established' message.
2. Click OK to proceed.
3. Click Save button to save the SQL server settings.

### Configuring MS SQL database

Execute the changeDBServer.bat [changeDBServer.sh for Linux] file present under the ServiceDesk Home directory. This opens the Database Setup Wizard. Fill in the respective server details:

- **Server Type:** Select the server type from the combo box. (MS SQL)
- **Host Name:** Enter the IP Address/ host name in which the database is available. The default host name is 'localhost'.
- **Port:** Specify the Port. The default port is 1433.
- **Database:** By default, the database name will be servicedesk (can be changed to your requirement).
- **User Name:** Specify the User Name to login to the server.

### Note

i. You need full Admin rights to configure the MS SQL database for Windows with versions 2012 and above. (Remember, the standard user account is administrator).

ii. The login account for creating the database requires SQL authentication and it should have the following roles enabled:

* dbcreator
* Public
* Sysadmin

- **Password:** Specify the Password.
2. Click OK to proceed.
3. Click Save button to save the SQL server settings.

**Non GUI Users**

Run the command changeDBServer.bat [changeDBServer.sh for Linux] in the command prompt by passing parameters as given below:

C:[ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin>changeDBServer.bat --console

It will get the DB Server necessary information from the console.

![changeDBServer.bat Command Output](image)

**Connect to Postgres SQL Database in Windows**

1. Go to [ServiceDesk Plus Home] pgsql bin in the command prompt.

   ```
   cd ManageEngineServiceDeskpgsqlbin
   ```

2. Enter the command: psql.exe -U postgres -p 65432 servicedesk

   ```
   C:> cd ManageEngineServiceDeskpgsqlbin> psql.exe -U postgres -p 65432 servicedesk
   ```

3. To use ServiceDesk database, use the command: postgres=# c servicedesk.
   The prompt changes to:servicedesk=#.

   ```
   C:\ManageEngine\ServiceDesk\pgsql\bin>psql.exe -U postgres -p 65432
   WARNING: Truncate code page (437) differs from Windows code page (1252)
   8-bit characters might not work correctly. See psql reference page "Truncate" for details.
   Type "help" for help.
   postgres=# c servicedesk
   WARNING: Truncate code page (437) differs from Windows code page (1252)
   8-bit characters might not work correctly. See psql reference page "Truncate" for details.
   You are not connected to database "servicedesk" as user "postgres".
   servicedesk=#
   ```

**MS SQL Connection Resolution:**

If a connection is refused and an exception is thrown by SQL Server as ‘unable to connect the server’, then there could be following reasons why this could happen such as:

- The server name is misspelled or the port number is incorrect.
- The SQL server may not be configured to use TCP/IP. In this case, enable TCP/IP from SQL server's
network utility application.

- If there is a firewall blocking the port 1433 on the server then you will not be able to connect to the server.
- To confirm the firewall block connect to TCP/IP use "telnet<server_host>1433"n to confirm the block.
- SQL Server Instance is not currently supported by ServiceDesk and will be available in the feature release. You can also connect to SQL Server named instance once if you know the machine name and port of the named instance.
- Create new user with full privileges as shown below:

![SQL Server Login Properties](image)

- While configuring SQL server properties select the authentication type as SQL server as shown below. Windows authentication is not supported by ServiceDesk Plus currently.
Installing SSL certificate

- Introduction
- Steps to install SSL in ServiceDesk Plus
  - Install a .P7b Certificate
  - Commands to install certificates of some common vendors

Introduction
ServiceDesk Plus can run as a HTTPS service. But it requires a SSL (Secure Socket Layer) Certificate signed by a valid Certificate Authority (CA).

By default, on first time start-up, it creates a self-signed certificate. This self-signed certificate will not be trusted by the user browsers. Thus, while connecting to ServiceDesk Plus, you need to manually verify the certificate information and the hostname of ServiceDesk Plus server carefully and should force the browser to accept the certificate.

To make ServiceDesk Plus server identify itself correctly to the web browser and the user, you need to obtain a new signed certificate from a CA for the ServiceDesk Plus host. You can use keytool (bundled with Java) to create your certificates, get them signed by a CA and use them with ServiceDesk Plus.

Steps to install SSL in ServiceDesk Plus
The steps involved in configuring ServiceDesk Plus to use the SSL are as given below.

Step 1: Create a Keystore file
Step 2: Create .CSR (Certificate Signing Request) file
Step 3: Install your SSL Certificate
Step 4: Configuring the Server (in version 9400 and above)
  Configuring the Server (in versions below 9400)

Note: In all the images, replace the highlighted text with the alias name you want to use for the SDP

Step 1: Create a Keystore file
Before requesting for a certificate from a CA, you need to create tomcat specific "keystore" file and "csr" file. The keystore file and csr file will include information provided by the individual who creates the keystore and csr files.

To create the .keystore file follow the below steps,

- Open the Command Prompt.
- From the location <installation directory> jre bin execute the command
  keytool -genkey -alias <your_alias_name> or [Domain Name] -keyalg RSA -keystore sdp.keystore
- If your vendor requires a CSR of size 2048 please use the command given below.
  keytool -genkey -alias <your_alias_name> or [Domain Name] -keyalg RSA -keysize 2048 -keystore sdp.keystore
- You will then be prompted to choose a password for your keystore.
Note: Please note that the Password should not contain $ symbol.

- When it asks for first and last name, this is NOT your first and last name, but rather it is your Fully Qualified Domain Name for the site you are securing.
- If you are ordering a Wildcard Certificate this must begin with the * character.
- On entering the required information, confirm that the information is correct by entering 'y' or 'yes' when prompted.
- At the end of executing the above command, you will be prompted to enter keystore password. Try giving the password same as your key password. Make sure to remember the password you choose.
- Your keystore file named sdp.keystore is now created in your current working directory.

Note: We request you to make a backup copy of the sdp.keystore file before installing the Certs. This backed up keystore can be used if the certificate installation goes wrong or when you renew your certificates the next year.

Step 2: Creating .CSR (Certificate Signing Request) file

The .CSR (Certificate Signing Request) file is temporary and should be submitted to a CA to receive CA-Signed Certificate files.

Please follow the steps given below to create the CSR file.

- Open the Command Prompt
- From the location <installation directory> jre bin execute the below command.

```shell
keytool -certreq -alias <your_alias_name> -file key.csr -keystore sdp.keystore
```

In the above command <your_alias_name> is the alias name provided when creating the keystore, key.csr is the name of the CSR file that will be created after the command is executed.

Step 3: Install your SSL Certificate

Download the Certificate files received from the CA via e-mail to the directory where your keystore (sdp.keystore) was saved during the CSR creation process. The certificates must be installed to this exact keystore. If you try to install it to a different keystore it will not work.

The certificates you had downloaded must be installed to your keystore in the correct order for your certificate to be trusted. If the certificates are not installed in the correct order, then the certificate will not authenticate properly. To find the correct order, double click on the domain certificate and then go to ‘Certification Path’.

These certificates are usually in the format .cer or .crt. If your certificate is with the extension .p7b please follow the instructions given in Installing a .P7b Certificate to export the certs to a .cer or .crt format.

Looking at the above certification path we can infer that we need to import two other certificates before the domain certificate. First is the Root, next the Intermediate and finally the Domain Certificate. Some CAs may also use another certificate called Cross Intermediate. These certificates can be downloaded from the Vendor’s website.
Installing the Root Certificate file

Each time you install a certificate to your keystore you will be prompted for the keystore password, which you chose while generating your CSR. Type the following command to install the Root certificate file:

```
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias root -file <File_Name>.crt -keystore sdp.keystore
```

**Note:** Choose ‘Yes’ if you get prompted with a message that says "Certificate already exists in system-wide CA keystore under alias <Alias Name> Do you still want to add it to your own keystore? [no]:" You will get a confirmation stating that the "Certificate was added to keystore".

Install the Intermediate Certificates and Cross Intermediate Certificates (if any).

Follow the instructions provided by the CA.

```
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias intermediate -file <File_Name>.crt -keystore sdp.keystore
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias cross -file <File_Name>.crt -keystore sdp.keystore
```

You will get a confirmation stating that the "Certificate was added to keystore".

Install the Primary or the Domain Certificate file

Type the following command to install the Primary certificate file:

```
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias <your_alias_name or [Domain Name]> -file your_domain_name.crt -keystore sdp.keystore
```

Please note that `<your_alias_name or [Domain Name]>` should be replaced with the alias name provided when creating the keystore (as discussed in Step 1). This time you will get a different confirmation stating that the "Certificate reply was installed in keystore".

If you want to trust the certificate, then choose y or yes. Your Certificates are now installed to your keystore file (sdp.keystore).

Step 4: Configuring the Server (in version 9400 and above)

- Copy the sdp.keystore file from `<ServiceDesk_Home>jrebin` to `<ServiceDesk_Home>conf`
- From the command prompt, execute `changeWebServerPort.bat` script to change the connection mode to HTTPS.

```
Cmd> [ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin> changeWebServerPort.bat <WEBSERVER_PORT> https
```

- Finally, update the name of the keystore and the password, you gave in Step 1, while generating sdp.keystore in the file `server.xml` present under `<ServiceDesk_Home>conf`
- Restart the service ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus for the changes to take effect.

Configuring the Server (in versions below 9400)
Install the sdp.keystore file from `<ServiceDesk_Home>jrebin` to `<ServiceDesk_Home>serverdefaultconf`.

From the command prompt, execute `changeWebServerPort.bat` script to change the connection mode to HTTPS.

```
Cmd> [ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin> changeWebServerPort.bat <WEBSERVER_PORT> https
```

Finally, update the name of the keystore and the password, you gave in Step 1, while generating sdp.keystore in the file `server.xml` present under `<ServiceDesk_Home>serverdefaultdeploybossweb-tomcat50.sar`.

Restart the service ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus for the changes to take effect.

**Install a .P7b Certificate**

Some CA will provide the certificates with an extension .p7b. In such a case you can double click on this file to open a console which will list all the required certificates. You can export these certificates to Base-64 encoded X.509 (.cer) files.

These certs can then be installed onto the keystore file using the instructions given in Step 3.

To export the certificate,

- Go to `[ServiceDesk Plus Home] jre bin domain.P7B`
- Right click on the certificate and select All Tasks -> Export option.
- The Certificate Export Wizard dialog pops up. Click Next button to proceed.
- Select the export file format as **Base-64 encoded X.509 (.cer)**. Click Next.
- Specify the name of the file you want to export. Click Next.
- The certificate export wizard is completed successfully. You can check for the settings you have specified. Click Finish.
- A success message appears in a dialog box. Click OK.

**Commands to install certificates of some common vendors**

Please find below the commands you need to use to install certificates of some common vendors.

**Note:** These instructions might change depending on the Certificates issued by the CA.

**GoDaddy**

If your CA is "GoDaddy", then the steps to follow will be:

```bash
keytool -import -alias root -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file gd_bundle.crt
keytool -import -alias cross -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file gd_cross_intermediate.crt
keytool -import -alias intermediate -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file gd_intermediate.crt
keytool -import -alias <Alias Specified when creating the Keystore> -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file <CertificateName>.crt
```

**Verisign**

If your CA is "Verisign", then the steps to follow will be:
keytool -import -alias intermediateCA -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file <your_intermediate_certificate_name>.cer
keytool -import -alias <Alias Specified when creating the Keystore> -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore -trustcacerts -file <CertificateName>.cer

Comodo
If your CA is "Comodo", then the steps to follow will be:

keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias root -file AddTrustExternalCARoot.crt -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias addtrust -file UTNAddTrustServerCA.crt -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias ComodoUTNServer -file ComodoUTNServerCA.crt -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias essentialSSL -file essentialSSLCA.crt -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore
keytool -import -trustcacerts -alias <Alias Specified when creating the Keystore> -file <CertificateName>.crt -keystore <Keystore_Name>.keystore
Renew SSL certificate

In order to use the renewed certificate, you need to have taken a backup of the existing keystore file (created while configuring the SSL), which was taken before the installation of any certs. If this file is present, then you can replace this file in the [ServiceDesk Home]jrebin folder and follow the instructions from Step 3: Install your SSL Certificate.

If you do not have a backup of the keystore file, then you need to start from scratch i.e., from Step 1, and get the certificates reissued for the new CSR (Certificate Signing Request).

You can use the following command to get the list of certificates installed in the keystore.

```
Keytool.exe  -list  -keystore sdp.keystore
```

Below is an example of how a keystore looks before installing any Certificates. It will only have the keyEntry.

![Keystore Example](Image)
Installing .PFX certificate

.PFX is an extension for security certificate. It defines a file format that stores private keys (generated by your server at the time the CSR was generated) and public key certificate (your SSL Certificate provided by the CA) in a single encrypted file.

1. To install a certificate with the extension .PFX,

2. Stop ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus service.

3. Copy the .pfx file to the location C:\ManageEngine\ServiceDesk\conf (where C: is the drive in which ServiceDesk Plus is installed)

   In versions below 9400, the copying location is C:\ManageEngine\ServiceDesk\server\default\conf

4. Change the web server port to 443 to run ServiceDesk Plus on secure mode. To change the web server port, open the command prompt and go to [ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin. Enter the command as given below,

   [ServiceDesk Plus Home]bin> changewebserverport.bat 443 https

5. Go to the location [ServiceDesk Plus Home]conf and open the file 'server.xml' in a word pad.

   In versions below 9400, server.xml is present under the location [ServiceDesk Plus Home]server\default\deploy\jbossweb-tomcat50.sar

   Locate the below entries in the file.

   <!-- SSL/TLS Connector configuration using the admin devl guide keystore
   <Connector port="8443" address="${jboss.bind.address}" maxThreads="100" minSpareThreads="5" maxSpareThreads="15" scheme="https" secure="true" clientAuth="false" keystoreFile="${jboss.server.home.dir}/conf/sdp.keystore" keystorePass="sdpsecured" sslProtocol = "TLS" />

   Please replace the file name sdp.keystore with the pfx file name (name.pfx) and enter the keystoreType="pkcs12" after the file name. Also replace the 'sdpsecured' with the password for the .pfx file.

   The entries should look like this,

   <!-- SSL/TLS Connector configuration using the admin devl guide keystore
   <Connector port="8443" address="${jboss.bind.address}" maxThreads="100" minSpareThreads="5" maxSpareThreads="15"
scheme="https" secure="true" clientAuth="false"

keystoreFile="${jboss.server.home.dir}/conf/name.pfx" keystoreType="pkcs12" keystorePass="your password" sslProtocol = "TLS" />

8. **Restart** ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus service.
Uninstalling ServiceDesk Plus

- Uninstall ServiceDesk Plus on Windows
- Uninstall ServiceDesk Plus on Linux

Uninstall ServiceDesk Plus on Windows

1. Click **Start -> Programs -> ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus -> Uninstall ServiceDesk.**

Uninstall ServiceDesk Plus on Linux

1. Go to `<ServiceDesk>/_uninst` directory.
2. Execute uninstaller.bin as below:

   $ ./uninstaller.bin
Startup script for the pmagent

#!/bin/bash
#
# Startup script for the pmagent
#
# chkconfig: 345 99 02
# description: Run the ServiceDesk-Plus program

INITLOG_ARGS=""

prog="servicedesk"
programe="AdventNet ManageEngine ServiceDesk-Plus"
RETVAL=0

# Edit the following to indicate the 'bin' directory for your installation
MDIR=/home/guest/servicedesk/AdventNet/ME/ServiceDesk/bin

if [ ! -d "$MDIR" ]
then
  echo "Invalid directory $MDIR"
  exit 1
fi

start()
{
  mv -f /var/log/servicedesk-plus.log /var/log/servicedesk-plus1.log
  echo "Starting $programe"
  cd $MDIR
  nohup sh run.sh >/var/log/servicedesk-plus.log 2>&1 &
  RETVAL=$?
  echo
  [ $RETVAL = 0 ] && touch /var/lock/subsys/servicedesk
}

stop()
{
  echo "Stopping $programe"
  cd $MDIR
  sh shutdown.sh -S >>/var/log/servicedesk-plus.log 2>&1
}

case "$1" in
  start)
    start
    ;;
  stop)
    stop
  esac

;;
*)
  echo "Usage: $prog {start|stop}"
  exit 1
;;
esac

exit $RETVAL
Home page

The home page of ServiceDesk Plus has various useful information displayed that enables an administrator or a technician to take necessary action.

The user you are logged in as is the Administrator and the following are available in home page,

1. My View
2. Scheduler
3. Quick Create
4. Search
5. Personalize
6. Quick Actions drop-down menu
7. Request Catalog drop-down menu OR Incident Catalog drop-down menu
Service Catalog drop-down menu

If you are on a Trial version, then the following links will appear along with the above,

1. License Expiry Alert
2. Get Quote

My View
The My View tab displays the following information,

- My Approvals
- My Summary
- My Tasks
- Announcements
My Approvals
This block lists all the approval actions to be taken by you for a service request and purchase order. To approve or reject, click Take Actions button. The approval for service requests and purchase orders are listed only if you have the approval permission.

My Summary
This block displays the summary of requests, problem and changes assigned to the logged in technician.

- Request Overdue - Number of requests assigned to the logged in technician that are overdue.
- Requests Due Today - Number of requests assigned to the logged in technician that are due for that day.
- Pending Requests - Number of pending requests that are assigned to the technician.
- Approved Changes - Number of changes assigned to the logged in technician that are approved.
- Unapproved Changes - Number of changes assigned to the logged in technician that are unapproved.
- Pending Problems - Number of Open problems assigned to the logged in technician.
- Unassigned Problems - Number of problems that are unassigned to technicians.

Scheduler
Scheduler gives a calendar view of the number of open requests, problems, changes, task and reminder for a technician in a given month. Using the Technician Availability Chart, the availability of a technician on a given date can be viewed, based on which requests can be assigned to other technicians (backup technicians).

- My Scheduler
- Technician Availability Chart

Quick Create - New Incident
An instant mode to create new incident when you are on a call with a requester. To access Quick Create - New Incident,

Click on the Quick Create icon in the top left corner.

You can either conduct a search for the requester using the Requester List icon or you can enter the name of the requester in the field provided. Next, all you need to do is enter Request Title and Description.
you require additional details such as category, priority or assign a technician, click Add More Details >> link. This takes you to the New Incident form.

**Note**: The Quick Create - New Incident section is available only when 'Quick Create Settings' option is enabled in the Self-Service Portal Settings.

**Search**
You can search for Requests, Archived Requests, Problem, Change, Assets, Workstation, Software, Purchase, Contract, Solutions, System Log and Requester from the home page. You can further enhance the request search by drilling it down to sub modules. You can search for notes, work log, resolution and request ID. Conducting a search using the request ID/Keyword takes you to the request details page of the specified request ID/keyword.

**Personalize**
You can change the language and time zone displayed in the application, customize your signature, and change your password from the Personalize link. Click here to view more.

**Quick Actions drop-down menu**
The Quick Actions drop-down menu functions as a instant navigator to the Add New forms, Scheduler, Tasks, Reminders, Asset - Groups, Scanning inventories and Archived Requests.

**Request Catalog drop-down menu**
The Request Catalog drop-down menu groups both, the Incident Requests and Service Request Templates based on the category. The Request Catalog drop-down menu is made available to your technicians only if you has enabled the option "Combine incident and service templates listing for the service" in Self Service Portal Settings.

**Incident Catalog drop-down menu**
The incident templates made available to your technicians are grouped based on the Service Category and listed in the Incident Catalog drop down. Click Incident Catalog link to access the default incident template.

**Service Catalog drop-down menu**
The service categories and the service items available to you are listed in the Service Catalog drop down. The list is organized to view the service items under each service category. All you need to do is browse for the available services in the catalog and submit a request.

**License Expiry Alert**
The license expiry alert shows the number of days for the existing license to get expired. In addition, it also provides the date within which the license should be renewed and the contact information of the support team.

**Get Quote**
The Get Quote link is visible to users using the Demo or Trial version. Clicking Get Quote link navigates the page to the Get Quote form in the website. Entering the specifications in the form will help us to provide you with the exact details of your requirement. Click Submit on specifying the details and our sales team will contact you on receiving the e-mail.
My tasks

My Tasks in the home page, under My View tab beside my requests summary block, shows all the Tasks assigned to you. These tasks could be added by you as a personal reminder of the due by tasks. Or, it can be the tasks assigned to you by other technicians.

You can also assign tasks to other technicians through this option. On adding the tasks to other technicians, the added tasks will be listed in their home page under the My Tasks block and the technicians will be able to view the tasks immediately on logging in to ServiceDesk Plus application.

All your tasks including the requests assigned on your name can be added to this list as My Tasks, but you cannot maintain the log for the requests entered under my tasks list.

Adding Tasks

You can add Tasks from either the My Tasks block or from Quick Actions drop-down menu.

Quick Actions drop-down menu

The Quick Actions drop-down is an instant means to access the task form. Click -> Add New option under Tasks.

My Tasks

1. Click Add New button. The Tasks form pops-up.
2. You can add a task instantly by using the pre-defined task templates in the application. Select a template from Use Task Template drop down. The task details such as Title, Description, assigned to Group or Technician and the task Status are automatically populated.
3. If you do not wish to use the Task Template, then specify the Title of the task in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify relevant information about the tasks in the Description field.
5. Select the Scheduled Start Time from the calendar button. Also select the Scheduled End Time for the task from the calendar button.
6. The Actual Start Time and End Time of the task will be entered by the technician doing (owning) the task.
7. The actual start time and end time is the real time schedule of the task. The scheduled start time and end time specified by the task owner is a tentative time schedule.
8. Select the Owner (technician) of the task from the combo box.
9. Specify the Status of the task. By default the Status of the task is Open.
10. Specify any relevant comment about the task in the Comments field.
11. If you wish to be reminded of the task previously then select the Email me before option and select the number of days from the combo box. This option will be selected based on the scheduled start time.
12. Save the values. You can see the added tasks getting listed under My Tasks block in the home page as shown below. The tasks will be listed under the tasks tab in ascending order based on the scheduled start time.
To view the details of the tasks click the title of the task to be viewed. This opens the Tasks page and you can view the details.

**Closing Completed Tasks**
When you have completed the task, you can just close the task by selecting the radio button beside the task. Alternatively,

1. Click the Show All link on the right hand side of the block. This opens the Show all Tasks page.
2. Select the tasks which have been completed by enabling the check box.
3. Click the Close button to close the task. You can see the tasks moved under closed status and in the home page you can see the tasks deleted from the My task block.

**Viewing all Tasks**
To view all the tasks added to the list, click the >Show All button on the down right hand side of the My Tasks block. This opens the Show all Tasks page as shown below,

You can also add new task through this page by clicking the New Task button available on the top right corner of the page.

To view the tasks based on the status-> click the Filter Showing combo box and select the task status from the list. You can see the tasks getting listed based on the selected status.
Alternatively, you can view All tasks and tasks assigned to you in Quick Actions under the Task block.

**Viewing tasks based on Filters**
Using the pre-defined filters in the Task details page, you can have a quick consolidated view of the tasks configured in the application.

- My Open Tasks
Lists all the tasks assigned to the logged in technician with status as Open.
- My Overdue

Lists all the tasks assigned to the logged in technician that has exceeded the due date.
- My Due Today

Lists all the tasks assigned to the logged in technician that are due to be completed today.
- My All Tasks

Lists all the tasks assigned to the logged in technician irrespective of their status
- Open Tasks

Lists all the tasks with the status as Open.
- Pending Tasks

Lists all the pending tasks available in the application with the status as Open (or) On Hold
- Overdue

Lists all the tasks that has exceeded the due date.
- Due Today

Lists all the tasks that are due to complete today.
- Pending - My Group Tasks

Lists all the tasks assigned to the group associated to the logged in technician that are to be completed.
- Unassigned Pending Tasks

Lists all the unassigned pending tasks that have been configured in the application
- All Tasks

Lists all the tasks that are configured in the application irrespective of the status.

**Deleting Tasks**

1. Click the >Show All button on the down right hand side of the My Tasks block. This opens the Show all Tasks page as shown above.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation message pops up asking you confirm on the delete process.
3. Click Yes to proceed. You can see the task deleted from the Show all Tasks list as well as from the home page.
Publish announcements

ServiceDesk Plus allows you to publish Announcements company-wide or just to the technicians group. The announcement board is available in the login home page of the My View tab, below the My Summary block. Any technician can add, edit, and delete announcements.

The recent announcements will be displayed in the box. To view all the announcements, even completed ones, click the Show All button. This will display the list of all announcements added till date. To view an announcement, click the Announcement Title to open the complete announcement details in a pop-up. If there is more than one announcement, then you will notice a Previous and Next button in the pop-up. Using this you can navigate through the announcements list and view all the announcements without closing the pop-up window.

Representation of Icons

- Private Announcement i.e., announcements published to the technicians
- New Private Announcement
- Public Announcement i.e., announcements that are published to technicians and requesters.
- New Public Announcement
- Public Announcements restricted to certain User Groups
- Newly added Public Announcement restricted to certain User Groups

Adding Announcement

To add an announcement,

1. Click Add New button in the Announcements block. The Add New announcement window pops up.
2. Enter the Announcement Title. This can be a short statement that describes the announcement. This is mandatory field.
3. Type the Announcement Content in the text box provided for the same.
4. Select the From date and To date using the calendar icon beside the respective fields.
5. By default, the announcement is available to technicians. If you want to publish the announcement in the requester login, enable Show to Requester check box.

If you have configured User Groups, then you can publish the announcement to requesters under the user group. Select the User Group from the available list, select >> button to move the list to the selected user group. The announcement is displayed in the home page with a lock beside it. Click here to know more on configuring User Groups.

6. If you wish to Send this announcement as mail then select the corresponding option by enabling the check box.
7. Click Save. At any point of time, you do not wish to add the announcement, click Cancel.

The announcement will be added and the pop-up will display the announcement details as entered by you. The announcement title will be displayed in the login home in bold text in the announcement box with a new icon beside it.

Viewing All Announcements
To view all the announcements that have been displayed in the application, click **Show All** button in Announcements block. The **Manage Announcements** page is displayed. From this page, you can Add Announcement, Edit Announcements and Delete Announcements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Shown To</th>
<th>Date From</th>
<th>Date To</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Server response time is slow</td>
<td>Everyone</td>
<td>Oct 13, 2016 12:31 PM</td>
<td>Oct 15, 2016 12:03 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network will be down due to maintenance</td>
<td>Restricted</td>
<td>Oct 13, 2016 11:47 AM</td>
<td>Oct 18, 2016 12:03 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Webinar conducted on helpdesk</td>
<td>Technician</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 07:33 PM</td>
<td>Oct 19, 2016 12:04 PM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By default, all the announcements are shown. You can select the announcements to display in the column view from **Filtering Showing** drop-down menu. You can view announcements that are **Currently Shown**, or announcements that are **To be shown** in the home page or announcements that are **Already displayed**.

**Edit an Announcement**

1. In the login home page, click the title of the announcement that you wish to edit. The announcement details are displayed in a View Announcement pop-up. If you have permissions to edit / delete the announcements, you will see an Edit and Delete button.
2. Click Edit button.
3. You can change all the fields of the announcement in the Edit Announcement form.
4. Click Save. At any point of time, you do not wish to edit the announcement, click Cancel.

All the changes made in the announcement will be saved.

**Delete an Announcement**

1. In the login home page, click the title of the announcement that you wish to delete. The announcement details are displayed in a View Announcement pop-up. If you have permissions to edit / delete the announcements, you will see an Edit and Delete button.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog pops up.
3. Click OK to delete, and Cancel to retain the announcement.

Alternatively,

1. In the login home page, click Show All button in the Announcements box.
2. In the announcements list view, select check boxes beside the announcement Title which you wish to delete.
3. Click Delete. A confirmation dialog pops up.
4. Click OK to delete, and Cancel to retain the announcements.
**Communication**

This feature enables the SD admin and technicians to communicate important messages to all technicians in just a click. For example, you can use this feature for sending out emergency messages, such as instant server shutdowns or unplanned power outages.

Go to **Quick Actions > Communication > Broadcast Message**

In the **Broadcast Message** dialog that opens, type in your message, select whether you want the message to be sent to all technicians or to only the logged-in technicians, and click **Send**

Logged-in technicians receive the broadcast message as a push notification and also as a desktop notification.

For offline technicians, the message is queued under the notifications icon.
Scheduler

ServiceDesk Plus gives the provision of a schedule calendar showing the number of open requests, problems, changes, task and reminder for a technician in a given month. The availability of a technician can be viewed from the technician availability chart, depending on which, the task, requests, problems and change can be re-assigned to other technicians.

The following are available under Scheduler,

- My Schedule
- Technician Availability Chart
- Mark Unavailability
My schedule

My Schedule is a calendar view displaying the number of open requests, problems, changes, tasks and reminders assigned to a technician for a given month. The calendar also shows the availability of the technician for a specific day in a given month.

The My Schedule calendar can be viewed by All Technicians. The administrator has the ability to view the number of open requests/tasks/problems/changes and availability of All Technicians in All Site. The Site Admin has the privilege to view the number of open requests/tasks/problems/changes and availability of technicians only in his site. The Technician can view only his open requests/tasks/problems/changes and availability.

To view the My Schedule calendar,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using your username and password.
2. In the home page, click Scheduler tab beside My View tab (OR)
   Click Quick Actions -> My Schedule under the schedule block. This opens the Schedule Calendar. By default, the calendar shows the number of open requests, problems, changes, tasks and reminders assigned to you as shown below,

Schedule Calendar

- The Schedule Calendar shows the current month and year along with the navigation buttons on the left hand side of the page.
- The Navigation buttons helps to navigate to the previous and the forth coming months.
- The current date is marked in separate border.
- For an administrator all the sites should be listed along with its corresponding groups and technicians
loaded in the drop down field.

For a Site Admin, the site for which he is the administrator gets listed in the drop down box along with its corresponding groups and technicians.

Technician can view only his open requests, problems, changes, tasks and reminders.
• The number of Open Requests, problems, changes and task assigned to the technicians for a specific date in a given month can be viewed.
• The unavailability of the technician is indicated in a different color.
• The company holidays and weekends is marked in a separate.

Using My Schedule, you can perform actions such as,

• Mark Leave
• Edit/Cancel Leave
• Add Task
• Add Reminders
• Viewing requests/task/problems/change
• Re-assigning requests/task/problem/change

Mark Leave
It is essential to keep a track of technicians on leave so that work is not assigned to them for that particular day. To mark leave,

1. From My Schedule, hover over the day on which you want to mark leave. The list of icons gets displayed on the right hand side below the date. Click Mark Leave icon. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop-up window as shown below,

   1. The name of the Technician is displayed in non-editable text.
   2. Select the Leave Type from the combo box. For ex. Casual Leave, Sick Leave etc.
   3. Select the From and To date of leave from the calendar icon.
   4. Specify any relevant Comments regarding the leave.
   5. Click Save. The technician's holiday is indicated in a different color.
Leave can be marked to other technicians using Technician Availability Chart. You can configure your leave by clicking Quick Actions -> Mark Unavailability under the scheduler block. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop up window. Follow the above steps to mark leave.

Edit/Cancel Leave
If you wish to edit or cancel a leave then,

1. From the schedule calendar, hover over on the day the technician is on leave. Click the Edit leave icon on the right hand side below the date. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop-up window.
2. Click Save on making the changes.
3. If you wish to cancel the leave then click Cancel Leave. The leave gets cancelled.

**Note:** For continuous holidays, the entire series gets cancelled.

Add Task
You can also add, view and re-assign the tasks to other technicians. The tasks can be added to technicians for the current day and the forth coming days. To add task refer Add Tasks.

Add Reminders
The reminder option is available only for the logged in technician, that is, if the logged in technician is an administrator then the reminders of other technicians cannot be viewed by him. To know more on reminders refer Reminders.

Viewing Requests / Tasks / Problems / Changes
The number open requests, tasks, problems and changes assigned to you gets listed in the calendar, by default. To view the details of the request/tasks/problem/change, click the link corresponding to the requests/task/problems/changes to be viewed for a specific day.

Re-assigning Requests / Tasks / Problems / Changes
The requests, tasks, problems or changes assigned to a particular technician can be re-assigned to other technicians. For example, if requests are assigned to a technician for a specific day and if the technician is unavailable on that day, then the request can be re-assigned to other technicians. Similarly tasks, problems and changes can be re-assigned.

To re-assign requests/tasks/problems/changes,

1. Click the requests/problems/tasks/changes on the day, of the corresponding technician you want to re-assign from the Schedule Calendar. This lists out all the open request for that day.
2. Enable the check box adjacent to the request which you want to re-assign.
3. Select the technician from the combo box to whom the task is re-assigned. Click Re-assign button. The task is re-assigned to the technician.
Technician availability chart

The Technician Availability Chart displays the list of technicians, along with the number of open requests assigned to them and their availability for a given month. The chart is a matrix view, indicating the availability of the technician for a specific day. It allows technicians to apply for leave, edit/cancel leave and even configure backup technicians when a technician is unavailable.

The Technician Availability Chart is available only for technicians with Admin privileges such as an administrator and Site Admin. The administrator has the ability to view the availability of technicians and the number of open requests assigned to All Technicians in All Sites. The Site Admin has the privilege to view the availability of technicians and the number of open requests of technicians only in his site.

To view the Technician Availability Chart,

1. Click Scheduler tab in the Home page. This opens the Schedule Calendar displaying the number of open requests, problems, changes, task and reminders assigned to the technician who has logged in.
2. Click Tech Availability Chart button on the right hand side of the page.
3. You can also choose Tech Availability Chart from the Quick Actions link under the header pane. This opens the Technician Availability Chart.

Technician Availability Chart:

- The Technician Availability Chart shows the current month and year.
- The Navigation buttons on the left top help to navigate to the previous and the forth coming months.
- The current date in the calendar is marked in blue border.
- By default, for an administrator, the list of all the technicians gets displayed, irrespective of the Site and Group. Using the "Site", "Group" and "Technician" combo boxes, the administrator can view the availability of a particular technician in a particular Site.
- For a Site Admin, the list of all technicians in his/her site is displayed irrespective of Groups. The number of Open Requests assigned to the technicians for a specific date is displayed in the Chart.
- Unavailability of a technician is indicated in pink color.
- Company holidays, weekends, logged-in technicians and backup technician are marked in other different colors.

Using the Technician Availability Chart, you can perform actions such as,
Mark Leave
The unavailability of a technician can be marked using the Technician Availability Chart. This is essential so that requests that are assigned to that particular technician on that day can be re-assigned to another technician.

To mark leave,

1. From the Technician Availability Chart, click on the day corresponding to the technician on leave. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop-up window as shown below,

   ![Mark Unavailability Window]

   2. The name of the Technician is displayed in a non-editable text format.
   3. Select the Leave Type (Casual Leave, Sick Leave and so on) from the combo box.
   4. Select the From and To date of leave by invoking the calendar icon.
   5. Specify any relevant Comments regarding the leave in the Comments text box.
   6. Click Save. The technician's holiday will be indicated in a different color.

Leave can also be marked by clicking Quick Actions -> Mark Unavailability under the Scheduler block. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop up window. Follow the above steps to mark leave.

Notifications rules can be configured to keep other technicians informed about the leave of absence of a technician. Once the technician applies leave, selected technicians or the group in which the technician is present will be notified about the leave when it is added, modified or cancelled.

Configure Backup Technician:
To configure a Backup Technician on the day of unavailability of a technician,

1. Click the name of the technician who will be on leave in the Technician Availability Chart. This opens

   ![Backup Technician Configuration]
the Technician Calendar for that month with the technician's days of unavailability indicated in a different shade.

2. Click Backup Tech link displayed in a different color. This opens Backup Technician Assignment screen.

3. Choose one of the 3 options provided to handle the upcoming requests assigned to the unavailable technician.
   - Move requests to unassigned state - The requests assigned to the technician on leave are moved to an unassigned state, which means, it is assigned to no technician. This is done so that the unassigned requests can be re-assigned to another available technician by the administrator or help desk coordinator.
   - Assign to following technician - This option allows you to configure a Backup Technician throughout the absence of a particular technician. On choosing this option, one can select the Backup Tech from the list of technicians displayed in the drop down box. If Sites are configured, this drop down box displays only the names of the technician who are associated with the same site as that of the technician who is on leave.
   - Don't take any action on the requests - This is the default option visible in the Backup Technician Assignment screen. In this case, no action is taken on the requests that are assigned to the technician. The request is assigned to the technician even if he is on leave.

4. Click Save after configuring the Backup Tech.

5. Once the Backup Tech is configured, an icon appears in the calendar indicating that the backup technician has been configured. By moving the mouse pointer over the icon, a description box appears indicating the status of the backup technician configuration.

If notification rules are configured, then notification e-mails will be sent to selected technicians or the group in which the unavailable technician is present.

Backup Technicians can be configured only up to one level. This means, if the backup technician is on leave, another backup technician cannot be configured.

All information relating to unavailability of a technician, including the period of leave and backup technicians (if configured) are displayed in the Backup Tech Chart.

Re-Assigning Requests:
Requests assigned to a technician can be re-assigned to another technician through the Technician Calendar.
To re-assign requests to another technician,

- Click the number of requests and this opens the Backup Technician Assignment screen along with the list of requests in the second half of the screen.
- Select the requests that need to be re-assigned by clicking on the check boxes.
- Select the Technician from the Technician drop down box.
- Click Re-Assign button to assign the requests to another technician.
- Click Calendar View to go back to the Technician Calendar.
- You can also re-assign requests by clicking on the requests in the Technician Availability Chart and selecting Click here to view map from the following pop-up:

- Follow the above steps to re-assign the requests.

Re-assigning requests is different from assigning requests through Backup Tech. Although Backup Tech can be configured only up to one level, in the absence of the backup technician, the pending requests can be assigned to another technician through this feature.

Click the name of the technician to have a detailed view about the number of requests, problems, changes and tasks assigned to the particular technician in My Schedule.

Editing/Cancelling Leave

To edit leave,

Click on the leave of the technician that needs to be edited from the Technician Availability Chart. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop-up window.
2. Make necessary changes (Leave Type or Leave Period).
3. Click Save.

To cancel leave,

1. Click on the leave of the technician that needs to be cancelled from the Technician Availability Chart. This opens the Mark Unavailability pop-up window.
2. Click Cancel Leave button. The leave gets cancelled.

If a continuous period of leave is applied, then the entire period will be cancelled.

Viewing Requests
To view the requests assigned to a technician for a particular day,

- Select the requests on the day of absence of the corresponding technician from the Technician Availability Chart.
- **Click here to view map in the following drop-down box.**

- This opens the list of all open request due for that day.
- Click the request you want to see and the request information is displayed in the same screen.

Viewing Logged-in Technicians
If you are an SDAdmin, SDSite Admin or SD Co-ordinator, then the Technicians logged-in the application is indicated in the Technician Availability Chart. Click Logged-in Technician button to view the list of logged in technician irrespective of the associated sites. You can also view the logged-in technicians from Quick Actions drop-down.

Backup Tech Chart
Backup Technician Chart displays information such as absence of leave of a technician, name of the technician and the backup technician configured through the period. This chart helps to keep a check on the backup technicians whenever a technician applies for leave. To view the Backup Technician Chart, click on the Backup Tech Chart link next to the My Schedule link.

Using the Navigation buttons at the left top of the screen one can navigate to the previous and the forth coming months to get a broader idea about the technicians on leave, their period of absence and the backup technicians configured for that period.
Mark technician online/offline

An Administrator or a Technician can mark his/her availability by marking themselves Online/Offline. This helps the Admin and other Technicians to assign a Task/Request to an available Technician. This also helps to configure Back-up Technicians depending on their availability. A Technician when Online will be indicated by a green dot, when offline by a grey dot and logged-out by a transparent dot. A Technician who is on leave will be denoted by an asterix on the top right corner of his/her name.

After logging-in to the application, click on the 'User Profile' section. Slide to mark yourself 'Online' or 'Offline'.

The Technician Online/Offline indication can be viewed in the Task assigning areas under Request module and in the Home page.

Following are a few places are where the indication can be seen:

- **Logged-in Technicians** tab available in the Scheduler page. You can either list Show All or view only the Online Technicians.
- Technician Availability Chart / Backup Tech chart available in the Scheduler page.

- While choosing a Owner for a new task from the Scheduler page. You can either list Show All or view only the Online Technicians.

- While choosing a Owner for a new task from the Scheduler page. You can either list Show All or view only the Online Technicians.

- While choosing a Owner for a new task from the Scheduler page. You can either list Show All or view only the Online Technicians.

- While selecting a Owner for a Task in the Tasks listed under a Request.
While assigning a Technician for a Task from the **Task details** page.
While choosing a Technician to assign a Task from the **Assign** option available within the Request.
While choosing a Technician to assign a Request from the Request List View.
While selecting Requests in bulk and choosing a Technician from **Select Technician**.

In the **Technicians** section available under the **Admin**.
Reminders

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides you with the option of tracking your tasks every day. The tasks that you add to the My Reminders list act as substitute for your sticky notes or post-it notes which you would use to remember your tasks for the day.

Add Reminders

To add new reminders,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click Quick Actions drop-down menu just below the header tabs -> select Add New option under the Reminders block. (or)
   Go to Quick Actions -> My Reminder(s) and click Add new link.
3. Enter the task summary in the text field provided.
4. Schedule the reminder and click Add.

Changing Status

Strike through the reminders of completed tasks.

- Head to My Reminder and click the Warning icon of the completed task, then it will turn as:

  ![My Reminder](image)

- OR

  - Click Show All button on the My Reminders window.
  - Select the reminders that are completed.
  - Click Change button and select Completed.

  ![My Reminders window](image)
Deleting Reminders

- Use the **Delete** icon right next to the reminders to delete the reminder. (OR)
- Select the reminders and click **Delete button**.

The advantage of moving the reminder to completed state instead of deleting it completely is that, you can revert the state of the reminder to **Open** again and edit its attributes. But once you delete the reminder, it is completely removed from the application and cannot be retrieved.
Personalize

You can localize your personalization such as display language, time zone and so on, as well as change your login password using this option. Apart from the option of changing password from the user management configurations, you can also change your individual password.

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Account icon at the top right corner of the page.

Select Personalize. This opens the Personalization page which has three tabs which are, Personalize, Change Password and API Key Geneartion as shown below,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Personalize</th>
<th>Change Password</th>
<th>API Key Generation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Choose language</td>
<td>Browser default</td>
<td>‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Select Time Zone</td>
<td>(GMT+5:30) India Standard Time(Asia/Kolkata)</td>
<td>‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Date format</td>
<td>2016.10.13</td>
<td>‡</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Time Format</td>
<td>13/10/2016 05:10 PM</td>
<td>‡</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E-mail Signature

Personalize

The personalize tab consists of display language, time zone, data format, time format and e-mail signature.
• Display Language

Select the language of your choice from the Choose Language combo box. The selected language will be your default display language in the application. All the data will be displayed in the language selected by you.

• Time Zone

Since the organizations can be situated in various sites; every site has its particular time zone. Select the time zone of the site of your organization from the Select Time Zone combo box. The date and time will be set according to the selected time zone.

• Date/Time Format

Select the format of the date such as, Tue 16 Sep 2008, from the Set Date Format combo box. Similarly you can also set the time format from Set Time Format combo box. The selected date and time format will be displayed wherever date/time is considered.

For Example: While creating a request, the request created on and due by time will be displayed in the selected date and time format corresponding to the selected time zone. The same can be viewed under Problem, Change, Solution and Purchase modules.

• E-mail Signature

You can have your own personalized signature while replying to the mails using this option. Enter your signature in the text provided. Click Save.

Change Password

1. Click the Change Password tab in the personalize page. This displays the Change Password form.
2. Enter your old password in the Current Password field.
3. Enter your new password in the New Password field.
4. In the Confirm New Password, enter the new password again.
5. Click Save button.

Upload/delete profile picture:
Users can upload profile picture by clicking on the space where the profile picture has to be uploaded in the header pane. The picture can be in .jpg, .png, .jpeg, .bmp formats. Note that the file size should not exceed 5MB.
The users can delete the profile picture by clicking the delete option available when hovering over the picture.
License expiry alert

The **License Expiry Alert** shows the number of days for the existing license (or the trial version) to expire. If you wish to renew the license, then a renewal request must be sent to our support team, and they, in turn will provide you with the license file. To send a renewal request, click the Renew button. The page navigates to a Renewal Form where the License ID and Customer ID are pre populated. Enter the Email Address and your Company Name, also specify the Number of Technicians and Nodes license you wish to avail, and enable the add-ons if required. Enter relevant comments in the provided field and click Submit.

An email notification is sent to our support team, and they in turn will provide you with the license file. Once the license file is obtained, click the License link to install the license file. To know more on applying the license file, click Registering ServiceDesk Plus.
Dashboards

The Dashboards home page contains dashboards with a graphical display of real-time information, consolidated and arranged in a single view, so that it can be easily monitored. Dashboards display various statistical data related to number of Requests, Changes, Problems, Assets, Software, POs and Contracts based on various criteria.

**Note**

- Information displayed on the dashboards depends on the sites and roles associated with the Technicians.

The Dashboards page contains the following elements by default:

1. Helpdesk
2. Problem & Change
3. Assets
4. Refresh drop down
5. Filters
6. Settings

![Dashboard Image](image.png)

**Helpdesk**

Under the Helpdesk tab, widgets are available to provide request based information at one glance.

- The first widget shows the total number of Open, On Hold, and OverDue Requests. This information can be viewed based on the criteria provided in the drop down box. Number of requests can be
viewed based on Technician, Category, Level, Priority, and Mode.

- The second widget displays the Request Summary. You can view the requests raised in This week, Last week, This month, and Last month.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests by Technician</th>
<th>Technician</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Open</td>
<td>On Hold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>demo</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howard Ster...</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The third widget displays the Task Summary that shows the number of pending tasks, unassigned tasks, etc.
- The fourth widget shows the number of Open Requests that can be viewed based on Level, Mode, Priority and Category.
- The fifth widget displays the number of SLA violated Requests. A drop down box provided allows you to view the number of SLA violated requests based on Priority, Group, Level, Technician and Category.

The next 3 widgets show the number of Unassigned and Open Requests, number of SLA violated Open requests, and number of Requests Approaching SLA violation in the next 60, 120, and 180 minutes. Clicking on the number of requests present in the bottom of the widget opens the corresponding list of requests for viewing.
The last 2 widgets show the number of requests that were received and closed in the last 20 days. Clicking on the bars in the graph opens the corresponding requests for view.

- The first widget in the dashboard shows all the scheduled approved changes that are to be rolled out. The changes that are scheduled to be rolled out in the following time period (This week, Next week, This month and so on) can be viewed by selecting the time period from the first drop down box. The changes can also be viewed based on criteria such as Change Type, Priority, Urgency, and Impact.
- The second widget shows a list of Approved Changes that are scheduled to be rolled out. The list can be viewed based on the time period during which the changes are scheduled to be rolled out (This week, Next week, This month and so on). The list indicates the Title of the change along with the Change Type. Clicking on the title of the change opens a pop-up with the change details. By clicking on the title of the change in the pop-up, the complete change details page can be viewed.
The third widget shows a list of unapproved changes along with the change type. Clicking on the title of the change opens a pop-up with the change details. By clicking on the title of the change in the pop-up, the complete change details page can be viewed.

The last widget displays the problems. By using the filters, the chart can be viewed based on Priority, Urgency, and Impact.

Assets
Technicians who have permission to view Asset module can also view the Asset dashboard and monitor the statistical data displayed on it. The widgets in the Asset Dashboard give complete summary of all physical assets, software assets, workstations and POs & contracts.

- The first widget shows a summary of all physical assets (IT and non-IT) in the organization. By default only number of Workstations, Printers, Routers, Servers and Others are displayed. By clicking on "View All", the Others category is expanded and other IT and non-IT assets such as Access points, Switches are displayed. The number of workstations failed to be scanned is also indicated in this widget along with the option to Troubleshoot the failure operation. By clicking on the number displayed next to the assets, one can view the list of those assets under the Asset module.

- The second widget displays the number of workstations depending on various criteria. The number of workstations is displayed next to the assets.

By clicking on "View All", a pop-up showing the extended graph is displayed. Set of graph that is not included in the original 
The third widget shows software related information. By clicking on the drop-down menu below the widget title, one can select the criteria based on which the widget should be displayed. By clicking on "View All", a pop-up showing the extended view is displayed. Mouse hovering over each bar/pie region displays the number of software corresponding to the selected criteria. By clicking on the bar/pie region, the list of software is displayed under the Asset module.

The fourth widget shows a summary of Purchase Orders (POs) and Contracts. By selecting Purchase Order summary from the drop down, one can view the overdue POs, POs due in the next 7 days and the POs due in the next 30 days. By Selecting Contracts summary, one can view the contracts that have expired in the last 30 days, contracts expiring in the next 7 days and contracts expiring in the next 30 days.

Refresh dropdown

Dashboards needs to be refreshed periodically to make sure only the latest data is loaded and displayed in the dashboard. Refresh dropdown automates this process. Select the refresh frequency in which you want the dashboards to be refreshed automatically. The dashboards will be refreshed automatically in the set
refresh frequencies.

Filters

Dashboard can be customized as per the filters chosen. There are two types of filters available. Site based filter and Support group based filter. Use the Site based filter to display data pertaining to all sites or only to a particular site. Use the Support group filter to display data pertaining to the Support groups.

Site based filter

- Click on the Sites filter to see the site based filters
- Select the site.
- Data pertaining to the site selected will be displayed in the dashboard.
Support Group based filters

- Click on the Support Groups filter to see the support groups based filters.
- Select the support groups.
- Click on Apply.
- Data pertaining to the selected support groups will be displayed in the dashboard.

Settings

Settings menu can be used to customize the dashboards. To know more about customizing the dashboards click here.
Customizing the dashboard

The Dashboards home page can be customized as per your requirement by adding new dashboards, widgets and organizing widgets. Widgets can be grouped under the existing dashboards (Helpdesk, Problem & Change, Assets), or the newly added dashboards.

- Adding Dashboard
- Adding and Organizing Widgets
- Dashboard Settings
- Adding Report Widgets to the Dashboard
- Editing Report Widgets Settings

Adding Dashboard

Apart from the dashboards available by default such Helpdesk, Problem & Change, and Assets, new dashboards can be added as per the requirement. For eg, You can create a dashboard to display data across Helpdesk, Problem&Change and Assets in one place. Reports summary, Requests status by priority can be made to be displayed in a single dashboard. An organization's intranet or other resource page can be added as an external widget in a dashboard by giving the URL of that page.

To add a new dashboard,

- Click on the New icon.
- Click on New Dashboard.

- Enter a name and description for the dashboard.
- Select the widgets you want to add to the dashboard. These widgets could be from helpdesk, problems&change and assets.
If any custom report is added to the dashboard from the reports tab, those custom reports will be listed under the custom report widgets and can be added to the new dashboard by clicking on the check box.

If you want to add external links such as a resource page, an intranet etc. as a widget, click on External Widgets and add a name and enter the URL.

Click on the plus icon to add more external widgets to the dashboard.
• Select the number of columns to be displayed on the dashboard. The widgets will be arranged according to the columns you select.
• Select the sharing options of the dashboard by clicking on the respective radio button. Select Private to hide the dashboard from the public view.
• Select Public to show the dashboard in the public view.
• Select Shared to show the dashboard to the selected technicians. To select the technicians, enter the username/email of the technician.
• You can also give access to the dashboard based on the organization roles such Department heads, Regional Managers etc.
• Choose the roles from the organization roles field.

![Sharing Options](image)

- Click on Save.

**Note**

- Enable Create Executive Dashboard to create a dashboard with helpdesk widgets alone. External widgets can also be added into this dashboard.

**Editing a Dashboard**

The dashboards can be edited and updated from time to time. To edit a dashboard,

• Click on Dashboard options on the top right corner and select Edit Dashboard.

![Dashboard Options](image)

- Remove or add widgets, rename the dashboard or add a new description.
- Click on Save.

**Note**

- When a dashboard is edited, the current configuration will be lost. Rearrange and resize widgets to
suit the new set of widgets.

To delete a dashboard,

- Click on the dashboard you want to delete.
- Go to the settings menu.
- Click on Delete Dashboard.

Adding and Organizing the widgets

New widgets can be added to the dashboard. A maximum of 20 widgets can be added into a single dashboard.

To add new widgets to the dashboard,

- Click on the **New** icon.
- Select New Widget.

  - Select the widgets you want to add. It will get added to the dashboard once you click on the widget name.

  - If you want to add external widgets click on the External Widgets tab.
Enter a name and the URL. Click on Add.
Click on Save Configuration to save it.

To organize the widgets,

- Click on Organize widgets.
- You can drag and drop the widgets to a new position.

You can also drag and resize the widgets.
To delete a custom widget,

- Click on the settings icon and select Organize widgets.
- Click on the remove widget icon on the top right corner of the widget.

### Adding Report Widgets to Dashboard

Report widgets can also be added to the dashboards. To add reports as widgets to dashboard,

- **Select report** (which is to be added to the dashboard) from the Reports tab *(Example: Request Status by Priority)*
- Click **Add to Dashboard** button available in the report’s details page

**Add to Dashboard** pop up opens up. Specify the following details.
- Choose the tab *(Helpdesk, Problem & Change, Assets)* under which Reports widget is to be added.
- Choose whether the widget should be made **public** (visible to everyone) or should be kept **private** (visible only to you).
- Provide suitable **description** for the widget and click **Add** button
Editing Report Widget Settings:

To edit custom widget settings,

- **Select report** (appearing as custom widget in the dashboard) which is to be edited (**Example:** Request Status by Priority).
- Click **Edit Widget Settings** button available in the report’s details page.

- **Edit Widget Settings** pop up opens up.
- Edit the details as per your requirements (example: change the widget form public to private/private to public (or) change the tab to which the widget belongs etc).
- Click **Update Settings** button

Dashboard Settings

The dashboard's background colour, layout, dashboard order can be configured with this setting.

To access this setting,

- Click on Dashboard options on the top right.
- Select Dashboard Settings.
Select Reorder to change the order of the dashboards.

- Enter a number for each dashboard according to the order they should appear.
- You can also drag and drop fields to reorder.

Select a layout style: Fixed or Fluid. Fixed would fix the dashboard size to a constant width. Fluid allows the dashboard to occupy the full screen.
### Dashboard Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reorder</th>
<th>Layout Style</th>
<th>Background Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fixed</td>
<td>Fluid</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Helpdesk**
  - Description: No Description

- **Problem & Change**
  - Description: No Description

- **Assets**
  - Description: No Description

- **Requests&Purchase**
  - Description: No Description

- **Check/Uncheck** the tick mark to show/hide the dashboard.

- **Click on the Background color** to change the background color of the dashboards page.
Click on the edit icon to edit the dashboard.
Click on delete icon to delete the dashboard.

**Note**

- Widgets available by **default** in the dashboard cannot be deleted/edited.
- Upto **20 Widgets** (including the ones available by default) can be added under each dashboard (**Helpdesk, Problem & Change, Assets**).
- Only **Matrix-based** (or) **Chart-based reports** can be added as **widgets** to the dashboard.
- Only technicians with **SDAdmin, SDSiteAdmin** and **SDCo-ordinator** roles can create/edit/delete Custom Widgets in the Dashboard.
- Custom Widgets cannot be deleted directly edited from the dashboard. To edit a custom widget, the respective report must be accessed.
Requests

The numerous help desk tickets raised in your organization are organized and tracked in the Requests module. The Requests module enables you to handle tickets promptly, assign tickets to technicians, merge similar requests and so on.

By keeping track of the outstanding and overdue requests, the Request module helps to improve the response time and resolution time by your IT help desk team. The Requests raised by your users are of two types namely, Incident Requests and Service Requests.

- Incident Requests are requests that denote the failure or degradation of an IT service. For example, Unable to print, unable to fetch mails and so on.
- Service Requests on the other hand are requests raised by the user for support, delivery, information, advice or documentation. Some examples are installing software in workstations, resetting lost password, requesting for hardware device and so on.

Note: Please note that a Service Request is not an Incident.

The Requests module allows you to add relevant notes pertaining to the request that is being handled. The notes may contain information like, the exact scenario of the request or how the issue was resolved. Also, every action performed on the request in the ServiceDesk Plus is stored in the Request History.

Clicking the Requests tab takes you to the request module. Here the term request denotes any service (both incident requests and service requests) that is requested by a user from the internal IT services team. The request is submitted to the system via mail or a web-based form. Sometimes, the request can also be placed through a phone call during which, the help desk agent has to record the details of the phone call in the web-based form, and assign priority and technician based on the urgency of the request.

The various actions that one can perform in the request module are explained in the respective sections.

To ease the process of tracking the requests posted by individual requesters, a Self Service Portal has been provided. The Self Service Portal is used by the individual requesters to track the status of their requests and to look up solutions from the online knowledge base. To access the self-service portal, the requesters need to log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using their respective user name and password. For more details on self-service portal, refer to self-service portal topic.
Request list view

The **Request List** view organizes and manages the help desk tickets raised into ServiceDesk Plus. In the enhanced Request List view, you have the facility to,

- View requests (incident and service requests) based on default filters.
- View tasks and requests in the same page.
- Customize your own filters.
- View Archived Requests.
- Customize the columns in the list view.
- Perform operations like edit, delete, assign and merge requests from the list view.

Click **Requests** tab in the header pane. The page redirects to the request list view page displaying all requests in the **Open** status as well as the tasks.

**Request list view elements**

- **Filter drop-down menu:** The Filter drop-down menu consists of default filter list. You can create new filters, manage existing filters, and favourite the filters you use often from this menu.
Task list view elements

Task list view displays the tasks for the technician. Tasks can be created, edited or deleted from this page itself.

You can also customize how the list view appears by using the following options.

1. Use this icon to add new fields in the task view snippet. *(Ref. Image below)*
2. Drag and drop the fields to sort how they appear on the task snippet. *(Ref. Image below)*
3. Sort tasks by using the sort option present at the top. *(Ref. Image below)*
Assigning Requests from the list view:
Now you can assign requests to a technician or a group from the request listview page itself.
To assign requests to technician/group,

- Hover the cursor over the "unassigned" in the 'Assigned to' column.
• Click on the drop-down to select the technician/group. Please note if you select a group, technicians related to that group alone will be listed.
• Click **Assign**.
• You can also alternativley assign technicians to requests by selecting requests and clicking the **Assign** option at the top header.

**Request Icon Indications:**

• ✅ : After a request has been created by the requester, if the mail icon turns green, it indicates that the reply has been sent by the technician.
• 📧 : If the mail icon turns red, it indicates that the requester has replied, but the request is yet to be responded by the technician.
• 📧 [2] : The red mail icon with a number count, indicates the number of responses made by the requester with respect to the last response made by the technician. After the technician replies to the request, the mail icon turns green.

**Flags denoting 'Delay by' time and 'Due in' time.**

• 📆 : Yellow flag pops up, when the request SLA is 70% complete, indicating the "Due in" time without considering the non-business hours.
• 🚨 : Red flag pops up, when the request SLA is breached, indicating the "Delay by" time.
### SLA Column:
Enabling the SLA column will display the request "Due in" time as well the request "Delay by" time without considering the non-business hours.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assigned To</th>
<th>DueBy</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Created Date</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Priority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 01:27 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 11, 2016 12:57 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howard Stern</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoboTechnician</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 02:25 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>Oct 13, 2016 01:19 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:19 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:22 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:19 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:34 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 11, 2016 04:51 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assigned To</th>
<th>DueBy</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Created Date</th>
<th>Site</th>
<th>Priority</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 01:27 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 11, 2016 12:57 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howard Stern</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:47 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoboTechnician</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 02:25 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:25 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>Oct 13, 2016 01:19 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:19 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:22 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 12:19 PM</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Resolution status:**
- **Due in 24 minutes**
- **Delay by 40 minutes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SLA</th>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Subject</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delay by 2h 11m</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>Please provide me an iPhone for our product testin...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Unable to connect to network in wireless mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay by 1h 12m</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Unable to fetch mails</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due in 2h 40m</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>Network Lag</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay by 3h 16m</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Keyboard not working</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay by 3h 4m</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>New hire request</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Create an incident

When users detect a failure of an asset/resource or a degradation of IT service, then they can send an incident request to the system administration team.

Modes to report an incident

There are various modes of placing a request to the system administration team. Some of the most common modes are:

- Requesters call up the help desk agent and report an issue or explain the nature of their request. The help desk agent will then manually feed in the details into the application.
- Requesters log into the Self Service Portal and submit their requests.
- Requesters email the request to the help desk team. The email is automatically converted to a new request in the application.

Note: The requests created via email will use the default template.

Apart from the above three modes, there are various other modes by which an incident request is created. For more information on adding additional modes, refer to Configuring Mode section.

Create Incident Requests from the application

A typical example for technicians to create an incident request from the application would be when a technician is on a call with the requester. The technician fills in the necessary details for future references.

There are three ways in which the new incident request form can be accessed in the application:

1. New Incident drop-down menu
2. Quick Create - New Incident
3. Requests tab

1. New Incident drop-down menu

The **New Incident drop-down menu** lists all the Incident Templates configured in the application. It is an instant means to quickly access the new incident form. For easy identification, the incident templates are grouped according to **Service Categories**. So all you need to do is browse through the available incident templates, select the one relevant to your issue and raise a new incident request.

The Incident Templates are configured in the **Admin** module under Helpdesk block.

Note: The New Incident drop-down menu is available only if the administrator has disabled the option "Merge Incident and Service Templates" in Self Service Portal Settings.

2. Quick Create - New Incident

**Quick Create - New Incident** is an instant mode to create new incidents when you are on a call with a requester or when you are loaded with a lot of work. This section is available only when the 'Quick Create Settings' is enabled in the Self-Service Portal Settings.

In the Quick Create - New Incident block, you can either conduct a search for the existing requesters...
using the icon or enter the requesters name in the field provided. Next, you need to enter Request Title and Description. Click Save. The incident is saved and the request details page is displayed. If you require additional details such as category, priority or assign a technician, click Add More Details >> link. This takes you to the New Incident form.

3. Requests Tab
To create a new request from the request tab,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane.
2. From the Request List view, click New Incident button. By default, the 'Default Incident Template' form is displayed. From this form, you can select an incident template from the Change Template drop-down menu.
3. In the default request form, select the Request Type from the combo box. Request Type denotes the type of request sent by the requester to the help desk team. You can configure Request Type in the Admin tab.
4. Select the Status of the request, the Mode of request submission, Level and Priority of the request from the drop-down box.
5. Also, select the Impact, Impact Details and Urgency of the request from the corresponding drop-down box.
6. In the Requester Details block, specify the Requesters Name, Contact Number, Job Title and Department of the requester.
7. You can select the requester from the list of users configured in the application. Click Requester lookup icon beside the requester name field. The Requester List window pops up.
To select a requester from the list, click the hyper-linked requester Name. The requester name and details associated with the requester are populated in the requester details block.

- If the requester list is huge, then click on the Alphabets at the top of the page to view only a selected group of requesters.
- Also, you have an option to edit the requester details directly from this page. Click the edit icon beside the requester name to perform the edit operation.
- In addition, add new requester directly by clicking the Add Requester button from the requester list page.
- If you are aware of any requesters details such as name, login name, department, email and so on, then conduct a column-wise search using the search icon.
- Conduct an instant search for the requester by entering the search string in Search Requester List field and click Go.

8. The assets associated to the requester are populated in the Asset drop-down. Select the Asset from the drop-down. If the issue is caused by a network resource such as a router or an access point, then click the icon and select the asset.

In Select Assets pop-up window, you can filter the assets by selecting the Type of assets such as, access point, routers, workstation and so on, from the drop-down. Selecting All Assets lists all the assets available in the application, irrespective of the asset type. You can further filter the assets according to sites using the Site drop-down. Selecting a site lists the assets from that particular site. Say, for instance, if the site selected is "New York" and the asset type is "Access Point", then all the access points associated to the site New York are listed.

**Note:** The sites associated to the logged in technician are listed in the Site drop-down.
9. By default, if the location of the requester is configured in the application, then the same is populated in the Site field. In certain scenarios, the requester may raise a request from one site to a problem in another site. In this case, the site in which the issue persists should be selected.

10. On selecting the site, the groups corresponding to the site gets populated under the Group field. The request is routed to the particular group by selecting the Group name from the drop-down.

11. On selecting the Group, technicians associated with the Group alone are listed in the Technician drop-down list. Select a Technician to handle the request from the drop-down.

12. Select the Service Category which is affected by the incident from the drop-down.

13. Select the relevant category under which the request is classified from Category drop-down box.

14. Also, select the relevant Sub-Category and Item from the drop-down box.

15. If you wish to add a CC to the email loop, then select the Email Id(s) to Notify by clicking the icon. From the Requester List pop up window, enable the check box beside the requester name. Click Add Requester.

**Note:** Please note that the email address should be configured for the selected requesters.

16. Specify the subject line to be displayed while sending the request in the Subject text field. The subject line is displayed as the request title and is a mandatory field.

17. Provide a detailed description with any other associated details relevant to the request in the Description text box.

18. To add any attachments relevant to the request, click the **Attach file** button in the Attachments block. The Attach File pops up as shown below,
1. Click the **Browse** button and select the file to be attached from the file chooser window and click the **Open** button.  
2. Click the **Attach file** button. The selected file is listed below the Attachments heading. If you have more files to choose, follow steps 2 and 3 repeatedly till you have attached all the relevant files. Please ensure that the maximum size of the attachment is 10 MB.  

The attached document is indicated with an attachment icon beside the title of the request in the request list view page.  
9. While entering the request details, if you have a solution for the request, then the same can be entered in the Resolution field. The purpose of resolution field in the new request form is, when you are reported a problem for which you are aware of the solution, then in this case, specify the solution in the resolution field, set the status as closed to close the request.

To add resolution, click the button 🔄 beside Resolution title in the new request form. Specify the solution in the resolution text field. The entered resolution can be viewed by clicking the Resolution tab while viewing the request.

19. If there are any additional fields configured for the new incident form, then enter the values for the fields. To know more on adding user defined fields in the incident form, refer Incident - Additional Fields.

20. Click the **Add request** button. The request is added to the existing list of requests and can be viewed from the request list view.

21. Once request is added/submitted, the **created date/time** will be set automatically (see request details section) and a **unique id** (see request details page (or) request list view page) will be assigned to the request.
Raise a service request

Service Requests are requests raised by the user for support, delivery, information, advice or documentation, and is not related to any failure in the IT structure. The two modes through which requesters can raise service requests to the system administration team are:

- Requesters can call up the help desk agent and request for service. The help desk agent will in turn raise a service request by conducting a search for the service item from the list and manually feed in the users details. OR,
- Requesters can log into the Self Service Portal and raise the service request by themselves.

The Service Catalog list

Similarly to the New Incident drop down menu, the Service Catalog drop-down menu lists all the service items configured in the application. The service items are grouped under a service category for easy reference and identification. From the list of service items available to you, you can browse and raise a service request.

**Note:** If New Request drop-down is displayed instead of Service Catalog drop-down menu, then the administrator has enabled the option **Combine incident and service templates listing for the service** in Self Service Portal Settings. The **New Request** drop-down menu groups both, the Incident Requests and Service Request Templates based on the category.

Click **Service Catalog** drop-down link to view the **Template Categories** and the **Template List**.

Raise a Service Request

Raising a new service request is as simple as creating a new incident request from the available templates. Browse through the Template List and select a service that is relevant to your needs.

1. Select the service item from the catalog. This takes you to the New Service Request form. The delivery time frame of the service is displayed. The delivery time frame is displayed only if an SLA is assigned to the service request.
2. Select the parameters such as Status, Level, Mode, Priority, Category, Sub category and so on, that is available in the template.
3. To select a Requester from the list of users configured in the application, click requester lookup icon \( \text{\textregistered} \) beside the requester name field. The Requester List window pops up. Click the hyper-linked requester Name. The requester name and details associated with the requester are populated in the requester details block.

1. If the requester list is huge, then click on the Alphabets at the top of the page to view only a selected group of requesters.
2. Conduct an instant search for the requester by entering the search string in Search Requester List field and click Go.
3. If you are aware of any requesters details such as name, login name, department, email and so on, then conduct a column-wise search using the search icon \( \text{\textregistered} \).
4. In addition, add new requester directly by clicking the Add Requester button from the requester list page.
   Also, you have an option to edit the requester details directly from this page. Click the edit icon \( \text{\textregistered} \) beside the requester name to perform the edit operation.

4. The assets associated to the requester are populated in the Asset drop down. Select the Asset from the drop down. You can also select assets by clicking the icon \( \text{\textregistered} \).

In Select Assets pop-up window, you can filter the assets by selecting the Type of assets such as, access point, routers, workstation and so on, from the drop-down. Selecting All Assets lists all the assets available in the application, irrespective of the asset type. You can further filter the assets according to sites associated to the logged in technician using the Site drop-down. Selecting a site lists the assets from that particular site.

Say, for instance, if the site selected is "New York" and the asset type is "Access Point", then all the access points associated to the site New York are listed.

Tip: If the Service Request is "Installing Software", then select the workstation in which the software should be installed.
5. By default, if the site location of the requester is configured in the application, then the same is populated in the Site field.

6. On selecting the site, the groups corresponding to the site gets populated under the Group field. The request is routed to the particular group by selecting the Group name from the drop down.

7. On selecting the Group, technicians associated with the Group alone are listed in the Technician drop down list. Select a Technician to handle the request from the drop down.

8. If the editor field is enabled for the service request, then select the Editor from the icon. Refer the topic Service Request Editor to know the purpose of the editor and how to enable the editor field.

9. For a service request template, the subject line is already specified. You can change or modify the subject. The subject line is displayed as the request title and is a mandatory field.

10. Provide a detailed description with any other associated details relevant to the request in the Description text box.

11. To add any attachments relevant to the service request, click the Attach file button in the Attachments block. The Attach File pops up as shown below,

- Click the Browse button and select the file to be attached from the file chooser window and click the Open button.
- Click the Attach file button. The selected file is listed below the Attachments heading. If you have more files to choose, follow steps 2 and 3 repeatedly till you have attached all the relevant files.

Please ensure that the maximum size of the attachment is 10 MB.
• The attached document is indicated with an attachment icon beside the title of the request in the request list view page.

11. While entering the request details, if you have a solution for the service request, then the same can be entered in the Resolution field.
12. Click Add New Request button. The request details page is displayed from where you can perform further actions on the service request.

Note
Please note that the following operations cannot be performed on a service request - Merging requests, Duplicating requests, Associating Problems to a request and Associating Changes to a request.
Custom views

The **Settings drop-down menu** consists of options to Add Custom Views and Manage Custom Views. **Custom Views** helps you sort requests by customizing the request list view to display requests based on certain criteria. The Custom Views are listed in the **Filter drop-down menu**.

Say, you are a technician who is concerned only with the high priority requests from a particular site. Instead of performing a search in the request list view, each and every time, you can create a custom view that will filter requests based on your specified criteria.

Add Custom Views

You can add custom views by specifying the criteria to filter requests accumulated in your request list view.

**Note:**

1. If you are logged in as the administrator, then you have the privilege to mark a custom view as private or public. **Public Custom Views** can be viewed by all the technicians but **Private Custom View** can only be viewed by the technician who has created the view.
2. If you are logged in as a technician, then the custom views created by you are marked as private, by default.

To create custom view,

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane. The **Request List view** page is displayed.
2. Click **Settings drop-down menu** and select **New Custom View** option. The Add Custom Views page is displayed.
3. Specify a name for the custom view in **View Name** text field. This field is mandatory.
4. Select the **Columns** and its **Criteria** from the drop-down box.
   1. Click **Choose** to select a value for the column.
   2. Click Add to Filter button. The filter criteria details is saved and listed in the Filter Set block. You can add more filter conditions to this view by selecting the column, criteria and condition of the filter.
   3. If you have more than two criteria, then select the AND or OR conditions by enabling either of the two radio buttons.

   ![Add Custom Views](image)

   1. If you are logged in as the administrator, then you have the privilege to make your view as private by selecting **Make this view as private custom view** check box.
2. Click **Save** button. The custom view is saved and listed in Custom Views List view page.
3. Click **Save and Add New** button, to save and add another custom view.
The Custom Views are listed in the Filter drop-down menu. The Custom View marked as **Private** is listed under **My Views**, and the Views marked as Public is listed along with the remaining filters.

**Manage Custom Views**

Manage Custom Views helps manage your views by providing a consolidate view of all your public and private views. While viewing the custom views, you can edit, delete and add custom views.

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane. The **Request List view** page is displayed.
2. Click **Settings drop-down menu** and select Manage Custom Views option.

**Edit a Custom View**

To edit a custom view,

1. In the **Custom Views List** view, click the **Edit** icon beside the filter name to edit. The Edit Custom Views page is displayed.
2. Edit the details and save the changes.

**Delete Custom Views**

1. In the **Custom Views List** view, select the check box beside the custom views to delete.
2. Click **Delete** button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed. The Custom View is deleted from the list.

**Note:** The Public Views can be deleted by a technician with Administrator privileges.
View request details

To view a request available in the ServiceDesk Plus Request module,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane.
2. In the Request List view, click the Subject link of the request to view. The Request Details page is displayed showing the following tabs by default namely, Request, Resolution, Work Log and History.

Note:

1. The Conversations and Discussion Notes block are displayed when the same are added to the request.
2. The Approvals sub tab appears when the request is submitted for approval. The Approval Status of the request is shown on the top right corner of the page below the Status and Priority. To know more refer Submit For Approval.
3. The Tasks sub tab appears when tasks are added to the request.
4. You can also associate Problems and Changes to the incident requests. Refer the topics Associating Problems to Incident and Associating Changes to Incidents to know more.

Request Tab

In the Request tab, the data is grouped in a logical manner. By default this page displays the Subject and Description of the request, Request Details and Requester Details blocks. The Request ID is displayed on the top left corner of the page below the tabs. The Status and Priority of the request is displayed on the top right corner of the page.

Request Details block

The Request Details block displays the Request fields like Status, Priority, Technician handling the request, Due Date and so on. You have inline edit option to edit all the request details under this block. To edit a request field using inline edit option, click the link available for each of the request details against the request fields. Say for example, to change the Level of the request from Tier 2 to Tier 4, select Tier 2 link of the Level field. The field is displayed as a drop-down menu. Select the level from the drop-down menu.

If there are any additional user-defined fields that have been added to the new request form, they are grouped under the Additional Request Details head and displayed just below the Request Details block.

Requester Details block

In the Requester Details block, the details of the requester such as the Requester Name, Contact Number, Department, E-mail Address and Mobile Number of the requester are displayed. You have inline edit option to edit all the requester details under this block. To edit the details click the link available for each of the requester details against each field.

Asset belonging to the User, while adding users to ServiceDesk Plus in the Admin tab, you have an option to Associate Workstation to the user. If you have associated workstation to the user, you can view the list of all associated workstations under this block.
Conversations block
The **Conversations** block is displayed only if there are any mail transactions or threads exchanged between the technician and the requester. The Conversation block is displayed above the Request Details block.

By default, the conversation between the technician and the requester is displayed. Click **View All Conversations** to view mail transactions between technicians, and also the threads between the technician and requester.

**Note:**
If any mail transactions/threads have an attachment, then the same can be viewed in the Conversations block. To know more refer Request Conversation.

Discussion Notes

The **Discussion Notes** block appears only when a note is added to the request. The notes are displayed in descending order of their date of creation. If you select the option "Show this notes to requester" then the note will be listed as Public. Else it is listed as private. You also have an option to edit or delete the discussion notes.

Resolution Tab
The Resolution tab displays the resolution added for the request along with the date and time. You can edit the resolution using the **Edit** icon.

**Note:** Editing a resolution requires permissions that can be enabled under **Admin** tab -> **Roles**.

If there are no resolutions available for the request, then you can add a resolution in the text field. You can either manually enter the resolution or add a resolution using the **Resolution Template**. You can also search for resolutions from the solutions database by clicking Search Solutions button.

The resolution is documented information of how the issue was resolved and this documented can be very useful for future reference. You can add the resolution to the knowledge base by clicking **Save and Add to Solutions** button.

The status of the request can be modified while adding a resolution on selecting the status from Change Status To combo box.

You also have an option to Add Time Entry to the resolution. Select **Add Time Entry** check box and specify the details.

Work Log Tab
The time spent by a technician on a request is recorded in the **Work Log** tab. The Time Elapsed block list details such as the executed time of the request, the time elapsed, the technician handling the request and his charge. You can also add Work Logs from this tab.

Tasks Tab
The Tasks tab is displayed beside the Request tab and appears when tasks are added to the request. From this tab you can Add Tasks from the Template, Delete existing tasks and also Organize tasks.

Approvals Tab
The Approvals tab is displayed next to the History tab when a request is submitted for approval. It
displays all the mails sent for approval in ascending order with the Approver e-mail address, Sent On, Status and acted on details of the request.
When the request is approved by the manager, the status of the request is changed Approved. If rejected, then the status of the request is changed to Denied.

History Tab
To view the request history from the time of its creation, click the History tab in the view request page. The details that are displayed in the history are in the ascending order with the earliest performed action shown at the top of the page and the latest action at the bottom of the page.
Edit request

To edit a single request available in the ServiceDesk Plus Request module

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. This opens the **Requests** list.
2. Click the **Title** of the request which you want to edit from the view list page. This opens the View Request page. Click the **Edit tab** on the top of the page to modify the request details. [OR]

   From the request list view page, click the edit icon beside the request to be edit. This opens the Edit Request form where you can add resolution while editing, and change the status of the request from open to close, and so on.

Alternatively, you also have an inline edit option to modify the request details in the view request page. Click the edit button beside each block which opens the request form fields in editable format. This comes in handy when you need to edit the values of the entire block say Request Details one by one.

Note: While editing the request details block, the SLA, department and the template is in non-editable mode. The SLA of the corresponding site selected on editing the request gets applied. The department of the corresponding technician selected on editing the request gets displayed.

4. On modifying the values, click Update Request to save the changes. If you do not want to save the changes, click **Cancel**.

Edit more than one Request

You have an option to edit more than one request simultaneously. For instance, you want to assign a group say, Printer to ten requests relating to Printer Problem or you want to assign a Category to bulk requests. Instead of editing the requests individually you can perform a bulk edit to edit the requests instantly.

1. Select the check box beside the requests to be edited from the request list view page.
2. Click Edit Request button. The Edit Request page opens. The title displays the request Ids that are grouped together to edit.
3. Edit the fields, say Category into Desktop. This will replace the categories of all the requests grouped together.
4. Specify the Reason for Updating the request in the given text field.
5. Click Update button to save the changes.
Editing requests (For requesters)

This feature allows the requesters to edit a request raised by them before it is approved, resolved, or closed. With this feature, requesters can now correct any wrong information, or fill any missed out fields in their request. The edit option is available for both incident and service requests. All the fields in the requests can be edited, including attachments. "Requested by" users and "On-Behalf-Of-User" can edit the request.

Enabling Edit Permission For Requesters

To allow the requesters to edit the service/incident requests,

- Go to the Self-Service Portal Settings.
- Tick the check boxes for Incident and Service requests in the "Allow Requesters to edit" option.

- If the boxes are not ticked, edit option will not be available for the requesters.
- You can also choose to enable edit permission for only Service or Incident requests by ticking the particular check box.

Editing the Requests

Once the request edit access is enabled by the admin, requesters will be able to edit their requests.

To edit requests,

- Go to the Requests tab.
- Click on a request and click Edit in the request details page.
Update the request information, add reason for the update, and click 'Update request'.

The update details of the request can be found in the history tab of the request details page.

**Note**
- For requests with approvers, edit option will be available till one of the approvers approves.
- Business Rules, Technician Auto Assign functionalities will be applied according to the edited request information.
- SLA First Response and Resolution Time calculation will be based on the created time and not the edited time.
- For requests that are approved, resolved, or closed, the edit option will be disabled.
Request collaboration

Purpose and Need

When multiple Technicians work on the same request in parallel, the changes(s) made by each of them are not known to one another. This might result in any of the following consequences:

- The same request might be assigned to different Technicians
- Multiple responses might be sent for the same request by different Technicians

Example:

Let us consider two Technicians Heather and Jennifer simultaneously working on a request 6010. Say, Heather has assigned 6010 to a Technician Sam, and Jennifer, who is not aware of this again assigns 6010 to another Technician Adam. Therefore, the same request has been assigned to two different Technicians, which results in redundancy and waste of time.

To overcome the above hassles, the Request Collaboration feature has come in. This feature shows notifications in the Requests page to all the Technicians, working on the same request, about the modification(s) made by any of the other Technicians.

Benefits

Using this feature, you will be able to:

- view the number of Technicians currently on-board the same request page.
- notify about the following operations to the Technicians:
  - Request edit
  - Reply from Contacts/Technicians
  - Note add/edit/delete
  - Resolution add/edit

Viewing the Request Collaborators

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application as two different Technicians, i.e., using **two different browsers** / **two different sessions**.
2. Once both the logins are successful, execute the following steps in both the windows, in parallel.
   i. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. The page redirects to the **Request List View** page that displays all available requests.
   ii. Click the **Subject** link of any one Request from the list view. (Make sure you click the same Request in both the windows by using the Request ID.)
3. In the Request details view page displayed, you will be able to see the **collaborators icon** at the right corner that shows the total number of collaborators/Technicians associated with the Request.
4. Click the icon to view the name of the collaborators/Technicians.
5. Click the individual Technician name to view the relevant details.
Note:
1. The **collaborators icon** will be shown only if at least two Technicians work on a particular Request.
2. By default, the Request Collaboration feature works over the port 8081. You can modify the port number in server.xml.

**Viewing Request Page Notifications:**

1. Make any change to the Request in the Request details view page in one session and save it.
2. Now, in the other session, you will be able to see notifications about the Request changes done in the first session.

**Example with Screenshots**

The below steps helps you in better understanding of Request Collaborators feature. Consider two Technicians, namely "administrator" and "Root", to be the collaborators working on the same Request. Let us see how the collaboration and Request Page Notifications work.
1. The "administrator" with appropriate login credentials logs into the ServiceDesk Plus application using the chrome browser. Similarly, "Root" logs into the ServiceDesk Plus application using the firefox browser.
2. Both of them click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. The page redirects to the **Request List View** page that displays all available requests.
3. The "administrator" clicks the Request with ID 70 from the list view.
4. Similarly, "Root" clicks the same Request with ID 70 from the list view.
5. For both of them, the Request details view page is displayed that shows the **collaborators icon** at the right corner.
6. When the "administrator" clicks the collaborators icon, the Currently Viewing window will be shown as below:

7. Similarly, when "Root" clicks the collaborators icon, the Currently Viewing window will be shown as below:

8. On clicking their respective names, the relevant Technician details will be shown in a new window, as below:
Request Page Notifications:

The "Administrator" makes a change in the Request. Now, "Root" gets notifications about the change, as shown below:
Searching a request

There are 3 ways for searching a request:

- Keyword based Search (Using Search Box of Request List View page)
- Column Wise Search (Using Search Icon of Request List View page)
- Using Advance Search (Available besides Request ID Search Box)

Keyword Search

In **Keyword Search** option, you can search for requests based on a keyword, say laptop or printer. The keyword can be from the subject or description of the request or a value of the request fields (Priority, Status, Group and so on) like High, Open, Printer Team and so on. You can also search for requests assigned to a technician by entering the name of the technician as the keyword. The search results in a list of requests which matches the keyword.

You can further sub divide the request module to search based on **Notes, Work Log, Resolution** and **Request ID**.

To perform **Keyword Search**,

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. In the **Search** block, select **Requests** in **Search in** drop down menu.
3. You can further fine grain your search by selecting the **Sub Modules**. You can search for requests based on Notes, Work Log, Resolution and Request ID.
4. Enter a keyword relevant to the request in **Enter Keyword** text field.

**Note**

- If you have selected the sub module as **Notes**, then you can either enter a relevant keyword from the notes content or the name of the technician who has added the note.
- If you are searching requests based on **Work Log**, then enter the technician's name as the keyword.
1. Click **Go**. The search results in requests that match the keyword.

**Column-wise Search**

**Column-wise Search** allows you to search for requests using two or more keywords. For example, if you want to search for all the **High** priority requests assigned to the **Printer Group** with Subject as **Printer**, then you can do so using column-wise search option.

**Note:** You cannot search for requests based on any of the date fields of the request.

To perform column-wise search,

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. In the **Request List view** page, click **Search** icon at the end of the request list view headers. This opens the search field just below every column that is visible in the list view.
3. Enter the search key in field under the column of your choice.
4. Click Go. The search results matching the search string(s) are displayed.

**Advance Search**

**Advance Search** allows you to search for requests using a combination of **AND** and **OR** logical conditions and also allows technicians to choose from **multiple filter criteria** like "is, is not, contains, not contains, start with and end with" etc., See Advanced Search for more info.
Advanced search of requests (filters)

The Advanced Search option allows you to search requests, based on multiple filter Criteria (is, is not, etc.,) and by using the combination of logical operators (AND / OR) on the same fields and different fields (columns), as well. This is unlike the basic request search or the advanced filtering in custom view, which permit you to search using either AND or OR, and not the combination of both.

The below topics are discussed in this section:

1. Key Points
2. Accessing the Advanced Search UI
3. Searching for Requests
4. Example Scenario
5. The Filtered List view

Key Points

i. The advanced search is applicable for all editions.
ii. The advanced search view is scoped to view only by Technicians and not Requesters.
iii. This can be performed on all Requests (Incidents / ServiceRequests) in a Request List View, to which the logged in user has access.

Steps to Access the Advanced Search UI

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using appropriate Username and Password.
2. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the Request List View page.
3. Click the icon besides the Settings dropdown.

1. The Advanced Search UI is shown.

1. The UI has the structure shown in below image, before adding any criteria:

   - Search, Search and Hide Filters and Reset Filter: These buttons are disabled.
   - Cancel: This button is enabled. Click it to close the Advanced Search Filter View and go to the Request list view.

2. The UI has the structure shown in below image, after adding criteria:
• **Search**: This button allows you to search for requests, based on the selected criteria. The Filtered Request List view will be displayed at the bottom. This filter will be applied on "All Requests" view, for which the logged in user has access.

• **Search and Hide Filters**: This button allows you to first search for requests, based on the selected criteria and then hide the filters.

• **Reset Filter**: This button allows you to reset the criteria values. It removes all rows except the first one. The **Column, Criteria, Values / Column Data** and the **AND / OR** of the first row will be emptied.

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**Searching for Requests using Advanced Search**

1. This search is **not** case sensitive.
2. The logical operators **AND / OR** will be applied in the order they are created.
3. You can add/remove the filter columns using "+" and "-" icons.
4. You can search for a maximum of **15** criteria, exceeding which shows up with an alert message.

1. Choose a **Column**, say 'Request ID' from the drop down.

1. Choose a **Criteria**, say 'is', from the dropdown.

1. Choose the required **Column Data** for the selected column:
   - The Column Data can be **single/multi line**, e.g., **Request ID**.
   - The Column Data can be a **drop list**, e.g., **Category**.

   If the Column Data is a **drop list**, all the selected values are shown, only if you mouse-over the field.

1. Choose **AND / OR** from the dropdown.
2. Add the required number of search criteria by repeating the above steps.
3. Click **Search**. Now, all the requests relevant to the search criteria are listed below the Search button.
4. Click **Search and Hide Filters** to hide the Filters view once the filtering is done.
5. Click **Reset Filter** to reset the criteria values for a new search.
Example Scenario:
Let us consider creating a search criteria by using 3 different filters:

[ Filter 1: Column=Request ID; Criteria=less than; Column Data=70 ]

[ Filter 2: Operator=OR; Column=Category; Criteria=contains; Column Data=Operating systems, Printers, Routers, Services ]

[ Filter 3: Operator=AND; Column=Requester; Criteria=is; Column Data=Administrator,guest, guest12,Root joe]

With all the above 3 filters, the wizard will look like:

As you click **Search**, all the requests relevant to the search criteria are displayed as shown below:
The Filtered List view

The Filtered List view is similar to the Request List View. This view lists all the filtered criteria created by you.

### Functionalities of Filtered List View:

- You can **Sort**, **Spot search** and also **Personalize** the view. Be noted that these changes **will also affect** the personalized views of the **Requests** module.
- When you navigate to the next page in the Filtered list view, or move to some other tab / page, this view will be maintained as such until the cache is cleared.
- Any operation performed in this filtered list view will be synced with the main Request list view.
Possible Actions from Filtered List View:

1. **Show / Hide Filters:**

   Click **Show Filters**, if you wish to add more filter criteria to the list. Click **Hide Filters** to collapse the Filters View.

2. **Edit:**

   Click the **Subject** link or **Edit** icon to modify the request.

3. **Actions Menu:**

   Select the required requests and use this menu to perform the following bulk operations: **Edit Requests, Delete, Pick up, Close, Merge** and **Link Requests**.

4. **Select Technician Dropdown:**

   Select the required requests, choose a Technician from the dropdown and then click **Assign**. Now, the Technician chosen will be assigned to the selected requests.
Solution suggest - Under request resolution

Purpose and Introduction
This feature auto suggests solutions for a request. With this, the technicians will be shown the related solutions for a request based on the keywords found in the fields of a request such as Subject, Category, Sub Category and Item. Technicians can try different solutions from the suggested list and if it resolves the issue, they can copy it to the resolution. If it doesn’t, they can give their inference on the solution suggested. Technicians can even search from the entire solutions list from then and there itself using the solutions search option.

Accessing and Using the feature
To access this feature,

- Go to the Requests module.
- Click on a request.
- In the request details page, next to the resolution tab there will be a bulb icon indicating the availability of suggested solutions for the request. Click on the resolution tab to view the suggested solutions.

The solutions available for the request will be listed.

Note

- Only top 5 Solutions will be listed. Click on View More to view all the suggested solutions.
- Solution suggestion(s) will not be listed for resolved or closed requests.
- Solutions will not be visible for technicians without solutions view permission.
- Solution suggestions will not be available for the requesters.
- Only approved solutions will be listed.

To view the suggested solution, click on it.
You can try a solution and if the solution solves the issue, you can copy it to the resolution.

To copy the solution to the resolution, Click on **Yes, Copy to resolution**. The solution will be copied to the resolution text editor.

Click on **Save** to save the solution as a resolution to the request.
If the solution doesn't solve the issue, you can add your observation about the solution by adding comments.

- By adding comments, it helps to keep a track of the solutions you have tried and also lets someone else handling the request know that the solution was tried.
- The tried solutions will be moved to the Tried Solutions tab. The applied solutions (Solution that was copied to resolution) will also be under the same tab.
- To add comments, click on No, Add comments.

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- Enter your comments about the solution and click Add.
- The comments added can be updated/deleted.
- To modify the comments, go to applied solutions under the resolution tab. Click on edit comments icon. Edit the inference and click on Update.
- Click on the delete icon to delete the applied/tried solution.
- You can also manually search different solutions by using the search option
- Enter the keywords in the search box and use the filters provided such as Title, description to search in the particular fields.

---

You can also search solutions from the Topics filter.
- Click on a topic to list all solutions under that topic.
You can also check the requests solved using the suggested solutions in the Solutions module. To check that,

- Click on the Solutions module.
- Select a Solution. Click on Requests.
- The requests that were tried/applied with the solution will be listed.
Close request

When a requester is completely satisfied that his/her request has been completely attended to and the reported problem has been resolved, then the request can be moved to closed state. You can close a single request or multiple requests from the request module.

While closing a request in ServiceDesk Plus, you need to check if Request Closing Rule and Request Closure Code are configured and enabled in Admin tab -> Helpdesk Configurations. Request Closing Rule imply certain rules while closing a request like confirming the users acknowledgement of the resolution and setting the mandatory request parameters for closing the request. Whereas, Request Closure Code denote the reason behind closing the request.

Close a single request

To close a request from the request details page,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane. The request list view page opens.
2. Click the Subject link of the request.
3. From the details page of the selected request, click Close sub tab.
4. The request is closed and a success message appears.

Note:

- If you have selected the mandatory fields to be filled while closing the request in Request Closing Rule, then enter the mandatory fields and close the request.
- If you have enabled the option "Yes, prompt a message" to confirm a users acknowledgement in Request Closing Rule, then a Close Request dialog box appears.
1. If the requester has acknowledges the resolution, select 'Yes' radio button. Else, enable 'No' radio button.
2. Enter relevant Comments in the field provided.
3. Select the Request Closure Code from the drop down. The Request Closure Code denotes the reason for closing the request.
4. Enter relevant Request Closure Comments in the field provided.
5. Click Close to close the request. If you do not wish to close the request then click Cancel.

Alternatively, you can also change the status of the request to "Closed" through in-line edit or when the request is in editable mode.

Close more than one request
You can close bulk requests from the request list view. To close more than one requests,

1. In the Request list view page, enable the check box beside requests to close.
2. Click Close button. The selected requests are closed followed by a success message in the request list view page.

If you have selected Request Closing Rules like setting the mandatory fields before closing a request or prompting a message to confirm user's acknowledgement, then refer the steps in the above NOTE to close the requests.
View Closed Requests
You can view all the closed requests from the list view. To view the closed/completed requests,

1. From the Request list view page, select **Completed Requests** from the Filter drop-down menu. This lists all the closed and resolved requests.
2. Select My Completed Requests from the Filter drop-down to view the list of closed/resolved requests that were assigned to you.

Reopen Closed Requests
Requests can be reopened from the closed state. You can reopen bulk requests or a single request. To reopen a single request,

1. From the Request list view page, select Completed Requests from the Filter drop-down to view the list of closed/completed requests.
2. Select the Subject link of the closed request to reopen. Click Edit. You can also bring the request in editable mode through in-line edit.
3. When the request is in editable mode, change the status field from Closed to Open.

When a request is opened from the closed state, you can also change the Due By time of the request. Also, the completed date is removed once the request is reopened. When this request is finally closed, the **completed date** is updated and the **Time taken to close** is recalculated taking the reopened period into account.

To reopen bulk requests from the list view,

1. From the Request list view page, select Completed Requests from the Filter drop-down to view the list of closed/completed requests.
2. Enable the check box beside the requests to reopen.
3. Click Edit Request button. The Editing Requests window pops-up specifying the Request ID. All the fields in this pop-up window are editable.
4. Change the status field to Open.
5. Click Save.
6. A success message appears indicating that the selected requests are reopened.
Pick up requests

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides the option of self-pick up of requests that are received in the requests module. If there are unassigned requests in the application, then the technicians can themselves pick up requests. This increases the efficiency in the turnaround time of the IT help desk team as the requests are assigned and answered sooner and waiting time of the request till it is assigned is reduced.

To pick up requests,

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. The unassigned requests will be in bold font.
2. Select the requests you would like to pick up by enabling the check box. Click **Pick up** button. The selected request will be assigned to you. (Or)
3. You can also pick up requests after viewing the request details. Click the title of the request to open View Request page.
4. Click Assign tab. Select Pick Up option to pick up the request.
Assign request to technician

Each request will be owned by a technician, who would be responsible for handling the request till it is closed.

To assign request to technician,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the Requests list.
2. Click the Title of the request for which you have to assign a technician. This opens the view request page.
3. The View Request page lists the Tasks that can be performed on the requests on top of the page. Here click the Assign link and select the assign option. This opens Assign Group and Technician page as shown below.

Based on the issue you can assign this request to the appropriate Group and as well as to the Technician who belongs to that group. Or you can select either of the one. If you wish to select the technician alone then choose the technician from the list and click Assign button to assign the technician to handle the request. And when the technician logs into ServiceDesk Plus, he/she would see this request in the My Open Requests list.

5. Alternatively, you can also assign technician using inline edit option. Click the technician name shown in the request details block. This opens the drop down box as shown below. Select the technician from the list and click the icon to select the technician name else click cancel icon.

Bulk assign requests to technicians

You can also assign more than one request at a time to a technician.

1. In the Requests list view, select the requests to be assigned a technician by enabling the check box beside left side of each of the request title.

[Check box]

2. Select the Technician from the drop down menu.
3. Click Assign button to assign the selected requests to the technician.
Unassign technician from request

Each request will be owned by a technician, who would be responsible for handling the request till it is closed. You can unassign a request from the request and move it back to unassigned status.

To unassign a technician,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the Requests list.
2. Click the Title of the request for which you have to unassign a technician. This opens the view request page.
3. The View Request page lists the Tasks that can be performed on the requests on top of the page. Click the Assign link and select the Assign option from the list. Alternatively, you can also unassign technician using inline edit option. Click the technician name shown in the request details block. This opens the drop down box as shown below. Select the technician name from the list and click the select icon to select the technician else click cancel icon.
4. Now select the NONE option and click Assign. The request will be unassigned. If you do not wish to unassign the technician then you can just close the pop-up by clicking Cancel.
Start / Stop request timer

In certain scenarios, technicians may be unable to close a request due to lack of necessary information or awaiting a certain response from the requester to continue work on the request. In such circumstances, the request remains in the open state, eventually leading to the violation of SLA that governs the request. Also, the time taken to close the request reflects the efficiency of the technician handling the request. With the Start/Stop Timer option, you can move the request status to On Hold until you are ready to resume work on the same.

**Note:**

- When requests are sent for approval to the concerned authority, the helpdesk team may not be held responsible for the delay in approval process. In order to minimize the SLA violations by the helpdesk team, you can stop the timer automatically for requests with status as ‘pending approval’ using the option available in Self Service Portal Settings.
- The Start/Stop Request Timer will work only during the operational hours configured for the organization.

The Start/Stop Timer is available under the Actions drop-down menu in the Request details page. To access the option,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Subject link of the request in the Requests list page. The Request details page is displayed.

**Stop Timer**

To stop timer for a request,

1. Click Actions drop-down menu and select Stop Timer option. A pop-up window opens, requesting the reason for stopping the timer.
2. Enter the relevant reason to stop timer in the text area provided for the same.
3. Click Add button. The status of the request is changed to On Hold and the reason gets appended to the request history.

**Start Timer**

To restart timer for the request,

1. Click Actions drop-down menu and select Start Timer option. A pop-up window opens, requesting the reason for starting the timer.
2. Enter the relevant reason to stop timer in the text area provided for the same.
3. Click Add button. The status of the request is changed to Open and the reason gets appended to the request history.
Schedule request status change

At times technicians might have to stall a request (that is, change it to onhold status, in progress status etc.,) for various reasons like company policy, technician seeking requester's approval and so on. Such stalled requests often face the risk of being forgotten owing to the technician’s busy schedule.

To ensure these requests are not forgotten, ServiceDesk Plus allows its technicians to **schedule these requests** such that their status changes automatically (preferably from timer stopped status like 'onhold' to 'a timer running status like open') **based on the time & date specified by the technicians**, thus reminding them the request is yet to be closed and action needs to be taken.

To schedule **status change of a request**, do the following:

1. Select a request from **Request List View**
2. Click the **Request Details Edit** button
3. Request Details will change to **editable mode**
4. Change **Request Status** to **Onhold**
5. This action will pop up the **request status scheduler** dialog box
6. Specify **Reason** for scheduling **status change** for the request (as shown in the image)
7. Select the **Schedule status change to** check box to **specify status the request would move to** next when schedule is over
8. Specify **Date & Time** (using Calendar Icon) when the **scheduled status change** would take place.
9. Click **Update** button
10. **Request Schedule Icon** will appear besides **Request Status** (in the **request details page** as well as the **request view**) indicating the schedule has been configured
11. Save the request.
Note:
• **By default**, Request Status Scheduler applies only to **Onhold Status**, but can be configured for any **In Progress** status; more on this in the Configuring Request Status page.
• An already configured **Request Status Schedule** can be edited using the **Edit Link** (appearing when **Request Schedule Icon** is clicked from the request details page).
• When Request Status is scheduled, the **Request Timer will be stopped**, indicating that the SLA does not apply for the scheduled time period.
• **Request Timer will start again** when the schedule gets completed.
Request dependency marking

After creating a request,
1. Click Actions tab and choose Add dependency. The dependency tab will be available only for dependent requests.

A Pop-up window showing the list of available requests appears.
2. Select the check boxes of the desired requests and click Add Dependency. The dependency is now associated for the desired request.

3. After the dependency has been marked, dependency tab with the following options appear:
   - **Add Dependency**: More dependent requests can be added to the desired request.
   - **Remove Dependency**: One or more requests that were marked dependent, can be removed.
   - **Dependencies**: When clicked, the dependency map can be viewed.
**Active requests:** It lists the active requests in the selected group.

**Archived requests:** It lists the archived requests in the selected group.

The last column in the requests list view shows the dependency of the request.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Requester Name</th>
<th>Assigned To</th>
<th>DueBy</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>General Purpose Service Request</td>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Please provide me an iPhone for our product testing...</td>
<td>Root</td>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 01:27 PM</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Unable to connect to network in wireless mode</td>
<td>Giftz</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>Oct 12, 2016 11:46 AM</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The dependencies map can also be viewed by clicking on the dependency icon. From the below dependency map, it can be understood that request E is dependent on requests A, B, C, and D. Only when all the dependent requests are completed, the last column of request E turns green. It stays red even if one of the many dependent requests are yet to be completed.

The dependencies map gives a clear pictorial representation of the dependent requests.
Guidelines to Add Dependency:

- For the first time when we associate parent request, this request will be considered as the last request in this dependency group, which depends on all the other requests selected by default. And this can be changed from the dependency graph.
- Requests selected to associate to the dependency group will be considered as dependent from where this "Add dependent request" is performed. And various dependencies can be added/removed across the requests through dependency graph.
- Multiple Dependency group association is restricted.
- Pending Request(s) cannot be marked dependent to a Completed Request, if the dependency closure rule is enabled.
- Total number of requests in the dependency group cannot exceed 15 inclusive of this request.

On hovering over a request, the request id, status and options like ‘select parent’ and ‘remove’ will appear.
A combination of blue, green, yellow and red colours can be seen when performing different actions in the dependencies map. These colours indicate the following:

On hovering over the request, its dependent requests get highlighted in blue.

When 'select parent' is chosen, the child request for which the parent is to be selected, will get highlighted in yellow.

When a parent for the request shown in yellow is to be selected, (i.e, on choosing 'select parent' option in dependencies map), the possible requests that can possibly be selected as parent, will get highlighted.
When 'remove' option is selected, the possible requests that removed dependent from the request shown in yellow, will get highlighted in red.

**Note:**
1. In both archived and trashed requests, 'select parent' option will not be available.
2. The dependency tab will not be visible in trashed requests' details page. It will be visible in archived and active requests' details page.
3. A dependency cannot be marked between a pending request and completed dependency request.
First Call Resolution (FCR)

First Call Resolution (FCR) is a powerful and valuable metric which serves as a Key Performance Indicator for operational performance of a technician and customers' satisfaction. FCR helps the administrator to comprehend if the customer's problem or inquiry has been resolved by the technician in the first call. Information with respect to First Call Resolution can be viewed in

- Request Details page
- Request List View page
- Archive Detail page
- Archive List view
- Trash List view
- Problem and Change association list view

How to

- Mark FCR
- Unmark FCR

Mark FCR for a request:
A technician can mark FCR for a request only when the administrator provides edit permission to technician for resolving, closing a request and edit a closed request.

To mark FCR for a request

- Open the request details page of the request.
- Click 'Close' from the request menu. 'Close Request' window will pop up.
- Enable the 'First Call Resolution' checkbox and close the request.
- The request will now be marked as FCR.

If the request has been closed without enabling the FCR checkbox in the close request window view the
closed request and click 'Mark FCR' from the request menu.

![Request Details](image)

The closed request will now be displayed with 'FCR MARKED' icon in the request details page as displayed below.

![Request List View](image)

The closed requests will be displayed as follows in the Request List View page.

![Request List View](image)

**Unmark FCR for a request:**

To unmark a FCR marked request

- Open the FCR marked request from the 'completed requests' list view.
- Click on 'FCR Marked' option available below the request header in the request details page. The FCR will be unmarked for the request.
- The FCR will be automatically unmarked for requests if the 'Closed' status is changed to 'In Progress' status. ie; when a request is re-opened.

The operational information for FCR will be captured in request history.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request</th>
<th>Tasks (0/0)</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>History</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Request History**

Created by administrator on Oct 13, 2016 11:43 AM
Operation: CREATE, Performed by: administrator
From Host/IP Address: days-2924.caez.zoho.corpin.com/172.21.200.87

Dependency associated by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 03:56 PM
Marked as Last Dependent request in dependency group Id: 1

Dependency associated by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 03:56 PM
Marked Request Dependency in group Id: 1. Depends On Request Ids: [7, 6, 5]

Dependency dissociated by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 04:16 PM
Since single request is present in the dependency group, it is removed from dependency group: 1

Closed by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 04:16 PM
Operation: CLOSE, Performed by: administrator

Updated by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 04:16 PM
Request Updated by administrator
ISFCR changed from false to true

Updated by administrator on Oct 17, 2016 04:18 PM
Request Updated by administrator
Time of technician assignment changed from Oct 13, 2016 11:43 AM to Oct 17, 2016 04:18 PM
Completed Time changed from Oct 17, 2016 04:16 PM to N/A
Time Spent changed from 22hrs 33min to 0hrs 0min
REOPENED changed from false to true
Status changed from Closed to Open
Resolved Time changed from Oct 17, 2016 04:16 PM to N/A
ISFCR changed from true to false
Status change comment

Status Change Comment lets you to enable a mandatory comment box that pops up before changing a status. This can be customized by enabling the **Status change comment mandatory for request** option in the Self-Service Portal Settings under the Admin tab.

**Enabling Status change comment for request**

1. Click on the **Admin** tab.
2. Click on **Self-Service Portal Settings**.
3. Enable **Status Change comment mandatory for request** option by clicking on the **Yes** radio button.

When the status change comment is enabled, there will be a pop up that prompts to enter the status change comments.

**Viewing Status Change Comments**

The status change comments can be viewed in the Time line present in the **Time elapsed analysis**. Hover over the Previous status to view comment for the Status change. For example, if you want to see the comment for the "Onhold" status change then hover over the "Open" status.
The status change comments can also be viewed in the **History** tab of the request details page.

- Click on the **History** tab on the request details page
Add a note

When you would like to add some additional information including technical information to a particular request based on your observations, you can use Add Notes. You can also use notes to update the status of the request.

To add notes to a request,

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. Click the **Subject** link of the request to add the note.
3. In the Request Details page, click **Actions drop-down menu** and select **Add Notes** link. The **Add Notes** form pops up.
4. Enter your content in the text field.

There are two types of notes that can be added to the request namely, Public Notes and Private Notes.

- **Public Notes**: Public notes can be viewed by the requesters and technicians.
- **Private Notes**: Private notes can be viewed only by the technicians (all the technicians).

1. If you want the notes to be visible to the requesters (public), then select the Show this note to Requester also check box. Else only the technicians will be able to view the notes (private).
2. If you want to notify the technician about the addition of the note, then select the check box, E-mail the technician for notes addition.
3. Click the **Add Note** button. The note is added at the bottom of the request along with a date and time stamp. The name of the person who added the note is also displayed.
4. You can add any number of notes to a request. The added notes will be displayed in the descending order with recently added note first. You can also edit or delete the notes that have been added.
Tasks

Sometimes, a request might involve multiple technician work. In that case, the request can be divided into several tasks and each task can be assigned to a technician/group.

For example, consider a scenario where a new employee joins the organization. There is a list of tasks that need to be performed such as allocating seating location, providing a computer/laptop, installing necessary software, connecting telephone links, entering the employee's name in the active directory and so on. These operations can be considered as separate tasks and be can assigned to different technicians.

To know more about tasks such as how they can be added, assigned, managed and related to each other, visit the following pages:

- Adding Tasks
  - Mark/Assign Technician
- Task List View Page
  - Organizing Tasks
  - Task Dependency
  - Triggering Tasks
- Task Details Page
- Adding Worklogs
- Adding First Response Time using Worklog
- Adding General Tasks
- Close/Delete Tasks
- Task Comments
Adding task(s)

- Click Requests tab in the header pane.
- Click the Subject link of the request to which you would like to add tasks.
- Click the Actions drop-down menu -> select Add Task option. The Tasks form opens in a pop up window.
- To add routine tasks instantly, choose a Template from Use Task Template drop-down menu. The details added in the Template are populated in the Task form. Refer Task Template to know - how to configure Task Template.
- If you are manually adding a task in the Task form, specify the Title of the task in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
- Specify relevant information about the tasks in the Description field.
- Specify Task Status (Open by default).
- Provide Estimated Technician Effort expected to be involved while technician is working on the task (will be useful in calculating Scheduled End Time of the Task)
- Specify Task Priority
- Choose Group/Technician for assigning/marking task.

Tasks can be assigned/marked:

1. to a Group alone,
2. to a Group and a specific Technician in the group,
3. to a Technician alone without selecting the group,
4. to no Group and no Technician.

- **Optional:** Specify Scheduled Start time for Task (the same will be done automatically, in case you choose to trigger tasks)
- Select Task Type from the list
- **Optional:** More Fields button

Specify the following by clicking ‘More Fields’ button:

1. Actual Start-End Dates: To be filled upon task completion
2. % of Completion: To specify the extent to which task has been completed (eg: 30%, 70% etc.,)
3. Additional Costs (if any)
4. Specify relevant comments about the task in the Comments field.
5. If task being configured is dependent on another task, use Mark parent task(s) dropdown and select the parent task.
6. Click Save (or) Save and Add New

**Note:**
- Individual tasks (not associated with request, problem, change, project and milestone) will not have Mark Parent Task(s) option.
Assigning/Marking tasks to technicians

While selecting Group/Owner for the task, you have the option of either marking (or) assigning the task to the technician.

- Marking Task(s) is a way of associating tasks to technicians that helps administrator plan tasks in a better way.
- Marking Task(s) is an administrator activity that the technician never gets to know until the task is assigned to him/her.
- Marking Task(s) helps administrators to allocate 'marked tasks' to technicians 'only when it is time' for the task to be executed and not unnecessarily in advance.
- Marking Task(s) is especially useful for dependent tasks that heavily depend upon the completion of parent task. Under such circumstance, the child task can be marked with a technician, and can be later assigned to him/her based on the real-time completion of the parent task.
- Marked tasks do not appear in the respective technician's My Tasks list (but only serve as a reference for the administrator) until the task is triggered.
- Whereas Assigning Tasks to technicians will directly intimate the concerned technician about the task assigned (through notification) and will be listed on his/her My Tasks list.

Marking a Task
To mark a task to technician/group, do the following:

1. Select Mark button besides Owner dropdown
2. * asterisk icon will appear besides Group/Owner fields indicating task form is in marking Group/Technician mode.
3. Choose Group & Technician to be marked with the task
4. Save the task

Assigning a Task
To assign task to a technician/group, do the following:
1. Select **Assign** button besides **Owner** dropdown
2. Choose **Group & Technician** to be assigned with the task
3. Save the task
Task details page

Click on a task to view the task details section. Once a task is saved, it would have the following tabs:

- **Details tab** - listing various details added using task form
- **Comments tab** - where technicians involved can add task-related comments
- **Worklog tab** - using which time spent by technicians and the cost incurred due to the task can be recorded
- **History tab** - to keep track of “who does what and at what time” within the task

Task Details

Details tab has an editable task form displaying various task details/fields which can be edited as the task progresses.

Sample filled in task details page (tab) is shown below:

![Sample filled in task details page](image)

Task Comments:

Technician assigned with the task and other technicians involved with it can discuss/offer views regarding the task’s progress and ways of bettering through comments.
Task Worklogs:
Technician Worklogs can be added, updated or deleted (if required) using/from Worklogs tab.

- To add a new Worklog, use Add New Button (Add New Link in case you're about to add the first task); Delete Button to delete Worklogs, use Delete button
- To know more about how to add Worklog, see: Adding Worklogs. Sample Worklog tab (with an added Worklog) is shown below:

![Sample Worklog tab](image)

Task History:
Keep track of actions being performed on your task and also understand 'who does what and at what time' using History tab.

- Task History can be viewed on ‘day to day’ basis.
Organizing Tasks

While adding multiple tasks, by default they are ordered (using task order) sequentially. Now it is not always possible to remember: 1) the order in which these tasks would be executed 2) which task would be dependent (has a parent task) or independent while adding them. To solve these issues, you are provided with Organize Tasks option, which helps you organize tasks after they have been added.

1. Select Actions dropdown >> Organize.
2. Organize Tasks page opens up.

3. To change order in which a task appears:
   - Select task by clicking Ctrl+Click.
   - Use arrow keys to move the task up or down.
   - Click Save after ordering task based on execution sequence.
   - Use Ctrl+Click to deselect items.
Adding worklogs

Record time spent by technicians (along with the cost involved) while working on tasks using Worklogs. Technician Worklogs can be added/viewed from Work Log details section.

To add a Worklog, click Add New link below Work Log details section and fill the Worklog form as follows:

1. Select Task Owner from Owner Dropdown list
2. Specify Start and End Time.
3. Time Taken to Resolve will be populated based on the duration provided
4. Technician Charge will be calculated and populated in the respective field by multiplying technician cost per hour (owner’s cost per hour) with Time Taken to Resolve data.
5. Specify Other Charges (if any) in the respective field
6. Field Total Charge will be the sum of Technician Charge and Other Charge
7. Provide a suitable description
8. Click Save (or) Save and Add New to add another Worklog.

Once Worklog has been saved, its details will appear in the task list view page under Worklog details section.

Note:
- Worklogs can also be added from the details page of the respective task
- Owner’s cost per hour (technician cost per hour) will be automatically populated based on the respective technician details saved under admin --> technician section
- You can also add first response time for requests using Worklogs (see Adding First Response using Worklogs for more details)
Adding first response time using worklog

Technicians have the option of adding first response time for a request while adding worklogs. Normally first response time (indicated by field Responded Date in the request form) corresponds to the time when technician replies to the request through mail. Technicians can also choose to record the same when adding worklogs to the request as well.

**Adding First Response Time using Worklog:**

1. Fill in the worklog details like you do normally and
2. Check **Consider worklog addition as first response** option (available at the bottom)
3. Save the Worklog

**Important:**
- *First Response Time is an entry which once made - through request reply or while adding worklog - cannot be edited in the request form.*

**Note:**
- This checkbox will be available in Worklogs **until the technician responds to the request**
- This option will not be available **in case the technician has already responded to** the request
- When this option is enabled, the **date/time when the worklog is being added** will be considered as the **First Response Time** for the request
- **First Response Time** is indicated by the field Responded Date in the Request Form
Add general tasks

To add general tasks that are not associated with requests, problems, changes, projects and milestones, do the following:

1. Login into ServiceDesk Plus using your credentials
2. Click Quick Actions dropdown and select Add New under Tasks block (or)
3. Click Home tab of the header pane and click Click Add New button under My Tasks section
4. Add tasks in the same manner you would add task to associate with a request (refer: Adding Tasks)
5. Save the task

Viewing Tasks from Home Page

All the tasks present in ServiceDesk Plus application can be viewed from the home page by clicking the Show All button under My Tasks section (if you’re a technician with SDAdmin Role).

Task List View of the Home Page also has the following options:

- Trigger button for triggering tasks
- New Task button for adding tasks
- Close/Delete buttons for closing/deleting tasks respectively

Editing Tasks from Home Page

Tasks can be edited right from the task list view (applies for independent as well as associated tasks) if the technician is directly assigned to the task (or) if he/she possesses the SDAdmin role.

To edit tasks from task list view, do the following:

Select technician (or group) from select technician/group popup to whom you want the task to be reassigned

Mark or Assign the task to him/her

Click the tick mark

Editing Marked/Assigned Technicians

- To edit status and priority associated with tasks, click on the respective fields and choose the appropriate option
- To edit group and technicians assigned/marked with tasks, click on the respective field
- To edit scheduled start time and end time, click the respective fields and select the desired date from the calendar popup
Identifying General Tasks and Associated Tasks

You can identify general tasks and associated tasks using the following details:

- By enabling **Link** option in the **Column Customizer** box. Doing this will display **info regarding whether the task is associated** to request, problem, change, project or milestone in the **task list view page**.
- By **viewing the task's details by clicking on the respective task**. In the **right extreme of the task details page**, next to the navigation buttons, the **task's association** with the request, problem, change, project or milestone will be displayed **along with the task's status**; for independent/general tasks, no information will be shown.

**Note:**
- Technicians can also edit tasks by accessing the respective task's details page (by clicking on the task)
- Bulk deletion/closing of tasks can be done from task list view page
- Task view can also be changed based on the various task filters available
Close/ Delete tasks

Close/Delete tasks that are no longer applicable or expired. You can also bulk delete tasks using this option.

- Head to Tasks list view.
- Select the tasks you want to delete.
- Click on the Actions menu and select Close/Delete.

![Task Details Table]

- [Delete]
- [Close]
- [Organize]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Priority</th>
<th>Owner</th>
<th>% Completion</th>
<th>Task Order</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Howard Stem</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>being processed</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Jennifer Doe</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>Medium</td>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Open</td>
<td>High</td>
<td>Shawn Adams</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Task comments

Task comments enables you to update any changes in the Tasks/Projects/Requests/Problems/Changes/Milestones by entering comments in the Tasks modules. The task comments are available for the tasks under Request, Problems, Changes, Projects and Milestones modules.

Accessing task comments.

Task comments are accessible for the tasks under Request, Problems, Changes, Projects and Milestones modules.

- Click on the Tasks menu under the particular module to open the task list.

- Click on a particular task.

- Click on the Comments menu in the header.
Enter the comments related to the task and click on Save.

**Task comment optional notification.**

Task comment optional notification enables you to notify the project owner, problem owner, task owner, request owner, change owner and milestone owner about the comments in the tasks.

**Enabling Task Comment Optional Notification**

- To enable Task comment optional notification, enable "Notify this comment to" check box in task comments window.
Add people you want to notify about the comments i.e task owner, request owner, change owner, project owner, milestone owner by either typing their names or email ids. People associated with the tasks will be listed in the search box by default. When you type in their name or email id the auto suggest will fetch you the relevant names. Click on **Save**.
You can also search for the application users who are not associated with that particular task by typing in their names. They must have an email id associated to them.

- For tasks under milestone, if the Project owner and Milestone owner are the same, then only $MilestoneOwner will be pre-selected.
- If the user you're searching is the entity owner, which is already selected as $variable, then the user will not be filtered in the search.
- Any Technician/Requester in the application can be notified about the comment.
- Entity owner will be pre-selected as default options, only if the entity is assigned with owner.
Task List View Page (of Associated Tasks)

Tasks Tab (or) Task List View Page of task(s) associated with request, problem, change, project and milestone will appear as shown below:

In the image above, Install Software is the child task dependent on parent task Provide Deskto/Laptop, and is indicated using the arrow symbol; whereas the asterisk * icon (available besides Owner/Group) indicates task has been marked to be assigned to technician Shawn Adams of Software-Related group.

From Task List View Page, you can do the following
* Organize/Close/Delete Tasks using Actions dropdown
* Establish dependencies (relationship) between tasks
* Add Tasks using Add New button
* Add Tasks from existing Task Template(s) by clicking Templates button
* Trigger tasks manually using Trigger button
* Add Worklog Details

Task List View pages of associated tasks and general tasks slightly differ from each other. Task List View page of general tasks does not have Actions dropdown menu, Templates and Dependencies button.
Add a reminder

You can add reminders to the request using this add reminders option. All the pending tasks specific to the request can be added as reminders. The technician can add these task lists as a personal reminder to himself/her. On adding these reminders they get displayed in the My Reminders page.

To add a reminder,

1. Click the **Request** tab in the header pane.
2. Click the **Title** of the request to add reminders. This opens the View Request page.
3. Click on the Actions tab on the top right side of the page. Click Add Reminder link. This opens the Reminders page.
4. Specify the content in the given text field on the left side of the page.
5. Select the Date on clicking the calendar button to remind you of the task.
6. Select the Time of reminder from the combo box.
7. Select the buffer time from the Remind me before combo box.
8. Click Add button to add the reminder. You can see the reminder getting listed in the My Reminders page.
Share a request

Share Request allows Technicians to share their Requests with:

- Technicians and selected Support Groups
- Requesters of certain Sites and Departments

This feature helps Technicians and Requesters to access a Request that is beyond their scope of viewing/editing.

Steps to Share a Request:

**Step 1:** Click on the Share Request option available in the Request details page. You will be taken to the Share Request section available at the end of the page.

**Step 2:** Click on Click here link to share the Request. Share window will pop-up.

**Step 3:** Click on Share to Technician(s) if you want to share with Technicians and Share to Requester(s), if you want to share it with Requesters.

**Share to Technicians:** You can share the Request with all Technicians or select the required Technician(s) with whom you want to share the Request. You can also share the Request with Technicians of certain support groups. Let us consider a scenario where there is problem with the organization's printer. You can select the Technicians (Eg: Heather Graham and Howard stern) or select the Hardware Problems support group since the printer problem is related to hardware. Type-in your comments/suggestions/queries in the comments section. Click Share to share the Request.

**Note:** View/edit permission for a Shared Request will be the same as the access permissions provided to the Technician with whom the Request is shared with.
Share to Requester(s): You can share the Request with all Requesters or select the required Requester(s) with whom you want to share the Request. You can also share the Request with Requesters of certain selected Site(s) and Department(s). In our scenario, you can select the Requesters (Eg: Shawn Adams) or select the site and administration/IT Services department since the printer problem is related to general administration. Type-in your comments/suggestions/queries in the comments section. Click Share to share the Request.

Note: Requesters can only view the shared Request and not edit it.
After successfully sharing a Request, you can view the share details at the end of the Request details page. You can also edit the details by clicking **Edit**.

**Share Filters in Request List view** : You can specifically view the Shared Requests by selecting the appropriate filter from the list of available filters.

**Pending Request shared with me**: When this filter is selected, all the Requests in **pending** status that are shared with you will be displayed.

**Requests shared with me**: When this filter is selected, all the Requests that are shared with you will be displayed.
Include Shared Requests in Reports:
You can include the Shared Requests in the reports that you generate.
Go to Custom settings under Reports and enable **Include Shared Requests** in the Report Settings pop-up.
### Report Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tabular Column Size</th>
<th>Matrix Column Size</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Text</td>
<td>Cell Width</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 px</td>
<td>90 px</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Large Text</td>
<td>Cell Height</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250 px</td>
<td>30 px</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 px</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 px</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 px</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### General Settings

- [ ] Disable links in report
- [ ] One group per page
- [x] Include Shared Requests

#### Stability Settings

- Row limit for Request module reports containing Description/Resolution Column: 500
  (Recommended: 5000)
- Row limit for Request module reports containing text additional fields: 30000
  (Recommended: 30000)
Duplicate an incident request

When a single request has multiple issues in it that requires more than a single technician to handle them, then the request can be duplicated and each of the duplicated requests can have only one issue. This makes it easier for the technician to take ownership and complete the task independently.

To make multiple copies of a request,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the Subject link of the request that you want to duplicate in the view list page. This opens the Request details page.
3. Click Duplicate Request option under Actions combo box. A Duplicate Request pop-up window opens, requesting you to give the number of copies.

4. Enter the number of copies in the text field provided beside the Number of Copies label. The maximum value you can enter is 9. If you need more than 9 copies of the request, then you need to invoke Copy Request again.
5. Click Copy to make the copies of the request. The new copies of the request will be assigned new request ID that will uniquely identify them. The rest of the information such as the request details and description remains as it is.

Once you have created the copies of the request, you can edit the same to contain only the necessary information and assign appropriate technicians. You can modify the request copies by editing the copy of the request.

Note: While copying the request, the Notes, Tasks, Reminders, Resolution and Approval status of the original request (if any) will not be present in the duplicated requests. Also, the Created Date and Due by Date will be different from that of the original request.
Duplicating service requests

This feature allows the users to create a new service request by duplicating an existing, similar type of service request. Once the request is duplicated, a new service request page will be shown with the request details copied from the existing one. The users can also edit the request details.

To duplicate a Service Request,

- Go to the Requests module.
- Select the request you want to duplicate.
- Click on the **Actions** menu and select **Duplicate Request**.

- New service request form will be shown with the request details copied from the existing request.
- You can edit the request details. Select the tasks you want to duplicate.
- Click on **Add Request**.

**Note**

- Notes and Conversations will not be duplicated.
- Linked or Merged requests will not be duplicated as well.
Link requests

Linking Requests is a feature that primarily provides an option to relate requests to one another and set some references between them. Secondly, certain common operations such as adding notes, creating resolutions and adding work logs can also be linked between them.

When two or more requests are linked, one of the requests becomes the "Reference request" and the other requests are the "Linked requests".

Link requests from the Request List View page

To link two or more requests from the Request List view page,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane.
2. From the Request List View page, select the requests that need to be linked by enabling the check boxes.
3. Click Actions drop-down menu -> Link Requests option.

Here, among the selected requests, the oldest created request becomes the "Reference request" and the other requests become the "Linked requests".

Link requests from the Request Details page

To link two or more requests from the Request details page,

1. Click the Subject link of the request you want to link. This opens the Request Details page.
2. In the request details page, click Actions drop-down menu and select the Link Requests option. This opens a pop-up window with a list of requests.
3. Select the requests that need to be linked by enabling the check boxes.
4. Click the Link Requests button to link the requests.
In this case, the request through which the linking is done becomes the "Reference request" and other requests are its "Linked requests". This option is useful when you want to choose a specific request as the Reference request instead of the oldest created request. A relatively new request can be made as Reference request with older requests related to it as Linked requests.

In the above example, linking is done through the details page of Request ID 27 and so it is made as the Reference request. Other older and newer requests (18, 25, 28 and 61) linked to it are its Linked requests.

**Note:** Linking requests is different from "Tasks" that are created within requests. Tasks are created in a request so that the request can be split into various activities and can be assigned to different technicians. All the tasks inside a request will be considered as a single request. However, Reference requests and the Linked requests are independent requests with only references set between them.

Attributes of Reference Request and Linked Requests:

1. Any Linked request can be associated with only one Reference request at any time.
2. Even though Linked requests are linked to a Reference request, they will still be considered as independent requests with their own SLA, Business Rules, and so on.
3. If a Reference request (A) is made as the Linked request of a new Reference request (B), then all the Linked requests earlier associated to Reference request A will be linked the new Reference request B.
4. Linked requests have their own independent work logs, resolutions and notes. Operations performed over the Linked requests have no impact over the Reference request. However, any work log, resolution or note added to the Reference request can be linked to all the Linked requests by enabling corresponding check boxes.
5. Notes added to a Reference request can be made available to the Linked requests by enabling the Add notes to all linked requests check box. The Discussions Notes section in the Linked request details page will show its own notes and the notes that have been linked from the Reference request. Editing notes in the Reference request has no impact on the notes that have been earlier linked to the Linked requests.
6. Similarly, work logs added to a Reference request can be made available to the Linked requests by...
enabling the Add work log to all linked requests check box. However, any changes made to the work log in the Reference request will not change the work logs that were earlier linked to the Linked requests.

7. If a resolution written for a Reference request is linked to the Linked requests, then it overwrites any resolutions earlier added to the Linked requests. Editing resolutions for a Reference request will change the same in the Linked requests. All resolutions written for a particular Linked request can be viewed under the History tab of that Linked request. The Click here link opens a pop-up with all resolutions associated with that request. Also, Change Status to option applies only to the Reference request and does not have any impact on Linked requests upon linking.

8. While viewing a request's details page, indications are shown if there are any requests linked to the current request. By clicking on this indication, a description box opens and by clicking on the Request ID of the linked requests, one can navigate to the requests linked to the current request. Options to remove links between requests are also provided here.

9. Links between requests can be added, modified and also removed. Each of these operations will be recorded in the request History.

10. Links can be created between requests belonging to different request templates and even different sites. But, if the technician who has permissions in the site where the Base request is present does not have permission in the sites where the Linked requests are present, then the technician will not be able to perform operations on those Linked requests.

11. Closing and re-opening of requests is independent to both Reference and Linked requests.

12. Requests cannot be linked through API or E-Mail Command features.

13. video
Associate problem to request

You have an option to add, associate, view and detach problem to requests. Similar problem occurred to Incidents (requests) can be associated in order to track the problem occurred for the same request. You can also add new problem or detach the existing problem to a request. While adding/associating/detaching a problem the approval status of the request does not change.

- Associating Problem to request
- Add Problem to request
- Viewing Associated problem
- Detach Request from Problem

Associate Problem to Request

You can also associate the existing problem to the request. To associate problem,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the Subject link of the request for which you want to add a problem. This opens the request details page.
3. Click the Actions drop-down menu -> select Search Problems link. The Associate Incidents to problem window pops up showing the list of Open Problems with Incident Category by default.
4. Select the type of problem to be displayed by selecting from the Filter Showing combo box on the top left hand side of the page. Ex: Open Problems or All Problems and so on. On selecting the problem type the corresponding problems gets listed.
5. Select any one problem to be associated with the request by enabling the radio button beside the title of the problem.

6. Click Associate button to associate respective problem to the request (particular selected request). You can associate the same problem to different requests.
7. Once the problem is associated to the request, the View Problem and Detach from Problem option appears under Actions combo box.

Add Problem to requests

You can add new problem to requests. To add new problem,

1. From the request list view page, click the Subject link of the request for which you want to add a problem. This opens the request details page. Click New Problem button on the right hand side of
description field.

[OR]

Alternatively, you add a new change from the Associate Problem to Incident pop up page. Click New Problem button below the filter showing combo box. This opens the New Problem form.

2. The details such as Status, Impact, Urgency, Priority, Category, Sub category, Item along with Subject and Description remains the same as of the request. If required, you can modify the same on selecting from the combo box.

3. Select the Reported By requester from the list by clicking on the Requester icon. This opens the requester list page and click the requester title.

4. Select the Technician from the combo box.

5. Select the Due by Date and the Closed Date from the calendar button.

6. Select the affected IT Services from the list by clicking on the icon. This opens the Services Affected pop up box. Select the affected IT services and Save the changes.

7. Select the Assets Involved with the problem by clicking the icon. This opens the Select Assets page. Select the Type of Assets or the category of assets to be involved from the combo box. Ex: Workstations, Routers, Switches and so on. Select the Available Assets under the selected type from the list and move to Assets involved using >> button. And Save the changes.

8. If you have any file attachments for the problem click the Attach File button and attach files. The maximum size of an attachment is 10 MB.

9. Save the changes. A new problem gets added in the problem list view page.

View Associated Problems

You have an option to view the newly added problems or the problems associated to the request.

To view the problem,

1. From the request list view page, click on the request for which you wish to view the problem. This opens the request details page.
2. Click View Problem button on the right hand side of the request description. [OR]
   
   Click Actions drop-down menu -> select View Problem option. This displays the Problems Details page of the problem added/associated to the request.

Detach Request from Problem

If you want to add another problem to the request then the existing problem has to be detached. To detach a problem,

1. From the request list view page, click the request you wish to detach the problem. This open the request details page.
2. Click Actions combo box -> Detach from Problem option. The request is detached from the problem.
Associate change to request

In some cases, a change may arise due to a request or a change may lead to the creation of a request. In either case, you can associate change to the request.

**Note:** While associating change to a request, the status of the request does not change.

To associate change to a request,

1. Click **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. In the Request List view, click the **Subject** link of the request to associate the change.
3. In the Request Details page, click **Change Request** link. The **Change Request** dialog box pops up.
4. From the Change Request dialog box you can,
   - **Associate the change initiated due to this request**
   - **Associate the change due to which this request is raised.**
5. To associate the change, click the associate link icon. The Associate Change to Incident window pops up showing the list of Open Changes with Incident Category by default.
6. Select the type of change to be displayed by selecting from the Filter Showing combo box on the top left hand side of the page. Ex: Open Change or All Change and so on. On selecting the change type the corresponding changes gets listed.
7. Select any one change to be associated with the request by enabling the radio button beside the title of the change.
8. Click **Associate** button to associate change to the request. The Change ID of the change is displayed.

**Note:**

1. If a change needs to be initiated due to a request, then you can add change from **Change Request** pop up. Click the **New Change** icon to access the form. Refer Create New Change to know how to add a change request.
2. In the Request Details page, an Associated Change link appears indicating that a change is associated to this request.
3. You can associate a change to different requests.

**Detach Change from Request**

If you want to associate another change to the request, then the existing change has to be detached.

To detach a change,

1. From the Request Details page, click **Associated Change** link. The **Change Request** dialog box pops up.
   - 2. Click **Detach Change** icon beside the Change ID. The change is detached from the request.

**Viewing the Change**

To view the change associated to the request,

1. From the Request Details page, click **Associated Change** link. The **Change Request** dialog box pops up.
   - 2. Click the **Change ID** link to view the change details. The details of the change are displayed.
Associate project to request

Requests can be broken down into a project for handling specific activities concerned with the request which might need special attention. This splitting up of requests into a project will be especially useful for service requests that might contain innumerable tasks which have to be executed in a systematic way. This page explains to you can Associate, Add, View and Detach Projects to/from Requests.

- Associating Project to request
- Add Project to request
- Viewing Associated projects
- Detach Request from Project

Associate Project to Request

Technicians can associate existing projects to the request. To associate project,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the Subject link of the request which you wish to associate with a project. This opens the request details page.
3. Click the Associate Project button (available beside Associate Change button)
4. Associate Request to Project popup box opens up.
5. Select the desired project by clicking the respective radio button
6. Click Associate button (available above the projects being listed) to associate project to the request. You can associate the same project to several requests.

**Note:** Once the project has been associated to the request, the Associate button will be replaced with View Problem button.

Add Project to requests

You can also add new project to requests. To add new project,

Alternatively, you can click the dropdown next to Associate Project button and directly select the New Project option
1. From the request list view page, click the Subject link of the request to which you wish to add/create a project. This opens the request details page.
2. Click **Associate Project** button. This opens the **Associate Requests to Project** popup box. Click **New Project** button in this popup. (OR)
3. **Create the project** by filling in the respective details concerning the project like **Project Title**, **Description**, **Type** etc (see Creating Projects for more info).
4. Click **Save and Associate** button.

**View Associated Projects**
You can view the projects associated to the request by doing the following:

1. From the request list view page, **select the request** for which you want to view the associated project. This opens the request details page.
2. Click View Problem button on the right hand side of the request description. This will lead you the respective project.

**Note:** You can also view the project by clicking the dropdown beside View Project button and selecting the View Project option.

**Detach Request from Project**
If you want to add another project to the request then the existing project has to be detached.
To **detach** a project,

1. From the request list view page, **select the request** from which you wish to detach the project. This open the request details page.
2. Click the **dropdown** besides View Project button (available on the right hand side of the request description) and select **Detach Project** option.
Configuring Task Dependencies

When a task is dependent on another task, the task dependency (relationship) between them can be established as follows:

1. Click Dependencies button
2. Dependencies Map popup will open up

3. Select parent for the dependent task (in this case Install Software is the child task and Provide Desktop/Laptop is the parent task) by clicking Select Parent icon.
4. Task Dependency will be established as follows:
Print a request

You can customize the print preview of the request to satisfy your needs. To print a request,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Select the Title of the request you wish to print.
3. Click Actions drop down list -> Print Preview option. The print preview of the request opens in a pop-up window.
4. By default, all the check box is enable under Select the required information block. To customize the print preview, disable the check box of the information that is not required. The disabled information disappears from the print preview.
5. Click the Print menu item from the browser File menu.
6. The default printer associated with your workstation is invoked. Set the required options and click OK. You can collect the printed copy of the request at the printer that is linked to your workstation.
Add a resolution

You can add resolutions for the issues reported in the requests.

To add a new resolution,

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the request **Title** for which you want to add the resolution.
3. Check if a resolution already exists for the request by clicking the **Resolution** tab in the Request details page.
4. If no resolution is available for the request, then a plain html text page is displayed. Specify resolution in the text field.
5. You can also add files to a resolution using **Attach file** option.
6. On specifying the resolution, status can be changed by selecting the status from the combo box.
7. You can also add Time Spent Entry details for the request in this page.
8. Save the resolution. You can see the resolution displayed in this page.
9. If you wish to add the specified resolution to the solutions database, then click **Save and Add to Solutions**, or else click **Save**.
10. On selecting Save and Add to Solutions, you get a **New Solution** form. The solution takes the **Title** of the request and **Contents** of the resolution which can be edited. Files attached to the resolution are updated to the solution.
11. Enter relevant keywords for the solution in the **Keywords** text box. Separate each keyword by a comma. This option is provided for the users to improve the search capability and get appropriate solution for the problem.
12. If needed you can attach files to the solution.
13. Click **Add**. This adds the resolution to the list of solutions.
14. Resolution can also be copied from a suggested solution with its attachments. To copy the suggested solution to the resolution tab, click on **Copy to Resolution** in the suggested solution pop up. The solution content will be copied to the resolution text box tab. Click **Save**.
15. You can copy resolution of a request to other requests that are linked to it by enabling **Add resolution to all linked requests** option that appears under Resolution tab of the request details page.
16. You can update solution and workaround of a problem to multiple incidents. Go to **Problem Closure Rules** under **Admin** tab. Enable **Copy problem solution and workaround to all associated incidents** option under **Optional Rules** and click **Save**. Select a problem and associate relevant incidents to it. Once you close the problem, the solution and workaround of that problem will get updated to the associated incidents.

These added resolutions can be used for various purposes. One of them is to add these resolutions as knowledge based articles which can be used for future reference to solve the same issue if reported. The resolution of the request also helps other technicians to know the kind of solution provided to the reported issue. This also serves as a documented proof of the way a reported issue was resolved.
Search a solution

From the request, you can search for solutions that might help you solve the issue described in the request.

To search for a solution,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the request Title for which you need to look up the solution.
3. In the View Request page, click the Resolution tab.
4. Click Search Solution link. Alternatively, you can also click the Search Solutions option under Actions combo box in the task block.
5. In the Search Solutions page, provide a search string in the Search field and click Search or press Enter. The solutions that match the search string are displayed.
Submit request for approval

For some incident and service requests you may want approval from higher officials before you proceed with resolving the request. The Submit for Approval option enables you to send an e-mail notification to the user to approve the request.

While most incident requests do not require an approval process, the service requests, on the other hand, may go through multiple stages of approval. These multiple stages are usually configured while configuring the work flow of a service item. Refer Service Item - Work Flow under Admin Configurations -> Service Catalog to know more on configuring multiple stage approval.

Note:

1. The Approvers may be technicians or requesters with permission to Approve Service Request and should possess an e-mail address in the application.
2. Apart from multiple stage approval, the steps to submit incident and service requests are similar.
   The topic explains steps to submit service request for approval

Submitting Service Request for Approval

The Approval Details is usually configured while configuring the Service Request. You can configure up to 5 stages of approvals for a service request. Each stage may possess one or more approvers.

If you have not configured the Approval Details for a service request and want to submit the request for approval, then

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Subject link of the request to submit for approval.
3. In the Request Details page, click Actions drop-down menu and select Submit for Approval option.
   The Submit for Recommendation window pops up.
4. Specify the To address in the field. If you want to specify more than two e-mail addresses then use comma as the separator.
5. By default, the Subject of the e-mail is specified. You can edit the same, if required. The Subject is a mandatory field.
6. Specify the relevant Description in the given text field. The $ApprovalLink is a variable and should be available in the mail to replace the variable with the link where you have the request details.
7. Click Send. An e-mail notification is sent to the users specified in the To address. Using the link in the mail, the approver can approve/reject the request.

Simultaneously, the Approvals tab appears between the Work Log tab and History tab. The Approvals tab lists the e-mail address of the approvers, the status of the approval, the date and time of the approval notification, the date and time when the approver had approved/rejected the request and the comments provided by the approver.

      Note: Submitting Incident Requests for Approval follows similar steps (Step 1 to Step 7) as Submitting Service Request for Approval.

From the Approvals tab of a service request, you can either add the next consecutive approval stages or add another approver for a stage. You can also resubmit notification to an approver, if required.
Adding Approver to Stage
To add another approver to a stage,

1. Click Add button. The Submit for Recommendation window pops up.
2. Follow Step 4 to Step 7 in Submitting Service Request for Approval to send an e-mail notification to the approver.

Adding an Approval Stage
To add the next approval stage,

1. Click Add Stage button. The Submit for Recommendation window pops up.
2. Follow Step 4 to Step 7 to send an e-mail notification to the approver.

Multiple Stage Approval
The multiple stage approval are based on the notifications enabled in Work Flow.
If Send approval notification automatically when a service request is raised is enabled, then an approval notification is sent to the concerned authority each time a service request is raised. If you have configured multiple stages of approvals, then the notification is sent to the next consecutive stage only on approval from the previous stage i.e., any one approver can approve the service request.

If All configured approvers have to approve the Service Request is enabled, then its mandatory for all the configured approvers to approve the service request. If anyone of the approver (at any stage) rejects the service request, then the request does not proceed to the next stage.

Note: If you have selected more than one approver in a stage, then all the approvers in that stage should approve the request.

Resubmitting approval notification
To resubmit the notification to an approver,

1. Select the check box beside the approver and click Send button. A dialog box confirming the operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. An e-mail notification is resubmitted to the selected approver.
Deleting an Approver

You can delete an approver from any stage before the approver records his decision. If the approver has recorded his decision, then the delete icon would not appear.

1. Click the **Delete** icon beside the approver e-mail address. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click **OK** to proceed. The approver is deleted from the list. The deleted approver will not be able to access the link provided in the e-mail notification.
View requester details

When attending to a request, you may want to contact the requester to get additional information. You can view details such as the Requester Name, Employee ID, Department and Site to which the requester belongs, Designation, E-mail ID, Phone and Mobile number of the requester. To view the requester details,

1. Click the Request tab in the header pane. The Request List view page is displayed.
2. Click the Subject link of a request.
3. In the Request Details page, click Actions drop-down menu and select View Requester Details link. The Requester Details window pops up.

```
Requester details - Guest

Employee ID : 888

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department Name</th>
<th>Administration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business Impact</td>
<td>Incident Impact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-Mail</td>
<td>**********@plinmail.com</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Job title</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Name</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile</td>
<td>0987654321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phone</td>
<td>1234</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>End User of the software product</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Name</td>
<td>Incident site copy</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

4. Close the window after viewing the details.

Alternatively, you can also view the Requester details by clicking the Requester Name link as shown
below,
Trigger Button

To operate on tasks sequentially and to ensure child tasks are executed only upon the completion of parent task, use trigger button to trigger the tasks. Using trigger button, you can trigger tasks individually or as a group based on your requirement.

Triggering Tasks
1. Select all tasks and click trigger (OR)
2. Select a single task and click trigger.
3. Repeat this process every time a task is completed.

If you choose to trigger tasks, please remember that there is no need to schedule those tasks, as they will be scheduled automatically while they are being triggered.
Email the requester

Sending a response to the requester is required when a new request is received. Also, when a technician is ready to close a request, the same can be notified to the requester so that if the requester has any concerns about the same, he/she can raise. The technician can then address the same and close the request after the requester is completely satisfied with the way his/her request has been attended to.

To respond to the requester,

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. Select the **Subject** link of the request in the requests list page.
3. In the **Request details** page, click **Reply** just below the description of the request. Alternatively, you can reply to the requester from Reply drop down -> Reply. The **Mail to the Requester** window pops up.
4. The To field is pre-populated with the e-mail ID of the requester. If you wish to send the same information to more than one person then enter the e-mail IDs of those people in the CC field with comma as a separator.
5. Edit the **Subject** of the request, if required.
6. You can reply to a request using the Reply Template configured under the Admin section. Select the **Reply Template** from the drop down list.
7. You can also choose to **change the request status** (to **onhold** by default) when the reply is successfully sent to the requester.
8. Click **Attach File** button to add files as attachments to the mail.
9. Click **Send** to send the email to the requester. You can save the email and send it later to the requester by clicking **Save**. The email is saved as draft, in the request details page, above the title of the request along with Send for review and Delete button. To send the draft for review to the concern authority, click **Send for review**. A pop up as shown below appears,

The responses that have been sent to the requester can be viewed as conversations in the request details view.
**Note:**

• While editing the subject of the e-mail, ensure that the request ID value remains intact with the # symbols beside it. Else, the threading of requests may not be proper.
Forward the request

If the technician is unable to resolve a request and requires further assistance, then the technician can forward the request to other technicians. The conversation threads between the technicians are private and hence cannot be viewed by the requester.

To forward a request,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the Title of the request in the requests list page.
3. In the View Request page, click Forward button just below the Request Description. Alternatively, you can click Forward the Request option under Reply combo box. This opens the Forward Request form.
4. Enter the e-mail ID of the person to whom you wish to forward the request in the To field. You can also mark a copy of the forward to others. To do this, enter their e-mail IDs in the CC field.
5. Edit the Subject and Description of the e-mail.
6. Click Attach a File button to add files as attachments to the mail.
7. Click Send. The request is sent to the e-mail IDs mentioned in the To and CC field. The forwarded requests will be shown in the conversation block.
SMS the Technician

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus enables you to notify technicians through SMS. This option is available to the technicians assigned to requests.

To send an SMS to a technician,

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane.
2. Select the **Subject** link of the request. Make sure that a technician is assigned to the request.
3. From the Request details page, click **Reply** sub tab -> **SMS the Technician** option. A **Mail to Technician** window pops-up with the **To** address as the **SMS Mail ID** configured for the technician in the admin tab.
4. Add your message in the **Description** field.
5. Click **Send**. The notification is added as a request conversation.

Before sending the SMS alert to technician, you can send it for review to your higher officials. Click **Send for review** button in Mail to Technician pop up window. A **Send for Review** dialog pops-up. Enter the **To** mail address and click **Send**.

To automatically alert the technician when a new request is assigned to them, click **Alert Technician by SMS when a request is assigned** option in **Notification Rules** under **Admin** tab. You can also modify the default content for Subject and Description by selecting **Customizing Template** link in Notification Rules.
Email the technician

To e-mail a technician

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Title of the request from the requests list page.
3. In the View Request page, from the Reply dropdown (available above Request Details section) select E-mail the Technician option. This opens the Mail to Technician form.
4. Enter the E-mail ID in the To field. This is a mandatory field.
5. Edit the Subject and Description of the e-mail.
6. Click Attach a File button to add files as attachments to the mail. All the newly attached files will be listed in the Newly attached files field.
7. Click Send. An e-mail is sent to the technician. To send the information to more people, enter their e-mail IDs in the To field or CC separated by comma.
8. You also have an option to Save the mail as draft copy for later use.
9. If you wish to send the drafted mail for review to the higher authority then click Send for review button.

Note:

- A technician can be notified when a new request is assigned or an already existing request is reassigned to him/her by configuring notification rules.
Request conversations

ServiceDesk Plus displays the mail transactions happening between the technician handling a request and the requester, as conversations. At times, the technicians can converse with other technicians regarding the request which also gets listed in the conversation block. The conversations are listed one below the other in the ascending order of the time when the notification (response) was sent (received). You can choose to view either All conversation or Requester conversations.

To view all the conversation details, click the View All Conversation link at the top of this block. This shows all the conversation between the technician and the requester and between the technicians. If the conversation has any attachments, then the attachment icon can be viewed in this block. To view only the requester conversation, click View Requester Conversation link.

Split As New Request

You can choose to split the requester's conversations into a new request. To split the conversation as a new request,

1. Expand the conversations by clicking on the View All Conversation link or by clicking the button on the left of the row which you wish to expand.
2. Click Split as New request button at the right bottom of that conversation.

This splits the conversation into a new request.

Delete Conversation

You can delete a specific requester's conversation. To delete a conversation,

1. Expand the conversations by clicking on the Expand all link or by clicking the > button on the left of the row which you wish to expand.
2. Click Delete button at the right bottom of that conversation. A confirmation pop-up opens.
3. Click OK in the confirmation pop-up to delete the thread/conversation.
View requests based on filters

The Filter drop-down menu consists of default filter list which classifies requests into three categories namely, My Group, Requests and My Views. The filter has options to restrict the list view to display Service Requests, Incident Requests or both, and link to view Archive Requests.

To view requests under the filter categories,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Select the Filter drop-down menu to view the list of filters.

My Groups
The support groups to which you are assigned is listed under My Groups. You can view all the requests raised for a group using the filters.

Requests
The Requests consists of default filters which classifies requests based on the status.

- **My Open Or Unassigned Requests**
  All your open requests and the requests that are not assigned to any technicians will be listed under this option.

- **Unassigned Requests**
All the requests that have not been assigned to any technician will be listed under this option.

- **My Open Requests**
  Lists all the open request assigned to the logged in technician.

- **My Requests On Hold**
  All your assigned requests that are kept on hold will be listed under this option.

- **My Overdue Requests**
  Lists the requests assigned to the logged in technician that has exceeded the due date.

- **My Pending Requests**
  Lists the requests assigned to the logged in technician that is unfinished.

- **My Requests Due Today**
  Lists the requests assigned to the logged in technician that is due to complete on that day.

- **My Completed Requests**
  Lists the requests assigned to the logged in technician that are completed and closed.

- **Requests Pending My Approval**
  Lists all the request that require approval from the logged in technician.

- **All My Requests**
  Lists all the requests assigned to the logged in technician.

- **Open Requests**
  Lists all the open request irrespective of the technician.

- **Requests On Hold**
  Lists all the request that are in on hold status.

- **Overdue Requests**
  Lists all the request that have exceeded the due date.

- **Requests Due Today**
  Lists all the request that are due for the day.

- **Requests Pending Approval**
Lists all the request that are pending for approval.

- **Pending Requests**

  Lists all the unfinished request irrespective of the technician.

- **Completed Requests**

  Lists all the closed request irrespective of the technician.

- **All Requests**

  Lists all request irrespective of the status (closed, pending, open, on hold) and technician.

**My View**

The customized private views are listed under *My Views*. You can create a custom view from *Settings* drop-down menu - > *New Custom View* option.
Customize request list view

You can customize the request list view to display the columns of your choice.

To customize the list view,

1. Click the Requests tab in the header pane.
2. Click the column edit icon available at the corner of the request list headers. This opens the available columns that can be displayed in the list view. All those that are visible currently, will have the check box beside them selected.

![Columns](image.png)

3. To remove a column, remove the selection from the respective check box beside the column name.
4. To add a column to the list view, select the unchecked select box beside the column name.
5. To change the column order, click the up and down arrow after selecting the column that you wish to move.
6. Click Save.

This will add only those columns which you have chosen in the list view.
Workorder assessment:

The work-order assessment gives a clear picture of how long the request was handled by each technician, stayed in each group and stayed in different status. The work-order assessment details can be viewed by clicking on.

Request SLA:

In request service level agreements, information about the response time and resolution time will be available.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request SLA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Response Time</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>5 minutes</em>&lt;br&gt;(Overdue by 138 hours 36 minutes)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If service level agreement is not assigned, the following table will be displayed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request SLA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Response Time</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>No SLA Available</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual Time Spent:

The actual time spent table shows the time the request was present in the group and time the request was with the technician.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actual Time Spent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>18 hours 1 minute</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If group and technician is not assigned, then hyphen will be displayed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Actual Time Spent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Group</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>-</em></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Time Elapsed Analysis:

The time elapsed analysis shows a colored representation of different status the request went through, different groups assigned and different technicians who handled the request. It gives a clear picture of how long the request remained unassigned to a group or to a technician.
The details of the technician and time spent by him on the request can be viewed by hovering over the technician bar. Similarly, the group details and status details can be viewed by hovering over the corresponding bars. Details regarding the group and the time elapsed, and the technician and the time elapsed, can be viewed belowed the time elapsed analysis.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Time Elapsed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>26 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Problems</td>
<td>Less than a minute Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>Less than a minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printer Problems</td>
<td>18 hours 1 minute Details</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technician</th>
<th>Time Elapsed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unassigned</td>
<td>118 hours 59 minutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>Less than a minute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jennifer Doe</td>
<td>18 hours 1 minute</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The time spent details of each technician can be viewed individually by clicking details option next to the time details.
Work Log Timer

Work Log Timer eliminates the need to manually add the time taken to resolve a request in the worklog form. With the Work Log Timer being present in the request details page, the technicians working on a request just have to activate the timer to track the time spent on the request. Once the request is resolved the technician can stop the timer and check the time spent to resolve the request. The time shown can be added to the worklog form from there itself. This feature also helps the admin to know if a technician[s] has started to work on a request.

Using the Work Log Timer

To activate the timer,

- Click on the Work Log Timer in the request details page.
- Enter comments if any and click on the icon. It will trigger the timer.

The time shown in the Work Log Timer can be added to the worklog.

To add the time to the worklog,

- Click on Add to Worklog. It will stop the timer and add the calculated time to the Worklog.

- The time taken to resolve will be added to the worklog form.
Work log Timers in the request list view

Work log Timers can be added in the request list view.

To add the Work Log Timer,

- Click on the Columns icon
- Tick the Technician Timer Check box.

- Click on Save.
- The timer will appear in every requests.

- Click on the timer to see which technician is working on it. Also multiple technicians working on a request can also be seen with a timer icon followed by number of technicians working on it.
Three different timer icons indicating three different things

- Indicates that a technician is working on that request.
- Indicates two technicians are working on a request.
- Indicates that the logged-in technician/admin is working on the request.
- Indicates that two technicians [including logged-in technician/admin] are working on the request.
- Indicates no one is working on the request.
Multi-site on requests

An organization can have branches spread across different regions and sites of the globe to handle various specialized activities. In this globally distributed environment, a request can be raised from a site to a technician located in another branch of the organization. The request is resolved based on the admin configurations (operational hours, holidays, SLA and business rules) of the site from which the request was raised. Hence with site base configuration, the request module experiences an immense change.

If an organization has no branches and hence no sites configured, then while creating a new request then the default admin configurations gets applied to resolve the request.

Key entities in Request module

Creating Requests

- The admin configurations of the selected site in the new request form will get applied to the request.
- The Groups and Technicians corresponding to the selected site will be listed. Groups act as a filter in choosing the technician to resolve the request.
- A request template with the group and technician pre-filled with values needs to be re-selected on choosing the requester, if the group/technician is not associated to the requester's site.

Editing Requests

If a request needs to be routed to a technician in another site, then on selecting the site, the SLAs and business rules for the site will be applied and the due by time recalculated accordingly.

Viewing Requests

Technicians can view all the requests of a site if,

- The technician is associated to the site and has the viewing permission as 'All' in Configuring Roles.
- The technician is associated to the site with the viewing permission as 'All in associated sites'.

Assigning Technicians

ServiceDesk Plus provides you with an option to bulk assign requests to technicians. The request can be
assigned to the technician if,

- The technician is associated to the site where the problem persists.
- The technician has the permission to view the requests in all sites. This can be done in Configuring Roles.
- If the technician is not associated to the site where the problem persists and if the technician has restricted view permissions then an error message occurs while assigning the request to the technician as shown below,

---

### Scenario: Roles on Requests

A requester from London raises a demo related request persisting in Sydney through self-service portal of the ServiceDesk Plus application. By default, the admin configurations for London will be applied to the request. The request is handled by John, a technician in London. John can view and re-assign the request,

- If John is only associated to London with the viewing permissions as 'All', then he will be able to view the requests in all the sites of the organization. He will be able to assign the request to technicians associated in other sites but if he assigned the request to himself, then the site field automatically changes to London.
- If John is only associated to London with the viewing permissions as 'All in associated sites', then he will be able to view all the requests raised in London. He will not have the privilege to re-assign the request to technicians in other sites.
- If John is associated to London and Sydney with the viewing permissions as 'All in associated sites', then he will be able to view all the requests raised in London and Sydney. He can re-assign the request to a technician in Sydney but not to technicians in other sites of the organization.

On assigning the request to Amy, the technician in Sydney, the SLAs and business rules configured for Sydney will be applied to the request and the due by time re-calculated. If Amy is assigned to a Group say, Support, then she can view and re-assign the request,

- If Amy is associated to Sydney along with the viewing permissions as 'All in Group and assigned to him', then she will be able to view all the requests raised in the groups to which she is assigned.
- If Amy is associated to Sydney and London with the viewing permission 'All his requests', then she will be able to view only the requests assigned to her. She will be able to re-assign the requests to other technicians in London and Sydney but will not be able to view the request as it does not fall under their permitted scope.

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Request does not fall under your permitted scope. So you are not authorized to view the same.
Service request from incident request

It is possible for helpdesk technicians to create a **new service request** from an already **existing incident request**. For example: your organization might be recruiting new employees by creating a request called **register new employee with a set of tasks** associated to it. Now, while registering new employee/facilitating employee recruitment, one of the tasks will be to provide him/her with a laptop/desktop, which is typically a service request, as you might have to contact your vendor in case the asset is not already in store.

Under such circumstances, technicians can create a separate service request (provide desktop/laptop in this case) from the existing incident request.

To **create a service request from an incident request**, do the following:

1. Select the **incident request** from the **request list view** by clicking on the subject of request
2. Under **Actions dropdown**, select **Create Service Request** option
3. **Create Service Request** popup will open up as shown below:

   ![Create Service Request Popup](image)

1. Select the **Service Category** and Choose the **Service Template**
2. Specify suitable comments
3. Click **Create Service Request** button

**Note:**
- Remember that you are creating a service request from an incident request and **not converting the incident request** into service request.
- Therefore you will now have two requests: an already **existing incident request** and the **newly created service request**
- Technicians also convert an existing incident request into service request; to know about this, visit: converting incident request to service request
Convert incident request to service request

To convert an incident request to service request, do the following:

1. Select the incident request from the request list view by clicking on the subject of request
2. Under Actions dropdown, select Convert Incident to Service option
3. Convert Incident to Service popup will open up as shown below:
4. Select the Service Category and Choose the Service Template
5. Check Overwrite the incident field values with the template values checkbox in case you want to overwrite the existing request's values
6. Check Create the tasks present in the Service Template checkbox if you want to apply task hierarchy already defined as per the selected template of the service request
7. Specify suitable comments
8. Click Convert button

Note:
- Remember the problems associated with the request (if any) will get dissociated when the request is converted
- Approvals associated with the request being converted too will get dissociated
Convert service request to incident request

Sample scenario:
Let us consider a case where a user's Iphone has a few glitches and needs repair. Instead of creating an Incident Request to repair his phone, he accidentally clicks on Request for an Iphone as he just witnesses the word 'Iphone'. In such cases where the user accidentally raises a Service Request instead of an Incident Request, the action Convert Service to Incident becomes handy.

Steps to convert a Service Request to Incident Request:

1. Click on the Actions tab in the Request details page. From the listed options, click on Convert Service to Incident.

2. From the pop-up displayed, choose the Service Category and Incident Template to which the Request belongs.

   - **Overwrite field values with Template values**: On enabling this checkbox, the field values present in the created Service Request will get replaced with the field values available in the Incident Template that is chosen. Note that the Site, Group and Technician details will remain unaffected regardless of enabling this checkbox.

   - **Create Tasks present in the Template**: On enabling this checkbox, the tasks which are already present in the Incident Template will get created while converting this Service Request.

3. After enabling the required checkboxes, click **Convert**. The accidentally created Service Request will be converted to an Incident now.

The following factors will influence the conversion of Service Request to an Incident:

   - Any Resource info / Approval info available in the Service Request will be removed while converting it into an Incident.

   - If the Request is associated with any Purchase Order or a Purchase Request, only Technicians with Modify PO / PR permission will be able to view this option. Also Service Request's association with the PO/PR will be removed while converting.

   - If the PR is closed / PO is cancelled, then the option to detach the Service Request from the respective PR/PO will not be available in the Purchase module.
Following are few points to be noted while converting a Service Request to an Incident Request:

- The conversion option will be available only for Requests with **Pending** status (By default, Open and onhold/ custom pending status) and Technicians with create and edit permission.
- This option will not be available, if the Service Request has been Approved by the approver. It will be available for Service Requests with pending approval or those Requests that have been rejected by the approver.
Associate service requests with purchase orders

Service Requests involve delivery of some sort of service like laptop, phone, tablet etc., to the requester. This type of requests can be completed only after a series of tasks are performed. For example, in case of a laptop delivery, the technician will check whether the requested asset is available (in store) and might have to seek for higher authority's approval before proceeding with the service delivery. Now, when the requested service is not in store, then service delivery process has to begin from scratch: that is, first the purchase order (PO) for the service request will be created and submitted to the concerned vendor; then the asset will be acquired and provided to the requester.

Since Service Requests are often associated with Purchase Orders (maybe new or existing), ServiceDesk Plus provides an option to associate Service Requests with Purchase Orders (and vice versa) from the request details page as well as from the purchase details page.

![Remember:]

- Only technicians having roles with permission to edit and view both request and purchase modules can associate/detach purchase orders from service requests

• Associating Service Request to Purchase Order
• Associating Service Request to multiple Purchase Orders
• Viewing Associated Purchase Orders
• Dissociate Requests from Purchase Order

Associate Service Request to Purchase Order

To associate service request with purchase order, do the following:

1. From the request list view, select the service request to be associated with the purchase order by clicking on the subject of that request
2. Click Associate PO button available in the request details page (present at the right side). [OR]
3. Click Actions dropdown and select Associate PO option
4. Associate Purchase Orders popup will open up
5. Select the purchase order from the available list (or) by filtering the available list using various PO filters options like Open POs, Pending POs, Closed POs etc., [OR]
6. You can also search for the purchase order using the PO number, PO name, PO status etc., using the search icon available at the right extreme of the columns.
7. Click Associate PO button
Associating Service Request to multiple Purchase Orders

Sometimes a single service request might involve several purchases and therefore might have to be associated with multiple purchase orders. To associate a service request with multiple purchase orders, do the following:

1. Select request by clicking on the request subject
2. Click Associated PO dropdown button available in the request details page (present at the right side) and select Associate PO option [OR]
3. Click Actions dropdown and select Associate PO option
4. Select PO(s) that you want to associate with the Service Request and click Associate PO button

Viewing Associated Purchase Orders

To view details of the purchase order (PO) associated with the Service Request, do the following:

1. Select request by clicking on the request subject
2. Click Associated PO dropdown button available in the request details page (present at the right side) and select View Associated PO option [OR]
3. Click **Actions dropdown** and **View Associated PO** option
4. Click on the **PO Name link** and the purchase order will open up in **Print Preview** mode

**Remember:**
- **Requesters can view the list of associated purchase orders** but cannot access the PO details

**Detach Request from Purchase Order**

In case the technician wants to delete the purchase orders associated with the service request once the purchase is completed, he/she can do so by following the steps given below:

1. Select **request** by clicking on the request subject
2. Click directly on the **Associated PO(s)**
3. Select Purchase Order
4. Detach PO button

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PO #</th>
<th>PO Name</th>
<th>Owner Name</th>
<th>Required By</th>
<th>PO Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>PO 3</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PO 4</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>new PO</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>purchase order</td>
<td>administrator</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Closed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**
- **Technicians of the Service Request will be informed about the Purchase Order's status** - whether the PO related Items have been received, partially received (or) whether the Purchase Order has been **rejected** by higher authority - through **notifications**
- **Any number of Purchase Orders** can be associated with a **Service Request**
Importing requests From XLS file

ServiceDesk Plus allows you to import requests in bulk through XLS files. This option is especially useful for importing requests from one SDP application to another and from other helpdesk applications as well.

- Precautions to be taken before importing requests
- Upload XLS file
- Map Fields
- Check Import Summary
- Points to remember

To import requests through XLS file,

1. Click Requests tab in the header pane
2. Click Import Requests button available in the Request List view page (close to Settings Dropdown)

Importing requests is a 3-step process:

Precautions to be taken before importing requests

- Ensure Notification Settings have been disabled otherwise request related notifications could be unnecessarily dispatched to technicians in case of importing closed/resolved requests.
- Ensure Request Closure Rules have been disabled as any disagreement with the Request closure rules will mean the requests being imported will be added as requests with open status although they might actually be requests that have been closed/resolved

Step 1: Upload the xls file

1. Click Choose File button and search for the xls file
2. Locate the file and select the same
3. Click Next button

Step 2: Map Fields

The next step is to sync/map request fields of the xls file with the request fields of ServiceDesk Plus application. The purpose behind this mapping process is to identify request attributes/properties that are new (or) have not been configured in ServiceDesk Plus and to configure/incorporate the same in the application before the requests are imported.

- The XLS file might have several sheets for containing many requests. Specify the sheet from which you wish to import the requests. The no. of filled in rows (which represent the no. of requests) available in the sheet will be displayed in the Data Count section.
- Standard request fields like Subject, Description, Requester Name, Resolution and Created Date
will be automatically mapped by ServiceDesk Plus application itself; whereas other request fields like Site, Urgency, Impact, Category etc., have to be manually mapped by the technicians while importing requests.

Image below lists the [fields which have to be manually mapped by technicians](#) while importing requests.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests Fields</th>
<th>* Mandatory Field</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requester Name</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Following field values should be added prior to request import in Admin section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field</th>
<th>--Select--</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Site</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technician</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urgency</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Apart from these, the fields **Resolved date** and **Completed date** under **Date Fields** section too have to selected manually by technicians.

- Mapping of request fields is a simple process where you indicate the values associated with the requests being imported by selecting them (from the drop down boxes) against the appropriate properties. For example: let's say the requests being imported have been assigned with the property 'Site' XYZ. Then the same can be indicated by selecting the option 'Site' (from the drop down boxes) against the property 'Site'. Similarly, you can map all the other properties associated with the requests being imported.
**Note:**
Fields new to ServiceDesk Plus have to configured prior to the request import. In the above example, you should make sure the Site 'XYZ' has been created in ServiceDesk Plus before importing the requests. If not, then no value will be associated with the property 'Site' despite you **mapping/selecting** it. (that is, the value will be in unassigned state).

### Requests Fields

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requests Fields</th>
<th>* Mandatory Field</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requester Name</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution</td>
<td>--Select--</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Following field values should be added prior to request import in Admin section.

- Subject
- Description
- Requester Name
- Resolution

### Site
- Group
- Technician
- Status
- Priority
- Level
- Mode

- Once mapping is over, click the **Import** button
- In case you forgot to disable **Notification Settings** and **Request Closure Rules**, a warning message will be displayed as shown below suggesting you to do the same before request import.
**Note:**
- Requests should at least contain subject for the import to be successful. (Subject is a mandatory field while importing requests)
- Default request template of ServiceDesk Plus application will be applied to the imported requests

Step 3: Checking Import Summary

Final step is to check or review the import summary. Import Status section of the Request Import Wizard lists the following information:

- Total number of records (requests) being imported [in case the requests have been successfully imported]
- Causes behind import failure [in case of request import failure]

In case requests being imported contain fields which haven’t been configured in ServiceDesk Plus. Those fields will be pointed out to the technicians who can either:

- Choose to configure those new fields in ServiceDesk Plus application and then import the requests (or)
- Can choose to skip those new fields alone and add the requests by enabling the Import without adding the above fields checkbox (see image below)

![Request Import Wizard](image)

**Note:** Skipped fields will be in an unassigned state

- If everything is fine with the request import, then click **Finish** button. The requests will be imported successfully.

Points to remember
• **Service Level Agreements** associated with the requests being imported (if any) will be **redefined based on the rules that make up ServiceDesk Plus’ Service Level Agreements** (see ServiceDesk Plus SLA(s) for more info). For example: if the request being imported has **priority high** and **urgency high** and if the **top level SLA of ServiceDesk Plus** is defined for requests with **priority high** and **urgency high**, then the requests being imported will be assigned with the top level SLA, as they match the required conditions (or rules) and the due date will be calculated accordingly.

• Please remember that **operational hours** defined within ServiceDesk Plus application (see: Operational Hours for more info) **will also influence the SLA** that will be defined for the requests being imported.

• During Import all DATE formats supported by Excel will be supported by SDP as well if the cells holding the date values are formatted as DATE types.

• If the cell holding the date value is non-formatted, then the date format prescribed by SDP which is "dd MMM yyyy, hh:mm:ss" has to be followed.

**Note:** Date values that do not follow the assigned DATE format are not recognized as date by Excel which in turn is reflected in SDP as well.

• If the given format is incorrect in either case (formatted or non formatted cells), current time of import / addition will be considered.

• **Failed XLS files** and **Failed Records** (if any) will be displayed in the Import Summary. Both the files will be in downloadable format. Technicians can download these files and correct the Failed XLS files by referring to the **Failed Records** file which indicate the errors that exist in the XLS files. An image of the error reports is shown below for your reference.
Delete a request

You may receive lots of mails of which some may not qualify as requests at all and hence need to be removed from the ServiceDesk Plus application completely. In such cases, you can delete those individual requests in the view request page or select a group of requests in the list view page and delete them together.

To delete individual requests,

1. Click the **Requests** tab in the header pane. This opens the request list view page.
2. Click the **Subject link** of the request that you want to delete. This opens the request details page.
3. Click Actions combo box -> Delete option. A confirmation dialog pops up.
4. Click OK to proceed deleting. The notes, work logs and conversations ( if any ) added to the request gets deleted. Click Cancel to abort deletion.

To delete more than one request at a time

1. In the requests list view page, select the check boxes beside the request that you wish to delete.
2. Click the **Delete** button. A confirmation dialog pops up.
3. Click OK to proceed deleting. Click Cancel to abort deletion.
Request trash

Technicians usually delete requests when they are closed. But under certain circumstances closed requests might be needed for future reference. Therefore to prevent accidental deletion of closed requests which might be needed for future affairs, technicians are provided with the Request Trash option (available in the Request Filter dropdown below the Request Filters) which stores all the deleted requests for a period of 24 hours from the time of deletion - after which it will be deleted permanently from ServiceDesk Plus application.

Recovering deleted request(s) from Trash

To recover deleted request(s), do the following,

1. Click Request Filter dropdown
2. Select Trash option (available below request filters)
3. Request Trash will open up as shown below

![Request Trash](image)

1. Select the request you want to recover
2. Click Restore button

**Note:** To restore all the deleted requests, click the select box (available beside request id column), and click Restore button.

**Note:**
- Request Trash holds the deleted requests only for 24 hrs after which it will be deleted permanently
Service request editor

Most of the service requests raised by the end users would require additional information before its processed and delivered by the IT Team. A user, who is not a technician, would be required to add this additional information for the service request. This user is called as the Editor. The Editor has permission to edit the service request and specify the required information.

Let’s consider the case of a New Hire process. The HR department raises a service request on a new employee joining the organization. The HR is equipped only with part of information to raise a service request. The rest of the information such as the type of workstation and software to install will be provided by the department head of the employee being hired.

Enable the Editor
If you are logged in to ServiceDesk Plus as the Administrator, then you can enable the editor while configuring the Service Request Template.

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Service Catalog under Helpdesk block.
3. Select the Service Request for which you want to add the Editor.
4. In the Form Designer, select the Editor under Service Fields. Drag and drop this field in the canvas.
   - By dragging and dropping this field in the canvas, you have enabled Service Request Editor. You can choose to make this field as mandatory or make it available to the requester.
5. Click Save button. The Service Request Template is saved.

While raising a service request, choose the editor using the icon. On creating the service request, the status is moved to On Hold indicating that further updates are required from the editor. When the request is updated by the editor, the status of the service request is moved to Open.

Notifications
The administrator can enable notifications to be sent to the editor and the requester who has raised the service request.

- **Notify editor when a request is waiting for update**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the editor that the request is awaiting for his/her update.
- **Notify requester when a request is waiting for update by editor**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the requester when the request is awaiting updated by the editor.
- **Notify requester when a request is waiting for update by editor**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the requester when the request is updated by the editor.
- **Notify requester when intermediate editor is changed by technician**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the requester when the intermediate editor is changed by the technician.
- **Notify old editor when he is removed from the responsibility**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the old editor stating that he is removed from his responsibility.
- **Notify new editor when a request is waiting for update**: Enabling this option sends a notification to the new editor that the request is awaiting for his/her update.

Edit the Service Request
If you are logged in to ServiceDesk Plus as the Editor, then the number of service requests that are
awaiting your updated is shown in **Request Summary -> Waiting Update**. Clicking the numerical link takes you to the Request List view displaying all the requests that are **Waiting for my update**. Click the Subject link of the request to edit. In the Request Details page, click the Edit button. In the Edit form, specify the necessary details and click Update Request button. The Request is updated and the status is moved to Open.

**Note:**

1. The editor is allowed to edit the request only once. After editing a request, the Edit button will not appear when the status moves to Open.
2. If approval notifications are configured for the service request, then the notifications are sent to the approvers only when the status of the requests is moved to Open.
Technician space

Besides various notification alerts (both email and sms) technicians are also provided with Notifications Alerts icon within ServiceDesk Plus application. This icon alarms technicians about only the vital aspects associated with a request and facilitates prompt action on their part thereby increasing the overall productivity of your helpdesk.

The Notifications Icon which is available beside the Quick Actions Menu alerts technicians about the following events:

- When a request is assigned to them
- When a task is assigned to them
- When notes are added to the request assigned to them
- When a requester replies to a request assigned to them
- When approval is required for a request for which they have been assigned as approvers
- When a requester/higher authority approves/rejects the resolution provided by them

Few points to remember:

- A red mark with a number over the Notifications Icon indicates the number of unopened notifications
- A quick view regarding the notifications and their nature will be presented to the technicians using a popup dropdown that opens up when the Notification Alerts icon is clicked
- When technicians click the notification(s) they will be led to the appropriate section within ServiceDesk Plus application to which these notification(s) correspond
- Unopened notifications will appear grey in color whereas viewed/opened notifications will no longer appear grey.
Note: **Self-assigned or self-approved technician requests** will not be listed/recorded under the technician space.
Problem Management

This module is available only in the ServiceDesk Plus Enterprise edition.

A problem is an unknown underlying cause of one or more Incidents. The objective of Problem Management is to minimize the adverse impact of Incidents and Problems on the business that is caused by errors within the IT infrastructure, and to prevent recurrence of Incidents related to these errors. In order to achieve this goal, Problem Management seeks to get to the root cause of Incidents and then initiate actions to improve or correct the situation.

The Problem Management process has both reactive and proactive aspects. The reactive aspect is concerned with solving Problems in response to one or more Incidents. Proactive Problem Management is concerned with identifying and solving problems and known errors before incidents occur in first place.
Create a new problem

The goal of problem management is to minimize the adverse impact of incidents and problems on the business that are caused by errors within the IT infrastructure and to prevent recurrence of incidents related to these errors.

The new problem form can be accessed by two ways in ServiceDesk Plus application,

**a. Quick Actions drop down**

**b. Problems Tab**

Quick Actions drop-down menu

The Quick Actions drop-down menu is a quick navigator to instantly access the New Problem form. Click Quick Actions drop-down menu -> Problem under Create New block.

Problems Tab

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
2. Click the New Problem button to open the New Problem form.
3. Specify the user who has requested the problem in the Requested By field. You can also select the user by conducting a search in the requesters list using the icon 🔍. 
4. Select the Technician from the drop down. If you have configured Sites in the application, then Sites drop down appears. Select the Site in which the problem has occurred. The Technicians associated to the sites gets listed in the technicians drop down.
5. Select the Category, Sub Category and Item from the drop down.
6. Select the Status of the problem, say Open from the drop down.
7. Select the Impact, Urgency and Priority of the problem from the drop down.
8. Select the Due by Date and the Closed Date from the calendar button.
9. Select the affected IT Services from the list by clicking on the icon 🚀. This opens the Services Affected pop up box as shown below. Select the affected IT services and Save the changes.

10. Select the Assets Involved with the problem by clicking the icon 🎨. The Select Assets page pops up. Select the asset category from Type of Assets drop down. Say, Workstations, Printers, Routers, Switches, all assets, all site assets and so on. All Assets lists the assets within your permission scope.
11. Say, John, a technician, is associated to Site1 and Site2. John has the privilege to view the assets
associated to Site 1 and Site 2. So, if John is creating a problem arising in Site 1, the Type of Assets - All Site Assets lists the assets available only in the selected Site 1 and All Assets lists the assets available in Site 1 and Site 2. Select the Available Assets under the selected type from the list and move to Assets involved using >> button. Click Save.

12. Specify the Title of the problem. The title is a mandatory field.
13. Specify the details of the problem in the Description field.
14. If you have any file attachments for the problem click Attach File button and attach files. Maximum size of an attachment can be 100 MB.
15. Save the details.
View problem details

1. Click the Problems tab. This opens the problems list view page.
2. Click the Title of the problem to view the problem details. This opens the problem details page. By default the problem details page opens in the Problem tab.

Problem Tab

The problem tab shows general details of the problem such as, Category, Technician, Status, Priority, Urgency, Impact, Requester, Reported Date, Due By Date, Closed Date, affected IT Services and Assets Involved.

Click the Edit button to edit all the details of the change. You also have inline edit option for all the details. To modify the details of the problem click the details and choose the option from the combo box.

Analysis Tab

In the Analysis tab the technicians analyze the root cause and impact of the problem and attach the same in SDP as part of the problem. Also they specify the symptoms of the problem to identify the same problem in the future.

Solution Tab

In the solutions tab resolution for the problem is given as Workarounds and Solutions. Workarounds are temporary solutions that can be used by the technician till the actual solution is ready. Solutions are the permanent fixes to the problems raised.

Incidents Tab

The incidents tab shows the list of all associated incidents with the problem. You have Attach option to attach the incident with the problem. And the Detach Incidents option to detach associated incidents with the problem.

History Tab

The History tab shows the problem history from the time of its creation. It shows all the actions performed in the problem. The history tab also shows the incidents and the changes associated to the problem on clicking the Property View link available on the right hand side. The details that are displayed in the history are in the ascending order with the earliest performed action shown at the top of the page and the latest action at the bottom of the page.
Edit a problem

To edit a problem available in the ServiceDesk Plus Problem module

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane. This opens the problems list view page.
2. Click the Title of the problem which you want to edit. This opens the Problem details page which lists the Tasks that can be performed on the problem.
3. Click the Edit link on the top of the page to modify the problem details. This opens the Edit Problem page. From this page you can add status of the problem from open to close, and also change the entire template to a new one apart from the regular editing of the problem details.

Alternatively, you also have an inline edit option to modify the problem details in the view problem page. Click the edit icon on the right side of each block which opens the problem form fields in editable format. After modifying the values, save the changes. This comes in handy when you need to edit the values of the entire block say Problem Details one by one.

Edit the Problem Details
In the editable problem form you can change the problem details, such as Status of the problem as Closed or Open, Impact details, Urgency and Priority details. You can also modify affected IT Services and Assets Involved in the problem.

Edit the Owner Details
You can modify the owner details and technician details of the problem. If you have configured Sites in the application, then Sites drop down appears. You can modify the site in which the problem has occurred. The corresponding technicians associated to the site are listed. You can also edit the Reported Date and Due by Date of the problem. If the problem has been closed, then the Closed date will be displayed beside this due by date.

Edit the Problem Category
You can change the Category, Sub Category and Item of the problem. If the same was not appropriately chosen at the time of submitting then the problem can be selected now from the drop down list.

Edit the Problem Description
You can modify the title and description of the problem to completely capture the actual nature of the task at hand.

Append Attachments
If you wish to attach more files to the problem, click the Attach a File button and attach as many files as you wish and click Done. You can also delete the attachments that were already available in the problem by clicking the delete icon available beside the attachment.
Close a problem

If a requester is completely satisfied that his/her problem has been attended and completely solved, then the problem can be closed.

To close a problem,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Title of the problem in the Problems list page. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Close Problem link under the Tasks block. This closes the problem.

**NOTE:** If the mandatory fields are not entered then an error message is shown asking you to enter the value in the fields.

You can reopen a problem from the closed state to open state. To do this, open the closed problem that you wish to reopen by clicking the edit button. Then change the status field from **Closed** to **Open and save the changes**. When a problem is opened from the closed state, you can change the Due by time of the problem. Also, the closed date is removed once the request is reopened. When this request is finally closed, the **completed date** is updated and the **time taken to close** is recalculated taking the reopened period into account.

To view the closed requests:

1. From the Problem list page, select **Closed Problems** from the Filter drop-down menu. This lists all the closed problems.
2. To view the closed problems which were assigned to you, select **My Closed Problems**.
Pick up problems

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides an option to the technicians to self-pick up problem. If there are unassigned problems, the technicians can pick up any of the unassigned problems from the list. As the problems are picked up and answered quickly the waiting time to assign the problem to each technician and then closing the problem will be reduced. This in turn will increase the turnaround time and the efficiency of the IT help desk team.

To pick up problems,

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Problems tab in the header pane. The unassigned problems will be in bold font.
3. Select the problems you would like to pick up by enabling the check box. Click Pick up button. The selected problem will be assigned to you. (Or)
4. You can also pick up problems after viewing the problem details. Click the title of the problem to open View Problem page.
5. Click Assign tab. Select Pick Up option to pick up the problem.
Assign a technician to a problem

Each problem will be handled by a technician, who would be responsible for closing the problem. To assign a technician to the problem,

1. Click the Problem tab in the header pane. This opens the Problems list page.
2. Click the **Title** of the problem for which you have to assign a technician. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box on the right hand side of the page -> Click Assign Technician link from the list. This opens Assign Technician to this Problem pop up page as shown below. Select the technician from the list and Assign the problem to the technician.

5. Alternatively, you can also assign technician using inline edit option. Click the technician name shown in the problem details block. This opens the drop down box as shown below. Select the technician from the list and click the ✅ icon to select the technician name else click cancel icon.

You can also assign more than one problem at a time to a technician.

To bulk assign problems to technicians

1. In the Problems list page, select the problems to be assigned a technician by enabling the check box beside left side each of the problem title.

2. Click the Select Technician check box. Select the technician from the drop down list.
3. Assign the technician.
Root cause analysis

The goal of Problem Management is to find the root cause of the incidents and reduce the impact on the business by providing solutions and workarounds. In the problem analysis the technicians analyze the root cause and impact of the problem and attach the same in SDP as part of the problem. Also they can specify the symptoms of the problem to identify the same problem in the future. The following are the steps to understanding the cause of the problem,

- Symptoms - Evidences helping in identifying the problem.
- Root Cause - Detecting the underlying cause of the incident.
- Impact - Adverse effect of the problem on the business.

To specify the Problem Analysis,

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Problems tab -> click the title of the problem for which you need to specify the analysis. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Analysis tab.

Add the Impact details

1. Click the Add button. You can see the text area getting displayed for the impact details.
2. Specify the impact details in the text field and Save the changes. You can see the details getting displayed below the title.
3. If you like to attach a file on the impact details instead of entering the details in the text field then click Attach File button to attach a file for the impact details. The maximum size of the attachment should be 10MB.

Add the Root Cause

1. Click the Add button. You can see the text area getting displayed for the root cause.
2. Specify the root cause in the given text field and Save the changes. You can see the details getting displayed below the title.
3. If you like to attach a file on the root cause instead of entering it in the text field then click Attach File button to attach a file for the root cause. The maximum size of the attachment should be 10MB.

Add the Symptoms

1. Click the Add button. You can see the text area getting displayed for the symptoms.
2. Specify the symptoms in the given text field and Save the changes. You can see the details getting displayed below the title.
3. If you like to attach a file on the symptoms instead of entering it in the text field then click Attach File button to attach a file for the symptoms. The maximum size of the attachment should be 10MB.
Problem resolution

Resolution for the problem can be given as Workarounds and Solutions in ServiceDesk Plus. Workarounds are temporary solutions that can be used by the technician till the actual solution is ready. Solutions are the permanent fixes to the problems raised. The problem is considered as a known error when a solution or work around is added to a problem.

To add resolution,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk plus home page.
2. Click the Problems tab. This opens the problems list page.
3. Click the Title of the problem for which you like to view the reminder. This opens the problem details page.
4. Click the Solution tab.

To Add Workaround,

1. Click the Add button. You can see the text area getting displayed for the Workaround details. Specify the temporary solutions for the problem.
2. Save the details. You can see the details getting displayed.
3. Click Attach File button to attach a file for the impact details. The maximum size of the attachment should be 10MB.

To Add Solution

1. Click the Add button. You can see the text area getting displayed for the Solution details. Specify the permanent fixes to the problems.
2. Save the details. You can see the details getting displayed.
3. Click Attach File button to attach a file for the impact details. The maximum size of the attachment should be 10MB.
Add notes

If you like to add additional information including technical information based on your observations to a particular problem, then you can Add Notes to that problem. You can also use notes to update the status of the problem.

To add a note to the problem,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Title of the problem to which you would like to add a note. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Add New combo box -> Select Note option. The Add Notes text pops up.
4. Enter your content in the text box. These notes are public.
5. Save the details. The note is added at the bottom of the problem along with a date and time stamp.
   The name of the person who added the note is also displayed.

You can add any number of notes to a problem. The added notes will be displayed in the ascending order. You can also edit or delete the notes that have been added.
Add tasks

Using this option you can assign different tasks to different technicians. Task is a sub-unit of an activity. If a problem involves multiple technicians work, then the technician whoever receives the problem (owner of the problem) can assign different tasks to different technicians.

To add a task,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Title of the problem to which you would like to add tasks.
3. Click the Add New menu -> select Task option. This opens the Tasks window.
4. You can either select the task template from Select Template drop down list or you can add a new task.
5. Specify the Title of the task in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Specify relevant information about the tasks in the Description field.
7. Select the Scheduled Start Time from the calendar button. Also select the Scheduled End Time for the task from the calendar button.
8. The Actual Start Time and End Time of the task will be entered by the technician doing (owning) the task.

   The actual start time and end time is the real time schedule of the task. The scheduled start time and end time specified by the problem owner is a tentative time schedule.

10. Select the Group to which the task needs to be assigned. Select the Technician of the task from the combo box. Tasks can be assigned either to a:
    - Group alone,
    - Group and a Technician,
    - Technician alone,
    - Group and the corresponding technician from the group,
11. Specify the Status of the task.
12. Specify any relevant comment about the task in the Comments field.
13. If you wish to be reminded of the task previously then select the Email me before option and select the number of days from the combo box. This option will be selected based on the scheduled start time.
14. Save the values. You can see a Tasks tab getting created next to the solution tab. All the tasks created for the problem will be listed under the tasks tab in descending order. The tasks assigned to other technicians can be viewed in their Task summary list in the home page.

Add bulk Task to a Problem

Certain problem may require more than one task involving different technicians. In this case, rather than adding tasks one by one, you can add bulk tasks to the problem from the task template.

1. From the problem details page, click the Task tab. The task details page opens.
2. Click Add Task from Template button. The Task Template window pops up listing all the active templates.
3. Select the check box beside the templates and click Add Template button. The tasks selected are added under Task Details.
Delete Tasks

1. From the tasks details page, select the check box beside the task you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation message appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The task is deleted from the list.
Add work log

You can enter the technicians time spent details for the problem using this option. The total time spent will exclude the time that the problem was kept on hold. It takes the time of creation to till the problem was closed.

To add work log,

1. Select the Technician Name from the combo box.
2. Specify the Executed Time (date & time) taken to resolve the problem from the calendar button.
3. The Technician Cost per hour will be fetched automatically from the technician details, which is a non-editable field. If you have already entered the per hour cost of the technician while adding the technician details, then the details will be fetched automatically. If you wish to change these values, you can do so manually.
4. The Incident Cost will be automatically calculated taking the (total time spent to resolve the problem * Technician's cost per hour).
5. If there are any extra charges specify in the Other Charges field.
6. Using the above two data the Total Charges (Technician Charges + Other Charges) will be displayed automatically.
7. Specify any relevant information about the time spent in the description field.
8. Save the details.
Delete problem

You have an option to delete individual problems or group of problems together.

To delete a problem,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
2. Click the Title of the problem to be deleted in the problems list view page. This opens the Problem Details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box on the top right hand side of the page.
4. Click the Delete link from the list. A dialog pops up asking you to confirm on the delete process.
5. Click OK to proceed. You can see the problem deleted from the list.

To delete more than one problem at a time,

1. In the Problem list view page, select the problems to be deleted by enabling the check boxes.
2. Click the Delete button. A dialog pops up asking you to confirm on the delete process.
3. Click OK to proceed deleting Or click Cancel to abort deletion.
Associate incidents to problem

You have an option to associate Incidents to the problem. Similar Incidents to problem can be associated in order to track the number of incidents occurred for the same problem and also to track the priority and severity of the problem based on the number of incidents.

To Associate Incidents to a Problem,

1. Click the Problems tab. This opens the Problem List View page. Click the problem title to be associated with the Incidents. This opens the problem details page.
2. Click the Actions drop-down menu on the top right side of the page. Click Associate Incidents option. The Associate Incidents to problem window pops up.
3. Select the type of requests to be displayed by selecting from the Show combo box on the top left hand side of the page. Ex: Open Requests or All Requests and so on. On selecting the request type the corresponding requests gets listed.
4. Select the Incidents from the list by enabling the check box beside each incident.
5. Click Associate Incidents to associate respective requests to the problem (particular selected problem). The associated incidents get listed in the Incidents tab in the problem details page.
Associate change to problem

You have option to associate Change to a Problem from within the Problem details page. Once you associate the Change, you will be able to:

- View the change details of a problem
- Disassociate change from problem

Steps to Associate Change to a Problem

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an Admin user.
2. Click the Problems tab. In the page displayed, you will find the Problem List View.
3. Click the Problem Title to be associated with the Change. The Problem details page shows up.
4. Click the Actions dropdown and click the Search Changes option. The Associate Problem to Change window pops up.

5. Choose the type of changes (say, Open Changes, All Changes, etc.,) From the Filter Showing dropdown.
6. Select a Change from the list shown by enabling the relevant check box.
7. Click the Associate button to associate the selected Change to the Problem.
View change details of a problem

1. Click the Problems tab. In the page displayed, you will find the Problem List View.
2. Click the Problem Title whose Change details you wish to view. The Problem details page shows up.
3. Click the View Change button at the right corner of the page. You will be led to the respective Change details page.

Disassociate change from problem

1. Click the Problems tab. In the page displayed, you will find the Problem List View.
2. Click the Problem Title from which the Change has to be disassociated. The Problem details page shows up.
3. Click the Actions dropdown and click the Detach From Change option.

The change will be successfully dissociated.
Add a Reminder

You can add reminders to the problems using this option. All the pending tasks specific to the problem can be added as reminders. The technician can add these task lists as a personal reminder to himself/herself. On adding these reminders they get displayed in My Reminder(s) under Quick Actions.

To add a reminder,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane. This opens the problems list page.
2. Click the **Title** of the problems from the list. This opens the problems details page.
3. Click on the Add New combo box on the top right side of the page. Click the Reminder link. This opens the Reminders page. Specify the content in the given text field.
4. Select the reminder Date and Time by invoking the calendar icon.
5. To be reminded of the task in advance, select the time from the Email me before combo box.
6. The problem id is shown in non-editable mode.
7. Click Add button to add the reminder. You can see the reminder getting listed in the My Reminder(s) pop up window in ascending order.
View reminders

You can view the reminders specific to each problem in this module.

To view reminders,

1. Click the Problems tab. This opens the problems list page.
2. Click the Title of the problem for which you like to view the reminder. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box -> Click the View Reminders option. This opens the Showing All Reminders Page as shown below. This lists all the reminders in ascending order based on the date.
4. Once the task is completed you can change the state of the reminder from Open to Completed. To do this, select the reminder from the list to be closed by enabling the check box beside each of the reminder.
5. Select the Change Reminder State To Completed then -> click Change button to change the state. The reminder is stroked off to indicate the change.

Alternatively, you can also view the reminders by, clicking Quick Actions link -> My Reminder(s) option under the Reminders block. This opens the My Reminders pop up window as shown below. This shows all your reminders irrespective any specific module.

You can also add new reminders by clicking +Add New link at the bottom of the my reminders form. The new task is added and is listed along with the already existing tasks in the ascending order based on date and time.

When you have completed the task, you can just strike out the task to indicate that it is completed by selecting the radio button beside the task summary.

You can also delete the task by clicking the delete icon beside the task.
Publish announcements

ServiceDesk Plus gives you an option to publish announcements while fixing the problem without breaking the workflow. Say if you want to inform the company that, the mail server will be down for next five hours and you are fixing the problem then in this case you need not go to the home page to make an announcement you can publish the announcement from the problem module.

To publish an announcement,

1. In the Problem details page click the Actions combo box and select the Make an announcement option. This opens the Add New page.
2. The announcement Title and Description of the problem gets displayed automatically. This is a mandatory field. You can also modify the title and description of the problem.
3. Specify any relevant information about the announcement in the Description field.
4. Specify the date and time to Show this announcement between these dates from the calendar button. If this field is not entered the announcement will be displayed in the home tab for ever.
5. Select Show to Requester check box to make this announcement visible in the self-service portal.
6. To Send this announcement as mail select the check box.
7. Save the changes. You can see the announcement page as shown below. To view the next and previous announcement in the dash board click the Next and Previous buttons on the right side of the page.

You can also edit and delete the announcement in the same page.

To edit the announcement,

1. Click Edit button. This opens the Edit Announcement form.
2. Change the details of the announcement in form.
3. Save the changes. All the changes made in the announcement will be saved.

To delete an announcement,

1. To delete the announcement click Delete button. A dialog pops up asking you confirm on the delete operation.
2. Click OK to delete. Or click Cancel to retain the announcement.

Alternatively you can also publish Announcements company-wide or just to the technicians group from the Home page. The announcements are displayed just below the My View Requests tab in the home page. All recent announcements will be displayed first based on the date. To view all the announcements (even completed ones), click the Show All button on the right side of the page. You can also add new announcements from the home page.
Send notifications

To send notifications specific to the problem to the CAB members, technicians or to any concerned person then,

1. Click the Problems tab in the header pane. This opens the problem list view page.
2. Click the title of the problem to which the notification has to be sent. This opens the problem details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box and select the Send Notification link. This opens the Send Notification page.
4. Specify the To and CC address in the given text field.
5. Specify the Subject of the notification in the given text field.
6. Specify relevant information about the notification in the Description field.
7. Send the notification.
Print problem

To print a problem,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Problems tab in the header pane.
3. Click the Title of the problem you would like to print.
4. Click the Print Preview link on the right side Tasks block. The print preview page of the problem opens in a pop-up window.

In the print preview page you can view the Impact Analysis, Root Cause, Symptoms, Workaround, Solution, Problem Details Notes and their attachments.

5. Click the Print menu item from the browser File menu.
6. The default printer associated with your workstation is invoked. Set the required options and click OK. You can collect the printed copy of the problem at the printer that is linked to your workstation.
Change management

Changes arise as a result of problems. But, a lot of changes can come from pro-actively seeking business benefits such as reducing costs or improving services. The goal of Change Management is to ensure that standardized methods and procedures are used for efficient, and prompt handling of all changes, in order to minimize the impact of change-related incidents upon service quality and consequently to improve the day-to-day operations of the organization.

The change is initiated by creating a change request, entering values in the defined fields (available in the change form), and assigning it to the change technician.

Change has 6 stages, all of which go through several status(es) before reaching completion.

**Features:**

- A Six-Stage Change Life Cycle
- Workflow configuration for each and every change stage
- Change Templates for designing the change as per your requirements
- Change Progress Indicator indicating stage-to-stage progress of change
- Emergency Workflow for changes with pressing urgency or deadlines
- Well-planned Change Role System

**Change can be:**

- A solution to long persisting incidents/problems
- Proactive measure against future incidents/problems
## Change stages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th>Stage Status Involved</th>
<th>Expected Course of Actions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Submission</strong></td>
<td>Decide Change Template and Change Workflow, Configuring Change Related Details like Change Type, Risk Involved, Priority, Urgency etc.</td>
<td>Requested, Requested for Info, Submitted for Authorization</td>
<td>Accepted/Rejected&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Requester and Line Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Planning</strong></td>
<td>Analyzing and Working Out Change Impact, Roll Out Plan, Backout Plan, Checklist and Downtime concerned with the Change</td>
<td>Planning In Progress, Requested for Info, Approved/Rejected Submit for Review</td>
<td>Accepted/Rejected&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Planning Team, Change Owner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Approval</strong></td>
<td>Convening CAB(s) (Change Advisory Board) to assess change plans and get their approval for change implementation.</td>
<td>Approval Pending, Approved/Rejected</td>
<td>Approved or Rejected&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Advisory Board (CAB), Change Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Implementation</strong></td>
<td>Implementing Change through Projects and Tasks, Estimating Change Implementation team’s activities using Worklogs and informing them about Downtime Scheduling (as per the Change Plans)</td>
<td>In Progress, Requested for Information, Onhold/Backout, Completed</td>
<td>Approved&lt;br&gt;In Progress&gt;&gt;[Requested for Info] &gt;&gt;[OnHold]&gt;&gt;Completed&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Implementation Team, Change Owner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Review</strong></td>
<td>Reviewing Change-to-be-Implemented and deciding whether it can be implemented or not</td>
<td>In Progress, Completed (or) Failed</td>
<td>Completed/Failed&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Review Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Close</strong></td>
<td>Formal closing of Change by associating it with a suitable closure code that represents how the change was closed.</td>
<td>In Progress, Completed, Cancelled</td>
<td>Completed/Cancelled Closure Code Selection (depending on how the change was closed)&lt;br&gt;Authority Directly Involved: Change Manager, Change Requester</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Every Change Stage has its own Status(es). The column Stage-Status Involved lists Status(es) available by default for each change stage. Technicians can also configure new Status(es) for every Change Stage; see configuring change status for more info.
Change Submission

Change Submission involves thorough assessment of the proposed change and its various attributes - like its Impact, Risk involved, Urgency, Priority etc. - based on which the methodology needed for deploying the change (workflow and template) will be worked out.

First step in Change Submission is creating a Change Request using New Change form.

But before accessing the change form, you have to plan the following:

- Decide what your Change will be: general (or) retrospective (or) emergency.
- Decide Change Template (see: Configuring Change Template for more info).
- Decide Change Workflow (see: Configuring Change Workflow for more info).
- Then, create the change request, by filling out the new change form.

New/General Change

Changes are of two types: new and retrospective. New change(s) are implemented when organizations demand for an unexpected change in the environment which hasn't been dealt with previously. In this case, the procedure for handling the change is not known and therefore has to be worked out from scratch. Example: keeping IT organizations updated based on the technology changes (occurring in the industry) whose pattern cannot be predicted easily.

Retrospective Change

Changes which have been already implemented based on need/urgency by getting approvals through voice calls, mails etc. are known as retrospective changes. These changes will be recorded for tracking purpose.

Emergency Change

For scenarios that demand the change to be implemented immediately without any delay, Emergency Change will suit them better. With a change workflow that skips the basic preliminaries (submission and planning), Emergency Change ensures change(s) get implemented immediately to meet the pressing deadline.
Create New Change

The new change form can be accessed in two ways in ServiceDesk Plus application using,

a. Quick Actions drop down (Quick Actions --> Create New --> Change)

b. Changes tab of Header Pane

Changes tab

1. Select Change tab from the header pane and click on New Change button
2. Change Template and Change Workflow will be selected by default (see setting Change Template as default ) which can be changed as per your requirements by clicking on the respective dropdowns.
3. In case the change has been implemented already, mark it as retrospective by selecting the respective checkbox.
4. In case it is an emergency change, mark it as emergency using emergency checkbox and choose the corresponding template and workflow (exclusively designed for Emergency Changes) from the available list. (see: Mark Change template and Change workflow as emergency on exclusively designing templates and workflows for Emergency Changes)
5. Select Change Requester from the available list by clicking icon and selecting the requester by clicking on his/her respective name.
6. Select Change Owner from the drop-down (all technicians available in the application will be displayed)
7. Select Change Manager from the drop-down (only technicians with SDChangeManager role will be displayed)
8. Set the Change Stage (Submission for general change and Approval for emergency change, by default)
9. Specify Risk Involved (High, Low & Medium by default)
10. Specify Scheduled Start Date by clicking Calendar Icon
11. Specify Services Affected due to the change by clicking on icon
12. Specify Change Type (Major, Minor, Significant & Standard, by default)
13. Categorize change using Category dropdown
14. Specify Change Impact (High, Low & Medium, by default)
15. Set Change Status (Requested for general change and Approval Pending for emergency change, by default)
16. Specify Status Comments (Reason for set status; will read ‘The above stage/status is set as part of ‘Change’ creation’ by default)
17. Specify Scheduled End Date by clicking Calendar Icon
18. Specify the Assets Involved by clicking on icon
19. Specify Title for the Change (mandatory field)
20. Specify Reason for Change by selecting it from the drop down
21. Provide a suitable description for the change
22. Append attachments to the Change (if any) using Attach File button
23. Save the Change.

NOTE

Please Note: Normally Change will be initiated in Submission stage and reaches completion in change closing stage. But the Emergency Change (by default) has been designed such that it begins at Approval (stage) skipping the initial stages, Submission and Planning but can be changed as per you requirement.
Change submission view: Screenshot
Editing and Viewing Change Details

- Editing Change Details
- Editing Change Template and Workflow
- Viewing Change Details

Change technicians with Edit and View permissions (see: configuring Change Roles) of Submission stage can reassess the submitted change details and modify it if required.

**Note:** All Change Roles – except for change requester, owner and manager - can be assigned only in this part of Submission stage and not during change form creation.

Change can be edited (by the concerned change technicians) in the following manner:

- To **edit details of the change form**, click Edit link besides Change Details section (under change submission stage)
- To **edit the assigned change template and change workflow**, click Edit button of Action Menu bar (available above change stages)
- To **edit/assign change roles**, click Edit link besides Roles section (under change submission stage).
  To know more about assigning/editing Change Roles, see: Assigning Change Roles

Editing Change Details

1. Click **Edit link** besides Change Details section. The Change Details section will change to editable mode
2. **Set Change Details** as per the requirements
3. Click **Save** to save the details (or) Click **Reset** in case you want to retain previously configured values and start editing a new (or) Click **Cancel** to cancel editing

Editing Change Template and Change Workflow

1. Click **Edit button** of Actions Menu bar (available above change stages)
2. Change form will turn to editable mode
3. Reset **Change template** and **Change workflow** as per the requirement
4. Mark it as ‘**Emergency**’ or ‘**Retrospective**’ if needed
5. **Save** the Change

**Note:**
- **Edit links will not be available** once change moves from Submission stage to Planning stage, therefore it is not be possible to reassign change roles and edit change details, once change moves past submission stage, unless you are the change manager/change owner of the given change (or change technician having SDChangeManger Role in ServiceDesk Plus)
- **Edit button** (available in Action Menu bar) will be available only to change technicians assigned with **SDChangeManager role** (ie. technician playing the role of change manager) or **change owner** so that he/she can reset the entire change at any given stage.

Viewing Change Details

Change details can be viewed in two ways: **Stage-wise & Status-wise**

**Change Workflow** being followed
Reminders added to the Change Approval Summary of the Change

- **Stage-wise:** To view change details stage-wise, all the change technician has to do is click on the respective stage.
- **Viewing Status History:** Use View menu (available in Action Menu bar). Click View --> select Status History.
- Technicians can also view the following details using View menu:
Assign Change Roles

1. Click title of the change for which change roles are to be assigned to the concerned change staff
2. Click Submission tab and Scroll down to the Roles section --> and click Edit link (under submission stage)
3. Roles section will change to editable mode
4. To select technicians for a specific role, click icon and select technician from the available list and --> click Add button
5. Repeat the process to assign various change roles to the concerned technicians
6. Save it

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roles</th>
<th></th>
<th>Roles</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ChangeManager</td>
<td></td>
<td>ChangeOwner</td>
<td>Shawn Adams</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ChangeRequester</td>
<td>tony</td>
<td>ChangeApprover</td>
<td>Howard Stern</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Manager</td>
<td>Jennifer Doe</td>
<td>Implementer</td>
<td>carol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Add notes

Change technicians can add notes for their reference and the reference of other technicians involved using Notes option.

Notes can be added in two ways:

- Using Notes option within Submission stage (scroll down to Notes Section --> click Add --> enter note --> Save it)
- Using Add menu (available above Change Stages) (click Add menu --> select Note option --> enter note --> Save it).

Notes section within submission stage is primarily for change technician's (working in submission stage) use; other technicians can use Add menu to add notes.
Stage-Status

Every Change Stage involves certain number of status(es) amongst which a Change toggles with the help of Status Drop-Down (or) Status Actions Menu before reaching completion.

For example, let say, a change has been initiated but the change technicians are unable to work on it, as information provided by the change requester is insufficient; under such circumstance, change technicians can switch the change status to Requested for Information (RFI) and wait till the change requester provides them with the concerned information, before proceeding with the change.

Here Requested for Information is a status of the stage Submission

Note: Any number of (change) status(es) can be available for a particular change stage. (see: configuring change status)

Stage-Status can be accessed in two ways:

· Using Status dropdown (within Change Pane)
· Using Status Actions dropdown (available in Status Actions Menu bar)

Stage-Status for Submission Stage (available by default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Requested</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been requested</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accepted</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been accepted by concerned authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejected</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been rejected by concerned authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFI (Request for Information)</td>
<td>Indicates Change Staff is seeking more info on the proposed change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submitted for Authorization</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been submitted for higher authority approval</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding/preceding stage (Accepted/Rejected, in this case) depending on the change workflow cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
Change technician role in submission

Change technicians who have permission to work (edit only) only in the Change Submission stage,

Can:

- **Edit change details** (if required) after assessing the submitted details
- **Assign change roles** to change technicians (by clicking on edit link)
- **Add notes** to the change
- **Add reminders** (using Add menu)
- **Publish change related announcements** (using Actions menu)
- **Send change-related notifications**

Cannot:

- Edit the assigned **change template and workflow**
- **Approve/Reject the Change** and therefore cannot move the Change from submission to planning stage
- Only change technicians provided with **SDChangeManager role** will have permission to edit/reassign the configured **change template and workflow** (by clicking on the edit button available in the **Action Menu bar**)
- To know about how to configure change roles, visit: change roles under admin section
Move change to planning

When change has been assessed thoroughly and (change) roles have been assigned, it will be moved (after receiving higher authority approval) to the next stage, which is change planning.

To move change to next stage:

1. Click Status Drop-Down (available within change pane)
2. Click Status Actions Drop-Down (available in Action Menu bar)
3. Choose Status Accepted and specify comments for status change
4. Click Save

The Status Accepted stage can only be renamed, not deleted.

Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Line Manager (only for submission stage), Change Manager, Change Approver, Change Owner etc.,.
Change planning

All design work concerned with implementing the change like drafting change plan, analyzing its impact, preparing a fallback plan (to be used in case of implementation failure), working out a to-do list, and planning the downtime (outages) are done in this stage:

Change Planning is **split into two sections**:

- Analysis - where Change is analyzed and various plans are worked out.
- Problems/Incidents - where Change can be associated with already raised problems/incidents

**Change Analysis Tab**

**Impact Analysis**

Under this section technicians record the impact (both positives & negatives) change will have before and after implementation. Thorough analysis of the change by technicians in this phase will ensure there is no room for any assumptions.

**Rollout Plan**

Change can be implemented in phased manner or could be brought out wholly using a single change or a series of changes. This methodology that will be followed while releasing change will be recorded under rollout plan section.

**Backout Plan**

Contingency plan to be implemented in case change technicians decide to back out of the change will be recorded/planned under the backout plan section. The detailed procedure on how to backout by restoring the original state is described here

**Checklist**

A to-do list listing the essential steps to be completed in order to verify whether the change implementation is completed with all requirements fulfilled.

These analyses (Impact, Rollout, Backout & Checklist) can be either added manually or attaching ready planned documents.

**To append attachments**

- Click **Add link** under the respective section
- Enter the **details /Attach** the details
- **Save** them
Change analysis

**Impact Analysis**
Under this section technicians record the impact (both positives & negatives) change will have before and after implementation. Thorough analysis of the change by technicians in this phase will ensure there is no room for any assumptions.

**Rollout Plan**
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These analyses (Impact, Rollout, Backout & Checklist) can be either added manually or attaching ready planned documents.

**To append attachments**

- Click Add link under the respective section
- Enter the details /Attach the details
- Save them
Downtime Scheduling

Downtime Scheduling is an integral part of Change Implementation process and therefore the change planning section allows technicians to plan in advance the downtime scheduling to be followed during the Change Implementation process.

Scheduling Downtime

1. Click Add link under Downtime Scheduling section
2. Provide a suitable description providing the asset details, reason for downtime etc.
3. Using Calendar Icon, select Start and End time
4. Multiple Downtimes too can be added consecutively using Add Downtime button. Click Save.

5. Add Downtime button appears besides End Time Calendar Icon; you also have Delete Downtime button to delete downtime entries.

Editing Downtime

1. Click Edit Icon appearing on-hover the Downtime Schedule
2. Edit the details
3. Click Update Button

Deleting Downtime

1. Click Delete Icon appearing on-hover the Downtime Schedule
2. Confirm Deletion when prompted
3. Downtime will be deleted
Associating problems or incidents to change

Problems/Incidents which caused the change as well as future problems/incidents which can be addressed by the change can be associated to it under this section.

- Associating Problems with Change
- Associating Incidents with Change

Associating Problems with Change

1. Select **Problems/Incidents** tab
2. Click **Attach button** under **Problems List** section
3. Choose **Problems to be associated** with the Change
4. Click **Associate Problems** button

Associating Incidents with Change

1. Select **Problems/Incidents** tab
2. Click **Attach button** under **Requests List** section
3. Choose **Incidents (Requests) to be associated** with the Change
4. Click **Associate Problems** button

- Associated incidents/problems can be disassociated using **Detach Request(s) (or) Detach Problem(s)** buttons respectively
- Both types of requests (**requests** which were the **cause for the change** and **requests** which will be **caused due the change**) can be associated with the change
Stage-Status

Stage-Status for Planning Stage (available by default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Planning In Progress</td>
<td>Indicates planning is in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requested for Information</td>
<td>Indicates technicians are seeking more info on the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Submit for Review</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been submitted to higher authority for Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RFI (Request for Information)</td>
<td>Indicates Change Staff is seeking more info on the proposed change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved</td>
<td>Indicates Change Plan has been approved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejected</td>
<td>Indicates Change Plan has been rejected</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding/preceding stage (Approved/Rejected, in this case) depending on the change workflow cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
Change technician's role in planning

'Change technicians' assigned to work (edit permission only) on Change Planning stage,

Can:

● 'Change technicians' assigned to work only (edit permission only) on Change Planning stage,
● Associate problems/incidents to the change
● Add notes to the change (using Add menu)
● Add reminders (using Add menu)
● Publish change related announcements (using Actions menu)
● Send change-related notifications (using Actions menu)

Cannot:

● Edit the assigned change template and workflow
● Approve/Reject the Change and therefore cannot move the Change from submission to planning stage
● Only change technicians provided with SDChangeManager role will have permission to edit/reassign the configured change template and workflow (by clicking on the edit button available in the Action Menu bar)
● Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Change Manager, Change Approver, Change Owner etc.,
● To know about how to configure change roles, visit: change roles under admin section
Move change to approval stage

Once all the activities in the planning are done, the change will move to the next stage which is Approval.

To move change to next stage:

1. Click Status Drop-Down (available within change pane)
2. Click Status Actions Drop-Down (available in Action Menu bar)
3. Choose Status Approved and specify comments for status change
4. Click Save

Please Remember: Status Approved can be changed (edited) to some other name (like finished, stage over etc.,) - see configuring change roles - but cannot be deleted.

Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Line Manager (only for submission stage), Change Manager, Change Approver, etc.,.
Change approval

Change Advisory Board (CAB) is formulated and exposed to the change. Their job is to scrutinize the drafted change plan and provide advice as to whether it is ready to be implemented or not, based on which further actions will be taken. CAB voices its opinion about the change after CAB meetings which all CAB members will attend.

Please Remember: Change Manager's decision will be final here in this Approval stage.

To know more about Change Approval/CAB Approval stage, visit the following pages:

- Adding CAB Members to Change
- Sending for Recommendation
- Stage-Status Involved
- CAB’s Role in Change Approval Stage
Adding CAB (change advisory board) members to the change

Change advisory board can consist of technicians or members of the organization holding authorizing roles for a change to be processed.

To add a CAB member,

1. Click Add CAB Member button
2. Add CAB Members dialog box opens up
3. Select CAB from drop down (CABs should have been already configured for them to be available under Admin Section, see: configuring CABs)
4. Members belonging to the selected CAB will get listed
5. Click Save to add them.

Note: Make sure e-mail ids are configured for all CAB Members
Send for recommendation

Notifications seeking CAB’s opinion about the change-to-be-implemented can be dispatched using Send for Recommendation button (available under Change Approval stage/tab).

Do the following to dispatch notifications:

1. Select the required CAB Members.
2. Click the Send for Recommendation button.
3. Submit Change for Approval dialog box will open
4. Provide suitable Subject & Description for the notification
5. Click Send.

A non-login url will be available for each CAB, using which they can recommend/reject the change without logging into ServiceDesk Plus.
Stage-Status

Stage-Status for Approval Stage (available by default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Approval Pending</td>
<td>Indicates CAB is yet to voice its opinion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved</td>
<td>Approval Stage has been approved based on CAB’s opinion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejected</td>
<td>Indicates Change Implementation has been completed successfully</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rejected</td>
<td>Approval Stage has been rejected based on CAB’s opinion</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding/preceding stage (Approved/Rejected, in this case) depending on the change workflow cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
CAB in approval

CAB members involved in the Change Approval Stage,

Can:

- **Recommend** (or) **Reject a Change** using the respective buttons (available under Approval Stage)

Cannot:

- **Approve/Reject Change** (that is, cannot move change from one stage to another)

Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Change Manager, Change Approver etc.,
Moving change from approval

Once the change is approved, it will move on to the Implementation stage. To move change from approval stage to next stage, do the following:

1. Click Status Drop-Down (available within change pane)
2. Click Status Actions Drop-Down (available in Action Menu bar)
3. Choose Status Approved and specify comments for status change
4. Click Save.

Please Remember: Status Approved/Rejected can be changed (edited) to some other name (like finished, stage over etc.,) - see configuring change roles - but cannot be deleted. Change Manager (or) Change Approver will have the rights to approve (or) reject the change after examining the CAB recommendations
Change implementation

Change is finally materialized through **projects and tasks** and is **assigned to various technicians** in this stage by higher change authority.

To know more about **Change Implementation stage**, visit the following pages:

- Associating Change with Projects
- Adding Tasks and Worklogs
- Editing Downtime Schedule as per requirements
- Stage-Status Involved
- Moving Change to next Stage
- Technician’s Role in Change Implementation Stage
Associating projects to change

A new project to implement the change can be created and associated with the change. Apart from creating new projects and tasks for implementing the change, already existing projects (worked out in anticipation of changes like the change-in-progress) too can be associated with the change.

**Note:** Although a change can have multiple projects, only one can be associated to it at a given time.

Associating Change to New Project

1. Click **Associate a Project** link (under **Change Implementation** stage)
2. **Associate Change to Project** pop-up will open up
3. Click **New Project** button
4. **New Project form** will open up
5. Specify **Project Details** (see: creating project)
6. Save the Project

Associating Change to an Existing Project

1. Click Associate a Project link (under Change Implementation stage)
2. Associate Change to Project pop-up will open up
3. Select Project to be associated
4. Click Associate
Editing downtime

Downtime Schedule configured in change planning stage will be available under change implementation stage as well, so that the project/task scheduling can be done based on the configured downtime. Apart from this, due to some unanticipated reasons, if there arises a need to reconfigure downtime, the same can be done from change implementation stage. That is, the configured downtime can be edited from change implementation stage, if required.

Editing Downtime Schedule:

1. Click the configured Start Time (or) End Time Date links
2. Select Calendar icon and reschedule date & time
3. Click on hover tick mark to save it

Asset details or any description added cannot be edited here in this stage.
Stage-Status

Stage-Status for Implementation Stage (available by default).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Progress</td>
<td>Indicates Change Implementation is in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Out</td>
<td>Indicates Change Implementation has been cancelled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>Indicates Change Implementation has been completed successfully</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Hold</td>
<td>Indicates Change Implementation Stage has been put On Hold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requested for Information</td>
<td>Indicates Technicians have Requested for Information</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding/preceding stage (Approved/Rejected, in this case) depending on the change workflow cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
Change technician's role (implementation)

'Change technicians' assigned to work **having edit permission only** in the Change Implementation stage,

**Can:**

- Add Tasks individually (or) in groups
- Add Worklog details for technicians
- Reconfigure downtime scheduling (if required)
- Organize Tasks/Etablish Task Dependencies
- Trigger Tasks

**Cannot:**

- Edit the change details, change template or change workflow
- Move Change from implementation stage to next stage
Moving change from implementation

When Implementation of a change is done, the change will proceed for a Review.

To move change to next stage:

1. Click Status Drop-Down (available within change pane)
2. Click Status Actions Drop-Down (available in Change Action Menu bar)
3. Choose Status Completed and specify comments for status change
4. Click Save

Please Remember: Status Completed can be changed (edited) to some other name (like finished, stage over etc.,) - see configuring change roles - but cannot be deleted.

Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Change Manager, Change Approver, etc.,.
Change review

Change Implementation is followed by Change Review during which the Review Committee reviews the change and ensures that it is ready for release.

To know more about **Change Review stage**, visit the following pages:

- Adding Review
- Stage Status Involved
- Moving Change from Review Stage to next stage
- Role of Change Reviewer in Change
Add change review

To add review, do the following:

1. Click **Add link** (under Change Review tab)
2. **Add Review Section** opens up
3. **Enter the Review**
4. Add Attachments (if any) using **Attach a file link**
5. **Schedule date** for next review (see: scheduling next review)
6. **Save it**

Editing Review

1. Click **Edit link** (under **Change Review** tab)
2. Edit the review
3. **Reschedule date** for the next schedule (if required)
4. **Add Attachments** (if any) using Attach a file link
5. **Save it**

Scheduling Next Review

While adding review, do the following in order to **schedule the next review**:

- Click **Calendar Icon** besides **Next Review Schedule** option (available below **review section**)
- **Select date** for the next schedule
- **Specify/Schedule** time for the review
- **Save it**
Stage-Status

Stage-Status for Review Stage (available by default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Progress</td>
<td>Indicates Review is in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>Indicates review committee has completed reviewing the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Failed</td>
<td>Indicates change review was unsuccessful</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note:
- Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding/preceding stage (Approved/Rejected, in this case) depending on the change workflow cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
Change reviewer's role

Reviewers involved in the Change Review stage,

Can:

- Review the Change
- Append Change Review related attachments
- Move Change from **review stage to next stage**

Cannot:

- Edit the **change details**, **change template** or **change workflow** Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Change Manager, Change Approver etc.,
Move change from review

After the Review is completed for a change, the change will move to the Closing stage.

To move change from review stage to next stage, do the following:

1. Click Status Drop-Down (available within change pane)
2. Click Status Actions Drop-Down (available in Action Menu bar)
3. Choose Status Completed and specify comments for status change
4. Click Save

Status Completed can be changed (edited) to some other name (like finished, stage over etc..) - see configuring change roles - but cannot be deleted.

Permission to move change from stage to stage will be provided only to higher authority like Line Manager (only for submission stage), Change Manager, Change Approver, etc.,.
Change closing

Change Closing Stage allows technicians to formally close a change by adding a closure code to it. Change Closure Codes represent how the change was closed: whether it was after successful completion or rejection, or after getting the concerned approval, and so on.

To know more about **Change Closing stage**, visit the following pages:

- Associating Closure Code
- Stage-Status Involved
Associating closure code

In the Closure Code popup (that opens up when status **closed or canceled** is selected) specify the following to formally close the change by associating it with a closure code:

1. Select Closure Code from Closure Code dropdown
2. Options available by default (under Closure Code dropdown)
3. Specify comments for selecting the closure code
4. Scan Assets Involved to ensure Changes done to reflect in Asset DB has been successfully implemented (by checking Trigger Asset Scanning Process)
5. **Save** it

- Approval Summary (available under **View menu** above change stages) will also be available in the closing stage, displaying a complete decision summary of whole workflow based on **who approved which stage and at what time**.
- **Closure Code** can be **edited** (if required) by clicking on **edit link** that appears beside an **already added Closure Code**.
Stage-Status

Stage-Status for Closing Stage (available by default)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Progress</td>
<td>Indicates Review is in progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completed</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been Completed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancelled</td>
<td>Indicates Change has been Cancelled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Whenever the change is moved to status ‘closed’ or ‘canceled’, technicians will be prompted to associate a Closure Code to the Change, to indicate how it was closed (see: associating closure code).
Adding reminders

Technicians can set up personal reminders concerning the change in which they are currently involved, using **Reminders** option under **Add menu** (available in **Action Menu bar**), so that they do not miss out on important events associated with the change. On adding these reminders they get displayed in My Reminder(s) under Quick Actions.

To add a reminder,

1. Click **Add New** menu (available in Actions Menu bar) and select **Reminder** option. This pops up the Reminders window. Specify a suitable summary for your reminder
2. Select the reminder **Date** and **Time** by using the calendar icon.
3. To be reminded of the task in advance, set the time using the **Email me before** combo box.
4. The **change ID** will be shown in non-editable mode
5. Click **Add** button to add the reminder. You can see the reminder getting listed in the My Reminder(s) under Quick Actions dropdown
Sending change-related notifications

Technicians can dispatch change-related notifications in two ways:

- Using **Actions Menu** (Actions --> Send Notifications)
- Using **Notify link** (under Change Submission stage)

To send **change-related notifications**, fill the following in the Send Notification popup

1. Specify **recipients of the Notifications** in the To/CC fields respectively
2. Specify the **Subject of the notification** in the given text field
3. Specify relevant information about the notification in the **Description** field.
4. Click **Send**
Publish announcements

Announcements help technicians publish important information regarding the change. This information can also be displayed to the users. For example, let’s say, downtime has been scheduled for a given Change, and you want it displayed to the technicians and users involved, then this can be done using announcements.

To make an announcement,

1. Click Actions drop down --> select Make an announcement option. This opens the Announcements pop-up.
2. Specify a title for the announcement in the Announcement Title text field. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify the detailed description about the announcement in the Announcement Content.
4. Specify the date and time to Show this announcement between these dates from the calendar button. If this field is not entered the announcement will be displayed in the home tab for ever.
5. Select Show to Requester check box to make this announcement visible in the self-service portal.
6. Select the check box to Send this announcement as mail.
7. Save the changes.

To view announcements, go to Announcements section under Home tab, and click on the respective announcement.
Viewing stage-status comments

When technicians move Change from one status to another (eg: from requested to submitted for authorization status) within a change stage, or from one stage to another, they will be prompted to enter comments, stating reason for the status change. These comments are known as Status Comments and they can be viewed from Status Comments section available under each and every change stage.

To view status comments,

1. Scroll down to Status Comments section.
2. Click View link.

Both Status History and Status Comments indicate/keep track of Change Status/Stage movement.
Print change

To print a change,

1. From change list view, click the Title of the change you would like to print
2. Select Actions menu --> click Print.
3. The print preview page of the change opens up displaying the change details.
4. The default printer associated with your workstation will be invoked.
5. Set the required options and click OK.
Change list view

Using the Change List View you can,

- View Changes based on default filters
- Have Different Views of the available Changes
- Customize the columns in the list view
- Perform operations like edit, bulk delete and bulk assign Changes to technicians.

View Changes based on default filters

- **Filter drop-down menu:** The Filter drop-down menu consists of default filter list which classifies changes into eight categories namely, My Open Changes, My Closed Changes, My Approved Changes, My Unapproved Changes, All Changes, Open Changes, Closed Changes and Unassigned Changes, where changes with My mean Changes in which the technician is directly involved
- **Searching Changes based on Change ID:** View the details of a change instantly by entering the Change ID in the search box (available to the left of Change List View) and click Go button.
- **New Change:** Create new changes instantly using New Change button.
- **Actions drop-down menu:** Perform operations to bulk Edit Requests, Delete Requests, Pick up Requests, Close Requests, Merge Requests and Link Requests.
- **Column-wise Search:** Perform column-wise search for specific Requesters, Departments, Sites and so on.
- Click Add button to add the reminder. You can see the reminder getting listed in the My Reminder(s) under Quick Actions dropdown

Different Views of the available Changes

- Changes in the List View can be viewed using two different views: List View & Calendar View
  - List View is the default option
  - To change to Calendar View, click on Calendar View Icon (available beside Change Filter Drop Down menu)
  - Calendar View can be further tuned using Week and Month icons respectively

Customize Columns in the list view

- Click on Columns Customizer Icon
- Columns pop up box opens up
- Choose Columns that have to appear on Change List View
- Order them using Up & Down Arrows
- Save it

Perform operations like edit, pick up, bulk delete and bulk assign Changes to technicians

- **Editing Change:** Click Edit Icon besides respective Change that needs to be edited
- **Pick up Changes:** Technicians can assign the Change to themselves using Pick Up button
- **Bulk Delete:** Select all Changes and click Delete button
- **Bulk Assign**
  1. Select all Changes
  2. Choose Technician from Select Technician drop down (below Calendar View icon)
  3. Click Assign (right beside drop down).
While picking up/assigning Changes, the technician involved will be assigned the role of Change Owner with rights to the entire Change.
Copy change

Consider the scenario, when a software (like SDP, SAP) needs to be upgraded to a newer version, we will have to create a change and perform the upgrade operations in test environment. While upgrading the production setup, we need to create a change similar to the change created for test environment. The COPY option under the actions menu can be used to create the change for production setup.

To copy the Change,

- Log in to the ServiceDeskPlus.
- Click on the Changes module.
- Select the Change you want to copy.
- Click Actions" menu and select Copy.

- Click "Copy". The change details will be copied.
Once the change details are copied it will take you to the new change with the necessary details copied.
**Note:** "Copy" option will be only visible to the technicians with the 'Create change' permission.

The fields that will be copied are as follows:

**Stages**

Fields that are copied

- Title, Description, ChangeType, Priority, Urgency, Impact, Risk, Category, SubCategory, Item, Site, Group, Assets Involved, Services Affected, Workflow, Template, Reason for change, Change Roles

**Submission**

- Impact, Rollout plan, Backout plan, Checklist with respective attachments and Downtime(Description)

**Planning**

**Approval**

- CAB Members

**Implementation**

**Note:** Time/Cost related fields are not copied during the copy change.

**Change History**

The change from which the copy was made can be viewed in the history menu.

Click on the **History** menu to view the change history.
### Change History

**on:** Oct 20, 2016  
**At:** 17:05:20  
**Changes done by:** administrator

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Change copied from ChangeID 1.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Stage is set with a value as Submission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Status is set with a value as Requested</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Change SLA

Service Level Agreements define the time within which a Change Request needs to be resolved. SLAs are applied automatically during 'Add/Update' of Change Requests based on certain criteria defined. Change SLA will be executed based on the 'Scheduled Start' and 'Scheduled End' time of the Change Request.

1. To create a new change SLA, click Admin>>Change SLA>>New

![Change SLA List](image)

2. In Change SLA List view, choose 'Enabled/Disabled' in 'All Mail Escalations', if all mail escalations are to be enabled/disabled.

3. On clicking 'New', the 'Create Change SLA' window appears. Enter an unique name for the SLA and provide a description about the SLA, if required.

4. Select 'Operational hours' radio button, if the change is to be resolved with respect to the working hours. Select 'Calendar hours' radio button if the Change is to be resolved irrespective of the working hours.

![Create Change SLA](image)

5. In 'Match All/Any of the following criteria', select the required column field and the corresponding
condition as listed. More than one criteria can be set or removed by clicking on '+/−'.

Match  ALL  ANY  of the following Criteria

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk</th>
<th>is</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>is</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Define the resolution time by choosing 'Yes' in the switch button. Select the number of operational hours and days within which the 'Change' has to be resolved. Select 'No' if resolution time is not required.

**Do you want to define the Resolution Time?**  NO  YES

Resolve Within  --Select--  in Operational hours

7. If Yes is chosen for 'Do you want to define the resolution time?', then the escalations are defined by 'Before/After' the 'Scheduled End' time. Enter the days/hours and the 'Change Roles' to whom the escalation is to be sent.

Escalations

- If no user is configured to the roles to be escalated, then Change Manager / Change Owner of the given Change Request will be notified.

Example explanation:
Escalate to the people configured for these roles of a given Change Request, by 2 days 5 hours before Schedule End Time of the given Change Request
Escalate to the people configured for these roles of a given Change Request, by 1 day 0 hour after Schedule End Time of the given Change Request

8. If No is chosen for 'Do you want to define the Resolution Time?' then the escalations are defined by the percentage of time span between 'Scheduled Start' and 'Scheduled End' time. Choose the percentage (Say, 75%) at which the change request has to be escalated and the 'Change Roles' to whom the escalation notification is to be sent.
9. In Change SLA list, click on the **Enable/Disable** option in order to enable/disable the SLA. If you want to delete some of the SLAs, select the required SLAs and click **Delete**.

Click the **Save** button to save the SLA and return to the list view. Click the **Save and Add New** button to save the SLA and add another SLA.

**NOTE:**

A change SLA can be deleted by selecting the required SLAs and clicking 'Delete'. If that particular SLA is already in use, i.e., if the SLA has been matched with a 'Change', then that SLA appears with 

On opening such SLA's, a checkbox 'Not for further usage' can be seen. Enabling the checkbox will prevent further usage of the SLA. Disabling the checkbox will bring back the SLA into place.
Change calendar view

The change home page shows two types of views, List View and Calendar View. The list view shows the list of all changes to be made. And the Calendar View shows the changes with start & end schedule time marked in different colors based on the type.

To view the schedule,

1. Log into ServiceDesk Plus using your user name and password.
2. Click the Changes tab in the header pane. This opens the change list view page by default as shown below.

List View

| New Change | Delete | Pick Up | -- Select Technician -- | Assign | 1 - 3 of 3 | | Show | 25 | per page |
|------------|--------|---------|--------------------------|--------|------------|------|------|--------|
| Title      | ChangeOwner | Category | Priority | Change Type | Stage | Status |
| ---        | Unassigned | -       | -        | N/A         | Submission | Requested |
| Emergency Maintenance of Email Server | Unassigned | - | - | N/A | Submission | Requested |
| Change the location of the printer | Unassigned | - | - | N/A | Submission | Requested |
| Ip Phone dealer change | Unassigned | - | - | N/A | Submission | Requested |

Forward Schedule of Change (Calendar View)

1. Click the Calendar View tab next to the list view tab in the home page. This opens the calendar view of change as shown below.

To display the changes in the Calendar View, the changes should have the scheduled start time and end time.
The Calendar View displays all the scheduled changes for the entire month. Click the forward arrow to go to the next month. Click the backward arrow to go to the previous month.

- You can choose the type of change from the Filter Showing combo box. You can view the Open Changes, Approved Open Changes, All Changes and Completed Changes.
- If Sites is configured in the application, then the Site drop down appears. List of sites associated to the logged in technician appears. Here, the logged in technician can view the sites to which he is associated and the changes raised for a specific site.
- A thick strip will be running across the scheduled start date and end date of the change. The outward curve at the beginning of the strip indicates the start date. And the inward curve at the end of the strip indicates the end date.
- The color of the strip depends on the type of the change. Say standard, major, minor and so on.
- At the bottom of the page you have all the four change types with one N/A type displayed along with the check boxes. For ex: If you wish to view only the standard changes for the month in the calendar view, then select the Standard check box and de-select the other change types. If you wish to view all the change types then select all the change type by enabling the check box.
- The backward arrow in the strip indicates the previous week continuation of the change.
- And the forward arrow in the strip indicates that the change will be continued for the next week.
- On clicking at any part of the strip you will be able to view the change details page.
In the change details page,

- If there are any tasks associated with the change then the task status bar will also be displayed.
- If all the tasks are completed then the status bar would be in green color.
- Out of two tasks, if one task is complete and the other task is incomplete then the status bar would show half green color.
- You will be able to view the number of tasks completed / the total number of tasks. Say 1 task completed out of 2 tasks.
- You will also be able to see the Status of the task and owner at the bottom of the page. If the status is completed then the bullet point would be in green color. If the status of the task is incomplete then the bullet point would be in red color.
- The calendar can show only three changes in a particular date. If there are more than three changes in a date, then the calendar will show the extra more changes in the text form as +n more as shown below.
- Clicking the + n more text link, will list all the displayed changes in the calendar, plus the extra more changes in the left hand side of the page as shown below. They can also be viewed by clicking the dates of the marked changes in the calendar. Say by clicking the date 22 you will be able to view the list.
- A calendar on the top left hand side of the page, shows the current date marked in a box. All the changes in the current month will be underlined and bold. On clicking any of the underlined date will list all the scheduled change for the particular date below the calendar.
- Click the Week link at the Top of the page to view the weekly change schedule as shown below. Click the forward arrow to view next week change schedules. Click the backward arrow to view the previous week change schedules.
Change history

Apart from Status History (under View menu) and Status Comments (under each & every Change Stage), technicians are also provided with Change History tab that keeps track of every single event that happens within the Change.

To view Change History,

1. Select History Tab (within the Change)
2. Click Show All button
3. History will be displayed day-wise
4. Proceedings of a particular day alone can also be viewed using Expand/Collapse buttons (present at the right extreme)
5. Property View allows technicians to view Change History based on Change Attributes like Technician, Title, Created Time, Scheduled End Time etc.,
6. You can alternate between Day View & Property View using the respective links
Change Workflow related FAQs

- Who can change the Stage at any point of time?
- Who can edit Roles at any stage?
- Who can approve the Approval stage?
- What is the scope of SDChangeManager?
- What is the scope of users having System Role: edit permissions?
- Regarding Change List/Calendar view
- Reports
- When is the completed time of change logged?
- What if user is not associated to the site, but he/she plays role in the change?
- How can I change the status of a change?
- What are the operations work based on other module’s permission?
- When worklog can be added?
- On what basis is the user list generated while users are being assigned with change roles
- How does the pre approval change mechanism work?
- What are the points to be noted for Non Login View?
- How can I configure workflow for my custom status?
- Editing Site field and Selecting Change Owner?
- When new Change ticket is created, change manager doesn’t receive an email about the new request.
- How to create a change with the Status to go straight to Planning in Progress
- How can I bypass the CAB section? In other words, how can I set the ticket as pre-approved once created?

1. Who can change the Change Stage at any point of time?
   If the logged-in technician is the assigned CM (Change Manager) or CO (Change Owner) of the given change, then he/she can edit the RFC (Request for Change) Form Fields including Stage/Status at any given time. However remember that a SDChangeManager too has rights to edit stage/status of change and can do so incase a Change Manager/Change Owner has not been exclusively assigned for the given change.

2. Who can edit Change Roles at any given time?
   If logged-in technician is the assigned CM (Change Manager) or CO (Change Owner) of the given change, then he/she can edit (or reassign) roles at any stage. However remember that a SDChangeManager too can edit the change roles at any given stage and can do so incase a Change Manager/Change Owner has not been exclusively assigned for the change.

3. Who can approve the change in the Change Approval stage?
   Technician should possess the Change Manager or Change Approver role for the given change in order to approve it in the approval stage. Non technicians (users) too can be assigned with the Change Approver role.

4. What is the scope of SDChangeManager?
   SDChangeManager is the one with absolute control over the entire change module. A role designated to supervise the entire change module, SDChangeManger can also operate on all changes (or) can choose to work only on Changes that do not have exclusive Change Manager/Change Owner.

5. What about users with System Role: edit permissions? What rights will they have?
   - Users with SDAdmin Role (or) Users with Change Module Edit Permissions can edit RFC
Changes

(Request for Change) form fields. (note: this editing will not be possible once change moves away from the Submission Stage)

- They will be allowed to **edit the fields of the stage the change is currently in** and will also have the rights to **move change from one status to another**.

These users will not have the rights to move change from one stage to another.

6. Regarding Change List/Calendar view

In Change List view /Calendar View:

- **Closed Changes** and **My Closed Changes** views will list only the **Close-Completed** changes alone.
  - **Close-Cancelled** changes will be listed under **All Changes** view.
- **My XXX Views** e.g 'My Open Changes' will list out only the **Changes** in which the user has been assigned with a role to play e.g CAB in those 'Changes' **Approved changes** will list changes only those changes that have undergone **Approval - Approved** status.

7. Regarding Change related Reports:

**Completed Changes** report will list only the **close-completed** changes alone.

8. When is the completed time of change logged?

**Completed Time** is logged in two cases: **close-completed** and **close-canceled**.

9. What if user is not associated to the site, but he/she plays role in the change?

**Site restricted technicians** can view their **assigned changes** even though they are not associated to the site. (Due to the **SystemRole**: Technicians allowed to view **Assigned to him (OR) All in associated sites** options)

10. How can I change the status of a change?

Following menus can be used to change the status of a change:

- a. **Status drop down menu** - status(es) associated with a given change stage will be listed here from which the technicians can choose desired status
- b. **Status Actions drop down menu** - action name of all status(es) in a given change stage will be shown. If action name is not assigned to a status, then status name will be displayed. **Action Name** of a status denotes the action technicians can perform using a given status. For example: Status **Accepted** is denoted using the Action Name **Accept** using which technicians can move the change from one stage to another.

11. What are the operations work based on other module's permission?

Following operations are allowed without stage scope restriction but module based scope permissions i.e Edit Requests, Edit Problem.

- a. Associate Incidents
- b. Associate Problems.

12. When worklog can be added?

Worklog can be added at any point of time irrespective of whatever stage the Change is in, but the concerned technician should have **Edit Change** or **Edit Implementation Stage** permissions..

13. On what basis is the user list generated while users are being assigned with change roles?

User listing happens as per **Site Configurations**:

- a. Change role defined as **Technician only**, will list users based on the **site of a change**.
- b. Change role defined as **ALL**, will list all users based on the sites associated to **loggedin tech**.
14. How does the pre approval change mechanism work?
Pre approved logic:

- Pre approved changes skip the approval process alone i.e if the change workflow is defined to go through the approval stage, it will be bypassed automatically.

15. What are the points to be noted for Non Login View?

- a. All data will be in **viewable mode only** except **Notes, Notification, Status Action and Close stage**. (availability of these options depends on the user's scope in a given change)
- b. Task/Worklog section will not be shown under Implementation tab.

16. How can I configure workflow for my custom status?
A custom status which has 'Action Name' defined will be listed in **change workflow configuration section** where user can configure workflow for the custom status.

17. Editing Site field and Selecting Change Owner?
After editing site field from Submission tab, a **page refresh** is required to list site based technicians.(under Change Roles section)

18. When new Change ticket is created, change manager doesn't receive an email about the new request.
Do the following to solve this:

- Configure **status** such that Requested status (**Submission==>|Requested**) notifies **Change Manager** about the request (To configure status, go to **Admin==>|Problem/ChangeManagement==>|Stage/Status** wizard)
- While creating a change ticket, configure **Change Manager** role and submit the ticket. (other wise choose **default change managers** here: **Admin==>|Helpdesk==>|Category**: click **edit button** and choose change managers for respective categories)

19. How to create a change with the Status to go straight to Planning in Progress
Preconfigure the change template such that the change begins with **Planning/Planning in Progress** as the initial stage/status (To preconfigure change template, go to **Admin==>|Problem/ChangeManagement==>|Change Template**)

20. How can I bypass the CAB section? In other words, how can I set the ticket as pre-approved once created?
Preapproved changes will by pass the CAB section.

- The change type needs to be configured as **pre-approved** ( **Admin==>|Problem/ChangeManagement==>|Change Types** and check Pre Approved checkbox while configuring the Change Type).
- For e.g By default the **Standard Change Type** is set as **Preapproved change**. Therefore when a change is created with **change type as Standard** then this change ticket will be a preapproved one and won't have a CAB section at all.
Project management

Project management - the discipline of planning, organizing, and controlling resources to achieve specific goals is now a part of ServiceDesk Plus. Using project management you can create projects: a temporary endeavor to achieve certain objective/change (within a specific time period) beneficial to your organization.

Effective management of resources like time, budget, manpower and the quality of work, is the primary goal of project management.

Features:

- Milestones: These help you plan the project, decide its various stages, and also serve as landmarks that identify how close a project is to completion.
- Tasks: Entities that decide the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) of the project. They are a part of Milestones.
- Task Relationship: Decide parent/dependent tasks, connect tasks that are similar, by establishing Task Relationship.
- Flexibility in Swapping Member Roles: Ability to switch/change "member roles" anytime allows administrators to focus on Milestones/Tasks requiring immediate attention, thus speeding up the project by focusing on grey areas.
- Gantt View: Chart presenting a bird's eye view of the project: a standpoint from where not only the entire project can be viewed but also can be reconfigured based on the approaching deadline.
- Timesheet: Log for tracking time spent on tasks involved in the project. It helps administrators take necessary steps based on the project's progress rate.
- Comments: Comments that enable members/administrators to share their views on each other's tasks for the betterment of the project.
- Project Overview Map: Map presenting 'a clear picture' of the entire project.

Projects created within the Projects Module can also be:

- Associated with Change using 'Associate Change' option

Project Management Workflow
Working with projects

Learn how to create, edit, delete, and associate change with projects under this section.

Contents

- Creating Projects
- Creating Projects from a Template
- Scheduling Projects
- Editing Projects
- Deleting Projects
- Project Overview Map

Creating Projects:
There are two ways to accessing a New Project Form in ServiceDesk Plus application,
a. Quick Actions drop down
b. Projects Tab

a. Quick Actions drop-down menu
The Quick Actions drop-down menu is a quick navigator to instantly access the New Project form. Click Quick Actions drop-down menu -> Project under Create New block.
b. Projects Tab

1. Click the Projects tab in the header pane.
2. Click the New Project button to open the New Project form. (Use 'Add New Link' while creating first Project)
3. Specify the Project Title, Description and Code
4. Select the Project Type, Status and Priority from the drop down list.
5. Specify Project Schedule Start and Schedule End date

Adding more details to the Project:
To evaluate Project against the projected plan, you are provided with the following additional fields:

1. Actual Start Date and Actual End Date (for recording real-time project completion date).
2. Projected On Date (planned date for project completion)
3. Estimated Hours and Actual Hours (fields recording 'planned and real-time' time taken for the Project).
4. Estimated Cost and Actual Cost (fields recording 'planned and real-time' expenditure towards the Project).
5. For adding attachments to the Project, click Attach file button in the project's pane.

Creating Projects from a Template
For projects that are frequently repeated, you can create a project template to save time and effort spent on re-creating the project each time from scratch. In project templates, you can add milestones, tasks, and even task dependencies.
To create a project from a project template, do the following:

1. Click the Projects tab in the header pane.
2. Click the New Project button to open the New Project form. (Use 'Add New Link' while creating first Project)
3. Select from the **Project Templates** on the drop-down list.
4. Fill out the required fields as defined in the template and save the project.

---

Note: For information on creating project templates, click here.

**Scheduling Projects:**

Project Scheduling not only helps you schedule the project but also determine whether the project is *on-schedule*, *delayed* or *ahead* by comparing it against real-time completion.

To schedule the project do the following:

1. Configure the **Scheduled Start** and **Scheduled End Date**
2. Fill in the **Actual Start** and **Actual End Date** (upon project completion)
3. Based on **Scheduled/Actual Dates**, project would be considered:
   - **On Schedule** if the Scheduled Date and Actual Date are the same.
   - **Delayed** if the Project (Actual Date) has past the Scheduled Date. (no of days by which project is delayed gets displayed on the project list view page)
   - **Ahead** if the Project (Actual Date) is completed before the Scheduled Date. (no of days by which project is ahead gets displayed on the project list view page)

**Editing Projects**

- Select the Project in the Project List View page and click on **Edit Icon** in the Project pane.
- Implement the necessary changes and click on **Update Project**

**Deleting Projects**

Project can be deleted in two ways:

**a. Bulk Delete:** From **Project List View**, select Project(s) to be deleted, and click on **Delete Icon**.

**b. Single Delete:** Enter the **Project** to be deleted - by clicking on Project Title - and click on **Delete Icon**

**Project Overview Map**

Project Overview Map (appearing upon clicking Actions Button within project’s pane) provides a bird’s eye view of the project. It’s a map that walks you through the entire project with its Milestones and Tasks
representing clearly the different layers existing within the project.

This map also indicates whether Milestones/Tasks have been completed by means of a Tick Mark 🔄.
Milestones

Milestones are critical events which receive special attention within the project management framework. Besides serving as markers that indicate a project’s progress milestones allow you to group Tasks, establish relationship between Tasks, and organize their order. They ensure the project is moving in the right direction. A completion of a milestone is a major step towards completion of the project.

Scenario:

| To understand Milestones better let us consider an IT Test Environment Set Up Project: |
| Superfically speaking, an IT Test Environment Set Up can be split into: |
| • Database Configuration |
| • Workstation Configuration |
| • Test Network Configuration |
| These major tasks - that outline the entire project - which in turn will contain several other tasks are known as Milestones. |

Advantages:

- Uninterrupted workflow with no delays
- Proper classification of Tasks, their relationships and dependencies.
- Clear presentation of ‘who does what, when, and for how long’
- Ensure projects are onschedule.

Milestones - Stepping Stones to Project's Completion
Working with milestones

Adding Milestones is the first step to creating a project. They help outline the entire project and present a clear picture of the innumerable Tasks involved by allowing project members to design the Task Hierarchy and Task Dependency.

In this section you will learn how to: create, edit, and delete Milestones.

Contents

- Creating Milestones
- Scheduling Milestones
- Editing Milestones
- Deleting Milestones

Creating Milestones:

1. Click on Milestones tab in the Projects pane.
2. Click the Add New Button to open the New Milestone form. (Use 'Add New Link' while creating first Milestone)
3. Specify the Milestone Title and Milestone Description.
4. Select the Status and Priority from the drop down.
5. Specify Project Schedule Start and Schedule End date

Adding more details to Milestone:

1. Actual Start Date and Actual End Date (for recording real-time milestone completion date).
2. Projected On Date (planned date for milestone completion)
3. Estimated Hours and Actual Hours (fields recording 'planned and real-time' time taken for the milestone).
4. Estimated Cost and Actual Cost (fields recording 'planned and real-time' expenditure towards the milestone).
5. For adding attachments to the Milestone, click Attach file button in the milestone's pane.

Scheduling Milestones

Milestone Scheduling not only helps you schedule the milestone but also determine whether the milestone is 'on-schedule', 'delayed' or 'ahead' by comparing it against real-time completion.

To schedule the milestone do the following:

1. Configure the Scheduled Start and Scheduled End Date
2. Fill in the Actual Start and Actual End Date (upon project completion)
3. Based on Scheduled/Actual Dates, milestone would be considered:
   - On Schedule if the Scheduled Date and Actual Date are the same.
   - Delayed if the Project (Actual Date) has past the Scheduled Date. (no of days by which project is delayed gets displayed on the project list view page)
   - Ahead if the Project (Actual Date) is completed before the Scheduled Date. (no of days by which project is ahead gets displayed on the project list view page)
Editing Milestones

- Select the Milestone from the Milestone List View page and click on **Edit Icon** in the Milestone pane.
- Implement the necessary changes and click on **Update Milestone**

Deleting Milestones

Milestones can be deleted in two ways:

a. **Bulk Delete**: From Milestone List View, select Milestone to be deleted, and click on Delete Icon.
b. **Single Delete**: Enter the Milestone to be deleted - by clicking on Milestone - and click on **Delete Icon**
Working with tasks

Contents:

- What are Tasks?
- Configuring Tasks
- Scheduling Tasks
- Editing/Deleting Tasks

What are Tasks?
Task is an activity that is a part of a Project. In other words, Project has multiple phases with Task being a small incident/part of each and every phase. Tasks can be associated with Milestones or can be directly linked to the project. In general, Tasks are the most basic elements that ensure various actions are performed in an orderly manner within the project.

Scenario:

To understand Tasks better let us consider the same IT Test Environment Set Up Project used for Milestones:

IT Test Environment Set Up can be split into 3 major phases - that is, milestones:
- Database Configuration
- Workstation Configuration
- Network Configuration

These Milestones can further be divided into following steps: determining database purpose, organizing required information, dividing information into tables and so on for database configuration. Likewise workstation and test configuration too would have several steps. These actions that may or may not be a part of Milestone are known as Tasks.

Configuring Tasks:

1. Click Tasks tab in the header pane.
2. Click Add New Button to open the New Task form. (Use 'Add New Link' while creating first Task)
3. Specify Task Title and Task Description.
4. Select Status and Priority from the drop down.
5. Specify Task Scheduled Start and Scheduled End date

Adding more details to Task(s):

To indicate Task's progress and to discuss about ways of bettering it, you are provided with the following fields:

1. % of completion that helps denote the extent to which the task has been completed (any value between 1 - 100)
2. Comments that lets project members communicate between themselves about the task as well as the project
3. Additional Cost, if any, can be recorded in this field.

Scheduling Tasks:

Task Scheduling not only helps you schedule the task but also determine whether the task is 'on-schedule', 'delayed' or 'ahead' by comparing it against real-time completion.

To schedule the task do the following:
1. Configure the **Scheduled Start** and **Scheduled End** Date
2. Fill in the **Actual Start** and **Actual End** Date (upon project completion)
3. Based on **Scheduled/Actual Dates**, task would be considered:

- **On Schedule** if the **Scheduled Date and Actual Date** are the same.
- **Delayed** if the Task (Actual Date) has past the **Scheduled Date**. *(no of days by which project is delayed gets displayed on the project list view page)*
- **Ahead** if the Task (Actual Date) is completed before the **Scheduled Date**. *(no of days by which project is ahead gets displayed on the project list view page)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Scheduled Start Time</th>
<th>Scheduled End Time</th>
<th>Actual Start</th>
<th>Actual End</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Organizing Data Required</td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>Mar 7, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Mar 15, 2013 11:59 PM (3 days Ahead)</td>
<td>Mar 7, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Mar 12, 2013 11:59 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designing Data Tables</td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>Apr 8, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Apr 18, 2013 11:59 PM (On Schedule)</td>
<td>Apr 11, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Apr 18, 2013 11:59 PM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuring Table Relationships</td>
<td>Closed</td>
<td>Apr 12, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Apr 20, 2013 11:59 PM (5 days Delay)</td>
<td>Apr 15, 2013 12:00 AM</td>
<td>Apr 20, 2013 11:59 PM</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Editing/Deleting Tasks:**

- Select the **Milestone** from the **Milestone List View** page and click on **Edit Icon** in the **Milestone pane**.
- Implement the necessary changes and click on **Update Milestone**
- **Bulk Delete**: From Milestone List View, select Milestone to be deleted, and click on Delete Icon
- **Single Delete**: Enter the Task to be deleted - by clicking on Task Title - and click on **Delete Icon** in the project's pane.
Task dependency and task order

Contents

- Configuring Task Dependency
- Configuring Task Order
- Viewing Task Dependency in the Project Overview Map and Gantt chart

Configuring Task Dependency

In general, Projects are executed in phases, which in turn are achieved via Tasks. The Tasks are accomplished by set deadlines, and must contribute towards Project-related objectives. In order to define relationships between the tasks and to distinguish parent tasks from child tasks you can avail the option of configuring task dependencies. You can create dependencies only for those Project Tasks that are available within the Milestones.

It is not possible to create dependencies either for independent project tasks or for tasks across milestones.

To configure task dependency, click on Dependencies button and follows the steps mentioned below:

1. Select Tasks tab.
2. Click Dependencies button.
3. Dependency Chart displays all available Tasks.
4. To configure Task Dependency, move mouse over a Task.
5. Mouse Hover opens up Task Dependency Dialog box.
6. Task Dependency Dialog box has two options: Select Parent & Remove buttons.
1. Click on Select Parent button. All Tasks present would be highlighted from which the Parent Task can be chosen.
2. Click Remove button to remove/reconfigure the established relationship.

Configuring Task Order

Task dependency helps decide which task depends on what thus giving a structure to the project. But still it does not give a definite structure in the sense it does not decide the order in which these tasks would be executed. **Task organization/ordering** is very essential for a project's success and this can be **brought about by clicking** on Organize button.

To organize tasks follow the steps mentioned below:

1. Select Tasks tab.
2. Click **Organize** button. The **Organize Tasks** pane opens up.
1. To reorganize a Task, **Ctrl + Click** (or) **Shift + Click** on the Task.
2. Use ‘**Move Up**’ and ‘**Move Down**’ buttons to change Task's position.
3. Click on ‘Save’.
4. To de-select a Task, click **Ctrl + Click**.

Viewing Task Dependencies in the Project Overview Map and Gantt view

The task dependencies will be displayed in the Project Overview Map.

To view the Project Overview Map,

- Click on the Projects tab,
- Select a project. Click on the actions icon and select Project Overview Map.

- Hover over the task to find the dependent or the parent task.

To view the task dependencies in the Gantt view,

- Click on the Projects module.
- Click on a project and select **Gantt view**.

The gantt chart with the task dependencies will be displayed.
## Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Members</th>
<th>All Tasks</th>
<th>2008.05.31 To 2008.12.01</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 8 9 10 11 12 13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>administrator</td>
<td></td>
<td>File Building Permit Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Un-Assigned</td>
<td></td>
<td>Schedule lot stake-out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Make Copies of Plans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Make Copies of Specifications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>File Planning Permit Application</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

### Task Details

- **File Building Permit Application**
- **Schedule lot stake-out**
- **Make Copies of Plans**
- **Make Copies of Specifications**
- **File Planning Permit Application**
- **Survey Plans & Specifications**
- **Lot Identification**
- **Survey Permit Process**
- **Stake Lot**
- **Meet Neighbors**
- **Property Line**
- **Reserve Bldg**
Project Member Management

Project Members

Efficient staff alone does not ensure a project's success. Meticulous planning of project staff; the permissions given to a project role; the flexibility in changing project roles and more come into play to ensure the project as a whole turns out to be a success.

To configure the project's staff, that is, to add members to a project, assign roles to project members and establish the project hierarchy click on Members tab.

Contents

* Adding Project Members
* Changing Member Roles
* Changing Member Status
* Deleting Project Members
* Member Hierarchy Diagram

Adding Project Member(s)

* Click on 'Members' tab. Select 'Add Members' link
* Available Technicians'/Users' List already configured in ServiceDesk Plus would be displayed.
* Select Project Member(s) (from the available Technician list (OR) add Technicians of your choice).
* Select Project Role from Project Role drop-down and click on ADD button.

Changing Project Member Roles

However well-planned your project might be things are bound to go off-course when there are innumerable tasks to be executed. To ensure project managers are ready enough to face such incidents they are allowed to 'change project member role' as and when required.

This feature is predominantly used to ensure grey areas of the project get enough attention. That is, let's say a project member has completed his part and is free, yet the project is progressing at a rather slow rate, then this member could be assigned some other role that might help speed up the project.

Speeding up the Project is not the sole objective, you can also use this option just to Change Project Member Role, if such a need arises.

* Click on Members tab
* Click on 'Project Role' of the member whose role is to be changed
* From Project Role drop-down, select the role to be assigned

*
Changing Project Member Status
While creating a Project a number of unforeseen events that might occur should be taken into account. For example: a member falling sick, a member deciding to quit, or a member requesting a role change and so on.
Such project members can be kept in the bench by changing their status to Inactive. Milestones and Tasks associated with inactive members can be assigned to other project members. Inactive project members can be reinstated by change their status to active.
* Click on 'Members' tab
* Click on 'User Status' to be changed
* Select Inactive to keep Project Member in the bench
* Select Active to reinstate Project Member
Note: At a given time, only one role can be assigned to a project member.

Deleting Project Member(s)
Project Members can be deleted in two ways:
a. Bulk Delete: From Member List View, select Project Members to be deleted, and click on Delete Icon.
b. Single Delete: Select Project Member to be deleted and click on Delete Icon

Member Hierarchy Diagram Example
Project Templates

Using templates to manage projects is a great way to save time and effort that might otherwise be lost in creating repetitive tasks. It's also an effective way to build consistency between similar projects in terms of sequence of tasks performed or even the type of tasks done. The project template feature allows you to add milestones and associate tasks under each milestone and provide an estimate of the associated cost and time required for the project. Overall, the feature makes it easy and simple to handle repetitive projects, such as creating workspaces for new hires, uploading websites, or upgrading software applications.

The Project Template feature enables the SD admin to:

- Create project templates
- Add milestones and project tasks
- Add milestone tasks and define their dependencies

Create project templates

Project templates provide a structure that can be easily replicated across projects in the organization.

Note: Only the SDadmin role has permission to create new project templates.

- Go to Admin>>Project Templates
- On the Project Templates page, create the desired template.
- Fill out the required fields as shown in the screen shot:
You can also add a milestone or a task to the project or another new project by clicking the drop-up menu on the Save button.

**Add milestones and project tasks to the project template**

Milestones and tasks make monitoring and management of projects easy and simple. Adding milestones and tasks to projects helps break down a project into manageable chunks. Project managers will also be able to see how close a project is to its completion and also check if the project is on schedule.

To create milestones, click the newly created project template and click the **Milestones** tab.

Fill out the required fields as shown in the screen shot:
To create project tasks, click the newly created project template and click **Tasks**. Fill out the fields as shown in the following screenshot to create project tasks.
Add milestone tasks and define their dependencies

You can add tasks to a milestone to organize and track the project efficiently. To add milestone tasks, click the **Tasks** button on the **Milestone Details** page, and then create a new task by filling out the required fields as follows:
You can add also milestone tasks by clicking the drop-up menu on the Save button on the Milestone page. Task dependencies help define a clear chain of tasks (workflow) to complete a milestone. Task dependencies can be defined for only milestone tasks and not project tasks. To define task dependencies, select a milestone, click the **Tasks** tab, and then click the **Dependencies** button. The dependencies map will be displayed where you can define the parent-child dependency between the tasks under the milestone. As shown in the following screen shot, place the mouse pointer over a task, which will now be highlighted in green, and then select its parent, which will be highlighted in yellow.
Project template overview

To get an overall picture of any project, along with its milestones and tasks, click the displayed below the project title on the Template Details page.

The project overview map displays the various milestones associated with the project, along with the tasks under each milestone, helping you plan the dependencies of the tasks or milestones better.
To list all the templates created, click **Project Templates** under **Project Management** under the **Admin** tab. From this list view, you can even delete any of the project templates created. This however does not delete any of the projects created using that template.
Time sheet

Timesheet Tab is a single stop solution for viewing the total time spent by project members on various Tasks of a Project. And by summing up the total time spent, the Timesheet tab, also displays the cumulative time spent by all the project members on various tasks.

Note: Timesheet reflects the technician hours spent information from the worklogs of various Tasks. It is also possible to view separately the worklog details of tasks pertaining to a project member. To view these details, click the respective member's name in the Timesheet List View.

Advantages:

- Provides bird's eye view of total time spent on the project
- Aids in preventive maintainence while working on similar projects in the future
- Helps evaluate scheduled project against the real-time project
- Supplements on-schedule project completion

Milestone Timesheet logs time spent on Tasks belonging to Milestones, whereas Project Timesheet tab logs timespent on overall Tasks belonging to a Project.
Comments and history

- What are comments?
- How can comments be added/deleted?
- History Tab
- Recent History Updates Button

What are Comments?
Comments allows project members to communicate with each other. High level authorities can use them to dispatch orders to their subordinates. Above all, the most important aspect of this feature is that it allows members belonging to different ranks share their ideas, discuss about what they are doing, and work towards the betterment of the project.

Adding/Deleting Comments

1. **Adding**: Click on Comments Tab. Type your Comment and Save it
2. **Deleting**: Click on Delete Button to delete a Comment.

History Tab
History tab lets you view all the events that occur within a project. It lets you know 'who does what and at what time'. To access a project's history click on History tab. It is possible to hide/show a project's history by clicking on the 'show/hide' history button.

Recent History Updates Button present in the projects list view page lists events that occur across various projects present in the projects module, unlike history tab which presents information pertaining only to a specific project. Project administrators who might own all the projects present in the module benefit greatly from this option.
Gantt Chart

- What is Gantt Chart?
- Viewing and Configuring Gantt View
- Accessing Projects via Gantt Box
- Gantt View Tab and Gantt View Across All Projects Button
- Viewing Task Dependencies in the Gantt View

What is Gantt Chart?

Gantt Chart is a bar chart that illustrates a project schedule. This chart also illustrates project elements - along with their schedule against the project calendar - and summarizes the entire project using the chart. It presents a clear picture of the different phases of the project and also of the various activities that occur in the project's work breakdown structure (WBS). It also shows the task dependencies with their logical relationship [Such as the parent/child task] and the percent completion of the tasks.

**Advantages:**

- Provides bird's eye view of a project and also serves as a one stop solution for accessing the entire project module with all it projects (provided, the technician is assigned with Project Admin role).
- Effective Resource Management as project constraints like time, manpower and amount of work remaining can be viewed and regulated as per situation demands.
- Rescheduling of Milestones/Tasks and project member role change, if such a need arises, can also done via Gantt Chart.

Viewing and Configuring Gantt View:

1. Click on **Gantt View Tab**.
2. Gantt Chart with its default view will get displayed.
3. **Configure Gantt Chart** as per your requirement using

a. **Gantt Row Type Filter**: Available options are Members, Milestones and Tasks.

b. **Gantt Column Type Filter**: Available options are Tasks (Open, Closed and All) & Milestones. (Open, Closed and All)

c. **Project Calendar Filter**: Available options are Hours, Day and Month.

d. **More Settings Filter**: Available options are Priority, Task Types and Status.

1. Gantt Chart can be modified based on your requirements by selecting the appropriate filters.

Accessing Projects via Gantt Box:

Gantt Box that appears on mouse over a "milestone/task" serves as a window through which the "milestone/task" can be accessed and edited according to the changes taking place within a project. An entire project can be accessed through Gantt Box if the project member has the rights to do so. This quick access enhances the effectiveness of Gantt Chart and is very useful in supervising the project.

Using **Gantt Box** the following can be done:

1. Rescheduling of Milestones (or) Tasks and Changing of Milestone/Task details.
2. Reassigning of Milestones/Tasks to Project Members.
4. Adding Worklogs and Comments.
Gantt View Tab and Gantt View Across All Projects Button:
Gantt Chart can be accessed in two different ways:

- By clicking on "Gantt View" Tab (in the project's pane) (or) by clicking on "Gantt View Across All Projects Button"
- As the name suggests, the latter presents the gantt view of all projects present in projects module.
- Gantt View Across All Projects Button present in the projects list view page is useful for project administrators.
- Using this button gantt chart can not only be filtered based on milestones and tasks but also based on project names and project status.

Viewing Task Dependencies in the Gantt View.
Gantt view is now equipped with another option where you can view the task dependencies with their logical relationship such as the parent task or the child task.

The task dependency view provides better monitoring of the project/milestone schedule.
To view the dependencies of a task hover over the task, the dependent/child tasks will be linked to the parent task.
Associate requests to project

You can associate requests to projects and view the associated requests from within a project details page. A project can be associated with multiple requests. Usually requests with similar demands will be associated with a project that successfully addresses some/most of these demands. This sort of association will help establish a successful project-request relationship which is vital for quickly resolving the innumerable requests your helpdesk might have to attend to everyday.

This page explains how you can Associate/Dissociate Requests to/from project and also how the associated requests can be viewed from the respective project's details page.

- Associating Requests to Project
- Viewing Associated Requests
- Dissociating Project from Requests

Associating Requests to Project

To Associate Requests to a Project,

1. Click the Projects tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the project title to be associated with request(s).
3. Click Settings icon (spiked wheel available below the project title) and select Associate Requests option.
4. Associate Request to Project popup box opens up.
5. Select Requests which you wish to associate with the project and click Associate Requests button (available above the requests being listed).

Tip: Once a request has been associated to a project, other requests will might follow, can be added directly using the Associate button without having to access the Settings icon (see image below)

Viewing Associated Requests

To view Requests associated with a project,

1. Click the Projects tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the project title in order to view requests associated with it.
3. Requests which are associated with the project will get listed
4. To view a request in detail, select the same by clicking on the respective title
Request tab will be available only if requests are associated with the project

Dissociating Requests from Project

To dissociate requests from a project,

1. Click the **Projects** tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the **project title** in order to dissociate requests from it.
3. Click on the **Requests** tab.
4. Choose requests which you wish to **dissociate** from the project.
5. Click **Dissociate** button (available above the list of associated requests)
Projects custom view

In addition to the default project views such as Open Projects, Closed Projects, Pending Projects and My Projects, ServiceDesk Plus introduces **Projects Custom View** which equips the users to add filters as per their requirement. **For eg**, You can customize new views such as "Projects costing more than $1000", "Projects starting today", "High Priority Projects“ etc. These views can be configured with filter conditions and can be used in the projects list view.

To create custom views,

- Go to the **Projects** module.
- Click on the **Add View icon** in the project filter menu.

- New Custom View window will appear.
- Enter a Name for the filter.
- Select **Mark as Private** check box if you want that filter to be private.
- Enter the Description.
- Select the matching **Field** and **Filter Criterion**.

**For eg**, if you select the field as **Actual Cost**, the Criterion could be "lesser than" or "greater than" or "equal to". If you select field as **Description**, the criterion could be "is", "is not", "starts with", "ends with" etc. You can enter numbers/words or select values in the following field according to the filter condition you have selected.
• Combined filter conditions can also be configured by clicking on the 
  + icon.
• Click on **Preview** to list the projects based on the filter conditions.

- Click on **Save**.

**Managing the Projects Custom View**

The project custom views can be edited or deleted.
To manage the Projects Custom Views,

- Go to the **Projects** module.
- Click on the **Manage view icon** to open the Manage Views page.
In the **Manage Views** page you can add, edit, delete views and change the privacy settings of the Custom View.

To add new Views,

- Click on ![New](icon) icon at the top of the page to add a new Custom View.

To edit Views,

- Click on the ![Edit](icon) icon to edit the Custom View.

To delete Views,

- Select a View by clicking on the check box and click on ![Delete](icon) at the top of the page.

To Change Privacy Settings,

- Click on the lock icon in the View to change the privacy settings. Closed lock 🗝️ indicates private View whereas unclosed lock 📝 indicates public View.
To Preview the Custom View,

- Click on the icon to preview the projects under the Custom View.

Filter access based on roles.

Filters will be displayed based on the roles assigned to the users.

For a project admin,

- They can add new filters, edit their own filters and other's filters.
- In the filter drop down all the filters will be shown.

For other project members,

- They can add new filters and edit their own filters.
- In the filter drop down, their own filters and the "public" filters will alone be shown.
Associate changes to projects

Project can be associated with a change from within a project details page. Just like requests, change management too relies on projects during the implementation phase where a number of projects can be associated/dissociated to/from the change, breaking down the implementation phase into a number of projects which ensure the change gets materialised in accordance with the paperwork available. This page explains how you can Associate/Dissociate Change to/from project and also how the associated changes can be viewed from the respective project’s details page.

- Associating Change to Project
- Viewing Change Details
- Dissociating Change from Project

Associating Change to Project
To associate a change to project,

1. Click the Projects tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the project title to be associated with the change.
3. Click Settings icon (spiked wheel available below the project title) and select Associate Change option.
4. Associate Change to Project popup box opens up.
5. Select Change which you wish to associate with the project and click Associate Change button (available above the changes being listed).

Viewing Change Details
To view the associated change details,

1. Click the Projects tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the project title in order to view change associated with it.
3. Click Settings icon and select Change Details option.
4. You will be lead to the respective Change Details page.
Project can be associated with only one change at a given time.

Dissociating Change from Project

To dissociate change from a project inorder to associate it with another change,

1. Click the **Projects** tab. This opens the Projects List View page.
2. Select the project by clicking on the **project title** in order to dissociate change from it.
3. Click **Settings** icon and select **Dissociate Change** option
4. Okay the warning message. The change will be successfully dissociated.
Import MS Projects

Import Projects allow you to import projects created using Microsoft into SDP at ease. Each MS Project can be imported as a single project. It is necessary that the attributes of MS Projects have to be equivalent to those in Service Desk Plus Projects. Hence the attributes in Microsoft have to match with the attributes in SDP.

- Importing MS Projects
- Project Attribute Mapping
- Milestone Attribute Mapping
- Task Attribute Mapping

'Import MS Project' option is available under Projects >> Import MS Project.

1. Click 'Import MS Project'. Page with 'Browse' option will be displayed.
   - On clicking 'Browse', a browse and choose window will appear.
   - Select the desired Microsoft project file in MPP format to be imported and click 'ok'.

2. The selected MPP file will be listed as shown below. Click 'Browse' to import more MPP files. The imported MPP file can be deleted from the list by clicking the delete button.

3. The results of the import can be obtained by clicking 'Import results'. If the file has been imported successfully then an immediate success message will be displayed. Detailed results can be viewed under 'Import results'. The successfully imported MS projects can now be viewed in the Project List View.
If the import has failed then an immediate failure message will be displayed. Detailed results along with the errors can be viewed under 'Import results'.

If any imported MS project is deleted from the Projects List View page, then the import results with respect to the imported project will also be deleted.

Importing large files may take time. Please do not proceed with any other action.

**Project Attribute Mapping**

Project Files under Microsoft will be mapped as Projects in SDP. Each project file has one project and only one project can be imported at a time. The below table lists the various attributes that have to be mapped with respect to SDP projects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MS Projects</th>
<th>SDP Projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Work</td>
<td>Actual Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Cost</td>
<td>Actual Cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost</td>
<td>Estimated Cost</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comments</td>
<td>Comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td>Scheduled Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Scheduled Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Start</td>
<td>Actual Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work</td>
<td>Estimated Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created</td>
<td>Created Time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Status**

- At 100% of Completion: Closed
- Other Cases: Open

**Priority**

- Range 0 to 250: Low
- Range 251 to 500: Normal
- Range 501 to 750: Medium
- Range 751 to 1000: High

**Milestone Attribute Mapping**

The Task List of MS Projects are mapped as Milestones in SDP Projects. Each task list is created as a separate milestone. The below table lists the various attributes that have to be mapped with respect to

SDP Milestone

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MS Projects</th>
<th>SDP Projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name of the task</td>
<td>Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deadline</td>
<td>Projected On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td>Comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td>Scheduled Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Scheduled Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Start</td>
<td>Actual Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work</td>
<td>Estimated Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Work</td>
<td>Actual Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created</td>
<td>Created Time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Status**

| At 100% of Completion | Closed   |
| Other Cases           | Open     |

**Priority**

| Range 0 to 250   | Low      |
| Range 251 to 500 | Normal   |
| Range 501 to 750 | Medium   |
| Range 751 to 1000| High     |

**Task Attribute Mapping**

The Task and Milestone in MS Projects are mapped as Task in SDP Projects. The below table lists the various attributes that have to be mapped with respect to SDP Task.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MS Projects</th>
<th>SDP Projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name of the task</td>
<td>Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Estimated Effort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent Complete</td>
<td>Percentage of completion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deadline</td>
<td>Remind Before</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notes</td>
<td>Comments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td>Scheduled Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finish</td>
<td>Scheduled Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Start</td>
<td>Actual Start</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
<td>Actual Finish</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work</td>
<td>Estimated Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Work</td>
<td>Actual Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created</td>
<td>Created Time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Status**

| At 100% of Completion | Closed   |
| Other Cases           | Open     |

**Priority**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 to 250</td>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>251 to 500</td>
<td>Normal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>501 to 750</td>
<td>Medium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>751 to 1000</td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Solutions

The ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus application provides a facility to record the solutions for the received requests. The recorded solutions function as a knowledge base of solutions. Thus, when you receive a request, refer to the recorded solutions and solve it. This reduces the turnaround time in attending to the requests generated by the requesters and closing the same.

All requesters and technicians who have permissions to view the solutions module can access this section of the application. The ServiceDesk Plus administrator can assign access privileges to the various technicians for the solutions section. This access privilege can vary from just view only privilege to full control privilege. For setting the access privileges to technicians, refer to the Configuring Technicians and Configuring Roles sections. Moreover, new technicians joining the organization can browse through these recorded solutions to have an idea of the frequently resolved problems.

You can access the approved solutions even without logging in to the application, but will be able to view only those solutions that are published in the Self Service Portal. To access the knowledge base directly without having to login to the application, type the URL provided below in the address bar of the browser:

http://<server name>:<port number>/sd/SolutionsHome.sd

where, the <server name> is the name of the server where ServiceDesk Plus is installed and <port number> is the port where the application is running.
Solutions list view

1. Click the Solutions tab. This brings up the Solutions list view page. By default, the list of All Solutions is displayed.
2. Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Showing combo box. You can view the solutions with different status levels using filters. They are,

- All Solutions
  All the solutions irrespective of the status can be viewed under this category.
- Approved Solutions
  All the approved solutions are listed under this category.
- Approval Pending Solutions
  The solutions which are sent for approval are listed under this category.
- Unapproved Solutions
  The solutions which are not approved and have to be sent for approval are listed under this category.
- Rejected Solutions
  All the rejected solutions are listed under this category.
Add new solution

The solutions module is a knowledge base with resolutions for the problems encountered by your help desk team. The solutions can be grouped under topics to access the solutions with ease. In addition, the solutions can be restricted to specific user groups. The requesters under the user group can view the solutions on logging into the application.

To add new solutions to the existing knowledge base,

1. Click the Solutions tab in the header pane. This opens the solutions list view page. By default, the list of all solutions gets displayed. Click New Solution button. (OR)

   Click Quick Actions drop-down menu -> select Solutions under the Create New block. This opens the New Solutions page. The title, contents and the topics fields are mandatory fields.

2. Enter a title for the solution you wish to add in the given text field. This can be a summary of the complete solution in one line that will exactly tell what the solution is all about.

3. Enter the complete solution in the Contents text field.

4. If this solution requires any additional files to support the article, then you can attach the same by clicking Attach File button. The Attach File window pops up as shown below,

   i. Click Browse and select a file from the file chooser window. Click Open.
   ii. Click Attach File button. The attached file gets listed along with its size.
   iii. Repeat steps 1 and 2 to attach another file.

5. The topic field is a combo box that lists all the available topics and sub-topics. Select the topic in which you wish to add the current solution.

6. The keywords are optional, but they improve the accuracy of your search results. For accurate results, enclose your search term within quotes. While entering multiple keywords, separate them with comma.

7. To make this solution available in the self-service portal for the logged in and non-logged in users, select Publish this solution in Self-Service Portal also check box. If you have configured User Groups, then you can restrict the solutions to a specific user group by selecting the user group from the available list, use >> button to move it to the selected user group block. The solution will be available to the user group on logging into the application.

8. Click Add. If you do not wish to add the solution then click Cancel.
View solution details

To view the details about a solution, click the **Subject** link or the **Solution ID** from the Solutions module. The Solution Details page, displays the Solution ID and the Status of the solution on the right hand side. Along with the **Subject** of the solution, the **Type** and **Category** of the solution is displayed. The list of **Keywords** for the solution is displayed just below the description. Other solution details such as, Created By, Created On, Last Updated By, Last Updated On, Type, Views, View Type (whether Public or Private) and Status of the solution is displayed in the **Solution Details** block. The **Comments History** lists the history and comments about the solution. The updated status of the solution is also displayed.

From the Solution Details page, you can Edit the solution, Delete the solution and **Forward the solution**.

If you are the administrator, then you would be able to perform **Approval Actions** such as, Submit the solution for approval to higher authorities and Approve or Reject the Solution.

You can move from one solutions page to another using arrow keys `←` `→` available besides Edit button at the top.
**Edit solution**

To edit a specific solution,

1. From the solutions list view page, click the Subject link of the solution which you want to edit.
2. Click **Edit** button available on the right hand side of the View Solutions Details page.
3. In **Edit Solutions** page, make the necessary modifications. The title, contents, and the topic under which you wish to place the solution are mandatory fields. You can also add more attachments or delete existing ones.
4. Click **Save button**. If you do not want to save the changes and get back to the solutions listing, click **Cancel**.
5. On saving the solution, the status of the solution shows Unapproved. The solution has to be submitted for approval to the concerned technician. To know more on refer Submit for Approval.
Submit for approval

The newly added solutions have to be approved by the concerned technician, in order to be viewed by the requesters in the self-service portal. To provide access permission to approve solutions refer Configuring Roles.

To submit for approval,

1. From the solutions list view page, select Unapproved Solutions from the filter showing combo box. The list of all unapproved solutions gets displayed.
2. Click the subject of the solution which you want to submit for approval. This opens the View Solutions page. The Status is shown as Unapproved below the Solution Id.
3. Select Submit for Approval under the Approve Actions combo box on the right hand side of the page. The Submit for recommendation window pops up.
4. Select the To address by invoking the icon . The Add users for Approval pops up as shown below,

![Submit for recommendation window](image)

To view the solution details and comment history use the link given below.

http://example:30:9090/AddSolution.do?solId=1

1. Enable the check box adjacent to the user whom you want to submit the solution for approval.
2. The To text field gets filled with the mail id of the corresponding administrator.
3. The Subject and Description is entered as given in Notification Rules email template. If needed you can modify the subject and description content manually, else you can change the same from the Notification Rules email template under Helpdesk.
4. If there are any relevant files to be attached then, click Attach File button.
5. Click Send to submit the solution for approval.

The mail notification is sent to the person who was addressed in the To field of the notification. The mail contains the link to the specific solution which needs approval. On clicking the link, it leads you to the login screen, where on providing the proper credentials, the solution awaiting approval opens. To approve/reject solutions refer Approve/Reject Solutions.
Approve/reject solution

On submitting the solutions for approval, a mail notification is sent to the concerned technician requesting the approval of the solution along with the solution link. The solution can be either approved or rejected. The approval access permission is given in Configuring Roles.

To approve/reject solution,

1. Click the link to open the solution.
2. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your username and password. This opens the view solution details page of the solution pending for approval. The status of the solution shows Approval Pending on the right hand side of the page.
3. Click Approve Actions combo box -> Approve Solution. This opens the Approve Comments pop up window. Specify any related Comments in the field provided. Click Approve.
4. If you wish to reject the solution then, select Reject Solution under Approve Actions. This opens Reject Comments pop up window. Specify comments, such as reason to reject the solution in the Comments field. Click Reject.

To approve/reject bulk solutions,

1. From the solution list view page, select Unapproved Solutions from the filter showing combo box. Enable the check box adjacent to the solutions which you want to approve/reject.
2. Click Approve Actions combo box -> Approve Solution. This opens the Approve Comments pop up window. Specify any related Comments in the field provided. Click Approve.
3. If you wish to reject the solution then, select Reject Solution under Approve Actions. This opens Reject Comments pop up window. Specify comments, such as reason to reject the solution in the Comments field. Click Reject.

The approved solutions can be viewed by the requesters in the self-service portal. The rejected solutions can be edited and sent for approval to the concerned technician. Thus the solution is not completely deleted from the list.
Delete solutions

To delete a specific solution,

1. From the solutions list view page, click the subject link of the solution which you want to delete.
2. Click the **Delete** button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion.

To delete multiple solutions,

1. Select the check box beside the solution to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The solution gets deleted from the list.
Search for a solution

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus allows you to search for solutions using the **Keyword Search** or the **Column-wise Search**.

To perform **keyword search**,

1. Click **Solutions** tab in the header pane.
2. In the Search block, enter a keyword relevant to your solution like laptop or printer.
3. Click **Search Solutions** button or press the **Enter** key in your keyboard. The search results display all the solutions that match the search string.

To perform **column-wise search**,

1. Click the **search** icon at the end of the solution list view headers. This opens the search field just below every column in the list view.
2. Enter the search key in field under the column of your choice. You can enter keywords in more than one column to perform a combined column search.
3. Click **Go**. The search results matching the search string(s) are displayed.
Import solutions from XLS

To import solutions from an existing XLS:
1. Click on the **Solutions** tab in the header pane. The list of available solutions get displayed. Click on **Actions**.
2. On choosing the Actions, a drop down menu showing various options appear. From the available options, choose **Import solution**.

3. A solution Import Wizard showing the three step process appears.

4. In the first step, click on **choose file**. A browse and choose window appears. Select the required .XLS file and click **open**.

5. In the second step, select the required sheet number of the XLS file and then map your existing solution fields to the solution fields mentioned in the Solution Import Wizard.
**Note:** Please ensure that the first row contains only the solution fields. The first row should not contain data.

1. Please ensure that all the mandatory fields are entered and all the topics present in the xls are created in the same name in SDP before importing the data. Else choose a default topic. The default topic is applied only when mentioned or if there is no topic column or no value in the topic column of the existing spreadsheet.
2. During import, if the cells holding the date values are formatted as DATE type, then all the DATE
formats supported by Excel will be supported by SDP as well. On the other hand, if the cells holding the date values are non-formatted, then only the date format prescribed by SDP which is "dd MMM yyyy, hh:mm:ss" has to be followed. *The date values that do not follow the assigned DATE format are not recognized as dates by Excel, which in turn is reflected in SDP as well. *If the given format is incorrect in either case (formatted or non formatted cells), the current time of import / addition will be considered.

In the third step, the import status can be viewed. If it is successfully imported, click the **finish** button.

If the topic field is not mentioned, then the import will fail and the import summary showing the failed XLS file and records will be shown.
In case of other fields, the values can be skipped and imported, by clicking **Import without adding the above fields**.
Manage topics

Solutions are generally grouped or categorized into topics (and subtopics) so that they can be managed efficiently. **Example:** Generic Solutions can be grouped under a **Topic** called **General**. Each topic can in turn contain subtopics under which another set of solutions **specific to that subtopic** will be grouped. **Example:** Solutions belonging to ServiceDesk Plus (Subtopic) application can be grouped under Softwares (Topic).

**Manging Topics:** You can add new topics, rename an existing topic, and move topics and subtopics to a different parent topic. This provides you the ability to organize your solutions in a logical manner that would meet your organization's needs.

Topics can be extended to many levels. That is, a subtopic can in turn contain several other subtopics.

Click the **Solutions** tab in the header pane. To manage topics

1. Click **Settings** button of the Topics pane available on the left hand side.
2. **Manage Topics** page opens up on the right hand side.
Add New Topic

To add a new topic,

1. In the Manage Topics page, click the Add New Topic button. The Add New topic form is displayed just above the available topics list with the Topic Name and the list of parent topics as the two fields. If there are no topics available then the Choose a parent topic field will have the /Topic Root alone.
2. Enter the name of the topic in the Topic Name field and choose the parent topic under which you want to place the new topic.

   For example - if you want to add the new topic as a main level topic, choose /Topic Root as the parent topic. Or else, choose any other topic as the parent topic.
3. Click Add. The topic is added as subtopic to the parent that you chose and is displayed in the available topics list. A message is displayed stating that the new topic is added successfully.

Rename a Topic

To rename a topic,

1. In the Manage Topics page, click the Rename link of the topic that you wish to rename. The Rename topic form is opened.
2. Type the new name for the topic in the topic name field.
3. Click Save.

The changes made to the topic name are displayed in the available topics list and a message is displayed above the list.

Move a Topic

To move a topic to a different parent,

1. In the Manage Topics page, click the Change Parent link in the row of the topic that you wish to move. The Change Parent Topic form is displayed. In the Choose the parent topic text box, by
default, the current parent topic of the topic that is to be moved is selected.
2. Select the new parent topic.
3. Click Save. If you do not want to move the topic to a different parent topic, then click Cancel.

You cannot move a topic as a subtopic to its current child topic itself.

Delete a Topic:
To delete a topic,

1. In the Manage Topics page, click the Delete link in the row of the topic that you wish to delete. A confirmation page opens.
2. Click Confirm to delete the topic or click Cancel to retain the topic. If you click Confirm, then the topic is deleted and a message is displayed stating that the topic is deleted.

When a topic is deleted, by default, the solutions present under the topic are also deleted and if there are any subtopics, then these are moved to the /Topics Root. You can later choose to move the topics as child topics to other parent topics. But if you want to override the default actions performed during the delete operation, move the subtopics of the topic which you plan to delete, under a different parent topic of your choice. Also, if you do not wish to delete the solutions that are available under the topic to be deleted, then you can move the solutions to other topics. For this, when you click the Delete link and are led to the confirmation page,

1. Select the check box below the first point. This opens the topic list box, and enables you to move the reference of the solutions of the topic to a different parent topic of your choice.
2. Select the parent topic of your choice from the list box.
3. To move the subtopics to a different parent topic, select the check box below the second point in the confirmation page.
4. In the topic list box, select the parent topic of your choice under which the subtopics of the current parent topic that is being deleted can be moved.
5. Click Confirm.

This deletes the topic after moving the solutions and subtopics from the deleted topic to the parent topic you selected.
You cannot move a subtopic of the topic that is going to be deleted, as a subtopic to another child topic of the same parent topic which is going to be deleted.
Assets

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus helps to manage all your IT and Non-IT assets. ServiceDesk Plus offers a single view to track and manage all your assets with ServiceDesk Plus, you can track and manage ownership of

- IT, Non-IT and Asset Components.
- Software Asset Management

IT & Non-IT Asset Management
ServiceDesk Plus helps you to manage,

- IT assets such as, workstations, switches, routers, printers, and access points
- Non-IT assets such as basic fixtures, furniture, chairs, tables, projectors, and desk phones
- Asset Components such as keyboards, Mouse and even your printer inks.

Software Asset Management
Software License Management
ServiceDesk Plus helps you to manage software licenses installed across the enterprise. You can consolidate and manage all your software licenses from a single screen. ServiceDesk Plus will scan and automatically pickup license keys for Microsoft Windows and Microsoft Word. You can key-in all the licenses purchased earlier and track future purchase of software licenses through the Purchase module.

Software Metering
ServiceDesk Plus helps you to track the usability of the installed software across organization. It gives the count of rarely used, frequently used and occasionally used software.

Software Compliance
ServiceDesk Plus tracks purchased versus installed licenses helping you to ensure software license compliance. The scheduled scan alerts you when an unauthorized software installation is detected, ensuring software compliance on an on-going basis.
Identifying the Uniqueness of Workstations

While performing a scan in ServiceDesk Plus, the criteria that helps to identify the uniqueness of the workstations is in the following order,

1. Agent ID (only for Agent based Scan)
2. Service Tag
3. Workstation Name
4. MAC Address

With the help of these criteria, ServiceDesk Plus differentiates between workstations and assumes the Agent ID, Service Tag, MAC Address and Workstation Name to be unique for each workstation. If any criteria match for two workstations, then the workstation details will be overwritten.

The procedure in which the workstations are overwritten for each criteria are explained below,

**Service Tag**
Consider two workstations, Machine A and Machine B with similar Service Tag as 12345. The names of the workstations are MachineA.domain.com and MachineB.domain.com respectively. Consider that only Machine A has been scanned by the application. Upon scanning Machine B, since the Service Tag is the same, the workstation details of Machine A will be overwritten by that of Machine B.

*The Solution: Configuring Invalid Service Tags*
If the Service Tag is not configured properly by the OEM, then many machines would have similar Service Tags. In this case one workstation would be overwritten by another during scan. Such service tags can be ignored during scan by adding them under the Invalid Service Tag list.

This configuration is under **Admin tab -> General Settings** (Under Discovery section).

---

**Workstation Name**
In general, while scanning workstations, the application will first look for Service Tag. If the Service Tag is empty the next parameter i.e., the computer name will be considered and workstations will be overwritten accordingly. Consider the workstation, MachineA.domain.com, is already available in the application. If another machine with same name is scanned then the details in former workstation
(MachineA.domain.com) will be replaced by the latter.

MAC Address

The third criteria which the application looks for while overwriting workstations are the MAC Addresses. Consider a workstation with different name and Service Tag, but with same MAC address as the one already available in the application. On performing a scan, the details of the existing workstation will be replaced by the newly scanned workstation.

**The Solution:**

In certain environments there are possibilities of MAC address being the same in many machines (VMware or machines connected through VPN). Unique MAC address identification can be enabled or disabled under **Admin** tab -> **General Settings** (Under Discovery section).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enable/Disable MAC Address identification during scan.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

During scan, each workstation or server is identified uniquely by its service tag, name or MAC address. But MAC address would be same in many machines in case of VMware or machines connected through VPN. So if have a similar network environment, one machine would be overwritten by another. Unique MAC address identification can be enabled or disabled using the below option.

- **Enable MAC Address Identification**
- **Disable MAC Address Identification**

**Scenarios: When does the machine be renamed with _old**

**Scenario 1:**

When the workstations are swapped in the network.

Consider two workstations, MACHINE-A with service tag ST-1 and MACHINE-B with ST-2. Both the workstations are swapped in the network. On swapping the workstations configurations is, MACHINE-A with ST-2 and MACHINE-B with ST-1. If you scan MACHINE-A, then the workstation MACHINE-B will be overwritten as MACHINE-A and the workstation MACHINE-A will be renamed as MACHINE-A_old. If you scan MACHINE-B again, it will overwrite the MACHINE-A_old as MACHINE-B.

**Scenario 2:**

The workstation is already discovered with a valid Service Tag but scanned again with a different service tag. In this case ServiceDesk Plus will rename the existing workstation with '_old' and add the machine again with the new Service Tag.

**Case 1:**

In certain cases, the workstations might be discovered with valid service tag. But during its life cycle, you might change the motherboard of the workstation, thus changing the service tag. In this case, the existing workstation is renamed with _old and the workstation with the new service tag is added again.

**Case 2:**

The workstation MACHINE-A with service tag ST-1 is already scanned in the network. Another workstation, MACHINE-A with service tag ST-2 is added to the network. If you scan the workstation MACHINE-A again, it will rename the workstation as MACHINE-A_old and will add the newly added workstation as MACHINE-A.

**Case 3:**

In case of VMware machines, when the host is changed, the Service Tag gets changed too.
**Workstations overwritten with _old during Agent Based Scan:**

If you have enabled Agent Base Scan, then the Agent ID (a unique ID which is created on all workstations when the agent is installed on them for the first time) will be considered as a unique parameter for fetching the workstation details.

If the agent is deployed through an 'Image', then the same Agent ID will be copied to all the client machines. This in turn, will create duplicate entries for the workstations when scanned and subsequently appends the previous workstation with _old. To overcome this issue, we request you to uninstall the agent completely from the registry and deploy it through AD GPO.
Configure Asset Depreciation

Most of the products purchased by your organization, wear out and decrease in value, or depreciate, over a period of time. Calculating the depreciation of such products becomes utmost essential while creating the financial report of your organization. ServiceDesk Plus provides 4 methods to calculate asset depreciation, which can be configured in two levels namely, Product Level and Asset Level.

- **Product Level Depreciation Configuration:**
  
  The Depreciation Configuration at the product level is generally configured under **Admin -> Product**. The depreciation configuration is applicable for all the assets under the product.

- **Asset Level Depreciation Configuration:**
  
  The Asset Level Depreciation Configuration denotes the depreciation details configured for individual assets.

**NOTE:**

1. Please note that you can configure depreciation only for assets and components.
2. The Depreciation configuration at the asset level will always override the depreciation configuration at the product level.

Methods of Calculating Depreciation & Terminology

The four methods of calculating the asset depreciation are:

- Declining Balance
- Double Declining Balance
- Straight Line
- Sum of the Years Digit

Before we begin configuring depreciation, there are certain terms related to depreciation calculation:

- **Useful Life:** The period during which an asset is expected to be available for use.
- **Salvage Value:** The estimated selling value of any asset, after it has reached the end of service life, or its value has depreciated substantially. It is the total net worth of any asset after it has exhausted its useful life span.

Product Level Depreciation Configuration

In most cases, the depreciation details at the product level will be configured while adding the product under the Admin module. You can refer the topic Configure Depreciation to know how to configure the depreciation details while adding the product.

If the depreciation details are not configured at the product level, then you can do so from the asset details page.
1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane.
2. Select any IT Asset, Non-IT Asset or Component. Let’s take the example of the IT Asset - Workstation.
3. Select a workstation from the List view.
4. In the details page, click Actions drop-down menu and select Configure Depreciation option.
5. Specify the Purchase Cost and the Acquisition Date of the asset.
6. To configure depreciation details at the product level, select Use data configured for product radio button.
7. Click Click here link to select the Depreciation Method.
8. Choose the Depreciation Method from the drop down. If the Depreciation Method is Declining Balance, then the Useful Life radio button and Decline Percent radio button appears. If the depreciation method is Straight Line, then the Useful Life radio button and Depreciation Percent radio button appears.
9. If you have selected Useful Life radio button, then specify the Useful Life of the product. Alternatively, if you have selected Decline Percent or Depreciation Percent radio button, then specify the Decline Percent or Depreciation Percent of the product.
10. Specify the Salvage Value of the product.
11. Click Save button. The configured depreciation details will be applicable for all the assets with Model Latitude D600.

Asset Level Depreciation Configuration
You can configure the depreciation details at the asset level from the asset List view. To configure depreciation for individual assets,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane.
2. Select any IT Asset, Non-IT Asset or Component. For an example, let’s consider the IT Asset - Workstation.
3. In the List view, select the check box beside the asset to configure depreciation.
4. Click Actions drop-down box and select Configure Depreciation option. The Configure Depreciation pop-up is displayed.
5. Choose the Depreciation Method from the drop down. If the Depreciation Method is Declining Balance, then the Useful Life radio button and Decline Percent radio button appears. If the depreciation method is Straight Line, then the Useful Life radio button and Depreciation Percent radio button appears.
6. If you have selected Useful Life radio button, then specify the Useful Life of the product.
Alternatively, if you have selected Decline Percent or Depreciation Percent radio button, then specify the Decline Percent or Depreciation Percent of the product.
7. Specify the Salvage Value of the product.
8. Click Save button.

If the depreciation is configured for the selected asset(s), then a dialog box confirming the change in depreciation configuration appears. Click OK to proceed. The depreciation details are successfully saved.
Alternatively, you can also configure asset level depreciation while adding a new asset and from the asset details page. To configure depreciation from the asset details page,

1. Click Actions drop-down menu and select Configure Depreciation option. The Configure Depreciation pop-up is displayed.
2. Specify the Purchase Cost and Acquisition Date of the asset, if not mentioned.
3. To configure the depreciation details at the asset level, click For this asset radio button.
4. Select the Depreciation Method to calculate the depreciation for this asset.
5. Specify the Useful Life and Salvage Value of the asset.
6. Click Save button.

View Depreciation Details
You can view the depreciation details of an asset from the asset details page.

1. From the Asset List view, select the asset to view the details.
2. In the asset details page, click Costs tab.

The Depreciation Details block shows information such as the Purchase Cost and Acquisition Date of the asset, the Depreciation Method, the Useful Life and the Salvage Value of the asset. The Depreciation Schedule lists the depreciation details in tabular format and can be viewed either Annually or Monthly.
IT Assets

All IP based assets are discovered under IT assets. The list of possible IT assets are given below,

- Workstations
- Printers
- Switches
- Servers
- Routers
- Access Points

- Add New IT Asset
- Edit IT Asset
- Add IT Assets to Groups
- Assign IT Assets to Department
- Modify State of IT Assets
- Change log-in Credentials for IT Assets
- Bulk Scan of IT Assets
- Delete IT Asset
- Import IT Asset from CSV
- View IT Asset Details
- Copy Resources
- Attach Assets
- Attach Components
- Attach Documents
- Assign Assets to Users/Departments/Assets
- Add New Workstation
- Bulk Scan of Newly Added Workstations
- Chang Workstation as Server
- View Workstation Details
- Print the Workstation Details
- Modify Type
- Add Software
- Delete Workstation
Add New IT Asset

IT Assets other than workstations are configured under IT Assets. To add a new asset,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your **user name** and **password**. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk plus home page.
2. Click Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the Asset home page.
3. Click Quick Actions drop-down menu and select Asset option. Choose the Product from **Add Asset/Component** dialog box. Click **Save**. The Add New form for the selected product is displayed.

(OR)

Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left side of the page -> Select any one of the listed IT assets link. e.g. Access points, printers etc. This opens the particular IT asset page.

4. Click New button. This opens Add Asset page.
5. Select the Product Name of the asset from the combo box. If required, you can add a new product name by clicking Add New link beside the product name field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Select the Vendor Name from the combo box. If required, you can add a new vendor by clicking the Add New link beside the vendor name text field.
7. Specify the Asset Name in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
8. Specify the Asset Tag, Asset Serial No, Bar Code and Asset Cost in the corresponding text fields.
9. Specify the Acquisition Date & Expiry Date from the calendar button.
10. Select the Site from the combo box.
11. Specify the Location in the given text field.
12. Specify the Asset State by selecting the current status of the asset from the combo box.

If the asset is in Use state you need to associate or assign asset to department or user or asset.

1. Associate the asset to an Asset or to an User or to the Department by selecting any of the two radio button. Say Associate to Asset or Assign User/ or Department. The user names, the department names and the assets can be searched by typing the alphabets and numbers.
2. If you choose to associate asset to an asset then select the asset name from the Choose Asset combo box. Or if you have chosen to assign to user or the department then select User or Department from the combo box.
3. If the asset is leased select the check box Asset is Leased. If the asset is leased then specify the From and To date from the calendar button.
4. Click Save button to save the changes. To save and add another asset click Save and add new button.

**Note:** In the dropdown searchbox, only the top 25 results will be shown for the searched text. Type in more characters to get the exact result. To know how to include email id's, names, loginNames, employee Id's along with the user name in the user dropdown, click here.
Edit IT Asset

To edit the resource details,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the IT Assets link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the list view page of the IT assets.
2. Click the title of the IT asset to be edited. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click Edit button on the top right hand side of the page (OR)

Click the Actions combo box next to the edit resource button -> select the Edit option. This opens the Edit Asset page.
4. Edit the Asset Details block such as Product Name, Asset Name, Tag, Serial No, Bar Code, Vendor Name, Cost, Acquisition Date, Site, Expiry Date, and Location.
5. Modify the Asset State details such as, Current usage status of the assets like In Use, In Repair and so on. For assets in use, you can Re-associate the asset to other asset or Re-Assign it to other User or Department.

Note: The assets, users and the departments can be searched by typing the respective characters in the dropdown searchbox. Enter more characters to get the exact result. To know how to include email id's, names, loginnames, employee id's along with the user name in the user dropdown, click here.
6. Update the changes. You can see the assets details getting updated.
Add IT Assets to Group

You have two types of groups in ServiceDesk Plus say, Static group and Dynamic. Add to group option in asset list view page is to group bulk of assets. These assets will be grouped under the Static group by default.

To Add IT Assets to group,

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click any of the IT Assets link under the Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select any one of the listed IT assets link. e.g. Access points, printers etc. This opens the particular IT asset page.
3. Select the assets to be added to the group by enabling the check box. Click Actions button -> Add to Group option. This opens the Add Resource(s) to page.
4. By default you can group assets only to the static group. Either to the Existing static group or New static group can be added.
5. If you would like to group the assets under existing static group then click the corresponding radio button. Select the group name from the combo box.
6. Else, if you would like to add a new static group and group the assets, click New Group radio button. Specify the Group Name and relevant information about the group in the Description field.
7. Click Save button to save the changes.
Assign IT Assets to Department/Site

Assign IT Asset to Department

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets title under the Assets block. Select the corresponding IT Asset link say, servers, workstations and so on. This opens the selected Assets list view page.
3. Click on the Asset Name to be assigned to a Department/Site by enabling the check box.
4. Click the Actions menu -> select Assign to Department option from the list. This opens Add Resource(s) to pop-up window.
5. Select the Department Name from the combo box and Save the details.

Assign IT Asset to Site

1. From the Asset list view page, click the Actions menu -> select Assign to Site option from the list. This opens Assign Resource(s) to Site pop-up window.
2. Select the Site name from the combo box.
3. Save the details. Else click Cancel button.
Modify State of IT Assets

To modify the state of IT Assets,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets title under the Assets block. Select the specific IT Asset link. This opens the Assets list view page.
3. Select the assets to be modified of their status by enabling the check box. Click the Actions menu and select the Modify State option. This opens the Modify State pop up window.
4. Select the State from the combo box. For ex, In Store, In Use and so on.
5. Save the changes.
Change Scan Credentials for IT Assets

You can change scan credentials for bulk of assets. You can do so using the following options: **Domain Mode** Scan, **Network Mode** Scan & **Credential Mode** Scan.

To change scan credentials,

- Click Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the Assets Home page.
- Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the respective **IT asset link** e.g. Workstation, Access points, Printers and so on. This opens the corresponding IT asset page.
- Select the **IT Assets** for which the scan credentials have to be changed and click Actions combo box -->Change Scan Credential option. This opens the **corresponding pop-up**.

- **Device Type** (available options: Windows OS, Other OS, SNMP Supported Devices and VMWare Devices)
- **Choose Scan Mode. Available Options:** Domain Mode, Network Mode (or) Use Credentials
- **Select Scan Credential** from drop down
- **Save it**

**Scan Using Agent**
- While scanning Windows Workstations alone, we recommend the use of **Scan Using Agent** option
- Ensure Agent has been installed when enabling **Scan Using Agent** checkbox
- When **Scan Using Agent checkbox** is selected, the **Choose Credential tabs** will not be available
Bulk Scan of IT Assets

Scan now option is to scan group or bulk of assets for assets data. Each time when a new asset is added, instead of scanning all the assets, you can scan the newly added assets for resource details.

If you have changed the credentials for the assets or if you want to specify the log-in credentials for an asset then select the Change Credentials option under the actions menu and specify the details. Click Save and Scan now button for scanning the assets.

To scan bulk of IT Assets,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets title under the Assets block. Select the specific IT Asset link. This opens the Assets list view page.
3. Select the assets to be scanned by enabling the check box. Click the Actions tab -> select Scan Now option. This opens the Scan wizard page with total number of scanned and failed assets. And you can view the asset details in the Resource details page.
Import IT Assets from CSV file

ServiceDesk Plus helps you import your IT Asset details saved in CSV (Comma Separated values) format. If you have the details in XLS format, then open it with Microsoft Excel, save it as a CSV file, and import it.

Steps to Import

1. Click the Assets tab. Click the required IT Asset (say, Server) whose details you wish to import.
2. From the Assets List View page displayed, click the Import from CSV link at the top right corner.

3. The CI Import Wizard is displayed, where the CI Type field carries the IT Asset (say, Server) chosen in step:1. You can also choose a different IT Asset.

4. Click the Choose File button and locate the CSV file. Click Submit. The column headers in the uploaded CSV file are displayed in drop down boxes as shown below.
5. Choose a **Date Format**. Remember, all the date fields in the CSV file should be of the same format.

6. Choose the appropriate column headers for the fields displayed. For example, if you have selected the CI Type as Server, specify the Asset Details by selecting from the respective combo boxes. The columns in CSV file are populated in the select boxes beside each field label (Refer the above screenshots).
7. Click **Import** to import the existing data from the CSV file. Once the data is imported, the result is shown with details like the number of records added and overwritten, and the number of records failed to import.
**View IT Asset Details**

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your **user name** and **password**. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus home page.
2. Click Assets tab -> Click IT Asset link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the IT Assets list view page.
3. Click the IT Asset name to view the IT Assets details. By default Resource Info tab details are displayed.

**View Resource Info Details**

Resource Info tab displays the Resource Details such as, Resource Name, Tag, Bar Code, Serial No, Region, Cost, Acquisition Date and many other details are displayed.

**View Relationships**

The Relationship tab shows the default relationships of the asset with other assets. If you are have configured CMDB in the application, then the relationship map is displayed. Refer Defining CI Relationship to know more on configuring the relationships between assets.

On clicking the tab -> click the Add Relationship button on the top right hand side of the page.

**Connection Relationship**

1. Click the Connection Relationship option from the list. This opens the Connection Relationship page.
2. To connect the assets to other assets select the Assets radio button.
   1. Select the assets to be connected from the Asset List.
   2. Move the selected asset to the Connected Assets list using the >> button.
   3. Save the details. You can see the connected assets under the Connected to Assets block.
3. To connect the assets to the Business Services select the corresponding radio button.
   1. Select the business services from the list to be connected to the assets such as, Email, Internet Access and so on.
   2. Move the selected assets from the Business Service list to the Connected Services list using the >> button.
   3. Save the changes. You can see the connected business services under the Business Services block.

**Usage Relationship**

1. Click the Usage Relationship option from the list. This opens the Usage Relationship page.
2. Select the Assign the asset to User/Department radio button to associate the asset to the user/department.
   1. Select the User from the combo box.
   2. Select the Department to be associated from the combo box.
   3. If the Asset is Leased then select the corresponding check box.
   4. Save the changes. (Or)
3. Select the Associate to Asset radio button to assign the asset to the asset.
   1. Choose Asset to be associated from the combo box.
   2. Save the details.

**Container Relationship**
1. Click the Container Relationship option from the list. This opens the Container Relationship page.
2. Select the Components radio button to associate the components to the user. Select the type of components to be displayed in the list by selecting it from the choose product combo box.
3. Select the components from the Components List and move it to the Attached components list using >> button.
4. Save the details.

View History of IT Asset

Click the History tab to view the IT Asset history. This gives the complete IT - Assets Resource Ownership History on date and State of the components.

Request Details

On clicking the Request Details page you will be able to view all the requests raised for the asset. On clicking the request title you can view the details of the request, requester details, Assets belonging to the user, Time elapsed to solve the request, resolution for the request and history of the request. Also you can send reply for the request or forward the request to the technician. You can Search associated problem and change or add new problem or change to the request.

View Contracts of the IT Asset

Click Contracts tab to view the contracts attached to the IT Asset. This gives the complete details about the contract such as, vendor name, support details, contract rules, expiry date, cost and other rules.

View Costs

1. Click the Costs tab to view the costs associated to the IT Asset.
2. Click Add Cost button at the right side of the page to add cost to the IT Asset.
3. Select the Cost Factor from the combo box. For ex. Service Cost. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify the description about the cost in the Description field. Say if the cost factor is service cost you can specify important information about the service cost.
5. Specify the Amount in $ in the Amount field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Select the Date from the calendar button. This is mandatory field.
7. Click Add Cost button to add the cost. You can see the cost added to the IT Asset shown in the Other Costs list view page.
Copy Resource

Using Copy Resource option you can make multiple copies of the resource and its details. On making multiple copies of the resource, it becomes easier for the technician to add bulk of similar assets. The technician need not manually enter all the resource details for each resource. The new copies of the resource will be assigned with new asset name and rest of the details is retailed as is.

**Example:** If you have ten printers of the same configurations in your organization, then in this case, enter the configurations for one printer and save it. Then copy the same printer for ten times and add its configurations to other printers.

To make multiple copies of the Resources,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the respective IT assets link. e.g. Access points, Printers and so on. This opens the corresponding IT asset page.
3. Click the **Title** of the assets to be duplicated. This opens the Asset details page.
4. **Click the Actions menu on the right hand side of the page. Select Copy Resource option.** This opens the Copy Resource dialog pops up.
5. Specify the Number of Copies to be made for the resource in the given text field.
6. Copy the resource. You can see the list of resource copies listed in the list view.
Attach Assets

To attach assets to the IT Assets,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets link under the Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the corresponding IT Asset link say, Printers, Access Points and so on. This opens the Asset list view page.
3. Click the title of the asset to be attached with an asset. This opens the asset details page.
4. Click the Actions combo box -> select the Attach Asset option from the list. This opens the Attach Asset pop up window.
5. If you would like to display the list of all assets or filter specific asset then select the assets to be displayed from the List combo box. Ex: Printer, Access Points and so on. Also select the type of asset such as asset in store, in use and so on from the of type combo box.
6. You have two columns, such as Asset list and Attached Assets list. You have to select the assets to be attached from the assets list and move it to the attached assets list using the >> button. To remove the assets from the attached assets list use the << button.

Example:

If you would like to attach a printer to a workstation then select the list of assets to be attached from the assets list and move it to the attached assets list.
7. Save the changes. If you would like to detach all the attached assets then select the Detach All option.
Attach Components

To attach components to an asset,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane; this opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets link under the Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the corresponding IT Asset link say, Printers, Access Points and so on. This opens the IT asset list view page.
3. Click the Title of the asset to be attached with a component. This opens the asset details page.
4. Click the Actions combo box -> select the Attach Component option from the list. This opens the Attach Component pop up window.
5. If you would like to display the list of all components or filter specific components then select the components to be displayed from the List combo box. Ex: keyboard, mouse and so on. Also select the type of component such as component in store, in use and so on from the of type combo box.
6. You have two columns, such as Component list and Attached Components list. You have to select the components to be attached from the components list and move it to the attached components list using the >> button. To remove the component from the attached component list use the << button.

   Example:
   If you would like to attach a keyboard and a mouse to a workstation then select the list of components to be attached from the component list and move it to the attached component list.

   7. Save the changes. If you would like to detach all the attached components then select the Detach All option.
Attach Documents

To attach documents,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the Asset home page.
2. Select IT Assets link under the Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the corresponding IT Assets say, Printers, Routers and so on. This opens the IT asset list view page.
3. Click the Asset Name of the asset to which the document needs to be attached. This opens the Asset details page.
4. Click the Actions combo box on the top right hand side of the page -> select the Attach Documents option. This opens the Attach File pop up window.
5. Choose the file to be attached by clicking the Browse button. The maximum size of the attached file can be 10 MB.
6. Click Attach File. The attached document will be listed in Asset details page under Attached Documents. The attached file can be deleted by clicking the delete icon beside file name.
Assets Financials

Financials Tab in the Assets details page enables you to View, Add cost for a particular asset. You can also configure depreciation for assets in this module.

Cost View

The Purchase cost, Operational cost, Component cost, Disposal cost, Current book value and Total cost of ownership will be listed in the Financials page of an asset.

- To view the asset costs, Select the particular asset.
- Click on the Financials menu in the asset window.

Cost View

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Cost Factor</th>
<th>Cost ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Purchase Cost</td>
<td>Oct 25, 2016</td>
<td>Purchase Cost</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational Cost(s)</td>
<td>Oct 26, 2016</td>
<td>Service Cost</td>
<td>200.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Cost of Ownership ($) : 700.00

Add Cost:

You can also add cost to an asset by clicking on the Add Cost button.

- To add cost click on the Add cost button.
- Select a date and choose a cost factor.
- Enter the description and the cost.
- Click on add cost to add the cost.

Note: Purchase cost, Operational cost, Component cost and Disposal cost can be added, edited and deleted.
Edit Cost:

Edit cost enables you to update the cost of an asset.
To edit the cost,

- Click on the edit icon on the particular cost.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jun 1, 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total ($) : 123.00

- Edit the values and click on Update cost.

Delete Cost:

- You can delete a particular cost for an asset by clicking on the delete icon present before the particular cost.
• Click on "OK" to confirm deletion.

Cost Details in Report:
The cost details can be generated in the reports.

• To add cost details in the custom report, add specific cost details such as Purchase cost, Operational cost, Total cost, Current book value from the Available columns and run report.
### Custom Report

Step 1: Select columns to display

**Available Columns**
- Asset Category
- Serial Number
- Associated To
- Lease Start
- Lease End
- User
- Department
- Region
- Site
- Location

**Display Columns**
- Purchase Cost
- Operational Cost
- Current Book Value
- Total Cost

Hold Ctrl and click to select multiple items

Step 2: Filter Options
Step 3: Select Column to group
Step 4: Select summary type
Step 5: Charts

**Run Report >> Cancel**

---

### *Unsaved Report - Untitled*

**My Org Inc**

**Untitled**

Generated by administrator on: Jun 30, 2015 02:09 AM

Total records: 125642

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purchase Cost</th>
<th>Operational Cost</th>
<th>Current Book Value</th>
<th>Total Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$785.00</td>
<td>$2,355.00</td>
<td>$753.60</td>
<td>$3,925.00</td>
</tr>
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</tbody>
</table>
To add cost details in the **Summary report**, add "cost details" from the available sub reports and generate report.
Cost Details in Asset list view.
Cost Details of an asset can also be viewed in the asset list view. Purchase cost of an asset is by default present in the list view. Operational Cost and Current book value can be added to the list view.

- Click on Columns icon in the right side.
- Select Operational Cost and Current book value and click save.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Serial Number</th>
<th>Purchase Cost($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>786.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>786.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Access Point

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CI Type</th>
<th>In Leased</th>
<th>Lease Expiry</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Asset State</th>
<th>Associated To</th>
<th>User</th>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Serial Number</th>
<th>Purchase Cost($)</th>
<th>Operational Cost($)</th>
<th>Current Book Value($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 21</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 20</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 19</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 18</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 17</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 16</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 15</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
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<td>No</td>
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<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 12</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 11</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
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<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACP - Pom 10</td>
<td>Access Point</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>In Store</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>795.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Assign IT Assets to Users/Departments/Assets

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the IT Assets title under the Assets block. Select the specific IT Asset link. This opens the selected Assets list view page.
3. Click the Asset Name to be assigned a user/department/asset. This opens the Asset details page.
4. Click the Assign sub tab on the right hand side of the page. This opens the Assign/Associate page.
5. If you would like to assign the asset to user or department then, select Assign User and or Department radio button. Or if you would like to associate with an asset then select Associate to Asset radio button.

Assign User and or Department

1. On selecting this radio button, select the User name and Department name from the combo box. The User names and the Department names can be searched by typing the respective user names and departments in the dropdown search box.
2. If the asset is leased then enable the Asset is Leased check box and specify the From and To date of the lease.

Associate to Asset

1. On selecting this radio button, Choose the Asset to be associated from the combo box. The assets can be searched by typing the respective asset names in the dropdown search box.

Note: In the dropdown searchbox, only the top 25 results will be shown for the searched text. Type in more characters to get the exact result. To know how to include email id's, names, loginnames, employee id's along with the user name in the user dropdown, click here.
Add New Workstation

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your **user name** and **password**. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk plus home page.
2. Click Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the asset home page.
3. Click IT Asset link under the resource block on the left hand side of the page. Select the corresponding assets say, Printers, Routers and so on. This opens the Asset list view page. Click New button. (OR)
   Click Quick **Actions** drop-down menu and select Workstation option. The **Add New Workstation** page is displayed.

**Computer Details**

4. Specify the Name of the computer in the name text field and select the Model of the workstation from the combo box. This is a mandatory field. Ex: Latitude D620.
5. Specify the Service Tag & Manufacturer of the workstation in the given text field.
6. Specify the Processor Count, Processor Info, Clock Speed and Manufacturer of the processor in the given text fields.
7. Specify the RAM and Virtual Memory in (MB) the given text fields.
8. Also specify the Name and Service Pack of the operating system in the corresponding fields.

**Resource Info Details**

9. Specify the resource info details such as, Resource Tag, Resource Serial No, Bar Code & Location in the given text fields.
10. Select the Site and Vendor Name of the workstation from the combo box.
11. Select the Acquisition Date, Expiry Date & Warranty Expiry Date from the calendar button.

**Asset State Details**

12. Select the status of the asset from the Asset State combo box. Ex: In Store, In Use and so on.

**Network Adapter Details**

13. Specify the network adapter details such as, Network IP Address, MAC Address, NIC, Network, DNS Server name & Default Gateway in the given text field.
14. Select the Domain name from the combo box.
15. If you would like to enable DHCP then select the check box.

**Input/Output Devices Details**

16. Also specify the input/output devices details of the workstation. Specify the Monitor Type, Mouse Type, Keyboard Type & their corresponding manufacturers in the respective fields.
17. Save the details. If you would like to Save and Add New workstation then click the corresponding button.
Bulk Scan of newly Added Workstation

Using this option you can scan a new workstation added to the domain for its hardware and software details. This is very useful when you have to scan a single or a set of newly added workstations. In such case you don't have to scan the entire domain for adding the workstations to the network.

To Scan New Workstation,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane -> click the Workstations link under the Assets tab on the left side of the page. This opens Workstations list view page.
2. Click the New Scan button. This opens the Scan Configuration page.
3. Specify the Name/IP of the workstation. This is a mandatory field.
4. Select the log-in credentials for the workstation by selecting either of the two radio buttons. Say Global or Local credentials. By default Global Credentials option will be selected.

Global Credentials

1. Select the Scan type from the combo box. Say Domain mode or Network mode.
2. Select the Domain/Network name from the combo box. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify the Login Name and Password for the selected domain.

Local Credentials

1. Specify the local Login Name and Password.
2. Select the Protocol to connect it to the workstation by enabling either of the two radio buttons. Say SSH or Telnet.
3. If you would like to scan software in Linux workstation then select the corresponding check box.
4. Click Scan to scan the workstation. Else click Cancel.
Change Workstation as Server

You can change workstation as server,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Click the Workstations link. This opens the workstations list view page.
3. Select the workstations name to be changed as server by enabling the check box.
4. Click the Actions menu and select the Change as Server option. The Modify Device Type window pops up.
5. Select the Type of the server from the combo box.
6. Save the details.
View Workstation Details

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your **user name** and **password**. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus home page.
2. Click Assets tab -> Click Workstation link under IT Assets title on the left hand side of the page. This opens the workstations list view page.
3. Click the workstation name to view the workstations details. By default Resource Info tab details are displayed.

   View Resource Info Details
   Resource Info tab displays the Resource Details & Workstation Details. Resource details such as Resource Name, Tag, Bar Code, Serial No etc. Workstation details such as Computer Name, OS version, Service pack, Processor details, memory information and many other details are displayed.

   View Hardware Details
   Click Hardware tab to view the complete Hardware details of the workstation. The hardware tab is broadly divided in to four major blocks such as Workstation Details block, Network Details, Discs and Drive Details, Printer Details and Other Details.
   Under the workstation block you can view computer system, operating system, processor, memory and installed memory details. Under network block you can view the network adapter's details. Under disks and drives block you can view the hard disks, logical drives and physical drives details. The printer details can be viewed under the printer details block. Under other details block you can view the keyboard, mouse, monitor, multimedia, ports, USB controller's details.

   View Software Details
   Click Software tab to view the software details of the workstation. This opens the software details page with the list of all installed software's in the workstation. By default the list of All Software will be displayed.
   Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Viewing combo box. There are different status levels of the software, such as Excluded, Managed, Prohibited, Freeware, Shareware and Unidentified. You can select any of these status levels and filter the software's listed.
   Click on the software title to view the software details such as, number of licensed installations, number of unlicensed installations and number of Purchased licenses.
   If there is any license violations a warning message is displayed saying: License Violation. Software installations are more than purchased licenses.

   View Relationships
   The Relationship tab shows the default relationships of the asset with other assets. If you are have configured CMDB in the application, then the relationship map is displayed. Refer Defining CI Relationship to know more on configuring the relationships between assets.
   On clicking the tab -> click the Add Relationship button on the top right hand side of the page.

   Connection Relationship
   1. Click the Connection Relationship option from the list. This opens the Connection Relationship page.
   2. To connect the assets to other assets select the Assets radio button.
1. Select the assets to be connected from the Asset List.
2. Move the selected asset to the Connected Assets list using the >> button.
3. Save the details. You can see the connected assets under the Connected to Assets block.

3. To connect the assets to the Business Services select the corresponding radio button.
1. Select the business services from the list to be connected to the assets such as, Email, Internet Access and so on.
2. Move the selected assets from the Business Service list to the Connected Services list using the >> button.
3. Save the changes. You can see the connected business services under the Business Services block.

Usage Relationship

1. Click the Usage Relationship option from the list. This opens the Usage Relationship page.
2. Select the Assign the asset to User/Department radio button to associate the asset to the user/department.
   1. Select the User from the combo box.
   2. Select the Department to be associated from the combo box.
   3. If the Asset is Leased then select the corresponding check box.
   4. Save the changes. (Or)
3. Select the Associate to Asset radio button to assign the asset to the asset.
   1. Choose Asset to be associated from the combo box.
   2. Save the details.

Container Relationship

1. Click the Container Relationship option from the list. This opens the Container Relationship page.
2. Select the Components radio button to associate the components to the user. Select the type of components to be displayed in the list by selecting it from the choose product combo box.
3. Select the components from the Components List and move it to the Attached components list using >> button.
4. Save the details.

View History of workstation
Click the History tab to view the workstation history. This gives the complete Workstation Scan History and Resource Ownership History on date.

Request Details
On clicking the Request Details page you will be able to view all the requests raised for the asset.
On clicking the request title you can view the details of the request, requester details, Assets belonging to the user, Time elapsed to solve the request, resolution for the request and history of the request
Also you can send reply for the request or forward the request to the technician. You can Search associated problem and change or add new problem or change to the request.

View Contracts of the workstation
Click Contracts tab to view the contracts attached to the workstation. This gives the complete details about the contract such as, vendor name, support details, contract rules, expiry date, cost and other rules.

View Costs
1. Click the Costs tab to view the costs associated to the workstation.
2. Click Add Cost button to add cost to the workstation.
3. Select the Cost Factor from the combo box. For ex. Service Cost. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify the description about the cost in the description field. Say if the cost factor is service cost you can specify important information about the service cost.
5. Specify the Amount in $ in the Amount field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Select the Date from the calendar button.
7. Click Add Cost button to add the cost. You can see the cost added to the workstation shown in the Other Costs list view page.
Print the Workstation Details

You can view the preview of the workstation details in printable format.

To view the Preview of Workstation Details,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the Workstations link. This opens the workstation details page.
3. Click the Workstation Name to view the preview of the workstation details. This opens the Workstation details page.
4. **Click the Actions menu on the right hand side of the page. Select Print Preview option.** This opens the Resource Details pop up window. You can view the complete resource details, workstation details, network details, disks & drives details, printer details, other details, software details, installed service packs details, resources attached details, workstations scan history details, resource ownership history details, contracts details & costs details.
Modify Type

To Modify Device type,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the Workstations link. This opens the workstation list view page.
3. Click the Workstation Name to be modified of the device type. This opens the Workstation details page.
4. **Click the Actions menu on the right hand side of the page. Select Modify Type option.** This opens the modify device type pop up window.
5. Select the device type from the Modify Type combo box.
6. Save the details.
Reconcile IT Assets

The Reconcile option is to merge two resources and delete one of the resources. This is essential when the assets received from a Purchase Order are associated to Departments or Groups, and on performing a domain scan or a network scan, these assets are duplicated.

Say, "LD400 - PO # 2[10]" is the workstation purchased and has been renamed as "SDP-dept". On performing a scan, both the workstations (LD400 - PO # 2[10] and SDP-dept) appear in the List View. To avoid duplication, you can reconcile the workstations, where LD400 - PO # 2[10] is deleted and SDP-dept is retained. The reconcile option can be performed from either the PO details page or from the asset list view page.

To reconcile from the asset list view page,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane.
2. Click IT Assets under the Assets block.
3. Select any of the IT asset, say workstation. From workstation list view, enable the check box beside the two workstations to reconcile.
4. Click Actions drop down -> Reconcile option. Click OK to proceed with the reconcile operation.

NOTE: Please note that if both the assets are received via Purchase Order, then the assets cannot be reconciled.
Add Software

Using this option you can add software to a workstation.

To add Software to the workstation,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click IT Assets under Assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the Workstations link. This opens the workstation list view page.
3. Click the Workstation Name. This opens the Workstation details page.
4. Click the Actions menu on the right hand side of the page. Select Add Software option. This opens the Add Software pop up window.
5. Select the software from the list to be added to the workstation. You can select multiple software to be added to the workstation using ctrl or shift keys.
6. Save the details. Else Close the pop-up window.
Delete Workstation

1. Click Assets tab -> Click IT Asset link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the IT Assets list view page.
2. From the Workstations view list page, select workstations to be deleted by enabling the check box.
3. Click Delete button to delete the selected workstations. You can see the selected workstation deleted from the list.
Delete IT Asset

To delete assets,

1. Click Assets tab -> Click IT Asset link under the assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the IT Assets list view page.
2. From the assets list view page, select assets to be deleted by enabling the check box.
3. Click Delete button to delete the selected assets. You can see the selected assets deleted from the list.
Configuring more fields for user

If searching an user by the user name alone does not provide unique results, you can include more fields such as email, employee Id’s, names and loginNames by modifying the global configuration table.

For modifying the global configuration table,

- Using the command prompt, Go to to the product installation location.
- Find psql folder.
- Open bin folder.
- Execute the command, "psql -U postgres -p 65433".
- Connect to assetexplorer data base by executing the command, "c assetexplorer" (By default the product database name would be "assetexplorer").
- Execute the command, "update gobalconfig set paramvalue = 'name,email,employeeId,loginName' where category = 'UserSearchOptions';".
- Changing the order of the parameters will change the order in the searchbox as well.

For databases in mssql and mysql servers,

- Execute this command "update gobalconfig set paramvalue = 'name,email,employeeId,loginName' where category = 'UserSearchOptions';" by connecting to the product database. By default the product database name would be "assetexplorer".
Non IT Assets

All non IP based assets are grouped under Non-IT assets. The list of all possible non-it assets are given below,

- Projectors
- Scanners
- Tables
- Chairs
- Telephones

- Add Non-IT Asset
- Edit Non-IT Asset
- Add Non-IT Asset to Group
- Assign bulk Non-IT Asset to Department/Site
- Modify the State of Non-IT Assets
- View Non-IT Asset Details
- Assign Non-IT Asset to Users and/or Department
- Copy Resource
- Attach Assets
- Attach Components
- Attach Documents
- Import Non-IT Assets from CSV file
- Delete Non-IT Asset
Add Non-IT Asset

1. Click Assets tab -> Click Quick Actions on the top left hand side of the page -> Click Asset option from the drop down menu. This opens Add Asset page. (OR)

   Click Non-IT Assets under assets on the left side of the page -> select any one of the listed Non-IT assets link. E.g. Projectors, Scanners. This opens the particular Non-IT asset page.

2. Click New button. This opens Add Asset page.

3. Select the Product Name of the asset from the combo box. If required, you can add a new product name by clicking Add New link beside the product name field. This is a mandatory field.

4. Select the Vendor Name from the combo box. If required, you can add a new vendor by clicking the Add New link beside the vendor name text field.

5. Specify the Asset Name in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.


7. Specify the Acquisition Date & Expiry Date from the calendar button.

8. Select the Site from the combo box.

9. Specify the Location in the given text field.

10. Specify the Asset State by selecting the current status of the asset from the combo box.

If the asset is in Use state you need to associate or assign asset to department or user or asset.

1. Allocate the asset to an Asset or to a User or to the Department by selecting any of the two radio button. Say Associate to Asset or Assign User/ or Department.

2. If you choose to associate asset to an asset then select the asset name from the Choose Asset combo box. Or if you have chosen to assign to user or the department then select User or Department from the combo box.

3. If the asset is leased select the check box Asset is Leased. If the asset is leased then specify the From and To date from the calendar button.

11. Click Save button to save the changes. To save and add another asset click Save and add new button.
Edit Non-IT Assets

To edit the non-it assets details,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Non-IT Assets link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the list view page of the IT assets.
2. Click the title of the Non-IT asset to be edited. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click Edit button on the top right hand side of the page (OR)

   Click the Actions combo box next to the edit resource button -> select the Edit option. This opens the Edit Asset page.
4. Edit the Asset Details block such as Product Name, Asset Name, Tag, Serial No, Bar Code, Vendor Name, Cost, Acquisition Date, Expiry Date, and Location.
5. Modify the Asset State details such as, Current usage status of the assets like In Use, In Repair and so on. Then the Associate the asset to User or Department details or Assign to User or Department details.
6. Update the changes. You can see the assets details getting updated.
Add Non-IT Assets to Group

You have two types of groups in ServiceDesk Plus say, Static group and Dynamic. Add to group option in Non-IT asset list view page is to group bulk of Non-IT assets. These assets will be grouped under the Static group by default.

To Add Non-IT Assets to group,

1. Click any of the Non-IT Assets link under the assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the Non-IT assets list view page.
2. Select the Non-IT assets to be added to the group by enabling the check box. This opens the Add Resource(s) to page.
3. By default you can group Non-IT assets only to the static group. Either to the Existing static group or New static group can be added.
4. If you would like to group the Non-IT assets under existing static group then click the corresponding radio button. Select the group name from the combo box.
5. Else, if you would like to add a new static group and group the Non-IT assets, click New Group radio button. Specify the Group Name and relevant information about the group in the Description field.
6. Click Save button to save the changes.
Assign Bulk Non-IT Assets to Department/Site

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Select the Non-IT Assets title under the assets block. Select the specific Non-IT Asset link. This opens the Assets list view page.

Assign Bulk of Assets to Department

1. Click the Non-IT assets to be assigned to a Department by enabling the check boxes. Click Actions menu -> select Assign to Department option. This opens Assign Resources to pop-up window.
2. Select the Department Name from the combo box.
3. Save the details.

Assign Bulk of Assets to Site

1. Click the Non-IT assets to be assigned to a Site by enabling the check boxes. Click Actions menu -> select Assign to Site option. This opens Assign Resources to pop-up window.
2. Select the Site Name from the combo box.
3. Save the details.
Modify the State of Non-IT Assets

To modify the state of Non-IT Assets,

1. Click Assets tab -> Click Non-IT Asset link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the Non-IT Assets list view page.
2. From the Assets list view page, select the asset to be modified by enabling the check box beside the asset title.
3. Click the Actions combo box -> select the Modify State option. (OR)

From the Asset details page, click the Change link beside the Resource State on the right hand side of the page. This opens the Modify State page.
4. Select the Modify State from the combo box. Ex: In Use, In Store and so on.
5. Save the changes.
View Non-IT Asset Details

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk plus home page.
2. Click Assets tab -> Click Non-IT Assets link under on the left hand side of the page. This opens the Non-IT Assets list view page.
3. Click the Non-IT Asset name to view the Non-IT Assets details. By default Resource Info tab details are displayed.

View Resource Info Details
Resource Info tab displays the Resource Details such as, Resource Name, Tag, Bar Code, Serial No Region, Cost, Acquisition Date and many other details are displayed.

View History of Non-IT Assets
Click the History tab to view the Non-IT Assets history. This gives the complete Non-IT Assets Resource Ownership History on date and State of the Non-IT Assets.

Request Details
On clicking the Request Details page you will be able to view all the requests raised for the Non-IT Asset. On clicking the request title you can view the details of the request, requester details, Assets belonging to the user, Time elapsed to solve the request, resolution for the request and history of the request. Also you can send reply for the request or forward the request to the technician. You can Search associated problem and change or add new problem or change to the request.

Contracts Details
Click Contracts tab to view the contracts attached to the Non-IT Assets. This gives the complete details about the contract such as, vendor name, support details, contract rules, expiry date, cost and other rules.

Costs Details

1. Click the Costs tab to view the costs associated to the Non-IT Assets.
2. Click Add Cost button to add cost to the Non-IT Assets.
3. Select the Cost Factor from the combo box. For ex. Service Cost, Purchase Cost etc. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify the description about the cost in the Description field. Say if the cost factor is service cost you can specify important information about the service cost.
5. Specify the Amount in $ in the Amount field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Select the Date from the calendar button. This is mandatory field.
7. Click Add Cost button to add the cost. You can see the cost added to the Non-IT Assets shown in the Other Costs list view page.
Assign Non-IT Assets to Users and/or Department

To assign assets to asset/users/departments,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Non-IT Assets link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the list view page of the Non-IT assets.
2. Click the title of the Non-IT asset to be assigned to users or departments. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click Assign button. This opens the Assign/Associate page.
4. Select the Assign the asset to User/Department radio button to associate it to the user/department.
   1. Select the User from the combo box.
   2. Select the Department to be associated from the combo box.
   3. If the Asset is Leased then select the corresponding check box.
   4. Save the changes.
5. Else select the Associate to Asset radio button to associate to the asset.
   1. Choose Asset to be associated from the combo box.
   2. Save the details.

Once you save the details the page is refreshed with a message saying 'Owner assigned successfully for this resource'.
Copy Resource

Using Copy Resource option you can make multiple copies of the resource and its details. On making multiple copies of the resource, it becomes easier for the technician to add bulk of similar assets. The technician need not manually enter all the resource details for each resource. The new copies of the resource will be assigned with new asset name and rest of the details is retailed as is.

To make multiple copies of a Resource,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click Non-IT Assets under assets block on the left hand side of the page. Select the respective Non-IT assets link. e.g. Projectors, Scanners and so on. This opens the corresponding Non-IT asset page.
3. Click the Title of the assets to be duplicated. This opens the Asset details page.
4. **Click the Actions menu on the right hand side of the page. Select Copy Resource option.** The Copy Resource dialog pops up.
5. Specify the **Number of Copies to be made for the resource** in the given numeric field.
6. Click Copy to make the copies of the Non-IT asset. The new copies of the Non-IT asset will be assigned with new asset name that will uniquely identify them. The rest of the information is retained as is. If required, you can also edit the resource details.
Attach Assets

To attach assets to the IT Assets,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Non - IT Assets link on the left hand side of the page. This opens the list view page of the Non-IT assets.
2. Click the title of the Non-IT asset to be attached to other assets. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box on the top right hand side of the page -> select the Attach Asset option. This opens the Attach Asset page.
4. You have two columns, such as Asset list and Attached assets list. You have to select the assets to be attached from the assets list and move it to the attached list using the >> button. To remove the asset from the attached asset list use the << button.

Example: If you would like to attach a scanner to a list of workstations then select the list of workstations from the asset list and move it to the attached asset list.

6. Save the changes. If you would like to detach all the attached assets then select the Detach All option.

If you would like to display the list of all assets or a specific asset in the organization such as Linux workstations, Laptops D620 etc., then in this case select the assets to be displayed from the List combo box. Also select the type of asset such as assets in store, in use and so on from the of type combo box.
Attach Components

To attach component to an Non-IT asset,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane; this opens the assets home page -> select Non-IT Assets under assets block on the left hand side of the page. Click the specific Non-IT asset link. This opens the Non-IT assets list view page.
2. Click the title of the Non-IT asset to be attached with an component. This opens the Non-IT asset details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box and --> select the Attach Component option from the list. This opens the Attach Component pop up window.
4. If you would like to display the list of all components or filter specific components then select the components to be displayed from the List combo box. Ex: keyboard, mouse and so on. Also select the type of component such as component in store, in use and so on from the of type combo box.
5. You have two columns, such as Component list and Attached Components list. Select the components to be attached from the components list and move it to the attached components list using the >> button. To remove the component from the attached component list use the << button.

   **Example:** If you would like to attach a keyboard and a mouse to a workstation then select the list of components to be attached from the component list and move it to the attached component list.

7. Save the changes. If you would like to detach all the attached components then select the Detach All option.
Attach Documents

To attach documents to an Non-IT Asset,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Non-IT Assets link under the assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the IT asset list view page.
2. Click the title of the Non-IT asset to be attached to other assets. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box on the top right hand side of the page -> select the Attach Documents option. This opens the Attach File pop up window.
4. Choose the file to be attached by clicking the Browse button. The maximum size of the attached file can be 10 MB.
5. Click Attach File. The attached document will be listed in Asset details page under Attached Documents. The attached file can be deleted by clicking the delete icon beside file name.
Import Non-IT Assets from CSV file

ServiceDesk Plus helps you import your Non-IT Asset details saved in CSV (Comma Separated values) format. If you have the details in XLS format, then open it with Microsoft Excel, save it as a CSV file, and import it.

Steps to Import

1. Click the Assets tab. Click the required Non-IT Asset (say, Projector) whose details you wish to import.

2. From the Assets List View page displayed, click the Import from CSV link at the top right corner.

3. The CI Import Wizard is displayed, where the CI Type field carries the Non-IT Asset (say, Projector) chosen in step:1. You can also choose a different Non-IT Asset.
4. Click the **Choose File** button and locate the CSV file. Click **Submit**. The column headers in the uploaded CSV file are displayed in drop down boxes as shown below.
5. Choose a **Date Format**. Remember, all the date fields in the CSV file should be of the same format.

6. Choose the appropriate column headers for the fields displayed. For example, if you have selected the CI Type as Projector, specify the Asset Details by selecting from the respective combo boxes. The columns in CSV file are populated in the select boxes beside each field label (Refer the above screenshots).

7. Click **Import** to import the existing data from the CSV file. Once the data is imported, the result is shown with details like the number of records added and overwritten, and the number of records failed to import.
Delete Non-IT Asset

1. Click Assets tab on the header pane. This opens the Asset home page.
2. Click Non-IT Assets link under assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the Non-IT Assets list view page.
3. Enable the check box beside the assets to be deleted. Click Delete button.
4. A confirmation dialog appears. Click OK to continue. You can see the selected assets deleted from the list.
Asset Component

A part of the asset (i.e., associated with the asset) which does not stand alone are grouped under Components. The list of all possible components are given below,

- Keyboard
- Mouse

- Add New Component
- Add Components to Group
- Delete Components
- View Component Details
- Edit Component
- Associate Asset to Component
- Copy Resource
- Attach Documents
Add New Component

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your **user name** and **password**. This opens the ManageEngine ServiceDesk plus home page.
2. Click Quick Actions link on the top left hand side of the page -> Click Asset option from the drop down menu. This opens Add Asset page. (OR)

   Click Asset Components under Assets on the left side of the page -> select any one of the listed IT assets components link. E.g. Keyboards etc. This opens the particular Asset Component page.

3. Click New button. This opens Add Asset page.
4. Select the Product Name from the combo box. If required, you can add a new product name by clicking Add New link beside the product name field. This is a mandatory field.
5. Select the Vendor Name from the combo box. If required, you can add a new vendor by clicking the Add New link beside the vendor name text field.
6. Specify the Asset Name in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
7. Specify the Asset Tag, Asset Serial No, Bar Code, Asset Cost in $ in the corresponding text fields.
8. Specify the Acquisition Date & Expiry Date from the calendar button.
9. Select the Site from the combo box.
10. Specify the Location in the given text field.
11. Specify the Asset State by selecting the current status of the asset from the combo box.
12. If the asset is in Use state you need to associate or assign asset to department or user or asset.

   1. Allocate the asset to an Asset or to a User or to the Department by selecting any of the two radio button. Say Associate to Asset or Assign User/ or Department.
   2. If you choose to associate asset to an asset then select the asset name from the Choose Asset combo box. Or if you have chosen to assign to user or the department then select User or Department from the combo box.
   3. If the asset is leased select the check box Asset is Leased. If the asset is leased then specify the From and To date from the calendar button.

12. Click Save button to save the changes. To save and add another asset click Save and add new button.
Add Components to Group

You have two types of groups in ServiceDesk Plus say, Static group and Dynamic. Add to group option in component list view page is to group bulk of components. These components will be grouped under the Static group by default.

To add components to group,

1. Click any of the Components link under the Assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the components list view page.
2. Select the components to be added to the group by enabling the check box. This opens the Add Resource(s) to page.
3. By default you can group components only to the static group. Either to the Existing static group or New static group can be added.
4. If you would like to group the components under existing static group then click the corresponding radio button. Select the group name from the combo box.
5. Else, if you would like to add a new static group and group the components, click New Group radio button. Specify the Group Name and relevant information about the group in the Description field.
6. Click Save button to save the changes.
Delete Components

1. Click Assets tab -> Click Asset Components link under assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the components list view page.
2. From the components list view page, select assets to be deleted by enabling the check box.
3. Click Delete button to delete the selected assets. You can see the selected assets deleted from the list.
View Component Details

1. Click Assets tab -> Click Components link under on the left hand side of the page. This opens the components list view page.
2. Click the components name to view the components details. By default Resource Info tab details are displayed.

View Resource Info Details
Resource Info tab displays the Resource Details such as, Resource Name, Tag, Bar Code, Serial No Region, Cost, Acquisition Date and many other details are displayed.

View History of Components
Click the History tab to view the components history. This gives the complete components Resource Ownership History on date and State of the components.

Request Details
On clicking the Request Details page you will be able to view all the requests raised for the Component. On clicking the request title you can view the details of the request, requester details, Assets belonging to the user, Time elapsed to solve the request, resolution for the request and history of the request. Also you can send reply for the request or forward the request to the technician. You can Search associated problem and change or add new problem or change to the request.

Contracts Details
Click Contracts tab to view the contracts attached to the components. This gives the complete details about the contract such as, vendor name, support details, contract rules, expiry date, cost and other rules.

Costs Details

1. Click the Costs tab to view the costs associated to the components.
2. Click Add Cost button to add cost to the components.
3. Select the Cost Factor from the combo box. For ex. Service Cost. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify the description about the cost in the Description field. Say if the cost factor is service cost you can specify important information about the service cost.
5. Specify the Amount in $ in the Amount field. This is a mandatory field.
6. Select the Date from the calendar button. This is mandatory field.
7. Click Add Cost button to add the cost. You can see the cost added to the components shown in the Other Costs list view page.
Associate Asset to Component

To associate an asset to a component,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the Asset home page.
2. Select the Asset Components link under the assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the asset components list view page.
3. Click the title of the component to be associated with an asset. This opens the component details page.
4. From the components details page, click Associate tab on the top right hand side of the page. This opens the Associate to Assets pop up window.
5. Select the Asset to be associated from the Choose Asset combo box.
6. Save the details. Component associated to an asset can be viewed under the relationships tab of the selected asset details page.
Copy Resource

Using Copy Resource option you can make multiple copies of the component and its details. On making multiple copies of the resource, it becomes easier for the technician to add bulk of similar components. The technician need not manually enter all the components details for each component. The new copies of the component will be assigned with new component name and rest of the details is retailed as is.

**Example:** If you have twenty keyboards of the same configurations in your organization, then in this case, enter the configurations of one keyboard and save it. Then copy the same keyboard for twenty times and add its configurations to other keyboards.

To make multiple copies of the resource,

1. Click the Assets tab, this opens the asset home page -> select the Asset Components link on the left hand side of the page.
2. From the list view page of the Asset Components -> click the title of the asset component to be duplicated. This opens the asset components details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box -> select the Copy Resource option. The Copy Resource dialog pops up.
4. Specify the Number of Copies to be made for the resource in the given text field.
5. Copy the resource. You can see the list of resource copies listed in the list view.
Edit Component

To edit the component details,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Asset Components under assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the list view page of the asset components.
2. Click the title of the Asset Components to be edited. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click Edit button on the top right hand side of the page.
4. Modify the component details in the Edit form such as, Product Name, Asset Name, Asset Tag, Asset Serial No., Bar Code, Vendor Name, Purchase Cost, Acquisition Date and Expiry Date
5. Modify the Asset State details such as, Current usage status of the assets like In Use, In Repair and so on. Then the Associate the asset to User or Department details or Assign to User or Department details.
6. Update the changes. You can see the components details getting updated.
Attach Documents

To attach documents to a component,

1. Click the Assets tab -> select the Assets Components link under the assets block on the left hand side of the page. This opens the IT asset list view page.
2. Click the title of the component to be attached to other assets. This opens the Asset details page.
3. Click the Actions combo box on the top right hand side of the page -> select the Attach Documents option. This opens the Attach File pop up window.
4. Choose the file to be attached by clicking the Browse button. The maximum size of the attached file can be 10 MB.
5. Click Attach File. The attached document will be listed in Asset details page under Attached Documents. The attached file can be deleted by clicking the delete icon beside file name.
Groups

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus helps you to organize assets by grouping them based on certain asset properties. Grouping assets gives a more fine-grained control over the assets, enabling you to manage them effectively. Say, for instance, when you are getting ready for migration, you will be able to pinpoint assets with 256MB RAM that need upgrade before rolling out Windows Vista.

There are two types of asset grouping in ServiceDesk Plus.

- Static Group: Lets you group assets as per your wish.
- Dynamic Group: Groups assets based on certain criteria like Product Type, Department, OS, Manufacturer and so on.

- Create New Group
- Remove Assets from a Group
- Edit and Delete Group
Create Asset - Groups

To access Groups in ServiceDesk Plus,

1. Click Assets tab in the header pane.
2. Click Groups in Assets block on the left hand side of the page.
3. Click New Group link. The Create Group form is displayed.

Alternatively, you can access the Create Group form from Quick Actions link on the top left side of the page. Select New Group under Assets-Groups.

Creating a Group

1. Specify a name for the group in Group Name text field. This is a mandatory field.
2. Specify relevant information about the group in the Description field.
3. Select the Group Type by enabling anyone of the radio button.
   - Static Group: Grouping assets as per your wish. By default, this option is enabled.
   - Dynamic Group: Grouping assets based on certain criteria.
4. Click Save button to save the group. The Edit Group page is displayed and based on the selected Group Type, you can either pick assets from the existing list or you can define criteria to group assets.

Adding Assets to Static Group

1. In Pick resources to add block, select the filter criteria from Showing drop-down list. For instance, the filtered criteria are All Assets in state In Use. This will list all assets with asset state as In Use.
2. If your asset list is lengthy, then you can conduct a search for assets by specify the Search criteria.
3. From the list of assets under Pick resources to add block, select the check box beside the asset to add to this group.
4. Click Add button. A message confirming the number of items added to the group is displayed along with a View button.
5. Click View button to view the assets in the group.

NOTE: To delete assets from a static group, refer Removing Assets from Static Group.

Adding Assets to Dynamic Group

1. In Dynamic Group Criteria's block, you can define the criteria and condition to filter assets according to specific asset properties. The Criteria drop-down lists criteria based on Resources like product type, vendor, department, etc. and Workstation Criteria such as model, OS, Processor Type, IP Address and so on.
2. Select the Criteria and the Condition from the drop-down list.
3. Click Choose button to select the resource or workstation based on the selected criteria. Click OK. The selected criteria and condition is displayed.

Say, for instance, you have selected the criteria as "Product Type" and conditions as "is". On clicking choose button you will get the list of all product types such as, access points, scanners, keyboard, printers and so on.
4. If you have defined more than one criteria, then select any one of the Match Criteria radio buttons
i.e., Match ALL of the following (AND) or Match ANY of the following (OR).
5. Click Save & View Group button to save the defined criteria and view resources in the group.
Remove Assets from Static Group

You can remove assets from a static group but you cannot remove resources from a dynamic group. Removing assets from the static group can be performed in two ways,

1. From the list view page of the Static Group, or  
2. While editing Static Group.

Remove Assets from the Static Group list view page

To remove assets from the list view page of the Static Group,

1. Click Assets tab in the header pane.  
2. Click Groups in Assets block on the left hand side of the page.  
3. Click Manage Group link.  
4. From the Manage Group window, click the static group. The list of assets grouped to the selected static group is displayed.  
5. Select the check box beside the asset name to remove from this static group.  
6. Click Remove from Group button. The selected assets are removed from the list.

Remove assets while editing a static group

To remove assets from the static group while editing,

1. Click Assets tab in the header pane.  
2. Click Groups in Assets block on the left hand side of the page.  
3. Click Manage Group link.  
4. From the Manage Group window, click edit link beside the static group.  
5. In Resources in group block, select the check box beside the resource name to remove from the static group.  
6. Click Remove button. The selected assets are removed from the list.
Editing and Deleting Groups

Editing Groups

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your Username and Password.
2. Click the Assets tab in the header pane.
3. Click Groups in Resources block on the left hand side of the page.
4. Click Manage Groups link.
5. From Manage Group window, click Edit link beside the group to edit. The Edit Group page is displayed.
6. If you are editing Static Group, then you can either add assets to the group or you can remove existing assets from the group. For Dynamic Group, select the criteria and conditions from the drop-down list.
7. If you want to change the name of the group, then select Edit button beside Group block in Edit Group page.
8. Edit the Group Name and Description. The Group Type is in non-editable text.
9. Click Save button.

Deleting Groups

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your Username and Password.
2. Click the Assets tab in the header pane.
3. Click Groups in Resources block on the left hand side of the page.
4. Click Manage Groups link.
5. From the Manage Group window, click the corresponding Delete link to be deleted on the right hand side of the page.
6. A pop up window pops up to get your confirmation on the delete operation. Click OK to proceed. You can see the group deleted from the list.
Discovery - Scan Workstations and Other Network Devices

With ServiceDesk Plus you can scan all your windows domain, networks part of your enterprise, Linux, MAC, Solaris, AIX machines and IP based IT assets. Also, you can set up audits for scheduling periodic scanning and regular cleanup, scan assets in remote locations and perform individual scan for newly added workstations.

Please note that, only technicians with administrator privilege can perform and configure a Scan.

ServiceDesk Plus currently supports scanning for the following OS - Linux, Solaris, MAC, IBM-AIX and IP devices - Printers, Routers, Switches and Access Points.

Scanning Mechanisms

• Windows Domain Scan
  Scans all the Windows Workstations and Servers that are,
  a. part of Windows domain
  b. scanned using Active Directory, and
  c. part of Windows workgroup

  You can also scan workstations using an Agent or Agentless mode (scans machines using WMI).

• Network Scan
  Scan workstations and devices that are part of your network range. Network Scan supports,
  a. OS workstations like, Linux, MAC, Solaris, IBM-AIX machines
  b. Windows workgroup (workstations that are not part of any domain controller).
  c. IP devices like Printer, Router, Switches and Access Points.

• Schedule Scan
  Schedule scan at periodic intervals to scan domains and networks that are part of your enterprise.
  Also, you can set re-scanning intervals to discover newly added workstations.

• Scanning machines outside a domain/network
  Scan Windows Workstations and Servers outside a domain/network using Standalone Workstation Audit or by installing an Agent in the remote machine. Both these methods involve script installed in the remote workstations which scans and pushes the inventory details to the SDP server.

• Workstations/Device Scan
  Use this option to scan an individual or newly added machines in your network. Machines like Windows, Linux, Solaris, IBM-AIX, MAC and IP devices like Printers, Routers, Switches and Access Points are currently supported.

• Distributed Asset Scan

  For all your remotely located workstations that cannot be accessed by the Central SDP server, a Remote AE server is installed in each location which scans the workstation information, and pushes the data to the Central server either manually or automatically.
Scan Windows machine

ServiceDesk Plus provides you various options to scan your Windows machines. You can scan machines that are part of a domain, network, workgroup and even schedule to scan the windows machines. Apart from this, you can scan remotely located Windows machines and workstations that are manually entered in the application.

Scanning Mechanisms

- Types of Scan
- Modes of Scan

Types of Scan

The list below shows the different methods through which a Windows machine can be scanned:

- Windows Domain Scan
  
  Scans all the Windows Workstations and Servers that are,
  
  a. part of Windows domain
  b. scanned using Active Directory, and
  c. part of Windows workgroup

By default, when you start the application for the first time, the Windows domain in the network is automatically discovered.

- Network Scan
  
  Windows workstation that are part of a network can be scanned using the Network Scan. The communication protocol and login credentials for windows workstations are given below,
  
  a. Communication Protocol: WMI or Agent
  b. Login Credentials: Credentials of the domain controller

- Scanning machines outside a domain/network
  
  The Windows workstations/servers that are not part of a domain or network are scanned using Standalone Workstation Audit or by installing an Agent in the remote machine. The remote workstations are scanned using a script and the inventory details are pushed to the SDP Server.

- Workstation/Device Scan
  
  Scan your newly added Windows machines by specifying the workstation/device credentials.

Modes of Scan

- Agent Mode
  
  Agent based scanning involves an agent to be deployed in Windows workstations through Active Directory or Windows Domain Scan deployed manually or from the ServiceDesk Plus Application. The Agent mode is easy to deploy, more secure and provides easy access for remote control.

- Agentless Mode
  
  Agentless mode uses a built-in agent such as Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) installed in each Windows machines. The ServiceDesk Plus server should be installed in a Windows machine to scan Windows workstations and servers.
Scanning Prerequisites

For a successful discovery, the target workstation should be ping-able from the ServiceDesk Plus server using the name which the ServiceDesk Plus discovers. In case of Non-English Operating System, TCP port 7 has to be opened in the firewall.

In ServiceDesk Plus, the scanning for Windows Workstation is done using the Agent or Agentless mode. While Agentless scans inventories using WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) and does not involve any client side software installed in the host, the Agent is an instance of a software, installed in the host to scan inventories and access them remotely.

Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) is an interface which allow management information to be shared between management applications so that the data from any source can be accessed in a common way.

The accessibility of the data using WMI is been controlled by the RPC and DCOM settings.

RPC (Remote Procedure Call)

RPC (Remote Procedure Call) dynamic port allocation instructs the RPC program to use a particular random port above 1024 and the static TCP ports 135 and 445. Customers using firewalls may want to control the ports which RPC is using so that their firewall router can be configured to forward only these Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) ports.

Opening of all these ports above 1024 might not be feasible. However, you can restrict the usage of these random port to some specific ports (say 5000, 5001, 5002) by adding manually into the Registry Editor for REG_MULTI_SZ value. Once these ports are been added in the registry, you have to open the TCP ports including 135 and 445.

In case of Windows Firewall, the Remote Administration for the administrators in each workstation has to be enabled.
DCOM (Distributed Component Object Model)

WMI has default impersonation, authentication, and authentication service (NTLM or Kerberos) settings that the target computer requires. For this, ensure that the correct DCOM (Distributed Component Object Model) settings and WMI namespace security settings are enabled for the connection. You can configure DCOM settings for WMI using the DCOM Config utility (DCOMCnfg.exe) found in Administrative Tools in Control Panel. This utility exposes the settings that enable certain users to connect to the computer remotely through DCOM. Members of the Administrators group are allowed to remotely connect to the computer by default. With this utility you can set the security to start, access, and configure the WMI service.

Configuring RPC and DCOM settings

Setting up the RPC and DCOM settings in each target workstation are not so easy. You can run the scripts provided here to set the default RPC and DCOM settings required by WMI.

A. For Windows Firewall and DCOM option

1. Download the file scan_setup.txt
2. Copy the file as "scan_setup.vbs" in the target workstation.
3. Execute the script using Cscript from command prompt as follows:
   ```
   DIR_OF_SCRIPT_FILE> CSCRIPT scan_setup.vbs
   ```
4. Restart the Workstation.

NOTE: This script can also be configured as Logon Script in the Domain Controller, to configure Firewall for all computers in the domain.

B. For Configuring your Router/Firewall (To restrict WMI ports)

As mentioned above one random port will be chosen by the OS above 1024 for WMI requests. This range can be minimized by modifying the System Registry. Given below is the procedure to modify the registry using a script.

1. Download the file wmi_port_setup.txt
2. Copy the file as "wmi_port_setup.vbs" in the target workstation.
3. Edit the script and specify the range of port that will be opened in the Firewall for WMI.
4. Execute the script using Cscript from command prompt as follows:
   ```
   DIR_OF_SCRIPT_FILE> CSCRIPT wmi_port_setup.vbs
   ```
5. Restart the Workstation.
6. Open the Ports configured using the script in the Firewall.
Credentials library - Repository for scan credentials

- About Credentials Library
- Supported Credential Types and Protocols
- Configuring Scan Credentials - using Credentials Library
- Configuring Scan Credentials: from Network Scan (or) Windows/Device Scan Page

About Credentials Library
Credentials Library houses various scan credentials technicians use for monitoring/scanning assets like workstations, servers, printers etc. Apart from serving as a repository for storing scan credentials, this library allows technicians to configure (as well as edit) new scan credentials as and when required. All scan credentials associated with ServiceDesk Plus will be stored in this library.

Supported Credential Types and Protocols

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<td>Remote Access Credentials</td>
<td>Establishing remote connection with workstations</td>
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Configuring Scan Credentials - using Credentials Library
To configure Scan Credentials:

- **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials
- Select **Admin** tab --> **Discovery** block --> **Credentials Library**
- Click on **Add New Credential** link □ (available at the top-right corner)
- **New Credential Pop-Up** Opens up as shown below:
Select **Credential Type** (Windows WMI, Telnet/SSH Protocol, SNMP V1/V2, VMWare (OR) Remote Control)

- Provide a suitable **Name and Description**.
- Enter the **Username and Password**.
- In case of **Telnet/SSH** credentials specify the following:

1. **Protocol** - Telnet/SSH
2. **Port Number** - Set at 22 by default.
3. **Public or Private Key** based authentication.

- In case of **SNMP V1/V2** credentials specify the following:

  - **SNMP Read Community** - Password.
  - **SNMP Port Number** - It is set at 161 by default.
  - **Timeout** (Indicates the time after which connection would be terminated) - It is set at "5" secs by default which can be changed.
  - **Retries** (Indicates the number of attempts that can be made before Timeout happens) - It is set at "0" by default which can be changed.
In case of **SNMP V3** credentials specify the following:
- Enter the Username and Context Name.

**Authorization and Encryption Protocols:**
- Choose Either MD5 or SHA for Authorization Protocol and DES or AES-128 for Encryption Protocol.
- Once the corresponding protocol type is selected, enter the Authorization password.
- Once the Encryption protocol is selected, enter the Encryption password.
- Enter the SNMP Port Number - It is set at 161 by default.

**Timeout** (Indicates the time after which the connection would be terminated) - It is set at "5" secs by default which can be changed.

**Retries** (Indicates the no. of attempts that can be made before the timeout happens) - It is set at "0" by default which can be changed.
In case of **VMWare** credentials specify the following:

- **HTTPS Port** - Set at 443 by default.
- **Timeout** (Indicates the time after which connection would be terminated) - Set at 60 secs by default.

In case of **Remote Control Credentials** specify the following:

- Specify anyone of the following: **Domain (or) Username (or) Password**
- **Save the Credentials.**

**Note:**

- **Remote Control Credentials** need to be specified while establishing Remote Control with client machines.
- Credentials configured using Credentials Library will be available for use under: **Network Scan** and **Workstation Scan** as well.
- Encryption Protocol can be configured only after the Authorization Protocol is configured. These two protocol configurations are not mandatory.

Configuring Scan Credentials: from Network Scan (or) Windows/Device Scan
• Configuring Scan Credentials - Network Scan Page
• Configuring Scan Credentials - Workstation/Device Scan Page

Scan Credentials being configured from Network Scan (on left) and Workstation Scan (on right) pages.
Configuring Scan Credentials for Windows WMI

Windows WMI credentials are used to scan Windows workstations and servers.

To configure Windows WMI scan credentials,

- Login to ServiceDesk Plus using your credentials
- Select Admin tab --> Discovery block --> Credentials Library.
- Click on Add New Credential link (available at the top-right corner).
- New Credential Pop-Up opens up as shown below:

  ![New Credential Pop-Up](image)

  - Select Credential Type (Windows WMI)
  - Provide a suitable Name and Description.
  - Enter the Username and Password.
  - Click Save Credential.

- Select Credential Type (Windows WMI)
- Provide a suitable Name and Description.
- Enter the Username and Password.
- Click Save Credential.
Configuring Telnet/SSH credentials

Telnet/SSH scan credentials are used for scanning Linux, Mac, Solaris, AIX and HPUX.

To configure Telnet/SSH credentials,

1. **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials.
2. Select **Admin tab --> Discovery block --> Credentials Library**.
3. Click on **Add New Credential** link (available at the top-right corner).
4. **New Credential Pop-Up** Opens up.

5. Select the **Protocol** - Telnet/SSH.
6. Enter the **Port Number** - Set at 22 by default.
7. Enter the **Username**.
8. Enable **Public or Private Key** based authentication.
9. Enter the **Password**.
Configuring SNMP V1/V2 credentials

SNMP V1/V2 credentials are used for scanning network devices like, printers, routers, and switches. To configure SNMP V1/V2 credentials,

1. **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials.
2. Select **Admin** tab --> **Discovery** block --> **Credentials Library**.
3. Click on **Add New Credential** link (available at the top-right corner). A **New Credential Pop-Up** Opens up.

New Credential

- **Credential Type**: SNMP V1/V2
  - Used to scan the devices like printers, routers and switches.

- **Name**

- **Description**

- **SNMP Read Community**
  - ......

- **SNMP Port**: 161

- **Timeout (seconds)**: 5

- **Retries**: 0

4. Select **SNMP V1/V2** in the credential type.
5. Enter **Name** and **Description**.
6. Enter the **SNMP Read Community** password.
7. Enter the **SNMP Port Number** - It is set at 161 by default.
8. Set the **Timeout** (Indicates the time after which connection would be terminated) - It is set at "5" secs by default which can be changed.
9. Set the count for **Retries** (Indicates the number of attempts that can be made before Timeout happens) - It is set at "0" by default which can be changed.
For configuring SNMP V3 credentials

SNMP V3 credentials are used for scanning network devices like, printers, routers, and switches.

To configure SNMP V3 credentials,

- **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials.
- Select **Admin** tab --> **Discovery** block --> **Credentials Library**.
- Click on **Add New Credential** link (available at the top-right corner). A New Credential Pop-Up Opens up.

![New Credential](image)

- Select the Credential Type as **SNMP V3**.

**Authorization and Encryption Protocols:**

- Choose Either MD5 or SHA for Authorization Protocol and DES or AES-128 for Encryption Protocol.
- Once the corresponding protocol type is selected, enter the Authorization password.
- Once the Encryption protocol is selected, enter the Encryption password.
- Enter the SNMP Port Number - It is set at 161 by default.

- **Set the Timeout** (Indicates the time after which the connection would be terminated) - It is set at "5" secs by default which can be changed.
- **Set the Retries** count (Indicates the no. of attempts that can be made before the timeout happens) - It is set at "0" by default which can be changed.
Configuring VMWare scan credentials

VMWare scan credentials are used for scanning VMWare hosts.

To configure Telnet/SSH credentials,

- **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials.
- Select **Admin** tab --> **Discovery** block --> **Credentials Library**.
- Click on **Add New Credential** link (available at the top-right corner).
- **New Credential Pop-Up** Opens up.

- Select the Credential Type as **VMWare**.
- Enter **Name** and **Description**.
- Enter a **Username** and **Password**.
- **Enter the HTTPS Port** Number - It is set at 443 by default.
- Set the **Timeout** (Indicates the time after which connection would be terminated) - It is set at 60 secs by default.
Configuring Remote Control scan credentials

Remote Control scan credentials are used for taking remote sessions of windows workstations.

To configure scan credentials for Remote Control,

1. **Login to ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials.
2. Select **Admin tab --> Discovery block --> Credentials Library**.
3. Click on **Add New Credential** link (available at the top-right corner). A **New Credential Pop-Up** Opens up.

4. Select the **Credential Type** as Remote Control.
5. Enter **Name** and **Description**.
6. Specify anyone of the following: Domain (or) Username (or) Password.
7. **Save** the Credentials.

- Remote Control Credentials need to be specified while establishing Remote Control connection with client machines.
Modes of scan: Agent and agentless

With the evolution of network discovery solutions in recent times, two technologies have emerged into existence - Agent and Agent-less mode of scan. While Agent-less scans inventories using WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) and does not involve any client side software installed in the host, the Agent is an instance of a software, installed in the host to scan inventories and access them remotely. ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus supports both, Agentless and Agent modes to scan all your Windows workstation and servers.

This section will cover the following topics:-

- Agent Mode
  - Methods of Deployment
  - Uninstalling Agent
- Agentless Mode
Agent mode

For a wide spread organization with a complex network infrastructure, the Agent based scanning is most effective and provides easy deployment, more security and low bandwidth.

The application provides an agent, which can be deployed in the network workstations through various methods. [Refer Methods of Agent Deployment]. Once the agent is deployed in the network workstations, it scans all the workstations and provides easy access for remote assistance.

The following topics are discussed in this section:-

- Agent Settings
- Agent Configuration in ServiceDesk Plus application
- Delta Scan
- Pros and Cons of Agent mode

Agent Settings

Choose to scan all your Windows workstations in both, Agent and Agentless mode by selecting the corresponding option from Agent Settings under the Admin tab. If you have enabled Agentless mode, the Windows workstation and servers are scanned using WMI. If you have enabled both the modes, the agent based scanning is performed and if that fails, the agentless scanning is performed.

1. Windows is the only Supported Platform for Agent.
2. The Ports used in Agent based Scanning are TCP 9000.

Agent Configurations

For a successful scan, the agent should communicate with the ServiceDesk Plus server. The server details are configured under Agent Configurations. By default, the server in which the application is installed is populated as the server details.
You can modify these configurations to create your own Agent Configurations.

- **Server Name**: The server name or IP address of the computer where ServiceDesk Plus is installed. The agent residing in the client computers communicates with the ServiceDesk Plus server using this Server Name/IP address.
- **Server Port**: The port configured for the application.
- **Protocol**: The protocol used to communicate with the server.
- **Agent Port**: The port number of the agent.
- **Scan at System Startup**: On enabling this option, the agent scans the workstation on every startup.

Click Create New Agent button. Clicking on Cancel takes you to the agent settings page.

**NOTE:**

1. You can also modify the configurations to create your own Agent Configurations.
2. If the agent is installed in all the Windows machines and if any of the below circumstances occurs, the agent details can be updated using a script.
   1. ServiceDesk Plus application is moved from one server to another or if the AE port or protocol (http or https) has been changed.
   2. If agent port needs to be changed in all the machines or enable/disable scanning on system startup.

This script can be run as a logon script in the Active Directory or manually in each machine to update the configurations in the agent. While executing the script, the parameters should be in the format "-servername <AE server name> -port <AE port> -protocol <http or https>".

**Delta Scan**

While performing a scan (Domain scan or Scheduling a scan) through Agent or Agentless mode, some amount of data is obtained in the ServiceDesk Plus Server. The data obtained in the AE Server through an Agent scan is comparatively minimal to that of Agentless. The agent transfers only the changes ("delta") that occur between two subsequent scans to the server, and automatically strips out any unchanged data, thus reducing the data transfer to 1 - 2kb instead of the usual 20 - 30kb.

**Pros and Cons of Agent Mode**

**Agent-based scan Pros:**
1. Only one port is required during scan, which can be configured under Admin -> Agent settings -> Agent Configuration -> Agent Port.
2. Performs scan on system boot up and pushes the data to AE application.
3. The data transfer in agent scan is very minimal compared to agentless scan and even more less when compared to delta scan (difference in data between two subsequent scans is fetched).
4. Quick access to the remote machine on performing Remote Control.
5. Easy to deploy agent through active directory.
6. Dependencies over DCOM and RPC settings are eliminated.
7. Once the agent is installed in all the machines, you can scan those machines from Linux server.

**Agent-based scan Cons:**
Agent should be upgraded if the version is changed. This can be performed from the Active Directory.
Methods of agent deployment

If you have enabled Agent Mode, you can deploy the agent in the Windows machine through any of the methods given below,

Agent Deployment Methods

ServiceDesk Plus installed in Windows server:

1. Import from Active Directory logon script
2. Manual Installation of Agent
3. Installing Agent through PsExec utility

ServiceDesk Plus installed in Non-Windows server:

1. Import from Active Directory logon script
2. Manual Installation of Agent
3. Installing Agent through PsExec utility
4. Configuring Agent details using Orca editor

ServiceDesk Plus installed in Windows server:

If ServiceDesk Plus is installed in a Windows server, then you can deploy the agent using the following methods,

1. Import from Active Directory logon script
2. Manual Installation of Agent
3. Installing Agent through PsExec utility

Method #1: Import from Active Directory logon script

An instant method to push the agent in all the Windows machine within a domain is through Active Directory logon script. Instead of providing permission to all the scanned workstations for file transfer, the agent is installed once the user logs into the machine. In addition, the agent can be deployed to all the newly added workstations automatically on scheduling an AD Import.

To install the agent from Active Directory,

1. Create a network share like, \MyServer\MyShare
2. When the client computer starts the agent is automatically installed.
3. Quit the Active Directory Users and Computer Window.
4. Close the Group Policy Window and click Ok.
5. Specify the Script parameters as msi file name with path (eg. \MyServer\MyShare\ManageEngineServiceDesk PlusAgent.msi) and click Ok.
6. In the new Logon Properties window click on Add. Now Browse and select the script "\MyServer\MyShare\InstallAgent.vbs". The script should be accessible by the target workstations.
7. In the new window go to the User Configuration -> Windows settings -> scripts -> double click Logon.
8. Right click on the newly created GPO and click on Edit option.
9. Type a name for the new GPO say, AGENT DOWNLOAD and click Ok. The GPO is added to the existing list.
10. Right click on the name of domain or the Organizational unit for which you would like to configure the script. Click Create and Link a GPO Here... option.
11. Select Group Policy tab, and click Open (New) button. The Group Policy Management window pops up.
12. In the console tree, right click on your domain, and select Properties.
13. In your Domain controller, click **Start -> Administrative Tools -> Active Directory Users and Computers.**
14. Save the agent and the script in the network share.
15. Click Download Agent and run the agent.msi file.

**Note**
1. The agent can be deployed to all the Windows Workstations and Servers within the domain.
2. The agent is deployed when the user logs into the machine.

**Method #2: Manual Installation of Agent**

To download and install the agent as a service.

1. Click on Download Agent button.
2. Choose the Installation folder name under which the Agent needs to be installed. By default, the folder name is specified as `C:ManageEngineServiceDesk Plus` directory.
3. Click Next >.
If you want to change the installation directory, then, click the **Browse** button beside the directory path. From the file chooser window, choose the directory of your choice and click Ok. Click Next >.

You also have an option to enable scan whenever the system starts up. Click Next to install the agent.

The next step is Agent Configurations, if you have not yet configured the agent, you can specify the server details and agent settings. Click Next >.

**Method #3: Installing Agent through PsExec Utility**

You can install agents through PsExec utility in Windows Workgroup.

1. Download the PsTools.
2. `psexec.exe @<file name> -u <domain nameuser name> -p <password> msiexec /i <msi file name>`
3. Execute the command as given below, to install the agent on each computer listed in the file.
4. From the command prompt, go to the directory where the PsTools is installed.
5. Install the software in one of the Windows machine.

For example:

`psexec.exe @ComputersList.txt -u WORKGROUPadministrator -p password msiexec /i "\ae-test1\msi\ManageEngineServiceDesk PlusAgent.msi"`

**ServiceDesk Plus installed in Non-Windows server:**

If ServiceDesk Plus is installed in a Non-Windows server say, Linux, you can still use the Agent Mode to scan Windows machines. But, you can neither configure the Agent details from Agent Settings page nor install and upgrade the agent from the Linux server.

Some of the methods through which you can configure and deploy the agents are,

- Importing from Active Directory logon script
- Installing Agent through PsExec utility

**Method #1: Import from Active Directory logon script**

To deploy the agent through Active Directory, use the logon script and provide additional parameters as
given below,
<agent with directory name> <server protocol> <server ip> <server name> <server port> <agent port>

For example:
\servershareManageEngineServiceDesk PlusAgent.msi http 192.168.112.153 servicedesk 8080 9000

On entering the additional parameters, follow the steps as in Active Directory logon script.

Method #2: Installing Agent through PsExec Utility
You can install agents through PsExec utility in Windows Workgroup.

1. Download the PsTools.
2. Execute the command as given below, to install the agent on each computer listed in the file.
   psexec.exe @ComputersList.txt -u administrator -p Zoho123SDP msiexec /i <msi file name>
   SERVERIP=<server ip address> SERVERNAME=<server name> PROTOCOL=<http or https>
   PORT=<port no> AGENTPORT=<agent port> SCANATBOOT=<0 or 1>
3. From the command prompt, go to the directory where the PsTools is installed.
4. Install the software in one of the Windows machine.
5. For example:
   psexec.exe @ComputersList.txt -u WORKGROUPadministrator -p password msiexec /i "\Linux_Agent.msi"
   SERVERIP=199.1.1.1 SERVERNAME=servicedesk PROTOCOL=http PORT=8080 AGENTPORT=9000
   SCANATBOOT=1

Configuring Agent details using Orca editor
To configure the agent details, you need to modify the .msi file using Orca editor and then proceed with the installation. Once the parameters are configured, you can install the agent using Active Directory logon script or through PsExec utility.

1. Download the Orca editor.
2. Enter the property as SERVERNAME and value as the name of the ServiceDesk Plus server. Also, provide the following details,
3. In the right panel, right-click and select Add Row option.
4. Click Property table.
5. Right-click the .msi file and select Edit with Orca option. The Orca editor window pops-up, listing all the tables on the left hand side.
6. Download the agent from ServiceDesk Plus server and copy it to the Windows machine having the Orca editor. Install the editor in one of the Windows machine.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROPERTY</th>
<th>VALUE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SERVERIP</td>
<td>IP Address of the ServiceDesk Plus Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PORT</td>
<td>Port No. of the ServiceDesk Plus Server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROTOCOL</td>
<td>Protocol used by the server, whether it is http or https.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGENTPORT</td>
<td>Port No. of the Agent. This port should be open in the Windows machine to install the agent</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Save the provided details. Close the editor and proceed with the installation.
Script to Install AssetExplorer Agent

To install agent with the share path given as argument,
On Error Resume Next
Set WSHShell = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell")
argCount = WScript.Arguments.Count
if (argCount>5) then
  ' Get Location and arguments of the script
  msiFile = WScript.Arguments.Item(0)
  PROTOCOL = WScript.Arguments.Item(1)
  SERVERIP = WScript.Arguments.Item(2)
  SERVERNAME = WScript.Arguments.Item(3)
  PORT = WScript.Arguments.Item(4)
  AGENTPORT = WScript.Arguments.Item(5)
  wshshell.Run "msiexec.exe /i "&msiFile&" ENABLESILENT=yes REBOOT=ReallySuppress PROTOCOL="&PROTOCOL" SERVERIP="&SERVERIP" SERVERNAME="&SERVERNAME" PORT="&PORT" AGENTPORT="&AGENTPORT" /qn",0,True
end if
Uninstall the agent

You can manually uninstall the agent from Add/Remove Programs or from the ServiceDesk Plus application. If you are unable to uninstall the agent from the Control Panel then follow the steps below,

1. Click Workstations link from the Assets block.
2. From the Workstation list view page, click on Agent Details link. By default, the workstations for which the agent is not installed is listed.
3. Select the options either Agent with older version or Agent installed Workstations from the Filter drop down.
4. Select the check box beside the workstations to un-install the agent.
5. Click Un-install button. The agent is removed from the selected workstations.
Agentless mode

As the name suggests, the Agentless mode does not involve any client side software installed in the host. Instead, the agent-less mode uses a built-in agent such as WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) installed in each Windows machines to scan the inventory details and to access the workstation remotely. The agentless mode is most appropriate for small organization where the network is less complex and does not involve installing, upgrading and maintaining an additional software program on each machine.

Credentials for Scans

NOTE: Please note that the agentless supports only 'Windows' platform.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Protocol</th>
<th>Login Credentials</th>
<th>Ports</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WMI (Supports only Windows platform)</td>
<td>Credentials of Domain Controller.</td>
<td>TCP 135, 445 and one random port greater than 1024.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Configuring RPC and DCOM Settings

The accessibility of the data using WMI is controlled by the RPC and DCOM settings which should be configured in the workstations.

For Windows Firewall and DCOM option

1. Download the file scan_setup.txt
2. Copy the file as "scan_setup.vbs" in the target workstation.
3. Execute the script using Cscript from command prompt as follows:

   ```
   DIR_OF_SCRIPT_FILE> CSCRIPT scan_setup.vbs
   ```
4. Restart the workstation.

NOTE: This script can also be configured as Logon Script in the Domain Controller, to configure Firewall for all computers in the domain. Click here to know more.

Pros and Cons of Agentless mode

Agentless scan pros:
- Does not involve an agent to be installed, upgraded and maintained in each workstation.

Agentless scan cons:

1. The DCOM and RPC settings should be configured.
2. More number of ports used when compared with agent mode.
3. ServiceDesk Plus server should be installed in a Windows machine to scan windows workstations/servers.
Scan Linux, Solaris, MAC, and AIX machines

Apart from scanning Windows machines, ServiceDesk Plus scans workstations/servers of other Operating Systems such as Linux, Solaris, MAC, and IBM-AIX.

There are two methods, through which these machines can be scanned in ServiceDesk Plus application,

- Network Scan - Scan workstations/servers that are part of your network.
- Workstation/Device Scan - Scan your newly added machines by specifying the workstation credentials.

Ports and Credentials to perform scan for these machines are,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Protocol</th>
<th>Login Credentials</th>
<th>Port</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telnet</td>
<td>Telnet Credentials</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH (Secure Shell)</td>
<td>SSH Credentials</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click here to know more on ports used for scan.
Scan VMWare hosts

ServiceDesk Plus scans the VMHost machines in your network and also determines the VMs that are running on these hosts. Apart from this, the scan would also discover the complete hardware details of the VMHost and the relationships between the VMHost and the VMs.

There are two methods through which these machines can be scanned in ServiceDesk Plus application,

- Network Scan - Scans the VMHosts that are part of your network.
- Workstation/Device Scan - Scan the VM Host machine by specifying the HTTPS credentials.

Ports and Credentials to perform scan for these machines are,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Protocol</th>
<th>Login Credentials</th>
<th>Port</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VMWare vSphere web services API</td>
<td>HTTPS Username and Password</td>
<td>443 (default)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click here to know more on ports used for scan.
Scan printers, routers, switches, and access points

ServiceDesk Plus currently supports the scanning of IP devices namely, Printers, Routers, Switches and Access Points.

There are two methods through which these devices can be scanned in the application,

- Network Scan - Scans devices that are part of your network.
- Workstation/Device Scan - Scan your newly added devices by specifying their credentials.

Note: Please note that ServiceDesk Plus does not scan other IP devices like Firewall, Hubs, IP Telephones and so on.

Ports and Credentials to perform device scan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Protocol</th>
<th>Login Credentials</th>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Service Performed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)</td>
<td>SNMP Credentials</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>Fetches and Identifies the IP devices.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSH (Secure Shell)</td>
<td>SSH Credentials</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Fetches additional information on Routers and Switches.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Click here to know more on ports used for scan.
Windows domain scan

You can configure and scan all the available Windows Workstations and Servers in your domain network using ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus. When you set up the ServiceDesk Plus application and start it for the first time, the application automatically discovers all the available Windows domain in your network.

To discover workstations in a domain,
- Select a Domain and enter the domain controller and login credentials for the domain controller.
- Select the Organizational Units (OUs) from the list.
- The workstations in the OUs are retrieved, enumerated, and scanned (ten workstations are scanned simultaneously)
- The machines in the specified domain then is Pinged.
- If the machine responds to the ping, scan the inventories (hardware/software information) in the machine using Agent or Agentless mode.

The Windows Domain Scan page can be access in two ways,
a. Quick Actions drop down
b. Admin Tab

Quick Actions drop down
The Quick Actions drop down is a quick navigator to instantly access the Domain List page.

Admin Tab
1. Click Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Windows Domain Scan under the Discovery block. The Domain list view page opens where you can add, edit, delete and scan a domain.

Add a New Domain
If you find that there are some domains that are missing in the list, then you can add those domains manually.

1. Click Add New Domain link.
2. Enter the Domain Name. The name should be unique to identify the domain and is a mandatory field.
   Say, Acme.
3. If you want the domains to be displayed in the login screen when Active directory Authentication is enabled, select the check box beside Public Domain. Else un-check the Public Domain check box to list the domain as Private Domain.
4. Enter the Domain Controller name for the Active Directory Server. The organizational units are listed only if the domain controller name is provided.
5. Specify the Login Credentials for the domain controller in Username and Password fields.
6. If you wish to add any description for the domain, enter it in the Description text box.
7. Click Save. The domain is listed in the domain list view page.

Click Save and Scan now button to save and scan the domain immediately. Clicking on Cancel button takes you back to the list view.
For the workstation scan to execute successfully the following things need to be true:

**Note**
- WMI should be enabled in the workstation where the Asset Explorer server is running.
- COM/DCOM service should be switched on in all the workstations belonging to the windows domain.

### Scanning a Domain

1. Click Scan Domain icon of the domain to be scanned from the Domain list view page.
2. Choose the Organizational Units for which you want to import the workstations by enabling the check box.
3. Select the Site to associate the scanned workstations from the Choose Site option. This option is available only if the sites is specified.
4. Click Start Scanning button to start the scanning process.

You will get the complete report of the scan listing the total number of scanned workstations, successful scanned workstations and the number of failed workstation list.

### Editing a Domain

1. Click Edit icon beside the **Domain Name** you wish to edit.
2. In the **Edit Domain** form, you can modify the name of the domain, login name, password, and description of the domain.
3. Click **Save** to save the changes performed. Click Save and Scan now button to save and scan the domain immediately. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**.

### Deleting a Domain

1. Click Delete icon beside the **Domain Name** you wish to delete. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. The domain gets deleted from the list. If you do not wish to delete the domain, then click **Cancel**.
Network scan

Discover networks part of your organization and scan them at regular intervals using Network Scan. Apart from scanning various operating systems like Windows, Linux, MAC, Solaris and AIX workstations network scan also allows for scanning of SNMP devices and VMware machines. Network Scan page can be accessed in two different ways:

a. Using Quick Actions Menu
b. Using Admin Tab

Quick Actions Menu

Quick Actions drop down menu is a quick navigator to instantly access Network Scan page. From Quick Actions drop down select Network Scan option available under Scan block.

Admin Tab

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Network Scan under Discovery block. The Network list view page opens where you can add, edit, delete and scan a network.

Adding a Network

1. Click Add New Network link (present at the right corner)
2. Decide Scan Range: you can either scan the Entire Network or mention a specific IP Address Range for scanning.
3. Enter Network Address.
   1. To scan Entire Network, IP address should be mentioned as 192.168.27.0
   2. To scan part of a Network, IP address range should be mentioned as follows: 192.168.27.0 - 192.168.27.30
4. Provide a suitable description.
5. Specify Network Scan Credentials for scanning different subnets of your network
6. Click Save (or) Save and Scan now to scan network immediately.

Network Scan Credentials

These credentials let administrators refine network scan based on Operating Systems, SNMP devices or VMware machines being used. Network scan page contains four different credentials for scanning various subnets involved in the network.

Note: Scan Credentials can also be configured from Credentials Library page and can be later associated with Network Scan.

Configure Scan Credentials for a Network

- Use Existing Scan Credentials
- Configure New Scan Credentials

Using Existing Scan Credentials:

1. Select Network to which Scan Credentials are to be added from Network List View.
2. Select Scan Credentials from Select Credential Drop Downs.
3. Following Scan Credentials can be selected for a given network

1. Scan Credentials for Windows machines
2. Scan Credentials for Linux, MAC, Solaris and AIX machines
3. Scan Credentials for SNMP Devices
4. Scan Credentials for **VMWare Devices**

- Click **Save** (or) **Save and Scan now** (for immediate scanning of network)

**Configure New Scan Credentials:**

**Select Network** to which **Scan Credentials** are to be added.

For adding **New Scan Credentials**, do the following:

Select **Add New Credential** Icon (besides respective Scan Credential to be configured).

**Add New Credential Pop-Up** will be displayed.

If you're configuring **Windows Scan Credentials** specify the following:

- Specify **Name** and **Description**
- Enter **Username** and **Password**
- **Domain Name/Username & Password**

If you're configuring **Linux, MAC, Solaris and AIX Scan Credentials**, specify the following:

- Specify **Name** and **Description**
- **Protocol** - Telnet/SSH
- **Port Number** - 22 by default
- **Username** and **Password**
- **Public or Private Key** based authentication

If you're configuring **SNMP Device Scan Credentials**, specify the following:

- Specify **Name** and **Description**
- **SNMP Read Community Password**
- **SNMP Port Number** - 161 by default
- **Timeout** (time after which connection would be terminated) - 5 secs by default
- **Retries** (no. of attempts that can be made before Timeout happens) - 0 by default

If you're **VMWare Device Scan Credentials** specify the following:

- Specify **Name** and **Description**
- Specify **Username** and **Password**
- **HTTPS Port** - 443 by default
- **Timeout** (time after which connection would be terminated) - 60 secs by default

Click **Save** (or) **Save and Scan now** (for immediate scanning).

**Having Multiple Scan Credentials**

Administrators can configure **Multiple Scan Credentials** at a stretch using **Add Another Credential** Icon that appears **on-hover** select credential drop downs.

**Adding Multiple Scan Credentials:**

1. Click on **Add Another Credential** button (appearing onhover **Select Credential** dropdown)
2. Select the **Credential** (you can add all Credentials available under **Select Credential dropdown** using Add Another Credential button)

**Note:** You can also delete Scan Credentials added by mistake by clicking on **Remove** button.

**Scanning the Network**

1. From Network List View page, click **Scan Network icon**.
2. If your organization is distributed across various sites, select the Site to which the workstations/devices are associated.
3. Click Start Scanning. Once scanned, you will get the complete report on the success and failed workstations of the scan.

**Edit Network**

1. From the Network List View page, click Edit icon of the network to be edited.
2. Edit the network details and Save the changes. Click Save and Scan now, to save and scan the workstations in the specified range

**Delete Network**

1. From the Network List View page, select Network you want to delete.
2. Click on Delete button. A confirmation message on the delete operation appears. Click OK to continue. The network will be deleted from the list.
Workstation/device scan

If a new workstation/device is added in your network, and you wish to scan only the newly added workstation instead of the entire network, you can specify the workstation/device credentials and scan. You can scan workstations/devices using **Domain Mode** or **Network Mode** or by just configuring **Scan Credentials**.

Scanning Workstation(s)/Device(s) Individually

1. Log into **ServiceDesk Plus** using your credentials
2. Click **Assets** Tab --> Choose **Workstation/Device** link (from IT Assets block)
3. Select **Workstation/Device** from **Asset ListView**
4. Click **Scan Now** button
5. **Configure Scan Credentials** box opens up
6. Specify **Device Type**, **Scan Mode** and the **Scan Credentials**
7. Click **Save** (or) **Save and Scan Now** (for immediate scanning)

Selecting Device Type

The following **Workstations/Devices** can be scanned:

6. Windows Machines
7. Linux, Mac, Solaris and AIX Machines
8. SNMP Supported Network Devices (Printer, Router, Switch etc.,)
9. VMWare Devices

Selecting Scan Mode and Scan Credentials

1. Select **Scan Mode** (Domain Mode, Network Mode or Use Credentials)
2. Select **Device Type** (Workstations, SNMP and VMWare devices)
3. For **Domain Mode**, select the desired **Domain/Workgroup** from the available list
4. For **Network Mode**, select the desired **Network** from the available list
5. To **Use Credentials**, select the desired **Credentials** from the available list
6. Click **Save and Scan Now**

Windows Agent Based Scanning

While scanning windows machines we recommend the usage of windows agent for scanning purpose. To deploy windows agent do the following:

1. Select **Scan Using Agent** checkbox
2. Click **Save** (or) **Save and Scan now** (for immediate scanning)

**Note:**
In case of Windows Agent hasn't been configured already, do the following:
- Click **Question Mark Icon** besides **Scan Using Agent checkbox** and you'll be navigated to **Windows Agent Configuration** page
- **Deploy Agent** as suggested in the page and select it while configuring **Scan Credentials**
Scanning machines outside a domain/network

The workstations and servers that are not part of any domain/network are scanned using **Standalone Audit** or by installing the **Agent** in the remote machines. Both the methods involve a script being installed on the remote workstations which scans and pushes the inventory details to the SDP server.

**Method #1: Standalone Audit**

Scanning remote machines involve two simple steps,

1. Download the script from ServiceDesk Plus application.
2. Execute the script in the remote machines. On executing the script, the data is pushed to the server.
3. If the server is not reachable from the remote machine, an XML file is generated in the same folder from where the script is executed.
4. **Import** the XML file from the ServiceDesk Plus application. You can see the stand alone workstation details in the list view.

**Accessing Standalone Audit configuration**

1. Click **Quick Actions** drop-down menu and select standalone audit link.
2. The **Scanning Workstations through Script** window pops up.

   **NOTE:** Please note that the scripts are different for **Windows**, **Linux** and **MAC** machines.

   Click the appropriate tabs to download the script.

   1. Click the Click to Download link to download the script. Save the file as **ae_scan.vbs** for Windows machines. In case of Linux and MAC machines, save the file as **ae_scan_linux.sh** and **ae_scan_mac.sh** respectively.

   2. Open the command prompt. Change the directory to the folder where the script is saved and execute the following command.

   **For Windows:**
   
   CSCRIPT ae_scan.vbs

   **For Linux:**
   
   sh ae_scan_linux.sh

   **For MAC:**
   
   sh ae_scan_mac.sh

1. Executing the script will push the data to the AE server. If the server is not reachable from the remote machine, an XML file is generated in the same folder.
2. Locate and import the XML file from the application.
3. Click **Submit** button. On importing the XML file, the stand alone workstation is scanned and gets listed in the Workstation list view page.
NOTE:

For Windows Machines:
The ae_scan.vbs file can be configured as a logon script in the active directory with script parameter as 
"-SilentMode". This will scan the target workstations upon user login and push the scanned inventory 
data to the ServiceDesk Plus Server.

For Linux Machines:
The ae_scan_linux.sh file can be configured in crontab or as a start-up script, so that the machines are 
scanned in a periodic manner and the data are pushed to the server. The data is pushed to the SDP server 
using curl which has to be installed on the Linux machine.

For MAC Machines:
The ae.scan_mac.sh file can be configured in crontab or as a start-up script, so that the machines are 
scanned in a periodic manner and the data are pushed to the server. The data is pushed to the SDP server 
using curl which has to be installed on the MAC machine.

Method #2: Installing Agent in the remote machine
The Windows workstations/servers that are not part of the domain/network can also be scanned using the Agent. The steps involved to scan machines outside a domain/network,

1. Install the agent in the remote machines with "Scan on system startup" option enabled.
2. Make sure your ServiceDesk Plus server is on a public IP to accomplish this process.
3. Restart the remote machine. The system is scanned and the xml is pushed to the ServiceDesk Plus server.
Ports used during Scan

The various ports used during the scan and remote control is illustrated with the help of a diagram below,

![Diagram showing ports used during scan and remote control]

* The range of the random port can be minimized. Click here to know how to restrict random ports.

**Note:**

1. The ports - ICMP echo and ICMP echo reply, should be allowed in the firewall as it is used to ping the target machines.
2. If the target machine has non English OS, then port TCP/7 should be added in the exception list of the firewall.
Scan WAN environment

For a Wide Area Network (WAN) such as an organization distributed across various geographical locations, two methods of scanning mechanism can be put to practice

- Distributed Asset Scan
  This method involves a Remote AE server to be installed in each geographical location to scan and maintains all the workstations, and user information of the respective sites. The data from the Remote AE Server is pushed to the Central AE Server either manually or by scheduling the data periodically.
- Open the Firewall ports between the sites.
- To know more on this section refer Ports used for scan.
Schedule scan

With Schedule Scan, you can schedule the scans of your domain/network, enable regular cleanup of scanned information and set re-scanning interval for scanning workstation.

To access the schedule scan configuration page,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click **Audit Settings** under Discovery block. The Schedule Scan form opens.

Enabling Schedule Scan

Select the Enable Scheduled Scan check box to schedule regular scanning of the workstations. Select any of the 5 radio buttons below:

- **Scan Once**
  
  Select the date on which you want to scan your network using the calendar icon. And set the time to scan on the chosen date.

- **Daily Scan**
  
  Select the time (hours and minutes) from the combo box to scan workstations on a daily basis. Then select the date from the calendar button to schedule scans.

- **Weekly Scan**
  
  In the weekly scan option, you can also choose to schedule a daily scan. Select Everyday check box to enable scan on all the days of the week. Or, select the check box beside a particular day of the week. Then set the time (hours and minutes) of the scan to start the scanning process on the selected day of the week.

- **Monthly Scan**
  
  In the monthly scan option select the check box Every Month to scan every month throughout the year. Or, you can also choose the months you want to scan by selecting the check box beside the name of the months.

  Also, you can choose to schedule a weekly scan by enabling the radio button Day and select the scanning day of the week from the drop down. Or, select Date radio button and select the date from the drop down.

  Finally select the time (hours and minutes) of the scan.

- **Periodic Scan**
  
  You can enter a random period of time to repeat the scan. Enter the number in the field provided. The scan will be performed on every specified nth day. Where n is the number you enter in the field. The default value is 7th day.

Scan History Clean up

You can enable regular cleanup of the scanned information, by selecting the Enable Scan History Clean up check box and specifying the number of days after which the scanned history information should be deleted.

NOTE: We suggest you to clean up the scanned history periodically to enhance ServiceDesk Plus
Checking for Newly Added workstations
You can also check for newly added workstations by performing a re-scan of your domain/network. For this you need to select Check for newly added workstations check box and enter the number of days when the periodic re-scanning of your domain/network should be performed. Click Save, to save the details. Click Reset button to reorganize the settings.
Distributed asset can

In a wide spread organization distributed across various sites, the ServiceDesk Plus server may not be able to access all the assets in sites. Hence, a Remote AE server is installed in each site which scans and maintains all the workstations, and user information of the respective sites. The data from the Remote AE Server is pushed to the ServiceDesk Plus Server either manually or by scheduling the data periodically. Since there is a constant need to update the users and workstation information in the ServiceDesk Plus Server, you can automate the process by specifying the central server details in the remote server thereby synchronizing the two servers.

Methods to perform Distributed Asset Scan

Manual

1. Extract the data in a zip format from the Remote AE server and export it to the SDP server.
2. Import this zip file into the SDP Server.

Auto Synchronization

1. Configure the SDP Server details in Central Server Settings.
2. Select Export and Push data to Central Server now button. The data is automatically pushed to the SDP server provided the server is reachable.

Asset Scan in Remote AE Server
The scanned information in the Remote AE Server can be updated periodically either manually or automatically to the SDP Server.
Installing the Remote AE Server
You can install AssetExplorer as a Remote Server by choosing the server type as Remote AE Server on starting the application for the first time. The application gets started as the Remote AE Server.

Accessing the Configuration

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Distributed Asset Scan under the Discovery block.

Methods to export the data

The data can be exported manually or pushed automatically in the SDP Server.

Manual

1. Click on Export Data to export the asset data into a zip file.
2. A confirmation message appears. Click Ok to proceed.
3. If the data has been generated successfully, an Export Data box pops up.
4. Click on the link to download the zip.
5. Send the zip file to the central server location through E-mail or through some storage device.

Auto Synchronization
If the central server is reachable, configure the details of the SDP Server by clicking on Central Server Settings.

- Server Name: Enter the Server Name or IP Address of the SDP Server.
- Server Port: The port where the SDP Server is installed.
- Server Protocol: The protocol to connect the SDP server and the remote server. Say, Http, Https
- Site: Site where the Remote AE Server is installed. The site specified must be configured in the SDP server so that the assets and users is associated to the appropriate site.
- Username & Password: Credentials of the SDP Server.
- Domain Name: Specify Domain Name if Active Directory authentication is enabled in SDP Server.

The Central Server may be connected through a proxy server. In this case,

- Enable Is connected through Proxy Server check box.
- Proxy Server Name: The Server Name or IP Address of the Proxy server.
- Proxy Server Port: The port of the proxy server.
- Proxy Username & Password: Credentials of the SDP Server.
On configuring the Central Server Settings, you can export and push the data to central server automatically by clicking on Export and Push Data to Central Server Now button. The executed date, status of the operation and related comments is displayed in the List View.

Schedule Pushing of data to SDP Server
You can schedule to push the data from the remote AE server to the SDP Server at periodic intervals.

1. Click on Schedule to synchronize data with Central Server link.
2. Select Enable radio button.
3. Select the number of days after which the data should be pushed to the central server.
4. Select the date from the calendar icon to start the process. Also select the Time in hours and minutes from the drop down.
5. If there is a failure in pushing the data to the central server, you can send a Notify to the technician. Specify the email address in the text provided.

Importing data into SDP Server
Accessing the Configuration

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click on Distributed Asset Scan icon under Discovery block.
3. Click Browse and locate the zip file of the scanned assets.
4. Select the Site of the remote server from the drop down.
5. Click Import button to import the data. On importing the data successfully you get a success message.
Hyper V Discovery

AssetExplorer scans the Hyper V servers in your network and also determines the VMs that are running on these hosts. Apart from this, the scan would also discover the complete hardware details of the VM and the relationships between the VM and the Hyper V servers.

Methods of scanning:

Hyper V servers can be discovered through the following scans using Agent mode scan.

- Network scan.
- Workstation scan.
- Scheduled scan.
- Windows domain scan.

**Note:** Select "Windows" device type to discover Hyper V during the scan. Hyper V discovery can only be done using Agent mode scan.
Cisco IP phone discovery

AssetExplorer lets you to discover Cisco IP phones during scan. Cisco IP phone discovery can be done using the default credential set for Cisco IP phone.

To Discover Cisco IP phones in the scan (Network Scan),

- Click on the Admin module.
- Click Network Scan under the Discovery block.
- Click on the edit icon on the network you want to scan.
- Select Cisco Phone credential.
- Click on Save and Scan.

**Note:** The Cisco Phone credential is set by default and can not be deleted.
Server identification

Server identification is a process of identifying whether a scanned device is a server or a workstation from the obtained scan data.

Criteria
Server Identification works on some criterias. Servers are differentiated from the workstations using these criterias.

Criteria are as follows,
Servers are identified if the OS name from the scanned data has the following values:

- Windows (R) Server
- Windows Server
- VMware
- Solaris

Servers are identified if the Service tag from the scanned data has the following values:

- VMware

Note: If the devices are manually changed to a particular asset type (Workstation) then the server identification logic won't apply to such devices.
Exclude IP/device

Exclude unwanted assets from being scanned during various scans by adding them to the excluded devices list.

Exclude Devices/IP using Scan Settings

To exclude a device/IP from the scan using the scan settings,

- Click on the Scan settings under the Discovery block from the Admin module.
- Select "Exclude Device/IP".
- Enter the Device name or the IP address/ IP range. The IP Address/IP range or Device Name just added will appear under Excluded IP(s)/Device(s) list

Click on Save.
Exclude IPs/Devices from scan

Devices which have to be excluded from scan can be configured here. The devices can be configured as:

- **Device Name / IP Address**: 192.168.44.154
- **Excluded IP(s)/Device(s)**: 192.168.42.154

Note: Exclusion will not happen if devices are added from remote AE server and also while importing scanned XML's manually.

Exclude Device/IP from a specific scan.

To exclude device from a specific scan, i.e Network scan,

- Click on "Exclude IP (s)/Device(s) From Scan".
- Enter Device Name or IP Address/Range.
- Click on Save. The selected Address/Range will be excluded from the scan.
- Click on View details to view the excluded IP(s)/Devices.
Exclude IPs/Devices from scan

Devices which have to be excluded from scan can be configured here. The devices can be configured by their name, ip or range of ips.

Device Name / IP Address

Ex: 192.168.23.132,ae-machine1,192.168.23.140-192.168.23.150

Excluded IP(s)/Device(s)

11.11.11.7

Save  Cancel

Network Scan

Scan Completed
100% complete...

Scanned 255 out of 255 IT Assets.

Total IT Assets in 11.11.11.0 : 255
• Successful Scan : 0
• Failed Scan : 255  [Troubleshoot]
Exclude IT assets from scans (From Asset Listview)

You can also exclude different IT assets from the scan in the asset listview itself. To exclude IT assets from the scan,

- Select an asset type.
- Select the assets you want to exclude from the scan.
- Click on Actions and then select excluded from scan.
- Click on Exclude/Exclude & delete.

The selected assets will be excluded from future scans.
Note: Clicking on **Exclude** will exclude the asset from future scans whereas clicking on **Exclude & Delete** will remove assets from the asset list itself.
Remote desktop sharing

Certain tickets raised in AssetExplorer application may require technicians to access machines in remote locations. Say for instance, a SAP related issue in New York requires immediate attention and your support team is located in California. Likewise, when a request is raised via phone call, it would be great if your technician can access the requesters machine from his desk to resolve the issue instantly.

That is where Remote Desktop Sharing comes into play! Instead of launching a whole bunch of different softwares to access remote machines, AssetExplorer Remote Desktop Sharing helps you to access all your scanned workstations and resolve issue in no time.

Browsers compatible for accessing remote desktop

- InternetExplorer (version 5.5 and above)
- Firefox

Accessing Remote Control

1. Click the Asset tab in the header pane.
2. From the Resources block, select Workstations under IT assets. The list of all the workstations is displayed.
3. Select the workstation you wish to gain remote access.
4. From the workstation details page, click on Remote Control tab.

**Note** Please note that the credentials should be configured before selecting the remote control tab. If the credentials are not configured then the log-in credentials window pops up.
5. Click Save and Remote Control. The connection is established between the server and the remote machine.

The Remote Control can be accessed in Agent mode. So if you are launching Remote Control for the first time on an Agentless mode, you need to install the agent. To push the agent to remote machine from Active Directory click here.

Installing the Agent and starting the Service
Once the agent is installed, the remote workstation can be accessed. The ports to install and start the agent as service in WMI are TCP 135, 445 and one random port greater than 1024. The ports used in agent based scanning is TCP 9000. The service starts with the name ManageEngine AssetExplorer-RemoteControl.

**Note**  You can verify the installation of the agent by check the files under the directory C:ProgramFilesManageEngineAssetExplorer of the remote machine.

Installing ActiveX Viewer in the browser
On starting the service in the remote machine, the ActiveX viewer is installed in the client machine, which connects the remote machines as add on to the browser. In Firefox 2 browser, the viewer is installed each time the remote control button is selected.

Meeting
The Meeting is established between the remote machine and the client machine (this may or may not be server machine) from which you try to connect the remote machine. The port TCP/ 10443 should be opened in the firewall between the remote machine and the client machine for this communication.

Disconnect Remote Control
When you close the pop up window of Remote Control, the service running in the target computer will be stopped using WMI.
Remote control tools

This feature helps you employ different remote desktop software within AssetExplorer. By default, there are four remote control tools configured in the application. Out of the four, the Windows Remote Desktop tool is available by default on all the Windows machines while the Agent tool is available in the product, by default. The remaining remote control tools should be installed in the machine from which the remote control is initiated (client machine).

**NOTE:** Remote Control is performed from the machine you are currently accessing (client machine) and not from the AssetExplorer host server.

To configure the Remote Control Tools,

1. Click **Admin** tab in the header pane.
2. Click **Remote Control Tools** under **Discovery**.

Add a Remote Control Tool
You can integrate any number of remote control tools with AssetExplorer. In order to take the remote, the client machine must be Windows or MAC Operating System (OS).

**NOTE:** Each remote control tool has a set of commands to initiate the remote control process to the user machine. These commands differ for Windows and MAC OS. The commands for the Windows OS should be specified in the environment variable path, while the commands for MAC OS should be specified in the required path.

To add new Remote Control Tool,

1. Click the **Add New** link.
2. In the **Remote Control Tool** popup, enter the name of the remote control tool in the **Tool Name** field. For example: TeamViewer, LogMeIn. This field is mandatory.
3. Specify a brief **Description** about the remote control tool.
4. Enter the command to initiate the remote control process beside the OS of the client machine. The command will run in the client machine using the Java applet. Refer the prerequisites to know how to enable the Java plugin for Windows and MAC OS.
NOTE: The command is different for each OS. Make sure you have entered the right command beside the OS.

1. Enable the check box beside the OS of the user machine. For example: If the client machine is running on Windows and the user machine on MAC, then enter the remote control commands for Windows OS and enable the check box beside MAC.

   ![Remote Control Tool List](image)

   * Configure at least one command and select the OS details.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remote From</th>
<th>Command</th>
<th>To</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Windows</td>
<td>vncviewer $DEVICENAME</td>
<td>Windows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mac</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mac</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   Note: Specify device name as $DEVICENAME, username as $USERNAME, domain name as $DOMAINNAME and password as $PASSWORD in the command so that the values are replaced dynamically while performing remote desktop.

2. Click the Save button.

   The configured Remote Control tools are listed as options under the **Remote Control** drop down menu in the details page of a workstation/server. You can choose to perform remote control from any of the tools. Refer Remote Desktop Sharing via Agent to know more about performing remote control through the Agent.

   ![Remote Control Dropdown Menu](image)

   The Remote Control tool list depends on the OS on the client and user machine. If the OS is other than Windows or MAC, then the Remote Control option will not be available.
Edit a Remote Control Tool

1. From the Remote Control Tools List view page, click the **edit** icon beside the remote control tool to edit.
2. In the Remote Control Tool popup, you can modify the Tool Name, Description and the commands beside the OS.
3. Click the **Save** button.

Delete a Remote Control Tool

1. From the Remote Control Tools List view page, click the **delete** icon beside the remote control tool to delete.
2. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed. The remote control tool is deleted from the list.

Prerequisites to enable the Java plugin

**On Windows**

**Internet Explorer**

1. Click **Tools** -&gt; **Internet Options**.
2. Select the **Security** tab and select **Custom Level** button.
3. Scroll down to **Scripting of Java applets**.
4. Make sure the **Enable** radio button is selected.
5. Click **OK** to save your preference.

**Mozilla Firefox**

1. Start Mozilla Firefox or restart if it’s already running in the system.
2. In the **Menu** bar, select **Tools** -&gt; **Add-ons**.
3. In the Add-ons Manager window, select **Plugins**.
4. Click **Java (TM) Platform** plugin and select the **Enable** button beside it.

**Google Chrome**

1. Click the wrench icon and select **Settings**.
2. Scroll down and click **Show advanced settings**... link.
3. Under **Privacy**, click the **Content settings**... button.
4. Search for Plug-ins and select **Disable individual plug-ins**. link to check if Java is enabled.
5. Click the **Enable** link.

**NOTE:** If you find the Disable link, then Java is already enabled.

**On MAC**

Apple supplies its own version of Java. Use the Software Update feature (available on the Apple menu) to check if you have the most up-to-date version of Java. The Java plug-in is automatically enabled by
updating the software.
Web remote

Web remote is an inbuilt tool to facilitate remote sessions on client machines (Windows machines). You can use Web Remote from ServiceDesk Plus application with zero installation (Without Java, Flash, ActiveX, or other plugins) in the client’s machine. It will function as a separate service running on a default port 8083 which can be changed. Since it is a HTML5 browser based utility, remote to Windows machine can be performed from any OS/device. Web Remote also features the session capture and replay option.

**Note:** Web Remote feature is currently available for windows machines only, as it runs on windows desktop connection (mstsc.exe).

Quick Links

- Prerequisites for taking Web Remote sessions
- Enabling Web Remote and Configuring Web Remote Settings
- Initiating Web Remote sessions from Asset module
- Initiating Web Remote sessions from Requests module

**Prerequisites for taking Web Remote sessions**

- RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol) client service should be active in the client's machine.
- Make sure to keep the port number 3389 open as it is the default port on which the RDP runs.
- If the RDP runs on a different port, you can change it in the admin page.
- Enable remote connections on your machine by selecting "**Allow remote connections to this computer**" option under Control Panel >> All Control Panel Items >> System Properties >> Remote >> Remote Desktop.

**Enabling Web Remote and Configuring Web Remote Settings**

You can configure Web Remote settings or enable web remote functionality by accessing Admin >> Remote Control Tools >> Web Remote.

- Click on **Web Remote** to open up the settings page.
- Server Name will be auto populated. Hence it cannot be changed
- Enter a Server Port Number. By default the Server Port is set at 8083. This can be changed. If the given Server Port number is occupied while initiating Web Remote, the system will try to occupy the next 25 ports. If none of the ports are available then Web Remote won't function.
- You can choose whether to record your Web Remote sessions by enabling or disabling the "**Should record remote sessions**" option.
- Enter the Web RDP port number. It is set at 3389 by default.
- You can choose to clean up the recorded session videos after a particular time frame. Use the "**Clean up recorded video(s) older than-- days**" to set the time frame.

The recorded videos will be saved in the following path: `<AE_HOME>webremoterecordedfiles` directory.

**Note:** It is mandatory to restart your application after making any changes to Server Port or enabling/disabling "**Should record remote session**" option.
Click **Submit** to save the Web Remote Settings.

**Initiating Web Remote sessions from Asset module**

To take web remote sessions from the assets module,

- Click on the assets module.
- Click on Workstations under Assets > IT Assets from the left pane. Click on a particular workstation for which you want to take the remote session.
- Make sure to configure the remote control credential for the workstation.

- To configure the remote control credential, click on Change Credential and click on ![icon] and configure the credential.
Once you have configured the remote control credential for the particular workstation, click on Web RDP under Remote Control menu.

The Web Remote will be activated. The shortcut keys and the close session icon will be displayed on the top right corner of the screen.
Click on the keyboard icon to hide the short cut keys.

Click on the close icon to end the remote session.

**Note**: Entering a comment before taking a remote session is mandatory.

**Initiating Web Remote sessions from Requests module**

Web Remote sessions can be initiated from Request module as well. If a request has an associated asset, then web remote sessions can be initiated from the request details page itself.

Steps to initiate Web Remote sessions from Requests:

- Go to the Requests Module.
- Select a request that has an asset (workstation) associated to it.
- In the request details page, click on the remote icon and select Web RDP.

The web remote session will be initiated.

**Note**: Entering a comment before taking a remote session is mandatory.

**Web Remote History**

Remote session history of the workstation will be stored under the history tab. If the session was
recorded, then the video will be saved alongside.

- Click on the history tab in the assets details page.
- The series of remote history for the workstation will be shown.
- Click on Play Video to view the recorded sessions.

The session history will also be captured under the requests (If a request has a workstation association which involved in a web remote session) notes section.

**Limitations of Web Remote**

Following are the limitations of Web Remote functionality:

- Web Remote is not supported in Windows 10 machines.
- Web Remote won’t work if you have enabled Network Level Authentication for Remote desktop connection under Control Panel >> All Control Panel Items >> System Properties >> Remote >> Remote Desktop in your machine.

However these limitations will be fixed once we move to JRE1.8.
Remote Assistance

- Check box: Allow Remote Assistance connections to this computer

What happens when I enable Remote Assistance?

Remote Desktop

- Choose an option, and then specify who can connect.
  - Don't allow remote connections to this computer
  - Allow remote connections to this computer

- Uncheck: Allow connections only from computers running Remote Desktop with Network Level Authentication recommended

Help me choose

Select Users...
General settings

In General Settings, you can configure Invalid Service Tags, provide option for MAC address identification during scan, and for OIDs with unknown type; option to specify the product type and product name.

Configure Invalid Service Tags
While performing a scan, the Workstations and Servers are uniquely identified based on its Service Tags, Name and MAC address. So when the service tags are not incorrectly configured by the OEM, many machines would result in similar service tags. In such cases, if a scan is performed, one workstation details would be overwritten by the other. To avoid this, you can add the service tag under Invalid Service Tag list such that, the workstations with the service tag is ignored during a scan.

- Enable/Disable MAC address identification during scan
Machines connected through VPN or VMware have similar MAC address. So while performing a scan in similar network environment, one machine is overwritten by the other. Hence you can uniquely identify the MAC address by enabling/disabling the radio button.

- WMI timeout
By default, if the windows machine are scanned using WMI, the connection timeout is set to 2 minutes. If this checkbox is disabled, there will not be connection timeout.

- Scan software in Linux, Solaris and AIX machines
By enabling this checkbox, software details present in Linux, Solaris and AIX machines will be scanned while disabling will prevent scanning software in these machines.

- Disable Ping
By default, machines can be pinged despite any background process. Enable this checkbox, to prevent pinging during scan, remote control and AD user import.
• Schedule based Software Compliance Calculation

By enabling this checkbox, Software Compliance can be calculated by scheduling them at required time intervals. By default, the schedule is set to 30 minutes. If this checkbox is not enabled, then the Software Compliance will be calculated instantly with the scan process.

Note: During the scheduled calculation process, scan will not be performed.

OIDs with Unknown Type

While performing a scan, the routers, switches, printers and access point in the network generate an OID which uniquely denotes the assets. If the OID of the asset is not available in the database, a new entry is populated from where you can choose the product type and specify the product name.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OID</th>
<th>Identified In</th>
<th>Product Type</th>
<th>Product</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>.1.3</td>
<td>192.168.113.59</td>
<td>-- Select --</td>
<td>HP 3055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.1.3.6.1.4.1.311.1.1.3.1.2</td>
<td>192.168.113.64</td>
<td>-- Select --</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>.1.3.6.1.2.1.1.2</td>
<td>192.168.113.222</td>
<td>Printer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
'Script to Configure Scan Settings for ManageEngine ServiceDeskPlus (or) ManageEngine AssetExplorer

===================================================================================================

'WARNING:
'********
'  This script Edits Windows Registry to configure the Settings required for scanning through WMI
'  It is highly recomended to test the script in a Test Computer before rolling it across a Network

'Section 1: To Configure Basic Remote DCOM Settings

'===================================================================================================
'  a. ENABLE Remote DCOM
'  b. DCOM Authentication Level set as DEFAULT
'  c. DCOM Impersonation Level as IMPERSONATE
Set WSHShell = WScript.CreateObject("WScript.Shell")
'To Enable Remote DCOM in the computer
WSHShell.RegWrite "HKLMSOFTWAREMicrosoftOleEnableDCOM","Y","REG_SZ"
'To Enable Remote DCOM via HTTP in the computer
WSHShell.RegWrite "HKLMSOFTWAREMicrosoftOleEnableDCOMHTTP","Y","REG_SZ"
'To Set Authentication Leval as Default
WSHShell.RegWrite "HKLMSOFTWAREMicrosoftOleLegacyAuthenticationLevel",0,"REG_DWORD"
'To Set Impersonation level as Impersonate
WSHShell.RegWrite "HKLMSOFTWAREMicrosoftOleLegacyImpersonationLevel",3,"REG_DWORD"

'Section 2: To Configure Windows XP (SP2) Settings

'===================================================================================================
'  a. DISABLE Simple File Sharing
'  b. ENABLE RemoteAdmin in Firewall for Standard and Current Profile
'     (RemoteAdmin will take care of Ports required by WMI for scanning)

'To Configure Windows XP
Set objWMIService = GetObject("winmgmts:{impersonationLevel=impersonate}!\root\cimv2")
Set colServiceList = objWMIService.ExecQuery("Select * from Win32_OperatingSystem")
For Each objService in colServiceList
    osName = objService.Caption
Next
Set colServiceList = objWMIService.ExecQuery("Select * from Win32_Service where Name = 'SharedAccess'")
For Each objService in colServiceList
    State=objService.State
Next
'To configure only for Windows XP Workstations
if osName="Microsoft Windows XP Professional" Then
'To Disable Simple File Sharing Security
WshShell.RegWrite "HKLMSYSTEMCurrentControlSetControlLsaforceguest",0,"REG_DWORD"
if State="Running" Then
    'To Enable Remote Admin in Firewall
    Set objFirewall = CreateObject("HNetCfg.FwMgr")
    'For Current Profile
    Set objPolicy = objFirewall.LocalPolicy.CurrentProfile
    Set objAdminSettings = objPolicy.RemoteAdminSettings
    objAdminSettings.Enabled = TRUE

    'For Standard Profile
    set objPolicyStdProfile = objFirewall.LocalPolicy.GetProfileByType(1)
    Set objAdminSettingsStdProfile = objPolicy.RemoteAdminSettings
    objAdminSettingsStdProfile.Enabled = TRUE
end If
end If
Script to Configure Reply Ports For WMI

'=======================================
' Product: ManageEngine ServiceDeskPlus (or) ManageEngine AssetExplorer

'WARNING:
'********
' This script edits Windows Registry to configure the Settings needed for Scanning
' It is highly recommended to test the script in a Test Computer before rolling it across a Network

'NOTE:
'*****
' This segment defines the range of ports that will be set in the Registry.
' To Customize the range, configure the same below. However it is recommended to have minimum of 3
ports in the range.
startPort = 5000
endPort = 5002

'Other definitions used in the script.
Const HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE = &H80000002
strComputer = "."
strKeyPath = "SOFTWARE\Microsoft\RpcInternet"
strValueName1 = "Ports"
strValue = startPort & "-" & endPort
arrStringValues = Array(strValue)
strValueName2 = "PortsInternetAvailable"
strValueName3 = "UseInternetPorts"

'Connection to Local Registry
Set oReg=GetObject("winmgmts:{impersonationLevel=impersonate}!\" & strComputer & 
"root/default:StdRegProv")

'Creates the Registry Key "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINESOFTWARE\Microsoft\RpcInternet"
oReg.CreateKey HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE,strKeyPath

' Writes the Values in Registry ==> Ports: 5000-5002
oReg.SetMultiStringValue HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE,strKeyPath,strValueName1,arrStringValues

' Writes the Values in Registry ==> PortsInternetAvailable: Y
oReg.SetStringValue HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE,strKeyPath,strValueName2,"Y"
'Writes the Values in Registry ==> UseInternetPorts: Y
oReg.SetStringvalue HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE,strKeyPath,strValueName3,"Y"
Software Asset Management

Software applications have become crucial assets that play a vital role in the performance of a business. But tracking, organizing and maintaining the software information becomes a tough challenge if your organization does not follow effective strategy to reduce security risk and ensure license compliant. **Software Asset Management (SAM)** enables you to keep track of your software so that you know exactly what you have, where it is running and what you require. With SAM, you can reduce the cost and risk of software vendor audits, eliminate security threats caused by unauthorized software, minimize cost on unnecessary software and optimizes the use of existing software.

Software Asset Management in ServiceDesk Plus allows you to perform regular audits on workstations, track the usage frequency of the software, checks for software compliance through reports and audits, and eliminates the use of unauthorized software.
Scanned Software

Scanned software page displays the list of software(s) installed in the workstations associated with a given site. This information obtained during workstation scanning assists you in analyzing the software(s) being used in your organization and in turn helps you to monitor them effectively. Monitoring a software involves: viewing the software's usage (no. of installations a software has and the no. of users using it), viewing the licenses allocated to a software (for checking software compliance), changing a software's details as per your requirements (example: change a software to type 'prohibited' to prevent your organization users from using it) and more.

The actions which can be performed from this page are listed below:

- **Filter Software based on Sites**: Software list being displayed can be filtered based on the Sites available in your organization
- **Filter Software based on Manufacturer**: Software list being displayed can be filtered based on the Software Manufacturers as well
- **Filter Software based on Software Type**: Software list being displayed can be filtered based on the Software Types (Managed, Freeware, Shareware etc.,) as well
- **Filter Software based on Software Compliance**: Software list being displayed can be filtered based on the following license compliance types: under licensed, over licensed and compliant
- **Edit Software-related Details**: A software's details can be edited using Actions dropdown

**Calculate Software Compliance**: The Software Compliance Calculation, by default is done every 30 minutes. It can be scheduled at regular time intervals by enabling the 'Schedule based Software Compliance Calculation' checkbox available under Admin >> Discovery >> Scan settings. It can also be calculated instantly by clicking 'Calculate software compliance' option available under Scanned Software.

On clicking 'Calculate software compliance', a pop-up containing the list of software will be displayed. Select the required software whose compliance needs to be calculated immediately and click 'Calculate'. Note: Scan and Software compliance calculation will not be done at the same time.

You can change software's category, software's manufacturer, group software(s) belonging to same manufacturers (using software suites) and modify a software's CI Type using the Actions.
dropdown.

- **Change Software Category**: To change a software’s category

Select the Software from Software List View
Click Actions dropdown and Select Change Category
Choose Category as per requirements and
Click Save

- **Change Software Manufacturer**: To change a software’s manufacturer

Select the Software from Software List View
Click Actions dropdown and Select Change Manufacturer
Choose Manufacturer Click Save

- **Add Software to Suite**: To add a software to software suite

Select the Software from Software List View
Click Actions dropdown and Select Change Manufacturer
Click Add to suite --> Select Software Suite (from available options)
Click Add to suite

- **Modify Software’s CI Type**: 

Select the Software from Software List View
Click Actions dropdown and Select Modify CI Type
Choose the required CI Type and
Click Save

**Please note**: Every action stated under edit software related details can also be performed in bulk by selecting a group of software(s) and selecting the respective option from Actions dropdown.

- **Change Software Type**: To change Software Type

Select Software from Software List View
Click Change Software Type dropdown
Select Software Type
Okay the warning message

**Note**: Change Software Type too can be performed in bulk.

- **View Other Significant Software Related Details**: From Software List View Page (or) Software Summary Page you can also:

Check for the number of purchased licenses, allocated licenses, available licenses and the compliance type (that is, whether the software is over-licensed, under-licensed or complaint). This information is not just displayed as data but serve as links which direct you the to the respective software’s details page. You can also check for licenses Allocated to Downgrades from Software List View page.

Click Software’s Usage through Frequently Used, Rarely Used and Occasionally Used columns
Check for the number of Purchased CAL through Purchased CAL column for softwares using CAL licensing

**Note**: By default, column fields Frequently Used, Rarely Used, Occasionally Used and Purchased CAL will not be available and to include them you have to click the dropdown button - and then select the desired options - that appears when the pointer is onhover the various column headers.
Remember:
• Software(s) which failed workstation scan can be added manually by clicking **New dropdown --> Software.** View Add New Software for more details.
• You can also add Software Suites to group software(s) belonging to the same manufacturer. View Add New Software Suite for more details.
Adding Software

At times, the discovery processes available within ServiceDesk Plus may not detect some software applications.

To manually add these undetected software, go to Admin >> Assets >> Scanned Software

Click New, fill out the displayed form, and click Add.

Software Suite allows you to group multiple software applications.

Adding Software Suite

After scanning, software applications detected across workstations will be listed. Individual components of a software application may be listed in different workstations. You can group them under a common suite to set up suite licensing.

Suite licensing

Suite licensing allows you to easily track multiple components of a software suite, like Office 365, deployed on different workstations. You can do this by grouping the software suite components installed in different workstations under a common name and apply volume license to the same. You can thus avoid License Violation.

You can also use this when certain software and their versions (for example, Adobe) are detected as individual software.

Upgrade/Downgrade License

When the purchased license supports higher or lower versions of the software to be installed on the same workstation, you can mark those licenses as Upgrade or Downgrade license in ServiceDesk Plus.

To add a new software suite, go to Admin >> Assets >> Scanned Software.

Click New, select Software Suite, fill out the displayed form as discussed in the following table, and click Add.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field name</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Suite Name</td>
<td>Provide a unique name to the suite.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version</td>
<td>Enter a common version for all its software components.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Software Type: Select Managed Software (licensed software). Only this type software can be added.
Software Category: Select values from corresponding drop-downs.
Manufacturer:
CI Type:
Software Suite: Enable this option.
Description: Enter any additional information about the suite.
Suite Component Software: Select the components to be added. Make sure the component versions are identical.

Identify Suite Installations:
Automatically discover as suite installation: Specify the least number of selected components that must be present in a workstation for it to be discovered.
Manually choose suite installations: Workstations that have at least one suite component will be listed.
You can add suite in the software details page using **Software Suite** option.
Editing Software Details

To edit software related information like software type, software category, CI type etc., from software details page, do the following:

1. Select Software from Scanned Software page by clicking on it
2. The software details page of the selected software will open up
3. Click the Edit button [available besides Actions dropdown] of the software details page
4. Edit software details popup will open up as shown below

![Edit - Adobe Dreamweaver](image)

1. Edit details as per your requirements and click Save

**Note:**

- Software's Details can also be edited from software list view page by choosing the desired software --> clicking Actions dropdown --> and editing its details
- Software's Details can also be accessed from the software licenses page (by selecting the respective license --> and clicking on the software name from the license details page)
Viewing Software Details

The software details page gives you information related to the software by:

- **displaying the number of purchased license(s)** associated with the software
- **displaying the number of installations** of the software
- **displaying the number of users** using the software
- **displaying license agreement expiry details** (if the associated license is bound by a license agreement)

Software details page has 5 tabs with **software details tab** (selected by default) displaying vital information needed for monitoring the software like **Unlicensed Installations** and **License Agreement Expiry** and so on.

Other available tabs are listed below:

- **Licenses:** Here you can view license(s) associated with software along with various other details like licensing type, number of available licenses, total number of licenses and more depending the license chosen [see: **License Types**]. You can also add/delete new licenses and allocate these licenses to unlicensed workstations from this page by clicking **Actions** dropdown and --> selecting **New --> Standard/Upgrade** License.[for more information on adding licenses, see: **Adding Software License**]
- **Installations:** This tab lists workstations which have been installed with the software. Information like total number of installations, number of licensed and unlicensed installations can also be viewed from this page and the licenses can be allocated accordingly [ see **Allocating Licenses** ]. You can also add more instances of the software [that is, add more installations] by clicking on **Add Software Installations** button. It is also possible for you to **send mails** [to the users of the software] regarding the software installation and can also **deallocate licenses** [from the licensed installations] from this tab.
- **Users:** This tab lists users associated with workstations that have been installed with the software. This list can be filtered based on **licensed users** as well as **unlicensed users**. Here too you are provided with the option of allocating license [see **Allocating License**] and sending emails to the users of the software.
- **History:** This tab records the software's history and provides you with information like the day/time period within which: a **set of software installations/uninstallations** happened using which you can analyze the software's usage.
| NOTE | • Software Details can be filtered as per the Sites available in your organization.  
|       | • Suite Software will be represented by Suite Icon in the list view page, which when clicked will display the software(s) available in the suite. |
Allocate License [from Software Details Page]

You can allocate licenses to the unlicensed software installations from **Installations tab** (or) **Licenses tab** of the Software Details page as follows:

- From Installations tab [or]
- From Licenses tab [or]
- From Users tab

From Installations tab
Software details page will display the number of unlicensed installations (if any) which when clicked will lead you to Installations tab from where you can allocate the available license by doing the following:

1. Click Allocate License button
2. Select the license which you wish to allocate to the software
3. Click Allocate License button

From Licenses tab
You can also allocate licenses to the unlicensed software installations (if any) from the licenses tab by doing the following:

1. Click Allocate Licenses button
2. Select **Allocate license if license key matches** (or) **Allocate license based on license availability** based on your requirements
3. Click Allocate License button

From Users tab
You can also allocate licenses to the unlicensed users (if any) from the users tab by doing the following:

1. Click All Users dropdown and select Unlicensed Users
2. Select the listed unlicensed users and
3. Click Allocate License button

**Note:**
- Software Licenses can also be allocated (as well as added) from the respective software's license details page
Create Software Suite [from Software Details page]

You can also create software suite from within a software details page [apart from using New --› Software Suite option from Scanned Software page] in order to group softwares belonging to the same manufacturer by following the steps mentioned below:

- Select softwares which will be a part of the software suite
- Click Add
Add Software Installations

To add instances of the software installation to various workstations being included in your organization, follow the steps mentioned below:

- **Select workstations** which are to be installed with the software
- **Click Add**

  **Note:**
  - Software Installations can also be added from **Installations tab** using **Add Software(s) Installations** button
E-mail Users

To send software-related notifications to users, follow the steps mentioned below:

1. Click **Actions** dropdown and select **E-mail Users** option
2. Specify **e-mail address, subject and description** for the mail as shown below
3. Click **Send**

**Note:**
- Software-related mail can also be sent from **Users** tab as well as **Installation** tab using the respective **Send Mail** buttons
Delete Software

Do the following to delete a software from Software List View page (Scanned Software page):

1. Select **Software** from the **Software List View** page
2. Click the Delete button.
3. Okay the warning message
4. Software will get deleted from the list
Software Summary

ServiceDesk Plus scans your network and automatically discovers all software available in the workstations. From the Software Dashboard, Asset Managers can

- Group the software according to the Manufacturers and the Site in which they are associated.
- Easily ensure compliance by keeping a check on the list of compliant, under licensed and over licensed software.
- Facilitate easy access to view the total number of software that are unused, rarely used, managed, prohibited and unidentified for the selected Manufacturer and Site.
- View the number of expired license agreement, agreement to be expired in the next 7 days and agreement to expire in the next 30 days.
- Software Metering - tracks the usage of software in each workstation.

![Software Dashboard](image-url)
License Agreement

Software License Agreement is a contract between the software vendor and the purchaser. Software companies often make special contracts, such as contract for support and warranty with large businesses. Also, the license agreement consists of the acquisition date, expiry date, terms and conditions on how to implement the software in the organization. These documents are called as the End User License Agreement (EULA).

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides an option to maintain the license agreements in the database by adding the license agreement in the application. Also you can associate the license agreement with the software licenses.

Add New License Agreements

- Click Assets -> License Agreement under Assets block. The available license agreement is listed.
- Click Add New button.
- Select the Manufacturer of the software for which the license agreement is created from the drop down.
- If the manufacturer is unavailable in the list, select the add new icon. Enter the Manufacturer and Description in the pop up.

- Specify the Agreement Number and Authorization Number. The Agreement Number is a mandatory.
- Select the Acquisition Date and Expiry Date of the software using the calendar icon.
- Select the Vendor from whom the software was purchased from the drop down. If the vendor detail is unavailable in the list, select the Add New icon and enter the Vendor Name, Description and name
of the Contact Person.

- Specify the Description and Terms for the license agreement.
- If required, you can also attach relevant documents to the agreement. Click Attach File button. Browse through the file and click Attach file.
- You can add additional license agreement fields directly from this form by clicking Add More Fields.
- You can choose the type from Single-line, multi-line, pick list, numeric and date/time fields. Enter the Label and Default Value (for single-line and multi-line) to be displayed in the form.
- Specify the Purchase and Invoice Details such as, Purchase Order Number, Purchase Order Name, the date of purchase of the software in the respective fields.
- Also, enter the Invoice Number, Invoice Date from the calendar icon and the Total Cost of the software.
- You can either associate the license with an existing software license (provided there are unassociated license available for the selected manufacturer) or add a new software license and associate the agreement.
- Associate existing license to agreement
  - Click Associate to Existing License button.
  - From the Associate Existing License pop up window, choose the Site and Software from the filter drop down.
  - Enable the check box beside the license to be associated with the license agreement.
  - Click Associate to agreement button. The selected licenses is associated and listed below the Purchase Software License block.

- Add New License and Associate
  - You can instantly add a software license and associate it to the license agreement.
    - Click Add New License and associate button.
    - From the pop up window, select the Software, License Type, License Options, Installations Allowed, License Key and the Cost ($) from the drop down. The License Type, License Options and Installations Allowed are mandatory fields.
    - You can add licenses for other software by clicking the Add icon and repeat the steps as above.
    - Click Associate to agreement button. The license is associated and listed below the Purchase Software License block.

- You can notify users before the license agreement expires by selecting the users to be notified from the Users List. Click >> button to move the selected user to Notified User List block.
• Select the Days before which the selected users should be notified of the license agreement expiry. If you have selected the users to be notified of the license expiry then this field is mandatory.
• Click Save.

Note:
• License Agreements can also be added from the respective software's details page by clicking on **Actions dropdown** and selecting **Add License Agreement** option
Edit and Delete License Agreement

You can modify and delete the existing license agreement from the application.

Edit License Agreement

1. Select Assets tab -> License Agreement under Assets block. The list of available license agreement is displayed.
2. Select the Agreement Number to be edited.
3. From the License Agreement details page, click Actions -> Edit Agreement option.

   The Edit License Agreement form appears with details populated while creating the license agreement. The Manufacturer field is non-editable.
4. Modify the details and Save the changes.

Delete License Agreement

1. Select Software -> License Agreement under Assets block. The list of available license agreement is displayed.
2. Enable the check box beside the Agreement Number to be deleted.
3. Click the Delete button. The agreement is deleted from the list.
Print the License Agreement

You can preview and print the entire license agreement details using Print Preview option.

To print the license agreement,

1. Click Assets tab -> License Agreement under Assets block. The list of available license agreement is displayed.
2. Select the Agreement Number link of the license agreement to print.
3. From the License Agreement details page, click Actions -> Print Preview option. The license agreement details appear in a printable form in a pop up window.
4. Click CTRL + p keys to print the contract details.
5. Set the required options and click OK.
Software License

ServiceDesk Plus helps you to manage software licenses installed across the enterprise. You can consolidate and manage all your software licenses from a single screen. You can key-in all the licenses purchased earlier and track future purchase of software licenses through the Purchase module.

Software License can be added in the following ways:

- By accessing **Quick Actions** menu --> and selecting **Software Licenses**
- By accessing **Assets** module --> and selecting **Software Licenses**

A software license can be:

- **Upgraded** so that the latest version of the software can be run using the same license
- **Downgraded** so that the prior versions of the software can be run using the same license

Sections listed below will help you understand software licenses better:

- Adding Software License
- Allocating Software License
- Upgrading Software License
- Downgrading Software License
- Deleting Software License
Add Software License

1. Click Add New drop-down --> and select **Standard License**
2. **Add Software License** form opens up. Fill in the required details as specified below
3. **Select Manufacturer** of the software
4. Select the **Managed Software from the drop-down** for which the license is to be provided [in case the software is in **Unmanaged Category**, it can be **Changed as Managed** by clicking on ✡ icon]
5. Select **License Type** (trial license, enterprise license, client access license etc.,) from the available list [OR] add new license type using the **Add New License Type** icon and fill in the details accordingly [default license types and their respective details]
6. Select **Vendor Name** from the available list [OR] if vendor has to be added newly in the application, then use on **Add New Vendor** icon
7. Select the date of purchase of the software license from the calendar button in Acquisition Date field.
8. Select the Expiry Date of the software license from the calendar icon.
9. Specify the cost of the software license in Purchase Cost field.
10. Select the department for which the software was purchased in Purchased for drop-down list.
11. If you have configured Sites, select the site name to which the software license belongs, from **Allocated to Site** drop down.
12. Provide suitable **description** for the license
13. Click **Save** button

| NOT | • Please remember that the license being added can also be provided with downgrade/upgrade rights [see downgrade license as well as upgrade license for more information]  
|     | • Also remember that you can add license to a software and upgrade the same from its details page by clicking **Actions** dropdown --> **Add Software License** --> selecting **Standard License** (or) **Upgrade License** option and specifying the necessary details accordingly. |

License types and their respective details

1. **Individual Licenses or OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturers) Licenses**
   - Select the License Option as either Full Package Product (FPP) or Others from the drop down.  
   - Enter the License Key (s) for the software in the given text box. The license keys values should be in comma-separated values format. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.  
   - Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.

2. **Volume License/Trial License**
   - Mention the Number of licenses required for the selected product.  
   - Specify the number of Installations allowed per license.  
   - Specify the License Keys in the given text field. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.  
   - Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.

3. **Enterprise License (Perpetual and Subscription)**
   - Mention the Number of licenses required for the selected product.  
   - Specify the number of Installations allowed per license.  
   - Specify the License Keys in the given text field. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.
Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.

4. Client Access License (CAL)

The Client Access License consists of the following License Options,

- Per Seat-Device/ Per Seat-User: License given to each unique user/device to avail the server software product. The number of CALs is equal to the number of devices/users accessing the server software.
- Per Server: License given to each server. The number of devices accessing the server simultaneously is limited and is primarily recommended for servers that require limited access.
- Per Processor: Connect unlimited users/workstations to the server product.
- Per Mailbox: License for each mailbox using Exchange Server.

Select the License Option from the combo box.

If **Per Seat-Device** is selected, then the following details should be provided:

- Enter the required Number of CALs.
- Specify the License Keys in the given text field. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.
- If there is any additional information required, then the same can be specified under Additional Information block.
- You can select the workstations that can access the software from Choose CAL Installation block.

Select the workstation by either choosing the client software from Filter by or from Departments drop down. You can also search for the workstation on entering the name in Search field and selecting Go button. The list of server/workstations is displayed. Select the workstations. Click >> button to move to CAL Installation box.

Note: The number of workstations selected should be lesser than or equal to the specified number of CALs.

- Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.

If **Per Server** is selected, then the following details should be provided:

- Specify the details similar as in Per-Device.
- Associate the specified number of CALs to the server selected from Associate to Server drop-down list.
- Save the details. The license gets listed on the software license list view page.

If **Per-Processor** is selected, then the following details should be provided:

- Specify the Number of Processor(s) that supports the ability to connect unlimited users/workstations in the given field. Since unlimited users/workstations can connect to the server software product the CAL Installation block is not available.
- Specify the details as configured above.
- Save the details. The license is listed in software license list view page.

5. Named User License/Concurrent User License

- Select License Option as either Full Package Product (FPP) or Others from the drop down
• Specify no. of users allowed (for **Concurrent User License** only)
• Specify License Keys in the given text field. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.
• Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.

6. **Node Locked User License**

• Select License Option as either Full Package Product (FPP) or Others from the drop down
• Specify workstation configurations Host ID and Operating System (OS)
• Specify License Keys in the given text field. Say XBVJD, YCCYR, 7DF28, JH2PX, MYT7M.
• Save the details. The license is listed in the software license list view page.
Downgrade Software License

You can also provide downgrade rights to a software license so that the same license can be used for licensing: prior versions of the software being added (or) other software(s) belonging to the same suite. **Follow the steps mentioned below to provide downgrade rights to a software license.**

**Note:** Steps have been written assuming you’ve filled the software license form [see: creating software license to understand how a license form is filled] and are about to provide the license with downgrade rights.

Under **Downgrade Rights** section:

1. **Select Software** [prior version of the software being added (or) other software(s) belonging to the same manufacturer] from dropdown
2. Provide **License Key** and click **Add** button
3. **Save** the license

**Note:**
- Multiple software(s) (belonging to the same manufacturer) too can be bound by a single software license with downgrade rights
- Downgrade rights can be provided to software licenses not only when they are being added but also while editing them [see editing software license for more details]

Upgrade Software License

You can also update an existing software license so that it runs the latest version of the licensed software. **Follow the steps mentioned below to upgrade a software license.**

1. Click **Add New** dropdown --> and select **Upgrade License** option
2. **Add Upgrade License** page opens up
3. **Select Software License** which is to be updated using **Upgrade From** dropdown
4. **Select Software License** using which the existing Software License will be updated from the
Upgrade To dropdown
5. Upload the existing purchased license using upload purchased license icon.

6. Specify License Key and provide Vendor Name
7. Specify the license purchase cost
8. Provide description specifying reason behind license upgrade
9. Click Save

Note:
• Software license being upgraded will be converted into a downgrade license
View Software License

Software license details page (which opens when the respective **License** is clicked from **Software Licenses list view**) contains:

- **License related information** like license type, license key, license acquisition and expiry date
- **List of workstations** associated with the license
- **Allocate License** and **Deallocate License buttons** that let you allocate/deallocate licenses respectively [see allocating and deallocating license]
- **Edit button** which lets you to edit the license related details [see editing licenses]
- **Actions dropdown** which let you attach license related documents [see attaching documents]

To view **software license** details,

1. Select **Software License** (example: license for Microsoft Office Standard 2007 etc.,) from **Software Licenses list view** by clicking on it
2. Software Details page which opens up will contain **2 different tabs**: **License Info** (selected by default) and **Contracts License Info**: this tab displays all the license related info and various actions like license allocation/deallocation, editing license related details and attaching license-related documents can be performed here **Contracts**: this tab displays contracts associated with the software. These are contracts added using Contracts tab. [see adding contracts for more details]

Software License Details Page
Allocating Software License

In case there are any unlicensed installations (workstations) available, the same can be licensed from the software license details page itself by doing the following:

1. Click Allocate License button available at the right hand side of the Software License Details page [see image above]
2. Allocate licenses to unlicensed installations popup opens up listing all the unlicensed workstations
3. Select workstations and click Allocate License button
4. License will be allocated to the workstations

Deallocating Software License

You can also deallocate license associated with workstations by doing the following:

1. Select workstations from the list of licensed workstations (available at the bottom of the page)
2. Click Deallocate License button
3. Okay the warning message
4. License will be removed from the selected workstations
Edit Software License

1. Select **Software License** from **Software Licenses list view** page
2. Click **Edit** button (available besides **Actions dropdown** at the **top right corner** of license details page)
3. **Modify license details** as per your requirements
4. Click **Save** button

**Note:**
- **Software License** can also be accessed from the respective **software details page** (by clicking **license tab** --> and selecting the **respective license**)

Delete Software License

1. Select **Software License** from **Software Licenses list view** page

Click **Delete** button (available at the **top** of **Software Licenses** list view page)
**Note:**

- Make sure the license you are about to delete is no longer associated with any workstation because license(s) in use can be deleted only after they are dissociated from the respective workstations.
Attach Documents

To attach software license related documents,

1. Select the respective **Software License**
2. **Software License Details page** will be displayed
3. Click Actions dropdown (available close to **Edit** button at the **top right corner**)
4. Select **Attach Documents** option
5. Select **Attachment** and click **Attach file** button
6. The attachment will get uploaded and will be available under **Attached Documents** section (available below the **licensed list of workstations**)

**Note:** The maximum size of the attached file can be **10 MB**.
Service Packs

ServiceDesk Plus helps in tracking all the service packs such as, hotfix, security update, installer etc on scanning the workstations.

To view the Service Pack details,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the assets home page.
2. Click Software title under Assets block. Click Service Packs link. This opens the service packs list view page.
3. Click the service pack name to view the service pack details. This opens the service pack details page.

In the service pack details page, you get the complete details about the service pack with number of installations and installation without service packs. It also provides information on the number of software the service pack applies to.

Example: If the service pack Security Update for Windows XP is applicable for Microsoft Windows XP Professional and Microsoft Windows 2000 Professional then this software list would be displayed before the service pack installations list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Pack</th>
<th>KB896358</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Security Update for Windows XP (KB896358)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installations</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Under this block you get the list of all service pack installations with the Workstation name, User name, Installed On and Installed By details.

Software Installations without Service Packs

Under this block you get the list of all software installations without the service packs with the Workstation name, User name, Software and Usage details.
Edit and Delete Service Packs

ServiceDesk Plus gives you an option to modify and delete the existing Service Packs.

Edit Service Packs

1. Click Software title -> Service Packs link under Assets block. The service pack list view page opens.
2. Select the Service Pack name to be edited from the list.
3. From the Service Pack details page, click the Edit button. This opens the Edit Service Pack page.

![Edit Service Pack Page](image)

Modify the Service Pack Name, Type and Description of the service pack. Also, you can add software or service packs to the existing service pack list. To add to the list, select from the available list of software and move to the selected software using >> buttons.

4. Save the changes.

Delete Service Packs

1. Click Software title -> Service Packs link under Assets block. The service pack list view page opens.
2. Enable the check box beside the Service Packs to be deleted from the list.
3. Click Delete button. A confirmation message appears.
4. Click OK to continue. The Service Pack is deleted from the list.
Change Software Category

Using this option, you can change the existing category of the software. Say, from Graphics software to Multimedia software so on.

1. Click the Software -> Scanned Software under Assets block. All the scanned software is listed.
2. Enable the check box beside the software to change the software category.
3. Click Actions drop-down menu and select Change Category option. The Change Software Category to dialog box pops up.
4. Select the software category from the list, say Accounting, Development.
5. Save the changes. The category for the selected software is changed.
Change Software Type

Using this option, you can change the existing type of the software, say, from Shareware to Managed. You can change the software type either from the software list view page or from the software details page.

Change Software Type from Software List View
From the software list view page, you can change the software type for bulk software instantly and with ease.

1. Select Software -> Scanned Software link from the Assets block. All the scanned software is listed.
2. Enable the check box beside the software to change the software type.
3. Choose the Software Type from the drop down and click Move button. The software type for the selected software is changed.

![Change Software Type from Software List View]

Change Software Type from the Software Details page
Change the software type for individual software using this option,

1. From the Software list view page, select the software name. The software details page opens.
2. Click the Actions tab -> Change software type option. The change software type window pops up.
3. Select any one of the listed software type. Say Managed.
4. Click Change button to change the software type. The software type changes to managed in the software details page.
Move Software

Using this option you can change the current software type. Ex: If the current software type is Excluded then you can move the type to Managed.

To change Software Type,

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane. This opens the Assets home page
2. Click Software title under **Assets** block. Click the Scanned Software link. This opens the software list view page.
3. Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Viewing combo box. By default the list of All Softwares will be listed.
4. Select the respective Move To software filter option from the combo box. Select the software to be moved from the list by enabling the check box.
5. Click Move button to move the selected software to the specified category.

[OR]

1. From the Software list view page, click the software name to change software type. This opens the Software details page.
2. Click the Actions tab and select Change Software type option from the list.
3. Select the Software type from the list and click Change button to change the software type.

Alternatively, you also have an option to change the software type by clicking the **Change** link in the Software details page.
Associate Software Minor Versions

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus allows you to group minor versions of the software under major version.

For e.g. a company buys AdobePhotoshop 7.0 with 4 licenses. The license is applicable for both 7.1 and 7.2 versions and vice versa. In this case 7.0 is the major version and 7.1 and 7.2 are the minor versions. The licenses purchased are the same for all the three versions.

If AdobePhotoshop 7.0 is installed in two different machines and 7.1 & 7.2 is installed in other two different machines. On scanning for Adobe Photoshop software before grouping, the ServiceDesk Plus shows the list as different single entries. The purchased licenses for the software would be as '4' for the version 7.0 and '0' purchases for other versions (7.1 & 7.2).

Using associate minor versions option you can group 7.1 & 7.2 minor versions under 7.0 major version. This shows the software list to be a single entry with the number of purchased licenses and installations. Thus helps you in avoiding individual entry for each version of the software. And also helps in easier management of the installed software for the asset manager.

1. Click the Assets tab in the header pane to open assets home page.
2. Click Software title under Assets block. Click Scanned Software link.
3. From the software list view page, click the software name to open the software details page.
4. Click the Actions tab -> select Associate Minor Versions option. The Associate minor versions page opens.
5. Select the managed software (licensed) to be grouped of minor versions from the list. Click >> button to move the selected managed software to the Version Group list. By moving the selected managed software under Version Group, all the minor versions will be associated with the major version.
6. Click Save button. You can see all the added minor versions getting displayed in the software details page under the title Software - All Versions.
Barcode: Purpose and Introduction

Consider a scenario when a new set of assets are purchased to a company. The asset details need to be updated in the ServiceDesk Plus application, which can be done through several ways such as manually adding the assets through add asset page, or through scanning/CSV import, or through API. All of which can be done only when the assets are established/installed/named in the environment. With the introduction of the Barcode feature you can now add the newly procured asset details to the ServiceDesk Plus application by scanning the vendor barcodes or by generating new barcodes and associating them with the assets so that one can track the assets right after they enter the environment.

Quick Links: Barcode Generation

- Adding new assets using vendor's barcode(s).
- Adding new assets by generating own barcode(s).
- Barcode generation for existing assets.

Additional Information

- Avoiding reconciliation during asset inventory.
- History.
- Label property, printer and browser configurations.

Accessing the Barcode feature

The Barcode feature can be found in the left side column of the Assets module. To access Barcode feature,

- Login to Servicedesk Plus.
- Click on the Assets module.
- Find Barcode in the left side column.
Barcode Generation for New and Existing Assets

Barcode generation for existing and new assets can be performed here. The barcodes generated would be of Code 128 symbology.

**WORKFLOW**

1. Procured new assets
2. Scan vendor assigned barcode(s) to assets
3. Add assets with scanned barcode(s)
Barcode Main Page

Adding new assets by using the Vendor's Barcode(s)

Various Assets such as workstations, routers, printers etc can be added to the ServiceDesk Plus by scanning the vendor's barcode(s) that come along with the assets.

For eg, You can add assets by scanning the Service Tag barcodes that come along with dell laptops.

To add assets by scanning the Vendor's barcode,

- Click on the **barcode generation** under the **Barcode**.

- Click inside the "Scan Your Asset Barcode" field and start scanning your asset's vendor barcodes.
- The Barcodes of the scanned assets will be listed.
- Choose a Product Type and the Product.

- Click on the **icon to add new Product**.
- Select Site to associate the scanned assets.
- Enter the Location of the asset.
- Type in the comments and click "Add Assets".
| Note | • The scanned barcode will be saved as the asset's name. |
Adding new assets by generating your own barcode(s).

Assets can be added by generating custom barcodes as well. Use this to generate your own barcodes(s) for the assets you are adding.

To add assets by generating your own barcode(s),

- Click on **Barcode Generation** under the **Barcode**.

- Click on ["Add new assets by generating your own barcode"] icon. It will take you to a new page.

Select the Product type and the Product.

- Click on the icon to add new Product.
- Select the Site to be associated with the asset.
• Enter the Location.
• Choose a Barcode Generation Method.

Barcode Generation Methods
The barcodes can be generated either **Sequentially** or **Manually**.

**Sequential Method**
Select the Sequential Method to generate barcodes sequentially by giving a "Starting From" value and the assets count.

**For eg**, Say if you have 25 new Laptops and need barcodes from the number 150, then enter the "Starting From" value as **150** and the count as **25**. Enter the Prefix and Suffix to be added with the barcode for eg. Prefix as LAP and Suffix as CA. The generated Barcode will be as follows LAP150CA, LAP151CA..LAP174CA.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
<th>• The count will be automatically incremented based on the product type selected. <strong>For eg</strong>, if you have added 25 workstations from the count 1, the next time you add workstation the count will start from 26.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

To generate barcode sequentially,

• Select **Sequential** in the Barcode generation method.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Generation Method</th>
<th>Sequential</th>
<th>Manual</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

• Add Product Type and Product. Click on icon to add product details.
• Enter the "Prefix" and "Suffix".
• Enter the “Starting From” value and the assets count.
Manual Method

To generate barcodes manually,

- Select **Manual** in the Barcode generation method.
- Enter the Barcodes manually (Use commas to separate the barcodes).
- Enter comments if needed and click **Generate barcodes and add assets**.
- Barcodes will be generated and the Assets will be added successfully.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
<th>• To know more about configuring Label Property, Printer and Browser settings Click Here.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Barcode Generation for existing Assets.

This option can be used to generate barcodes for existing assets.

**Usage Tip:** Before generating the barcode for existing assets, make sure the assets do not have any values assigned to them in the barcode field.

To generate Barcode for existing assets,

- Click on **Barcode generation** under the **Barcode**.
- Click on [Barcode generation for existing assets] icon. You will be taken to a new page.
  - Select the Product type and the site associated to those assets.
  - Select the Generation method (Sequential/Using Asset Data).

**Sequential Method**

Use this method to generate barcodes sequentially by giving a "Starting From" value and the assets count.

For eg, Say if you have 25 new Laptops and need barcodes from the number 150, Enter the Starting From value as **150** and the count as **25**. Enter the Prefix and Suffix to be added with the barcode for eg. Prefix as LAP and Suffix as CA. The generated Barcode will be as follows LAP150CA, LAP151CA..LAP174CA.

| Note | • The count will be automatically incremented based on the product type selected. For eg, if you have added 25 workstations from the count 1, the next time you add workstation the count will start from 26. |

- Enter the "Prefix", "Suffix" and the "Starting From" value and the count of the assets.
- Enter comments if any and click on **Generate barcodes and associate to assets**.
Generating Barcode Using Asset Data

Use this method when you are using the Service tag/Serial number as the barcode value.

- Select the Mapping Field and choose value such as service tag, asset tag, service number etc.
- The selected Mapping Field value will be saved as the barcode for that asset.
- Enter Comments if any and click on **Generate barcodes and associate to assets**.
1. Generate barcodes and associate to assets

- **Product Type**: Workstation
- **Site**: Not associated to any site
- **Generation Method**: Sequential

   This option is useful if value in some other asset field has to be used as barcode value for eg: service tag or serial number. When the mapping field is chosen and the form is submitted, the value in the mapping field will saved as barcode value for that asset.

   - **Mapping Field**: Service Tag
   - **Comments**

   ![Generate barcodes and associate to assets](image)

2. Barcode Association status

   - Barcode(s) associated to assets
   - [Continue to print](#)
   - [Print later](#)

- Once the barcodes are generated and the associated to the assets, Click on Continue to print.
- Select an existing label property or add a new one by clicking on the + icon.
- Click on **Print**.
- **Download** the Mapping document which maps the barcodes with the assets.
### Note

- Use **Print later** to print the barcodes later. You can find the unprinted barcodes under the **Unprinted Barcodes** section in the **Print barcodes menu**.
- Use **Test Print** to print the first row of the barcode label.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Asset</th>
<th>Barcode</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Owner</th>
<th>Contact</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>martin-0345</td>
<td>LAP00X8NY</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Chris Martin</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Avoiding Reconciliation during asset inventory.

The IT assets added with (scanned/generated) barcode(s) have barcode(s) as their name. These assets are given a new name while they are put into use in the network. When these assets are scanned for inventory, they are detected by their new names and added resulting in duplication of assets. These assets have to reconciled from the list view later. Please follow the below steps to avoid such manual reconciliations.

- Before putting a device to use, search for the device in AE/SDP.
- From the details page of that asset, click on "Edit".
- Edit the name field from barcode value to DNS name (for eg: from LAP000101 to mark.abc.com).
- Then scan the device for inventory. Now the name obtained through scan and the device in AE/SDP would match avoiding any reconciliation.
History

History option lets you to view the barcode generation history for the assets. The barcodes can be searched by using the filters such as Sites, barcodes, technician name and the product type.

To access the History,

- Click on History under **Barcode**.
Print Barcodes

This option can be used to just print barcodes. Both manual and sequential methods can be used to generate barcodes. Use this to print barcodes that are already existing but are worn out or faded. Unprinted barcodes can also be found here and printed.

To use this options,

- Click on Print Barcodes under the Barcode Menu.
- Select the method for barcode generation (Manual/Sequential).
- Select a label property or add a new one.
- Click on Print.
- Click on Unprinted Barcodes to find Unprinted barcodes (Barcodes which were saved as "Print later" can be found here).

Note

• To know more about configuring Label Property, Printer and Browser settings Click Here.
Label Property Settings and Browser Configurations.

Contents

- Configuring Label Property.
- Printer and Browser Configuration.

Choosing/Configuring Label Property for the barcode printing.

- Click on + icon to add label property.
- Enter the Label Property details in the new window.
- Enter Property Name, Description, the Label Size in inch, Printer Resolution, No of labels per row and the gap between Labels(mm).
- Select Site to associate the property.
Click on **Save Property**.
Select the label property you just added.

- The label preview will be displayed.
Note

- Due to some third party browser restrictions and for better clarity in the printed labels, it is recommended to limit the characters in the barcode to 8-10 while printing on an 1 inch label.
- The label property is site specific and can be accessed by technicians only from that site.
- Please note that only Code 128 symbology is supported.

Printer Settings and Browser configurations for Barcode Generation

Browser Settings:
Step 1: Navigate to File menu --> Page setup --> Margins and Headers/Footers.

Step 2: Change the Top, Left, Right and the Bottom Margins to 0.0.

Step 3: Change all the Headers and Footer to "--blank--".

Printer Settings:
Step 1: Navigate to Control Panel --> Hardware and Sound --> Devices and Printers --> Right click on barcode label printer --> Printing preferences --> Set height as label height.

Step 2: Navigate to Control Panel --> Hardware and Sound --> Devices and Printers --> Right click on barcode label printer --> Printer properties --> Printer Settings --> Choose Always use drivers settings
under Override Application Default Settings section.
The Purchase module streamlines the procurement of required components and allows you to add them as unassigned assets. The Purchase module is tightly integrated with the Inventory. You can configure the vendor-related information and the products supplied by those vendors and their price quotes in ServiceDesk Plus. This information helps in making the choice of vendors while generating the Purchase Order (PO) by comparing the pricing of each vendor. The purchase process starts with a purchase request and is completed when the requested component or item has been purchased and reaches the requester of the purchase request. Below is the workflow that details the various steps involved in a purchase process.

To reach the purchase module, log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password and click the Purchase tab in the header pane.
Create New Purchase Order

To create a new purchase order,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane. This opens the purchase order list view page.
3. Click the **New Purchase Order** button available in the Purchase Order block. (OR)
   
   Click Quick Actions drop-down menu --> click Purchase Order option under Create New option. This opens the Add Purchase Order form. By default, the status of the Purchase Order while adding will be New PO, after which the status changes to Open.
4. Specify the Order No in the given field. For ex: 140. This is mandatory field.
5. Enter the PO Name say, Purchase of monitors, and select the Required By Date from the calendar. The PO name in mandatory field.
6. Select the Vendor Name from the combo box. This is mandatory field. If the specified vendor name is not available in the list, click Add New link adjacent to the Vendor field and specify the vendor details like Name, Contact Information and Contact Person of the vendor. Click Save button to save the details.
7. Select the Shipping and Billing Address from the combo box. You can also add the shipping and billing address by clicking the Add New link. Enter relevant details in the pop up window.
8. On selecting the Vendor, the corresponding Product Type and Products, Currency (used by the vendor) and its **Exchange Rate** will be populated in the respective combo boxes. Select the **Product type** and the **Products**, the items gets listed one below the other along with the price details. **Exchange Rate** (for the currency) will be listed in case the currency being used by the vendor is not the base currency (domestic currency used by your organization). You can also add new product to the specified vendor by invoking the icon beside the product combo box. This opens the Products Details pop up window. Specify the Product Name and the Product Type of the item which are mandatory fields. Specify the Part No and the Price of the item in the given fields. Click Save, the item gets added to the list.
9. By default, the check box beside the item will be enabled. Specify the price of the item if it is not mentioned and the quantity of items to be ordered in the text box. The cost calculations of the item changes accordingly to the number of items purchased.
10. Under the general information block, select the Cost Center and the GL Code from the combo box. By default, the Requested By will be the name of the technician creating the PO. The Created Date and the Owner is in non-editable text.
11. Enter the description for the PO or any other information that you wish to add in the Remarks field.
12. If there are any specific terms associated with the PO, enter the same in the Terms field.
13. If you would like to attach a file then click Attach file button.
14. Select the Approvers of the purchase order from the PO Approver(s) list pop window by clicking the icon.
15. Specify the Signing Authority of the company in the respective field.
16. Click Save the Purchase Order button to save the details.
PO Approval Process

Once the Purchase Order is created, the PO should be submitted for Approval to the concern authority. The approval process is initiated by sending a request for approval to the concerned authority and depending on their decision the PO is approved or rejected.

- The technician/requester approving the purchase order should be assigned with the Purchase Order Approver role.
- While creating a purchase order the approver should be selected from the approver's list to send for approval.
- If the approver is not selected or if there are no approver in the list, a warning message appears while submitting the PO for approval.
- Once the request is submitted for approval the status of the PO changes to PO Pending Approval.

Submit PO for Approval

1. Click the **Purchase** tab in the header pane to open the PO List View page.
2. Select the Open POs to be submitted for approval using the Filter drop down. Click the PO name link.
3. From the PO details page, click Actions tab -> Submit for Approval option. The Submit for Approval dialog pops up.
4. Enable Send Mail Notification check box, if you wish to send a mail to the approver regarding the PO Approval.
5. The To field is pre populated with the email address of the approvers. If required, you can modify the subject content manually.
6. Type in the message text for mail notification in the Description field.
7. Click Send. The mail notification is sent to the user addressed in the To field of the notification.

![Submit for Approval dialog](image)

Approve / Reject PO

Once the PO is submitted for approval, a mail is sent to the user addressed in the To field. The email
contains the link to the PO requiring approval. Clicking the link displays the PO awaiting approval. The user can also approve/reject the PO directly from the application.

### Approve/Reject PO from the application

If you have the permission to approve/reject a Purchase Order,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application with your login credentials.
2. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane.
3. Select the POs Pending for Approval using the Filter drop down. Click the PO name link.
4. From the PO details page, click Actions tab -> Approve/Reject option. You can send an email notification to the PO owner regarding your decision.

The approved Purchase Order is grouped under the status Approved POs while all the rejected Purchase Orders is grouped under Rejected POs status. The Rejected POs can be deleted completely from the system or can be edited and sent for approval again.
Order PO from Vendor

Once the Purchase Order is approved by the concern personnel, you need to order the items from the vendor.

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the PO List View page.
2. Select Approved POs from the Filter drop down. Click the PO name link.
3. From the PO details page, click Actions tab -> Order this PO option. The Order this PO dialog pops up.

4. Enable Send Mail Notification check box, if you wish to send a mail to the vendor regarding ordering of items.
5. Enter the Email address of the Vendor in the To field. You also have an option to CC this mail.
6. If required, you can modify the Subject content manually and type in the message text for mail notification in the Description field.
7. Click Attach file button to attach relevant files to the Order.
8. Click Send. The status of the PO is changed to 'Ordered'.
Receive PO Items

The Approved PO is sent to the vendor to acquire the ordered items. The vendor can dispatch the items either completely or partially, providing a receipt in both cases. ServiceDesk Plus has the ability to change the status of the PO accordingly, i.e., when the items are received partially, the PO Status is automatically changed to Partially Received and on receiving all the items, the PO Status changes to Items Received.

To mark partially or completely receive items,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the PO List View page.
2. Select Ordered POs from the Filter drop down. Click the PO name link.
3. Click Actions tab -> Receive Items option. The Receive Items dialog pops up.

4. Enable the check box beside each of the received items. If only a part of the ordered items are delivered, enter the Quantity that has been received.
5. Click Receive items button. The PO form is updated with the Received Quantity value and the status is moved to Partially Received POs.

All the received items are added as assets automatically, except for the items with Product Type as Consumable. [Refer Product Type]
Associate Assets

To associate assets,

1. From the Purchase Order details page, click on Actions tab -> Associated Assets option. All the received assets for the PO are displayed.
2. Enable the check box beside the asset to associate the asset to a group. Click Actions drop down -> Add to Group. The Add Resource (s) to dialog pops up.
3. Select the group from the existing list of groups or enable the radio button beside New Group, to add a new group. The asset gets associated to the corresponding group.
Reconcile PO Items

Once the resources are received from Purchase Order, the resources are associated to Department or Groups. But on performing domain scan or network scan, the associated IT assets get duplicated. Say, "LD400 - PO # 2[10]" is the workstation purchased and has been renamed as "AE-dept". On performing a scan, both the workstations appear in the List View. To avoid this you can reconcile the assets from either the PO details page or from the asset list view page.

**Note**
1. Items with the Product Type as Consumables are not added to the assets and hence cannot be reconciled.
2. The scanned workstations can be reconciled only once.
3. You cannot reconcile workstations from the same purchase order.

To reconcile assets from the purchase order details page,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the Purchase Order list view page.
2. Click the PO# name link of the purchase order for which the items needs to be reconciled. You can also use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO.
3. From the purchase order details page, click Actions -> Reconcile option. The Reconcile Workstation(s)/Server(s) pop up.

1. In case of workstations and servers, select the check box beside the resource name and enter the Service Tag of the scanned workstation/server.
2. Click Reconcile button. The data in the purchased workstation is copied to the scanned workstation copied. On reconciling, the purchased workstation is deleted.
Add Invoice details and Notification

Once the PO is approved by the concern personnel, the Invoice and Payment options get populated in the Actions tab. On receiving the Invoice from the Vendor, you can add the Invoice details and also sent a notification to the concern technicians.

Add Invoice

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the purchase list view page.
2. Click the PO Name link of the Purchase Order to add an Invoice.
3. From the PO details page, click Actions drop-down menu -> Add Invoice option. The Add Invoice dialog pops up.

4. Enter the Invoice ID. This field is mandatory.
5. Select the Receive Date and the Payment Due Date from the calendar.
6. If required, enter the relevant comments from regarding the Invoice in the Comments field.
7. You can also enable payment notification to the technicians by enabling the check box.
8. Select the technicians from the list for payment notification. Click >> button.
9. Enter the Days before which the notification should be sent to the selected technicians.
10. Click Save.

Receive Invoice
Once the Invoice is received from the Vendor, you can notify the same to the PO approvers.

1. Click Actions drop down -> Receive Invoice option. The Receive Invoice dialog pops up.
2. Enable Send Mail Notification check box.
3. Enter the email address in the To field.
4. If required, you can modify the Subject content manually and type in the message text for mail notification in the Description field.
5. Click Send. The status of the PO changes to Invoice Received.

The Invoice details such as the Invoice ID, Received Date, Payment Due Date and Created by can be viewed in the PO details page under Invoice and Payment tab.
Add Payment details and Notification

Once you receive the Invoice from the Vendor, you can proceed with the payment process and notify the approvers done the payment is done.

Add Payment Details

- Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the purchase list view page.
- Click the PO Name link of the Purchase Order to add an Invoice.
- From the PO details page, click Actions drop-down menu -> Add Payment option. The Add Payment details dialog pops up.

- Enter the Pay Amount ($). This field is mandatory.
- Select the Date of Payment from the calendar.
- If required, enter relevant comments in the Comments field.
- You can also enable notification if there are any dues in the payment by enabling the check box.
- Select the Payment Due Date from the calendar icon.
- Select the technicians from the list for payment notification. Click >> button.
- Enter the Days before which the notification should be sent to the selected technicians.
- Click Save.

Payment Done
• Once the payment is done, you can notify the same to the PO approvers.
• Click Actions drop-down menu -> Payment Done option. The Payment Done dialog pops up.
• Enable Send Mail Notification check box.
• Enter the email address in the To field.
• If required, you can modify the Subject content manually and type in the message text for mail notification in the Description field.
• Click Send. The status of the PO changes to Payment Done.
• The Payment details such as the Payment Date, Amount Paid, Payment Due Date (if any) and Created by can be viewed in the PO details page under Invoice and Payment tab.
E-mail PO Owner

By default, the logged in technician creating the Purchase Order is the PO owner. You can send email notifications to the owner regarding the progress of the Purchase Order using this option.

To send an Email to the owner,

1. Click on the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the Purchase Order List View page.
2. Click the PO # name link. You can use the Filter drop down to sort and select the Purchase orders.
3. From the Purchase Order details page, click Actions tab -> E-mail the Owner option. A Send E-mail notification window opens with the owner's email ID in the To field. The subject reads as "Notification for Purchase Order" with the notification number. Say, Notification for Purchase Order # 1.
4. To notify the contents of the email to any other person other than the owner, specify the Email ID in the Cc field.
5. To attach any file to the mail, select Attach file link.
   1. Click Browse button to choose a file.
   2. Select the file and click Attach file button to attach the files. You can see the file attached with the file size.

   Note: Files up to the file size of 10 MB can be attached.
6. Enter the email content in the Description area.
7. Click Send button to send the mail. This displays a message showing that the Notification has been sent successfully.
8. Close the window.
Email Vendor

Once the purchase items are ordered from the vendor, you can send e-mail notifications to the vendor regarding the progress of the items received i.e., if the organization has received the items partially or completely.

To e-mail the vendor,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the purchase order list view page.
2. Click the PO # Name link. You can use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO.
3. From the purchase order details page, click the Actions tab -> select E-mail the Vendor option. The Send E-mail notification window opens.
4. Enter the vendor address in the To field. You can also notify the contents of the e-mail to more than one person by entering their email address in the CC field.
5. By default, the Subject reads as "Notification for Purchase Order" with the notification number. Say, Notification for Purchase Order # 1.
6. Enter the e-mail content in the Description area.
7. To attach any attachment to the mail select Attach file link.
   1. Click Browse button to choose a file.
   2. Select the file and click Attach file button. You can see the file attached with the file size.

   Note: Files up to the file size of 10 MB can be attached.

6. Click Send button to send the mail. This displays a message showing that the Notification has been sent successfully.
7. Close the window.
Edit Purchase Order

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides an option to modify the created Purchase Order.

1. From the PO List View page, select the PO# Name link to view the PO details page.
2. Click Actions tab -> Edit Purchase Order option. The PO form opens in an editable form with the values populated while creating the Purchase Order.
3. Modify the details and Save the changes.

NOTE: While editing an approved PO the status on saving changes to Pending Approval.
Associating Service Requests with Purchase Order

Purchase Order-Service Request association offers authority dealing with the organization's purchases a clear picture of the service request in demand by providing them with vital information like the priority, urgency, impact etc., of the service request based on which the purchase order cycle (that usually involves quote enquiry, bidding negotiations, finalizing a vendor, delivery of goods etc.,) can be formulated and executed as per the requester's needs. This association ensures service requests do not go into an indefinite 'onhold status' by keeping requesters/technicians and the purchase department well-informed about the progress of purchase orders and service requests accordingly.

- Associating Purchase Order with Service Requests
- View Service Requests Associated with Purchase Order
- Detaching Service Requests from Purchase Order

Associating Purchase Order with Service Requests
To associate purchase order to service request,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane. This opens the purchase order list view page.
2. Select the **Purchase Order** to be associated with service requests by clicking on the respective **purchase order number** (or) **purchase order name**
3. From the **Actions dropdown** (available at the right extreme of PO details section) select **Associate Request** option
4. **Associate Service Requests** popup box will open listing all the **available service requests**
5. Select the **service request to be associated** with the purchase order
6. Click **Associate Request** button

View Service Requests Associated with Purchase Order
To view details of service requests associated with a purchase order,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane. This opens the purchase order list view page.
2. Select the Purchase Order by clicking on the respective purchase order number (or) purchase order name
3. In the purchase details page, click on Requests tab
4. Service Requests associated with the Purchase Order will be displayed under this section
5. Click the subject of the request that you want to view
6. Request details will be displayed in a pop-up window in print preview mode

Detaching Service Requests from Purchase Order
To detach service requests associated with the purchase order, do the following:

1. Click Purchase tab in the header pane. This opens the purchase order list view page.
2. Select Purchase Order >> Click Requests tab
3. Select service request to be detached from the purchase order
4. Click Detach Request button
Print the Purchase Order

You can preview and print the entire Purchase Order details using Print Preview option.

To print a Purchase Order,

1. Click the Purchases tab in the header pane to open the purchase list view page.
2. Click the PO # Name link of the purchase order you wish to print. You can use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO.
3. From the Purchase Order details page, click Actions tab -> Print Preview option. The Purchase Order details are displayed in a printable format.
4. Click Print option or Ctrl +p to print the Purchase Order details.
5. Set the required options and click Ok.
PO Cancelation Process

The Purchase Order Cancelation process lets you to cancel your PO that you have created earlier. The PO can be canceled before receiving the PO either partially or fully. Technicians with SDA Admin permission, Purchase owners and technicians with cancelation permission can cancel the Purchase Order.

Enabling Cancel PO Permission

To give Cancel PO permission,

- Click on the Admin tab in the header pane.
- Click on Roles under the Users section.
- Click on Add new role button at the top right side of the Configuration wizard page.

- Enable the Cancel Purchase Order radio button under the Purchase section.

Canceling PO

- Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the PO List View page.
- Click on the PO you wish to cancel.
- Click on the Actions Menu on the top of the PO Details Page.
- Click on Cancel this PO from the drop-down list under Actions Menu.
A window will pop up where you can add comments and enable email notifications to the approvers. After you have added the comments or enabled email notification, click on **Cancel this PO**. The PO will be canceled.

- The PO can be canceled while in the Open status, Pending approval status, Approved status, Rejected status and the Ordered status.
- Once the PO is either partially or fully received the PO cannot be canceled.  
- The canceled PO can be viewed by clicking on the Canceled Button on the Flow diagram.
- Further information about that cancelation can be viewed by either hovering your cursor over the canceled PO in that list or by checking the History tab in the PO details page.

**Email Notification**

An automatic email notification can be enabled so that when a PO gets canceled, the owner, the approved
approver and the current stage approver will be notified about the cancelation. This can be done by enabling the radio button present in the cancelation window box that pops up when you click **Cancel this PO** from under the **Actions** Menu.

![Cancel this PO](image)

- The notifications will be sent only to the approved approvers of the previous stage and the approvers of the current stage.
- If the PO is associated with any other request then the notification will also be sent to that particular technician associated with that request.

**Note**

**Customizing Email Notification**

To Customize the email notification,

1. Click on the **Admin** tab from the header pane.
2. Click on **Notification rules** under the section Purchase and Contract Management to go to Configuration wizard.
3. Click on **Purchase** Menu in the Configuration wizard.
4. Customize email notifications by enabling or disabling the radio buttons.
5. Click on **Customize template** to customize the email template that will be sent for the notification.
To add subject variables,

- Select and click on a subject variable listed in the right side under Choose subject variables.
- For eg, If you want to add "Created date", click on "Created date" from Choose subject variables it will get added to your subject.

To add Content variables,

- Select and click on a content variable listed in the right side under Choose content variables.
- For eg, If you want to add "Owner", click on "Owner" from under the Choose content variable it will get added to your content.
Delete Purchase Order

You can delete a Purchase Order either from the List View or from the PO details page.

Delete PO from List View

Delete bulk Purchase Orders using this option.

1. Enable the check box beside the Purchase Order to delete. You may use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation message appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The PO is deleted from the list.

Delete PO from details page

Individual Purchase Order can be deleted using this option,

1. Select the PO Name link of the Purchase Order to delete. You may also use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO to delete.
2. From the PO details page, click Actions tab -> Delete Purchase Order option.
3. A confirmation message appears. Click OK to proceed. The PO is deleted from the list.
Close Purchase Order

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus provides an option to Close PO manually on receiving all the items and the invoice, or after making the payment.

To close a Purchase Order,

1. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane to open the purchase list view page.
2. Click the PO Name link of the Purchase Order to close. You can use the Filter drop down to sort and select the PO.
3. From the PO details page, click Actions drop down -> Close PO option. The Close PO dialog pops up.
4. Enable Send Mail Notification check box.
5. By default, the email address of the technician is displayed in the To field.
6. If required, you can modify the Subject content manually and type in the message text for mail notification in the Description field.
7. Click Send button. The status of the purchase order is changed to Closed.
View Purchase Order based on Filters

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click on Purchase tab in the header pane. This brings up the Purchase Orders list view page. By default, the status of the Purchase Order will be 'All POs'.
3. Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Showing combo box. You can view purchase orders with different status levels using filters. They are,
   - All POs
   - All Purchase Orders irrespective of the status will be listed. This is the default status on opening the purchase order list view.
   - Open POs

   The newly added Purchase Order will fall under this category. These POs are not submitted for approval.
   - POs Pending Approval

   The Purchase Orders which are submitted and waiting for approval from the purchase order approvers will be listed under this category.
   - Approved POs

   All the Purchase Orders which are approved but the purchase items are not yet received will be listed under this category.
   - Rejected POs

   All the Purchase Orders rejected by the purchase order approver gets listed under this category.
   - Ordered POs

   Lists all the POs for which the items have been ordered by the vendor.
   - Partially Received POs

   Purchase Orders, which are partly received from the vendor, will be listed under this category.
   - Received POs

   Lists the POs for which the items have been completely received.
   - Invoice Received POs

   Lists all the POs for which the invoice is received from the vendor.
   - Payment Done POs

   Lists all the POs for which the payment is done.
   - Closed POs

   The Purchase Order gets listed under this category when the purchased items are fully received from the vendor.
   - Overdue POs

   Purchase orders not delivered and have exceeded the delivery date will be listed under this category.
   - POs due in next 7 days
Outstanding Purchase Orders, expiring in next 7 days will be listed under this category.

- POs due in next 30 days

Outstanding Purchase Orders, expiring in next 30 days will be listed under this category.

- Searched POs

While searching for the Purchase Order under Search, the list of Searched POs will fall under this category.
Purchase Request - Purpose and Introduction

Purchase Requests serve as a record in documenting the organization’s approval process of a purchase proposal prior to the issuance of a purchase order. This is also intended to authenticate the procurement team of an organization to issue Purchase Order to the vendors. For eg, When a requirement arises in an organization, it normally reaches the Admin/Technician as a Service Request who will then send the Service Request for the approval process to the management of the organization. On occasion of the unavailability of the assets, the Admin/Technician will create a Purchase Order for the vendor. With the new Purchase Request feature the Admin/Technician will be able to create a Purchase Requests based on the Service Requests they receive and also attach various quotes for the requested items. It also enables the Admin/Technician to associate the Service Requests to a Purchase Request. Once the Purchase Requests are approved, Purchase Orders can also be created from them.

Purchase Workflow - an overview

- The general overview of the Purchase Workflow can be seen by clicking on the icon.
- Requests can be created, submitted for approval, rejected, approved, closed from this Workflow by clicking on the respective icons.

Quick Links:
- Accessing and Using the feature
- Creating Purchase Requests from Service Requests
- Associating Service Requests to Purchase Requests
- Creating Purchase Order from Purchase Request
- Using the filters and other options in the Purchase Request page.
• Purchase Request Notification settings

Accessing and Using the feature

This feature can be accessed from the Purchase module of the ServiceDesk Plus.

• Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application.
• Click on the Purchase tab.
• Click on New Purchase Request if it's the first time or click on the icon on top left of the Purchase Request list view. This will take you to the Purchase Request details page.

Create your First Purchase Request!

Currently there are no purchase requests to display. Click "New Purchase Request" to add a new purchase request.

[New Purchase Request interface]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Estimated Cost ($)</th>
<th>Total ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP Phone</td>
<td>A4WiA IP Phone</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Approval Details

Enable Approval Process

Level 1: administrator

[Save, Cancel buttons]
• Enter the Purchase Request details such as the "Subject", "Suggested Vendor", "Requested Date", "Due Date", "Site", "Priority", "Cost Center", "Shipping Address" etc.
• If you want to add more fields, click on "Add more fields".
• Enter the Item Name, Description and the Estimated Cost details.

Note
• Add more fields option will be displayed only for technicians with SDAdmin permission.

Approval Process
Purchase Request approvers and approval levels can be set for the Purchase Request to make sure the Purchase Requests are approved by the management.
To configure the Approval Details,
• Click on the Enable Approval Process check box.
• Select approvers by clicking on the icon.
• You can add more approval levels by clicking on the icon.
• Click on Save.
• The created Purchase Requests will be listed in the Purchase Request list view.
• Click on the Purchase module to view the list.
• Current status info of the requests can be seen by hovering over the request in the Purchase Request list view.

Attaching the quotes
Different quotes for the requested assets can be attached to a Purchase Request by using the Attachment option.
To attach quotes,
• Click on the Attach Files option in the attachments section.
• Select the file and click Open.

Creating Purchase Requests from Service Requests
Purchase Requests can be created from the Service Requests.
To create a Purchase Request from a Service Request,
• Click on the Request tab.
• Select the Service Request for which you want to create a Purchase Request.
• In the Request details page, click on Purchase Details menu and select New Purchase Request.
Fields such as "Requested by" and "Item name" will be auto populated from the Service Request.

Enter the other details and click on Save.

**Associating Service Requests to Purchase Requests**

The Service Requests can be associated to a Purchase Requests.

For eg, if there is a Purchase Request for new laptop, say a Dell laptop, and there is a Service Request for a Dell laptop, then the Service Request can be associated to the Purchase Request.

To associate the Service Request to the Purchase Request,

- Click on the Purchase tab.
- Select the Purchase Request and click on Service Requests.
- Click Associate Service Requests. If you have any similar Service Requests, they will be listed.
- Select the Service Request(s) you want to associate and click on Associate Service Requests.
[PR #1] Laptop Request

Created by: administrator On Jul 18, 2016

There are no service request(s) associated.

Associate Service Requests

Note: This listview is showing the service requests which are not in closed/rejected/waiting for approval/archived/trashed state.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request ID</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Requestor</th>
<th>Technician</th>
<th>Due Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Please provide me a new laptop</td>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
<td>Jeniffer Doe</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This association can be done from the request page as well.

- Click on the **Request** Tab.
- Select the Service Request you want to associate.
- Click on **Purchase Details** menu and select **Associate Purchase Requests**.

- Select the Purchase Request(s) you want to associate.
Creating Purchase Order from Purchase Request

Purchase Orders can be created from the Purchase Requests you have created.

- To create a Purchase Order,
- Click on a Purchase Request from the list view.

- Click on **Create PO**.
- If the Product type and item are not available, update them.
- Once you update the Product type and item, it will take you the Purchase Order details page with the details partially filled in.
**PO Approval List**

- Enter a name for the PO.
- Enable PO Approval List if you want the PO to go through the approval process.
- Click on the icon to add approvers from the list. You can also add more levels of approval by clicking on the icon.
- Disable PO Approval if the approval process is not required.
• Click on **Save Purchase Order**.

**Using the filters and other options in the Purchase Request page.**

Purchase Request page comes with various utility tools such as quick action menus, request status snippet, filters, sort field options etc.

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**Using the Header menus.**

- **Actions** menu lets you to approve a PR, cancel a PR, mail a PR, close a PR and print preview a PR provided you have the permission for it.
- Use the **Edit** option to edit or update a PR.
- Use the **Submit for Approval** option to submit the PR for approval.

**Using the filters and sort field option.**

- You can select the suitable filter such as "All Requests", "Approved Requests" etc to be displayed in the PR list view page.
Sorting the requests.

- Select the field to be used in the sorting order of the requests.

Switching over to the Purchase Order page.

- Use the icon to switch to the Purchase Order Page.

Request Status snippet.

- The current status of the request will be displayed in the snippet. Hover over the request to view the status of the snippet.
Creating a Purchase Order for similar Purchase Requests

- If there are similar Purchase Requests to create a P.O it can be found by clicking on
- The similar Purchase Requests can also be searched by using the filter option provided.
- Select Purchase Requests and click on Create PO.

Purchase Request Notification settings.

You can configure the notifications to be sent to the technicians, approvers, requesters at various stages of the Purchase Request process by clicking on the Purchase Request Notifications settings icon on the top.
### Customizing the E-Mail notification content

The content in the notification mail can be customized. To customize content of the email,

- Click on Customize template.
- Type in the new content.
- You can choose the subject variables such as "Requested items", "PR" etc and the content variables such as "Status" "PR Link" etc by clicking on them.
### Customize template

#### Subject

Submitting Purchase Request $PR#$ for approval.

---

#### Choose Subject variables

--Choose Option --
- Created Date
- PR #
- Requested by
- Requested Items

---

#### Message

Dear Sir/Madam,

This mail is to notify that the PR# $PR#$ is waiting for your approval.

Description : $Comment$

Click the below link to approve this PR :
$Link$

---

#### Choose content variables

--Choose Option --
- Created Date
- PR #
- Requested by
- Requested Items
- Required By
- Status
Searching in Purchase

You can search for purchase orders (POs) with the search in purchase option of ServiceDesk Plus application.

To search for POs,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. In the left side, in the search block, choose Purchase from the Search in combo box. If you are in the purchase section, then by default, purchase is selected.
3. In the Enter Keyword field, type in your search string.
4. Click Go or press the Enter key in your keyboard. The search results display all the purchase orders that match the search string.
Viewing a Purchase Order

To view purchase orders,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Purchase tab in the header pane. This displays the list of All POs, by default. If you want to see a PO that is in any other state, then you need to choose corresponding state from the Filter Showing combo box.
3. From the list of POs, click the PO Name link of the PO that you wish to view.

The View Purchase Order displays the PO details in the same way as in create PO form. The PO header has the name of your organization, logo, and the mailing address. The Order No, PO Name, Required By date and the status can be viewed at the right hand side of the header.

Next, consists of the details about the vendor, such as the vendor's name, address, phone number, fax, and the name of the contact person at the vendor location. Adjacent to this is the billing address and shipping address to which the invoice needs to sent and the assets needs to be delivered respectively.

Finally, the items are listed along with the cost calculations. The item table lists the item name, part no, price ($) per quantity, quantity ordered, and the total cost for the quantity ordered. Below this table, the cost details for shipping and sales tax are displayed and the final total cost of the PO is also displayed.

The General Information consists of, the Created Date, Owner of the PO, PO requested by, the cost center and the GL Code.

If there were any remarks provided for the PO while creating it, they are displayed at the bottom, along with the terms of the PO, attachments and the PO Approver(s) List. The footer consists of the signing authority and Place.

In case of closed POs in the view PO details page, you can also view the received items beside the ordered no of items in the Item List block.
Contracts

Every organization would maintain an annual maintenance contract with third-party vendors to maintain its infrastructure and function without any major downtime due to bad maintenance of the assets owned by it. ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus gives you a provision to track such contract details, its date of commencement, and date of expiry, alert you with a reminder in advance about the expiry of the contract, the cost incurred for the purchase and renewal of the contract, the kind of maintenance support provided by the third party vendor, and the third party vendor name with whom the contract has been signed. Any other related documents to the contract can also be maintained along with these details as attachments to the contract. To open the contracts module, log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password and click the **Contracts** tab in the header pane.
Create New Contract

To create a new contract for an asset,

1. Click the Contract tab in the header pane. This opens the contracts list view page.
2. Click the New Contract button in the contract index page. (OR)

Click Quick Actions drop-down menu --> click Contracts option under Create New. This opens the Add Contract form. This form has three major sections namely, **Contract Details, Contract Rules,** and **Notification Rules.**

3. Specify a name for the contract in the **Contract Name** field. This is a mandatory field.
4. Enter a relevant Description for the contract in the respective text field.
5. Select the **Maintenance Vendor from the combo box listing all the vendor names available. This is a mandatory field.** If the vendor is not listed, then click Add New Vendor button beside the combo box.

6. Specify the name of the vendor in the given field. This is a mandatory field.
   ○ Click Save. The added vendor is selected and is displayed in the combo box. If you do not wish to add a new vendor, then click Close.
   ○ Specify the Contact Person in the given field.
      • Enter a brief description about the vendor in the respective field.

7. In the **Support** field below it, enter the details regarding the kind of support that will be provided by the vendor to you.
8. You can add files that are related to the contract and are necessary to be maintained and referred to along with the contract information. Click Attach File button. The Attach File window pops up as shown below,

   ![Attach file window](image)

   - Click the **Browse** button to open the file selector window.
   - Select the file that you wish to add and click the **Attach File** button. The selected file is added and is displayed in the same window just below the file selection field. **The total size of the attachments should not exceed 10 MB.**
   - The attached file gets listed along with the File name and the size. The file can be deleted by clicking the Delete icon beside the file name.
   - In the **Contract Rules** section, you need to choose the assets that are to be maintained under this contract and mention the maintenance period and maintenance cost. Select the Assets that are covered under the contracts from the Maintained Assets list.
   - To add more resources to the list, click Select Resources for this contract link. This opens Select Resources page.
      ○ Specify the Resource Name or Product Type or Product in the search field.
      ○ Click Search button to get the result. Select the required resources by enabling the check box.
      ○ Click Add Items button to add the selected items.
      ○ Click View Resources>> button to view the selected resources.
- Click Add Resources to Contract button to add resources to the Maintained Assets list.
- Click Remove Selected Resources icon to remove selected resources from the list.
- The **Active period** of the contract is a mandatory field where you need to enter the **From** and **To** date of the contract period. Choose the dates from the calendar.
- Enter the maintenance cost in terms of $ in the **Maintenance Cost** field.
- To notify users before the contract expires, select **Enable Notification** check box. Here you need to select the technician who should be notified about the contract expiry.
  - Select the users from the **User List** column. Click >> button to move the users to **Notified User List** column.
  - If you want to notify users whose E-mail ID is not entered in ServiceDesk Plus, then you can specify the Email IDs of the users in the field provided for the same.
  - Specify the number of days before which the notification should be sent to the selected users.

  You can add multiple contract notifications by clicking the button.
- Click **Save**.
View Contract Details

To view a contract and its details,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Contracts tab in the header pane. By default, the list of Open Contracts is displayed.
3. Select the status of the contract you wish to view using the Filter Showing combo box.
4. Click the Contract Name link that you wish to view. This opens the View contract page.

The Contract ID is a unique ID given to the contract during the time of its creation. This is system generated and is used to identify and track the contract uniquely. The contract details are grouped under three major heads: Contract Details, Contract Rules, and Notification Rules. Based on the entries made in the contract during the time of its creation, the details will be displayed in the respective section. In the Contract Rules block, the assets that are maintained under the current contract are displayed. These assets are hyperlink to display their respective details. Click any of the asset names to open the Edit Asset form. Here you can edit the required information and update the same. To know more on editing assets, refer to the Editing Asset Details section.
Edit and Delete Contract

Edit Contract
To edit a contract,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the Contracts tab in the header pane. By default, the list of Open Contracts is displayed.
3. Select the status of the contract you wish to edit using the Filter Showing combo box.
4. Click the Contract Name link that you wish to edit. This opens the View Contract page.
5. Click the Edit button on the right hand side of the page. (OR)
   
   Click Actions combo box - > Edit Contract option. This opens the Edit Contract form.
6. The existing details of the contract are displayed. As the contract ID is a system generated ID, it is 
   not available in the edit contract form. You can edit all the other details.
7. Once you are done with editing, click Save. If you entered wrong information and want to know what 
   the initial values were, then instead of Save, click Reset.

Delete Contract
To delete contract,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the Contracts tab in the header pane. By default, the list of Open Contracts is displayed.
3. Select the status of the contract you wish to delete using the Filter Showing combo box.
4. Click Delete on enabling the check box beside the contract.
5. A pop up window confirming the delete operation appears. Click OK to proceed. The contract will be 
   deleted from the list.
View Contract Owner Details

By default, the owner of a contract is the person who enters the contract details into the application. To view the owner details,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the Contracts tab in the header pane. By default, the list of Open Contracts is displayed.
3. Click the Contract Name link to view the contract owner details. This opens the View Contract details page.
4. Click Actions combo box - > View Owner Details option. A pop up window containing the owner details such as, name, employee id, designation, contact information appears.
5. Click Close to close the pop-up.
Renew a Contract

To renew a contract,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the **Contracts** tab in the header pane. By default, the list of Open contracts is displayed. Select the status of the contract which you wish to renew using the Filter Showing combo box.
3. Click the **Contract Name** link that you wish to renew. This opens the View Contract page.
4. Click Actions combo box -> Renew Contract option. The **Renew Contract** form is displayed with the contract rules of the original contract. As the contract ID is a system generated ID, it is not available in the renew contract form. The contract name is appended with the word renewed. You can edit the name but ensure that the contract name is unique and does not have the old name.
5. Enter the Description for the contract.
6. Choose the maintenance vendor from the combo box. If the vendor is not listed, then click Add new link beside the combo box. The Vendor Details page pops up. Specify the name of the vendor, description, and the contact person name in the pop-up window. Save the changes.
7. If you have any information on the type of support, enter the same in the Support text area.
8. If there are any documents that you wish to attach to the contract, click the Attach File button. The Attach File window pops up.
   1. Click the **Browse** button to open the file selector window.
   2. Select the file that you wish to add and click the **Attach File** button. The selected file is added and gets listed along with the File Name and size. If you wish to delete any of the file then click the delete icon beside the file. **The total size of the attachments should not exceed 10 MB.**
9. Select the Assets that are covered under the contracts from the Maintained Assets list. To add more resources to the list,
   1. Click Select Resources link. This opens Select Resources page.
   2. Specify the Resource Name or Product Type or Product in the Search field.
   3. Click Search button to get the result.
   4. Select the required resources by enabling the check box.
   5. Click Add Items button to add the selected items.
   6. Click View Resources>> button to view the selected resources.
   7. Click Add Resources to Contract button to add resources to the Maintained Assets list.
10. The **Active period** of the contract is a mandatory field where you need to enter the **From** and **To** date of the contract period. Choose the dates from the calendar that can be invoked by clicking the icon.
11. Enter the maintenance cost in terms of $ in the **Maintenance Cost** field.
12. Select Enable Notification option by enabling the check box. On enabling you get the User list & Notified User list. To notify users regarding contract expiry select the user from the User list and click forward >> button to move the user to the Notified User List. Specify the days before which the information has to be notified in the Notify before field.
13. Select the check box Disable all notifications for the old contract, to disable notifications of the old contract.
14. Click Save.
Print the Contract

To print a contract,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the **Contracts** tab in the header pane. By default, the list of **Open** Contracts is displayed.
3. Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Showing combo box.
4. Click the **Contract Name** that you wish to print. This opens the view contract page.
5. Click Actions combo box -> click **Print Preview option**. The contract details are displayed in a printable format in a pop-up window.
6. Click the Print option to print the contract details.
7. Set the required options and click OK.
Email the Contract Owner

By default, the owner of a contract is the person who enters the contract details into the application.

To send an e-mail to the owner,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the **Contracts** tab in the header pane. By default, the list of **Open** Contracts is displayed in the contract list view page.
3. Click the **Contract Name link of the contract you wish to e-mail the owner.** This opens the view contract page.
4. Click Actions combo box -> E-mail the Owner option. A **Send Notification** window opens with the owner’s e-mail ID in the **To** field. The subject reads as **Notification for Contract ID <number>**.
5. If you wish to notify about the contents of the e-mail to anyone else also, then enter their e-mail ID in the **CC** field.
6. Enter the e-mail content in the **Description** area.
7. Click **Send**. A message is displayed saying that the e-mail has been sent successfully.
8. Click **Close**.
Email Vendor

To notify the vendor,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. Click the **Contracts** tab in the header pane. By default, the list of **Open** contracts is displayed in the contract list view page.
3. Click the **Contract Name link of the contract you wish to notify the vendor.** This opens the **View Contract** page.
4. Click Actions combo box - > click E-mail **the Vendor option.** A **Send Notification** window opens with the vendor's e-mail ID in the **To** field. The subject reads as **Notification for Contract ID <number>**.
5. If you want to send the same notification to anyone else, then add their e-mail ID in the **CC** field.
6. Enter the e-mail content in the **Description** area.
7. Click **Send.** A message is displayed saying that the e-mail has been sent successfully.
8. Click **Close.**
Search for a Contract

You can search for contracts with the Search in contracts option of the ServiceDesk Plus application.

To search for a contract,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or using admin login.
2. In the search block on the left hand side of the page, choose Contract from the Search in combo box. If you are in contracts section, then by default, contract is selected.
3. In the Enter Keyword field, type in your search string.
4. Click Go or press the Enter key in your keyboard. The search result displays all contracts that match the search string.

You can search for contracts based on the contract name, asset names added in the contract, and owner of the contract.
View Contracts based on Filters

1. Click Contracts Tab. This brings up the Contracts view list page. By default, the list of Open Contracts will be displayed.
2. Select the corresponding filter option from the Filter Showing combo box. You can view the contracts with different status levels using filters. They are,

- Open Contracts
  Contracts which are active and yet to get expired comes under this category.
- All Expired Contracts
  All the expired contracts will be listed under this category.
- Contracts expired in last 30 days
  Contracts which expired in the last 30 days gets listed under this category
- Contracts expiring in next 7 days
  Contracts, which will be expiring in next 7 days, will be listed under this category.
- Contracts expiring in next 30 days
  Contracts, which will be expiring in next 30 days, will be listed under this category.
Configuration Management Database (CMDB) is a centralized repository that stores relevant information about all the significant entities in your IT environment. The entities, termed as Configuration Items (CIs) constitutes of Hardware, the installed Software Applications, Documents, Business Services and People that are part of your IT system. Unlike the asset database that comprises of a bunch of CIs, the CMDB is designed to support a vast IT structure where the interrelation between the CIs are maintained and supported successfully.

Each CI within the CMDB is grouped under specific CI Types, and is represented with Attributes and Relationships. Attributes are data elements which describe the characteristics of CIs under a CI Type. For instance, the attributes for CI Type Server would be Model, Service Tag, Processor Name and so on. Relationships denote the link between two CIs that identifies the dependency or connection between them.

The CMDB in ServiceDesk Plus, keeps a track of all the pending requests, problems and change raised for the CI Type - Assets, Business and IT Services. Any impact cause by the malfunctioning of these CIs on other CIs can be identified using the Relationship Map, and specific measures can be adapted to minimize the effect. The CMDB, thus, functions as an effective decision making tool by playing a critical role in Impact Analysis and Root Cause Determination.

Before you begin populating the CIs into the CMDB, you need to configure the CMDB configurations (Configuration Item Types and Relationship Types) in the Admin tab.

Click on the image below to look at the default CI types of ServiceDesk Plus and it's classification.
Below is a sample of how the CI relationship map looks like in ServiceDesk Plus.
CMDB - Admin Configurations

The Configuration Management Database (CMDB) module can be accessed by the administrator, and technicians with CMDB Role. If you are the administrator or technician having access permission to the CMDB module, then before you go ahead configuring the CIs and their relationships, you need to configure the following Admin configurations:

- Configuration Item Types (CI Types) - Categorize your CIs under specific CI Types.
- Relationship Types - Configure the nature of relationships set between different CIs.
**Configuration Item Types (CI Types)**

Configuration Item Types (CI Types) denote the broad classification of different entities, under which, the Configuration Items (CIs) are categorized. Any organization specific entity can be considered as a CI Type, such as Business Services, Workstations, Servers, Documents and even the People working for your organization.

Each CI Type can be defined with specific Attributes and Relationships that are unique for the CIs classified under them.

In case your CI Type structure is granulated and possess various types, then you can further drill it down to Sub Types. For instance, the CI Type-Server may possess various sub types such as File Server, Application Server, Database Servers and so on.

To access the Configuration Item Types List view,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. In the **Asset Management** block, click Configuration Item Types. The Configuration Item Types List view is displayed.

From this page, you can add CI Types, create new CIs for a CI Type, view CIs under a CI Type, and also view the relationship map with the default relationship attributes.

Topics discussed under this section:

- Representation of Icons in the CI Type List view
- Adding CI Type
  - Attributes
    - Setting Attributes for CI Type
    - Using Drag and Drop Field
    - Editing & Deleting Attributes
  - Setting default Relationships
    - Adding Relationships
    - Adding Relationship Attributes
    - Viewing Relationship Map
    - Editing & Deleting Relationship

**Representation of Icons in the CI Type List View**

- ![Create CI](images/create-ci.png) - To create a new CI under a CI Type. Clicking this icon takes you to the Add New CI form.
- ![View CIs](images/view-ci.png) - To view CIs under a CI Type.
- ![Relationship Map](images/relationship-map.png) - To view the relationship map for a CI Type. The relationship map holds the default relationships configured for the CI Type.

**Adding CI Type**

To add CI Type from the Configuration Item Types list view page,

1. Click Add New CI Type link. The Add New CI Type form pops-up.
2. Enter a Name for the CI Type. For example, Workstations, Business Services, Department. This field is mandatory.
3. If the structure of the CI Type is granulated, then you can further drill it into Sub Types. For instance, the CI Type-Workstation can be further drilled down into Sub Types like IBM Workstation, Unix Workstation and Windows Workstations.
If the entered CI Type name is a sub type, then select the Parent Type from the drop down.

4. Enter brief Description about the CI Type in the field provided.
5. Click Save button.

The page navigates to the Edit Configuration Item Type with the CI Type name, Parent Type and Description pre-populated with the specified values.

6. Choose an Icon to depict this CI Type in the list view. By default, an icon is uploaded for the CI Type. To upload a different icon, click Change link. Click Browse to select the image and click Import Image button.

NOTE: The support formats to import images are jpg, gif and png.

7. Most of the CIs populated in the CMDB may be assets or components, such as Workstations, Servers, Access Points, Keyboards and so on. These CIs can be tracked as assets in the asset database.

To track CIs under a CI Type as an IT or Non-IT assets/components in the Asset module, enable Track as asset check box. Select the Category and asset Type from the drop down.

NOTE: The Track as asset option is available only for the parent CI Type.

Attributes
Attributes are data elements that describe the characteristics of the CI Type. For instance, the attributes for the CI Type-Workstation could include Model, Service Tag, IP Address, Processor Speed and so on. By default, the form displays the Attributes tab.

Setting Attributes for CI Type
You can set two types of attributes for a CI Type namely, Default Attributes and Attributes Specific to CI Type. Default Attributes are common to all the CI Types, such as Name, Site, Department and so on. To add a default attribute, click Edit button. [Refer Using Drag and Drop Fields topic to know more on configuring default attributes].
CI Type Specific Attributes provide more information on a particular CI Type. The attributes for the CI Type-Workstation can be considered as the attributes specific to the CI Type. The attributes, default attributes and CI Type specific attributes, are configured using the Drag and Drop fields.

Using the Drag and Drop Fields
The Drag and Drop Field section consists of different customizable fields such as, Single line, Multi line, Pick List, Numeric and Date fields. Apart from these customized fields, System Attributes (entities configured in the Admin tab or data fetched during scan) can also be set as attributes for the CI Type.

Adding System Attributes

1. Drag the System Attribute field in the form. The System Attributes form opens.
2. Choose the System Attributes from the drop down. You can enter a different name for the system attribute in Label Name field.
3. Click Add button to add the system attribute(s) in the form.
4. Click Save.

Adding Customizing Fields
To add the other customized fields,
1. Drag and drop the field (Single Line, Multi Line, Pick List, Numeric or Date field) in the CI Type attribute form.

![Drag and Drop Fields](image)

2. The Add Attribute form pops up where you need to enter the Attribute Name and Description. In the case of Pick List fields, enter the options to add to the list.
3. Click Save. The customizable field is added in the form.

You can re-arrange fields in the form by dragging the fields and placing it over the highlighted area.

NOTE:

1. Newly added Product Type with Type field as Assets or Components will be considered as CI Type and populated automatically in the CI Type List view.
2. You cannot create a sub type for the CI Type - People. Instead you can create sub types for Requesters and Technicians.
3. The sub types inherit the Attributes and Relationships from the parent CI Type. Apart from this, attributes and relationships can also be configured for sub type.

Editing CI Attributes

To edit a customized attribute,

1. Click the Edit icon beside the field to modify. The Edit Attribute form pops up with the values pre-filled while adding the attribute.
2. Modify the Attribute Name and Description field.
3. Click Save. The form is populated with the newly added changes.

Deleting CI Attributes

You can remove unwanted attributes from the CI Type form. To delete a customized attribute,

1. Click the Delete icon beside the field. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The field is removed from the form and is added to system attributes list.
WARNING: Deleting a CI Type attribute will remove the attribute from the form. You may lose the data configured for the attribute in the CI form.

Setting Default Relationships
You can establish default relationships between the newly added CI Type and other CI Types from the Relationships tab. For instance, the relationship set for the CI Type Workstation can be,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Workstation</th>
<th>Runs</th>
<th>Software</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Newly added CI Type)</td>
<td>(Relationship Type)</td>
<td>(CI Type)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

the inverse of this relationship type will be automatically added for CI Type - Software as,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software</th>
<th>Runs on</th>
<th>Workstation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(CI Type)</td>
<td>(Relationship Type)</td>
<td>(CI Type)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Setting default relationships provides feasibility while adding relationship between the CIs categorized under the CI Type. For a sub type, the parent CI Type relationships are adapted, apart from which new relationships can also be created. Using the Relationship Map, the relationship configured with other CI Types can be viewed, and the map can be exported or printed.

Adding Relationships
To establish a relationship between two CI Types,

1. Click Relationships tab in Edit Configuration Item Type form.
2. Click Add button. The Add Relationship form pops up.
3. Select the nature of the relationship between the CI Type and another CI Types from Relationship Type drop down.
4. Select the CI Type to which the relationship is established. Both the Relationship Type and CI Type are mandatory fields.
5. Click Save. The attributes associated to the relationship can be set.

Adding Relationship Attributes
Relationship Attributes provides more information on the relationship between the CI Types. For instance, the relationship attributes between the CI Type Workstation and Software can be, the Version of the software installed, the Installation path, Installed on, service pack details and so on.

To add relationship attributes,

1. Click Add Relationship Attribute button.
2. Enter the Attribute Name. Say, Version Installed.
3. Select the Field Type from the drop-down. The field type can be either Single Line, Multi Line, Pick List, Numeric or date field.
4. Enter brief Description about the relationship attribute in the field provided.
5. Click Save. The attribute is added to the relationship attribute list.
To delete a relationship attribute,

1. Enable the check box beside the Attribute Name in the Add Relationship form.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The relationship attribute is deleted from the list.

Relationship Map
The default relationships configured with other CI Types are viewed in the Relationship Map. Click Relationship Map icon to view the map.

Editing Default Relationships
To edit a CI Type relationship,

1. Click the edit icon beside the CI Type relationship to edit. The Edit Relationship Type form pops up pre-filled with values configured while adding the relationship.
2. Modify the Relationship Type and CI Type. Both the fields are mandatory.
3. Even while editing, you can add new relationship attributes or edit the existing relationship attributes by clicking on the Attribute Name link.
4. Click Save.

Deleting Default Relationships
To delete a CI Type relationship,

1. Click the delete icon beside the CI Type relationship. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The relationship is deleted from the CI Type relationship list.

WARNING: Deleting a CI Type relationship will remove the relationship from the relationship map.
Relationship Types

Relationship Types denotes the nature of relationship between a CI and another CI. It shows how the CIs are interconnected and interdependent with other CIs. The Relationship Type is expressed twice, one as Relationship Type and the other as Inverse Relationship Type. Some of the examples of relationship types are Runs::Runs On, Sends data to::Receives data from, Located In::Houses and so on.

Let's take a look at an example with the Relationship Type as Runs::Runs On. The relationship between a server and application is expressed as Server1 Runs Application1, while the relationship between the application and server is automatically expressed with the inverse relationship type, Application1 Runs On Server1.

Using relationship types, CI Type relationships can be set from Admin -> CI Type and from the CI form. For establishing relationship using the Relationship Types, refer Relationships under CI Types.

To access the Relationship Type configuration wizard,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Relationship Types under the Asset Management block. The Relationship Types List view opens, displaying the default relationship types. From this page, you can add a new relationship type, edit relationship type and perform bulk delete of relationship types.

Adding New Relationship Type

1. Click Add New Relationship Type link.
2. In the Add New Relationship Type form, enter the Relationship Type and the Inverse Relationship Type. For example, Runs::Runs On. Both fields are mandatory.
3. Enter brief Description about the nature of the relationship type in the field provided.
4. Click Save. The relationship type is saved and displayed in the list view. To cancel the operation and return to the list view, click Cancel.

Editing Relationship Type

1. In the Relationship Types List view, select the relationship type to edit. The Edit Relationship type form opens with the fields pre-filled with values entered while adding the relationship type.
2. Modify the field values for Relationship Types, Inverse Relationship Type and Description.
3. Click Save. The changes are saved and displayed in the list view. If you do not want to edit the relationship type, then click Cancel.

NOTE: The following default relationship types cannot be edited, Depends On::Used By, Uses::Used By, Runs:: Runs On, Connected to::Connected to and Includes:: Member of.

Deleting Relationship Type

To delete the newly added relationship types from the list view,

1. Enable the check box beside the Relationship type to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The relationship type(s) is deleted from the list view.

NOTE: Please note that the pre-configured relationship types cannot be deleted.
Populate CIs in CMDB

The CMDB, when catered to the IT environment, functions as a decision making tool, impact and root cause analyzer. But, by populating a large amount of data, your CMDB may turn complex, causing a loss in structure and information, thereby making its analysis less effective.

So how can you build an efficient CMDB without turning it complex? ServiceDesk Plus gives you a step-by-step process to identify the essential CIs and populate them in your CMDB.

Steps to populate CIs in CMDB

To set up a less complicated CMDB design, strategize on your CI List and their supported attributes and relationships. Given below are 3 easy steps through which you can effectively populate CIs in your CMDB.

Step #1: Narrow down the CI List

The first step is to identify the business critical CIs as per your organizations environment. Next, group them in appropriate CI Types. Each CI Type holds its own attributes and relationships that are defined with key stakeholders from the Service Catalog Management, Change Management and the likes.

Some of the entities that can contribute to your CI list are,

- Business Service
- Hardware (IT and Non IT assets, components)
- Software (which are installed in the server/workstation like applications, operating systems, database)
- Department
- Documents (license agreement, contract, lease agreement)
- Users and Support Groups

NOTE: Please note that not all software are considered as CIs. The software which are installed in the server/workstation, and group under a CI Type are alone considered as Configuration Items (CIs).

Step #2: Populate the Configuration Items

After the CI List is strategized and confirmed, you need to populate the Configuration Items (CIs). ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus gives you various ways through which you can effectively populate CIs into your CMDB.

Populate Workstation/Devices

- Windows Domain Scan
- Network Scan

Populate Users/Technicians

- Importing from Active Directory (for Windows machine)
- Importing from LDAP

Populate other CIs such as IT services, Business Services, Department

- Importing CIs from CSV file
- Manual Addition of CIs
NOTE: Make sure that the CI information in your CMDB is updated from time-to-time.

Step #3: Create the Information Model

The overall information model is complete only when the relationships between the CIs are defined. While populating Configuration Items using any of the methods in Step 2, the inter-dependencies between the CIs are identified and established. The relationships can be viewed from the Relationship Map which helps in impact and root cause analysis.
Import CIs from CSV file

You can import Configuration Items (CIs) recorded in a CSV file using the "Import CIs from CSV File" option. This easy-to-use import option in ServiceDesk Plus allows you to import the CI information from the existing database, as well as from other applications.

Steps to Import

1. Click **CMDB** tab in the header pane. The page displays all available CIs.
2. Click **Import >> CIs from CSV** option. The **CI Import Wizard** is displayed.

   **Locate CSV file:**
3. Select the **CI Type** (say, Server) for which the CIs should be imported.
4. Click the **Choose File** button to locate the CSV file.
5. Click **Submit**.

   Assets > Import Assets

   ![CI Import Wizard](image)

   6. The column headers in the uploaded CSV file are displayed in drop down boxes as shown below.
**CI Import Wizard**

**CI Type**: Server

**Locate CSV File**: Choose File 1.csv

**Submit**  **Cancel**

---

**Customize Mapping**

The column headers in the csv file are displayed in the drop down boxes. Kindly choose the appropriate column header for the fields below.

All the date fields in the csv file should be in the same format. Kindly choose the data format required for the date fields: $yyyy-MM-dd$

---

**Asset Details**

- **Product Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Asset Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **IP Address**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Asset Tag**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Serial Number**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Barcode**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Vendor Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Asset Cost**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Acquisition Date**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Warranty Expiry Date**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Expiry Date**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Asset State**: -- Select a field from CSV data --

---

**Ownership Details**

If user login name with domain name is provided, user name will not be considered for identifying the user uniquely. If Asset state is either not provided or "In Use" state then only ownership details will be considered.

- **User Login Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Domain Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **User Name**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
- **Department**: -- Select a field from CSV data --
### Customize Mapping:

7. Select the date format to represent all the date fields. Remember, all the date fields in the CSV file should be of the same format.

8. Choose the appropriate column headers for the fields displayed. For example, if you have selected the CI Type as Server, specify the Asset Details by selecting from the respective combo boxes. The columns in CSV file are populated in the select boxes beside each field label (Refer the above screenshots).

9. Click **Import** button. The details of the CIs from CSV are imported.

On completion, the result is shown with details like the number of records added and overwritten, and the number of records failed to import.
Notes:

i) If the CI Type chosen is a parent and if a CI row in the CSV file corresponds to sub CI Type, then the same can be mapped during customize mapping.

ii) The sub CI Type specified in the CSV file should already be configured in the application.

iii) If existing CIs are imported again under a different CI Type, then the CIs are grouped under the new CI Type.

iv) If there are any failure records while importing the CIs, do not re-import the same CSV file. Instead, download the "FailedCIsList.csv" file available in the Imported Result page, correct the errors and then import to avoid duplicate CIs.


Import CI Relationships from XLS file

CI Relationships

CI Relationships are the relationships between CIs that differentiate CMDB from Asset database, thus constituting a major part of your CMDB. A CMDB without relationships constitutes a bunch of CIs in a single database, fetched through scan, or import process, or by manual addition. The relationships on the other hand, allow the users accessing the CMDB, to understand the inter-dependencies between the CIs. So, in case of a failure, the impact caused on another CI can be easily identified.

The XLS File

The CI relationships can be imported from a XLS file to add relationship between the CIs. The CI relationships are specified in a XLS file and then uploaded. Once the CIs relationships are recorded in a XLS file, then you can import the same using "CI Relationships from XLS" option.

XLS File format:
The XLS file is read line-by-line and the relationships given are added to the database.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of CI1</th>
<th>Relationship</th>
<th>Name of CI2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Example:

Server1       Connected       Printer1
Router1       Used by         Server1
Server1       Runs            MySql

Steps to Import CI Relationships from XLS file

1. Click CMDB tab in the header pane. By default, the CIs under Business Service are displayed.
2. Click "Import -> Import CI Relationship(s) from XLS".

3. The Import CI Relationships from XLS wizard is displayed.

Step #1: Locate XLS file
1. From the **Import CI Relationships from XLS** wizard, click the **Choose File** button to select the XLS file.
2. Locate the XLS file by using the file chooser window and click **Open**. The path to the file appears automatically below the **Choose File** button.
3. Click **Next**.

![Import CI Relationships from XLS](image)

**Note:** You can view the sample XLS file by clicking the **Click Here** link. The guidelines for configuring the XLS file are listed beside the **Choose File** button.

**Step #2: Map Fields**

The columns in XLS file are populated in the select boxes beside each field label. Mapping needs to be provided for CI relationship fields with the fieldnames from the XLS file. Map the CI Relationship Fields.

1. Choose values for **CI1**, **CI2** and **Relationship Type**.
2. Click **Import**. The details of the CI relationships are imported from the XLS file.
Step #3: Import Status

1. On clicking the Import button in the previous wizard, the Import Summary is displayed along with the details shown in the below screenshot.

2. Click the Failed_Rows.xls link to view the list of CI relationships that have failed to import. The relevant error descriptions, i.e., the reasons for the failure, are also listed in the XLS file.

3. Click Finish.

Error XLS Description:

If an entry fails, error is reported to the user and all the other entries are processed. It is assumed that all the CIs in the XLS already exist. In the case of IT assets, the user can specify the
CI name as a simple Host name and FQDN is not required. Only the first sheet in the xls file is considered. The errors are generated in XLS format as given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of CI1</th>
<th>Relationship</th>
<th>Name of CI2</th>
<th>Description of the error</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The **File name** will be Failed_Rows.xls. The file is stored in `/bin/Attachments/CMDB/<user_id>/`. Only the latest files uploaded are stored and the older files are deleted, whenever new files are uploaded. While importing the CI relationships for the first time, the header fields are asked from the user and stored in database, so that user doesn't have to give the header fields on the subsequent imports. Once the import is done, an entry is made in the system log, titled **Import CI Relationships** that contains the count of success and failed imports.
CMDB List View

The **Configuration Items** (CIs) under each CI Type can be viewed in the **CMDB List** view. If you have not populated your CIs into the CMDB, then you can follow the steps given in the document **Populating CIs in CMDB**.

**NOTE:** If you are not the administrator, then you would require the **Enable CMDB** role to access the CMDB module.

Click **CMDB** tab in the header pane. The page navigates to view the Configuration Items (CIs) under the CI Type - Business Services, by default. To view all the CIs in the CMDB irrespective of the CI Type, click the **All CIs** link. The CIs are listed with the Name, the CI Type and the Site to which they belong.

From the CMDB List view, you can perform various actions such as,

- View CIs under each CI Type
- Add CIs under a CI Type
- Modify CI Type for the CIs
- View Relationship Map
- Bulk delete of CIs

View CIs under a CI Type

You can view CIs under a specific CI Type by selecting the CI Type from the Configuration Items block. Click the icon to view Sub CI Type. To view the Sub CI Types of all the CI Types, click the icon.

While viewing the CIs under a CI Type, the list view columns display the CI attributes that were configured while adding the CI Type. For instance, the CI Type - Workstation would have attributes like Model, Service Tag, Service Pack, IP Address and so on. While viewing the CIs under CI Type - Workstation, the configured attributes would be listed in the list view column.

If you are viewing the list view column of a child CI Type, say Windows Workstation or Unix Workstation, then the list view column would display the CI attributes configured for the parent CI Type as well as the attributes configured for the child CI Type.

**Note**

1. While viewing CIs under a parent CI Type, the CIs under its Sub CI Type are also listed.
2. The attributes in the column list view for Sub CI Type comprises of the parent CI Type attributes and the sub CI Type attribute.

Add a CI under a CI Type

To add a CI under a CI Type,
1. Select the CI Type from the Configuration Items block.
2. Click New button and enter the CI details in the Add New form.

The Add New form consists of the attributes configured while adding the CI Type. In case of Sub CI Types, the attributes configured while adding the Sub CI Type and the parent CI Type is displayed.

Edit the CI Type for a CI

You can modify the CI Type for a CI. An Actions drop-down button is available in the List view for CIs that are also tracked in the asset module, such as Keyboard, Access Points, Servers and so on. If you wish to track CIs under a specific CI Type in the asset module also, then enable Track as asset option while configuring the CI Type.

From the Actions drop-down, you can modify a CI Type for a CI. To do so,

1. Enable the check box beside the CI name.
2. Click Actions drop-down, select Modify CI Type option. The Modify CI Type dialog pops-up.
3. Select the CI Type from the drop-down.
4. Click Save.

View Relationship Map

Relationship Map gives a consolidated view of the relationship between the CIs. To view the relationship map of a CI, click View Relationship Map icon beside the CI. The Relationship Map opens in a new window.

Delete CIs

To delete CIs from the CMDB List View

1. Select the CI Type under which the CIs should be deleted (OR) Click View All CIs to view all the CIs irrespective of the CI Type.
2. Enable the check box beside the CI to delete.
3. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
4. Click OK to proceed. The selected CIs are deleted from the list.

NOTE: In delete operation, the related financial and history details of the CI is deleted.
Defining CI Relationships

CI Relationships form a major part of your CMDB, as it is the relationships between the CIs that differentiate the CMDB from the Asset database. A CMDB without relationships constitutes a bunch of CIs in a single database; fetched through scan or import process, or by manual addition. But with relationships, the users accessing CMDB can understand the inter-dependencies between the CIs, and in the case of a failure, the impact caused on another CI can be identified.

NOTE: To make your CMDB structure less complex, consider the relationships you will require in your CMDB and ensure to use the right relationship type to define the nature of relationship.

Topics discussed under this section:

- Defining Relationships
- Access Relationships Tab
- View Relationships from the Relationship Tab
- Add Relationship from the Relationship Tab
- Delete Relationship

Defining Relationships

In order to define the CI relationships in your CMDB, three piece of information is required.

1. The CI for which the relationship is created
2. The Type of Relationship denoting the inter-dependencies between the CIs, and
3. The dependent CI.

For example, consider a sentence like "ServiceDeskServer Depends on CentOS2Server". Here, ServiceDeskServer is the CI for which the relationship is created, Depends on denotes the nature of relationship, and CentOS2Server forms the dependent CI.

Access Relationships Tab

Each CI in ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus is represented with Attributes and Relationships. The Attributes are data elements that describe the characteristics of the CIs. The Relationships, on the other hand, help in understanding the inter-dependencies between the CIs. The relationships between the CIs can be defined from the relationships tab.

To access the Relationships tab of a CI,

1. Click CMBD tab in the header pane.
2. Select the CI Type from the Configuration Items block. Say, Workstation. Else, select All CIs link to view all the CIs irrespective of the CI Type.
3. Select the CI Name link to view the CI details.
4. From the CI details page, click Relationships sub-tab.

View Relationships from the Relationships tab

The relationship between the CIs is viewed in the Relationship tab. From the Relationship tab, you can

- View the Relationships in Map View and List View
- Access the full screen of the Relationship Map
- Zoom in and Zoom out the relationships linked in the map
- Add Relationships

By default, the relationship editor is shown in Map View. To access the full screen view of the relationships, click view relationship map icon. Use the Zoom in and Zoom out icon to view particular magnifying levels of the CI relationship. Click Reset icon to reset the relationship map to the default view instantly.

The List View groups the CIs according to the Relationship Type. You can delete relationships from the List View.

Add Relationship from the Relationship tab

To add relationships from the relationship tabs,

1. Click Add relationship button. The Add relationship window pops up.
2. The default relationships configured for the CI Type "Server" is listed in the Choose Relationship
drop-down. Select the relationship from the drop-down, say, "Runs - Software". The CIs under the CI Type "Software" are listed along with the configured relationship attributes.

1. If you would like to create relationships with other CIs, enable Search other CIs to Create Relationships radio button.
2. By default, the CIs available in the CMDB are listed in the Available CI(s) column. If the CI list is excessive in length, then you can conduct a search for the CI by entering the search string. Click Search button. The search result is displayed in the Available CI(s) column.
3. You can also view CIs under a specific CI Type. Select the CI Type from the drop-down, say, Department. The CIs available for the CI Type Department are listed under Available CI(s) column. You can also conduct a search operation if the CI list under a CI Type is excessive in length. Say, for the CI Type Department, the entered search string is "Finance". On clicking Search button, "Finance" appears in the Available CI(s) column.

1. Select the CI(s) from the Available CI(s) column. Click Move Right >> button to move the selected
CI(s) to the Selected CI(s) column.
2. Select the nature of relationship between the CIs from Choose Relationship Type drop down.
3. Click Add. The relationship is added in the relationship map.

Delete Relationship

To delete a relationship from the relationship map,

1. Click List View link. The relationships between the CIs are listed according to the relationship type.
2. Enable the check box beside the CI to delete. If you wish to delete all the CIs under a specific relationship type, click Select All button.
3. Click Delete button. The selected CIs are deleted from the relationship map.

NOTE: Please note that you cannot delete a relationship from the Relationship Map.
Relationship Map

The **Relationship Map** is uniquely designed to provide the ability to understand the dependencies between the CIs. The relationships between the CIs are discovered automatically while populating the CIs into the CMDB. You can also manually add the relationship between the CIs from the Relationship Map. The Relationship Map shows the number of pending requests, problems and changes raised for the Assets, Business and IT Services. You can view the pending requests, problems and changes directly from the relationship map.

Using the Relationship Map, you can analyze the impact caused by the CI on a business service and identify the root cause of the impact, thus establishing appropriate measures to gradually eliminate the perpetual issues faced by your organization.

This section has the following contents,

- Access the Relationship Map
  - From CI List View
  - From CI Details Page
- Using the Relationship Map
  - Quick Create - Relationship
  - View CI Details
  - View Pending Requests, Problems and Changes
  - View Relationship Attributes
  - Add Relationships

### Access the Relationship Map

In ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus, all the CIs are represented with a Relationship Map icon to have a quick view of the relationships between the CIs. You can find this relationship map icon in the CI List View and in the CI details page.

#### From CI List View

1. Click CMDB tab in the header pane.
2. Select the CI Type from the Configuration Items block to view the list of CIs. Else, select All CIs link to view all the CIs irrespective of the CI Type.
3. To launch the relationship map in a new window, click the Relationship Map icon beside the CI in the CI List View.

#### From CI Details page

1. Click CMDB tab in the header pane.
2. Select the CI Type from the Configuration Items block. Else, select All CIs link to view all the CIs irrespective of the CI Type.
3. Click the CI Name link to view the CI details.
4. In the CI details page, click the Relationship Map icon to launch the Relationship Map in a new window.

Using the Relationship Map

From the Relationship Map, you can perform the following operations;

- Create relationships instantly using the Quick Create-Relationship option
- View CI details of the CIs
- View the pending requests, problems and changes raised for Assets, Business and IT Services
- Add Relationships between the CIs
- View Relationship Attributes configured for the CIs.

Quick Create - Relationship

The Quick Create - Relationship is an instant means to create relationships between the CIs. You can create relationships for the existing CIs in the relationship map or create dependencies between other CIs using this option.

In order to create a relationship using the Quick Create - Relationship option, three piece of information is required.

1. The CI for which the relationship is created.
2. The Relationship Type, denoting the inter-dependencies between the CIs.
3. The dependent CI.

For example, enter a sentence like "ServiceDeskServer Depends on CentOS2Server". Here, ServiceDeskServer forms the first piece of information, Depends on is the relationship type and CentOS2Server forms the dependent CI.

If the CI name has a space in between, specify the name in double quotes like, "ManagegEngine ServiceDeskServer" Depends on CentOS2Server.

**NOTE:** To denote installed software, use the relationship "Runs::Runs on".

To create relationships using the Quick Create - Relationship option,

1. Select the Quick Create - Relationship button in the Relationship Map. The Quick Create - Relationship dialog pops-up.
2. Enter a sentence with the CIs and the relationship type. Example, ServiceDeskServer Depends on CentOS2Server.
3. Click Add. The CI dependencies are added in the Relationship Map.

For dependencies added between two CIs that are not present in the Relationship Map, select **Click here to view map** link to view the relationship map between those CIs.

In case of conflict between CIs with similar CI names, such as "Administration" and "Administrator", the Quick Create - Relationship option provides the list of CIs, from where, you can choose the appropriate CI. To ease your selection process, choose the CI Type from the drop-down.

You can also create relationships between CIs that are not available in your CMDB. Say, for instance, if Admin is unavailable in your CMDB, then you can add Admin as a new CI by selecting the CI Type from the drop-down. Click **OK** to view the CI in the relationship map.
View CI Details
While viewing the Relationship Map, you can also view the details of a CI. To view the CI details,

1. Move the mouse pointer over the CI.
2. Click View CI details button. The CI details pops-up.

View Pending Requests, Problems and Changes
The CMDB in ServiceDesk Plus keeps a track of all the pending requests, problems and change raised for the CI Type - Assets, Business and IT Services. To identify if a request, problem or change is raised for the CI, the CI is denoted with a warning icon 🚨. Move your mouse pointer over the CI to view the number of pending requests, problem and changes raised for the CI. You can also view the details of the request, problem and change from the Relationship Map.

View Relationship Attributes
Relationship Attributes provide additional information on the relationship between the CIs. Say, for instance, if a server runs a software application, then details such as the Installation Path, Version, Installed On and so on can be configured as relationship attributes.

The Relationship Attributes are configured while setting the default Relationships for a CI Type. To view these relationship attributes on the relationship map, move the mouse pointer over the CI.

NOTE: The Relationship Attributes can be viewed only if the attributes are configured for the relationship.

Add Relationship
To add relationships from the relationship map, click Add Relationship button. The Add relationship window pops up. Adding relationships from the relationship map is similar to the method discussed in
Adding Relationships from the Relationship tab.
Admin Configurations

When you login to the application, for the first time, with the login credentials of an administrator, the Configuration Wizard page is displayed. The Configuration Wizard page in the Admin tab lists the settings of all the modules. You need to configure the setting for each module to make ServiceDesk Plus available for real time functioning.

To access the Admin Configurations,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus using the Username and Password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.

The various configurations are grouped under the following major heads:

- Helpdesk Configuration
- Organization Details
- User Management
- Problem/Change Management
- Discovery
- Asset Management
- Software Management
- Purchase/Contract Management
- Project Management
- User Survey
- General Settings

Each of these configurations is explained in detail in the following sections.
Helpdesk Customizer

The Helpdesk Customizer lets you configure the helpdesk settings before the request module is opened for real time functioning of fetching the customer support mails and tracking the same.

Customizing the Request Form

The new request form is highly customizable and can be configured to suit the needs of your organization. You can add your own values to be set for the Category, Priority, Level, and Mode of the request. By default, these configurations will have some values. You can delete them and add new values, or you can edit them to suit your needs. If you want to set the priority of a request automatically, you can do so using the Priority Matrix. The Priority Matrix enables to determine the priority of a request based on the Impact and Urgency.

Apart from this, you can also add your own custom fields for the new request form. Using the custom fields, you can collect organization specific information for getting a better and clearer idea about the reported issue. The custom fields are of three types: Text field, Numeric field and Date/Time field.

A variety of templates can be configured and stored in ServiceDesk Plus. You can customize templates for frequently raised Incidents, common Resolutions, repeated Tasks and repetitive response to requests. Incident Templates enables you to customize individual forms for the most frequently raised request like, printer problem or mail fetching problem. The fields can be pre-filled with values so that an incident request can be raised instantly.

Finally, through Service Catalog, you can portrait the wide range of services offered by your IT department to the end-users. Users can easily browse through the services, raise requests instantly and monitor their status thereon.
Category

The requests can be categorised/grouped using the following attributes: Categories, Sub-categories and Items. Category form the topmost level in grouping of requests with subcategory and item serving as sublevels for the defined Category.

For example: A request to install Adobe Photoshop can be put under the request Category as Software, Sub-Category as Adobe Photoshop and Item to be Versions 5.0,6.0 and so on. Similarly, if there is a problem in the functioning of the mouse, then it can categorized under the Category as Hardware, Sub-Category to be mouse and Item to be scroll button not working.

Depending on the need, you can create various such categories, sub-categories and items using this option. These categories, sub-categories and items will be listed under the respective drop-down menus available in the New Request form.

To configure/access the Category option,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
3. Under the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Category. This opens the Helpdesk - Category page where you can categorize the incoming requests in to category, sub-category and item.

- Creating New Category
- Creating New SubCategory
- Creating New Item

Create New Category

1. Click New Category button. This displays the category form.
2. Specify the Category Name in the given text field. For ex. Software. This is the only mandatory field.
3. Specify relevant information about the newly created category in the Description field.
4. Select the technician to be assigned for the newly created category from the Assign To Technician combo box. All the issues related to this category will be assigned to the selected technician.
5. Select Change Manager from the available list [optional]. Doing so will enable you to autoassign Change Requests (belonging to the category being created) to the selected Change Manager.
6. Click Save button to save the details. You can see the category getting listed in the category list view below the form.
7. Click Save And Sub Category button to save the details and add a sub-category to the category.

Create New Sub-Category

1. Click New Sub Category button in the category list page to add a sub-category to the category. Or alternatively click add sub-category icon beside the category title in the list view. This displays the sub-category form.
2. Specify the Sub Category name in the given text field. For ex. AdobePhotoshop. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify relevant information about the newly created sub category in the Description field.
4. Select the Category (from the combo box) to which this subcategory woul belong. For ex. Software. This is a mandatory field.
5. Click Save button to save the values. You can see the sub-category getting listed under the selected category.

Create New Item

1. Click New Item button in the category list page to add an item to the sub-category. Or alternatively click add new item icon beside the sub-category title from the respective Category page. This opens the New Item form.
2. Specify the Item name in the given text field. For ex. versions. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify relevant information about the newly created item in the Description field.
4. Select the Sub Category to which the Item would belong. For ex. software. This is a mandatory field.
5. Click Save button to save the details.
Editing and Deleting Category

- Editing and Deleting Category
- Editing and Deleting Subcategory
- Editing and Deleting Item

**Editing Category**

1. Click the **Edit** icon beside the category name in the **Category List** page. This opens the edit category form.
2. Edit the details and save the changes.

**Deleting Category**

1. From the **Category List** page, select the categories to be deleted by enabling the check box.
2. Click **Delete** button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed. The Category will be deleted from the list.

**NOTE:** If the category is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the category is being used by a module. Greying of category indicates that the category value will not be available for further usage. To bring the category value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out category and deselect **Category not for further usage** check box. If a category is greyed, then its sub-categories and items are also greyed.

**Editing Sub-Category**

1. Click the title of the category to which the subcategory to be edited belongs. This opens the sub-category details page.
2. Click **Edit** icon. This opens the edit sub-category form.
3. Edit the details and save the changes.

**Deleting Sub-Category**

1. Click the corresponding sub-category from the list. You can view the list of sub-categories for the category.
2. Select the sub-category from the list by enabling the check box.
3. Click Delete button to delete the selected sub-category. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
4. Click **OK** to proceed. The Sub-category will be deleted from the list.

**NOTE:** If the sub-category is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the sub-category is being used by a module. Greying of sub-category indicates that the sub-category value will not be available for further usage. To bring the sub-category value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out sub-category and deselect **Subcategory not for further usage** check box. If a sub-category is greyed, then its items are also greyed.

**Editing Item**
1. Click the title of the sub-category to which the Item to be deleted belongs. This open the item details page.
2. Click the Edit icon 📝. This opens the edit item form.
3. Edit the details and save the changes.

Deleting Item

1. Click the corresponding item from the list. You can view the list of items for the category.
2. Select the item from the list by enabling the check box.
3. Click Delete button to delete the selected item. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
4. Click OK to proceed. The item will be deleted from the list.

NOTE: If the item is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the item is being used by a module. Greying of an item indicates that the item value will not be available for further usage. To bring the item value back to usage, click the edit icon 📝 beside the greyed out item and deselect Item not for further usage check box.
Import Categories through CSV file

You can also choose to import Categories (Subcategories and Items) that will help categorize the incoming requests through a CSV file.

- Creating and Uploading the CSV file
- Mapping Fields
- Checking Import Summary

Creating and Uploading the CSV file
The CSV file you create should follow the format as shown in the image:

![CSV File Format](image)

Creating and Uploading the CSV file
The CSV file you create should follow the format as shown in the image:

- **Mapping Fields**

Uploading the CSV file

1. Click **Import from CSV** button from the Category List View page
2. Click **Choose File** button from **Import Wizard** pop up
3. Locate the file and open it
4. Click **Next** button

![Category List](image)

Mapping Fields

5. Next step is to map the fields available in CSV file with the **Category**, **Subcategory** and **Item** fields of the ServiceDesk Plus application
**Note:** "Category" is a mandatory field and has to be mapped during import. 

6. After mapping the fields, click **Import Now** button

Checking Import Summary
7. Import Summary will display the status of import. And in case of failure the reason will be pointed out through **downloadable Error file** (see image). The **failed CSV file** will also be available in downloadable format (see image) so that the mistakes done can be corrected after which the file can be reloaded again.

**Note:** Fields not mapped/selected (Subcategory or Item) will not be imported.
Add Quick Category, Sub-category and Item

'Add Quick CSI' option allows you to add new Categories, Sub-categories and Items at an instant, instead of adding them using individual 'New' option. This option proves to reduce time consumption when large number of categories or subcategories or items have to be added. This option is available under Admin>>Helpdesk>> Category >> Add Quick CSI.

To bulk add Category, Sub-Category and Item:
1. Click 'Add Quick CSI' from the Category List window. The 'Add Quick CSI' window will be displayed with text area to enter the CSI and the preview screen to get a view of the CSI entered.

Note
- In the text area of the pop-up window, text entered with no tabs will be considered as Category.
- Text entered with single tab will be taken as Sub-category, while text entered with two tabs will be taken as Item.
2. Press 'enter' after typing the CSI to preview the details.

- **Save**: Clicking 'Save' will save the Category, Sub-category and Item in the text area.
- **Clear**: Clicking 'Clear' will reset the text area.
- **Cancel**: Clicking 'Cancel' will close the 'Add Quick CSI' window.

Following is a sample and preview of the added Category, Sub-category and Items.
**Preview**: A preview will be displayed when 'Enter' is pressed or when preview link is clicked.

**Expand all**: Expands the tree displaying all the Categories, Sub categories and Items in the preview section.

**Collapse all**: Shrinks the tree displaying only the Categories in the preview section.

3. After clicking 'Save', the result window showing the total number of added records and added Categories, Sub-cATEGORIES and Items will be displayed. Clicking 'Close Window' will take you back to the category list window.
Note

- Provide an unique name for the Category. If same names are provided for two or more categories, the preview will display that corresponding category only once.
- Category, Sub category and Items entered in the text area are not case sensitive
Status

Status is way of indicating a request's progress. The value assigned to it (Open, Closed, Onhold or Resolved etc.,) depends upon a number of factors ranging from requester's acknowledgement of the services offered to the availability of the technician who has been assigned with the request. To precisely indicate the request's progress, ServiceDesk Plus allows administrators to configure Status of two types: In Progress Status (and) Completed Status.

- **In Progress Status**: Indicates 'Request Timer ON (running)' period during which the request is being worked out by the technicians.
- **Completed Status**: Indicates 'Request OFF(stopped)' period by which the request would have been completed.

![Configuration Wizard](image)

To open the status configuration page,

1. Click **Admin** tab in the header pane.
2. From the Helpdesk **Customizer** block, click **Status**. The Status List page will be displayed. You can add, edit, or delete various request status from this page.

- Adding "In Progress" Status
- Adding "Completed" Status
- Editing any Status
- Deleting any Status

Adding "In Progress" Status

To add request timer ON "In Progress" status,

- Click the **Add New Status** link (available at the right corner)
- **Enter a unique status name to identify the status in the Name field.**
- Select the **Status Type**: In Progress (or) Completed [In Progress in this case]
- Choose the **Color** for representing the Status
- Click **Save** (or) **Save and Add New** [in case you wish to add another Status]
Note: On Hold is the only default "In Progress" status that will have 'Request Timer OFF'. This is to prevent any unintentional inactivity on technician's part - like waiting for requester approval - from violating the SLA. More such status can be added in case you require them.

Adding "Completed" Status

To add a request timer OFF "Completed" Status,

- Click the Add New Status link (available at the right corner)
- Enter a unique status name to identify the status in the Name field.
- Select the Status Type: In Progress (or) Completed [Completed in this case]
- Choose the Color for representing the Status
- Click Save (or) Save and Add New [in case you wish to add another Status]

Editing any Status

- Click the edit icon beside the status name you wish to edit.
- Edit the details as per your requirements.
- Click Save.

Note: Remember that you cannot change the characteristics associated with a status (that is, change it from In Progress to Completed or vice versa) while editing it. But other details can be changed. And the Stop timer can be activated/deactivated in case you are editing an "In Progress" status.

Deleting any Status
• Click the delete icon beside the status name you wish to edit.
• Edit the details as per your requirements.
• Okay the warning message. The status will be deleted.

**Note:** If the status is greyed instead of getting deleted, then it means that the status is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the status value will not be available for further usage. To bring the status value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out status and deselect **Status not for further usage** check box.

**Note:**
• Status available by default (Open, Onhold, Resolved and Closed) cannot be deleted.
• Request Timer calculates the time consumed for the request and helps technicians keep track of and adhere to Service Level Agreements.
• Request Timer can be accessed from request details page (click **Actions** dropdown --> **Start/Stop Timer**).
Level

Request level is a measure to indicate the complexity of a request. For example, if the received request just has some information and does not require any action to be taken, then it can be classified as Level 1. If there is a minor level action, such as providing the requester some tips to resolve the issue, then it can be classified as Level 2, and so on. To open the request level configuration page

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Level. The Level List page will be displayed. You can add, edit, or delete the request levels.

Adding Level

To add a request level,

1. In the Level List page, click Add New Level link at the top right corner.
2. In the Add - Level form, enter the level Name. If you want, you can enter the level Description also. Please note that you cannot add two levels with the same name. Each level name should be unique.
3. Click Save. The new level gets added to the already existing list.

If you want to add more than one level, then instead of clicking Save, click Save and add new button. This adds the new level and reopens the Add Level form.

At any point, if you decide not to add the new level, then click Cancel to get back to the level list. Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the Add Level form will also take you to the level list view.

Editing Level

To edit an existing level

1. In the Level List page, click the edit icon beside the level name that you want to edit.
2. In the Update - Level form, you can edit the name and description of the level.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a level, if you wish to add new level, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Deleting Level

1. In the Level List page, select the check box beside the level name to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the level, then click Cancel.

NOTE: If the level is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the level is being used by a module. Greying of level indicates that the level value will not be available for further usage. To bring the level value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out level and deselect Level not for further usage.
check box.
Mode

There are different modes of submitting a request to the IT help desk team. ServiceDesk Plus provides you the option of submitting the request through an online form. Instead, a requester can call up the IT help desk agent and inform him/her regarding an issue faced, where the help desk agent will ensure to log the details discussed over the phone call through the web-based form. The other mode by which you can submit a request is by sending a mail to the IT help desk team. The IT help desk will then log the details of the mail through the web-based form in the ServiceDesk Plus application. If there are other methods of reporting a request to the IT help desk team in your organization, you can add the corresponding mode.

To open the mode configuration page

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Mode. The Mode List page will be displayed. You can add, edit, or delete the request mode.

Add a Mode

To add a request mode

1. In the Mode List page, click Add New Mode link at the top right corner.
2. In the Add Mode form, enter the Mode Name. If you want, you can enter the mode Description also. Please note that each Mode Name needs to be unique.
3. Click Save. The new mode gets added to the already existing list.

If you want to add more than one mode, then instead of clicking Save, click Save and add new button. This adds the new mode and reopens the add mode form.

At any point, if you decide not to add the new mode, then click Cancel to get back to the mode list.

Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the add mode form will also take you to the mode list view.

Edit a Mode

To edit an existing mode

1. In the Mode List page, click the edit icon beside the mode name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Mode form, you can modify the name and description of the mode.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a mode, if you wish to add new mode, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Mode

1. In the Mode List page, select the check box beside the mode name to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the mode, then click Cancel.

**NOTE:** If the mode is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the mode is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the mode value will not be available for further usage. To bring the mode value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out mode and deselect **Mode not for further usage** check box.
Impact

Impact is a measure of the business criticality of an Incident or a Problem. Impact is often measured by the number of people or systems affected. By default you have four Impact details listed in the list view.

To open the impact configuration page,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Impact. This opens the Impact page from where you can add, edit and delete the impact.

Add an Impact

1. Click New Impact link on the top right hand side of the page. This opens the Add impact details page.
2. Specify the Name of the impact in the given text field.
3. Specify the details about the impact in the given Description field.
4. Save the changes.
5. Click the Save and add new button to save the Impact and add another Impact.

Edit an Impact

To edit an existing impact,

1. In the Impact List page, click the edit icon beside the impact name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Impact form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing an impact, if you wish to add a new impact, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Impact

1. From the Impact List page, select the check box beside the impact name that you want to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The impact gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the impact, then click Cancel.

NOTE: If the impact is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the impact is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the impact value will not be available for further usage. To bring the impact value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out impact and deselect Impact Details not for further usage check box.
Urgency

Urgency is about the necessary speed of solving an incident of a certain impact. To open the urgency configuration page,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Urgency. This opens the Urgency page. By default you have four Urgency details listed in this page.

Add New Urgency

1. Click New Urgency link on the right hand side of the page. This opens the Add urgency details page.
2. Specify the Name of the Urgency in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify the urgency details in the Description field.
4. Save the changes.
5. Click the Save and add new button to save the urgency and add another urgency.

Edit Urgency

To edit an existing urgency,

1. In the Urgency List page, click the edit icon beside the urgency name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Urgency form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a urgency, if you wish to add a new urgency, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Urgency

1. From the Urgency List page, select the check box beside the urgency name that you want to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The urgency gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the urgency, then click Cancel.

NOTE: If the urgency is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the urgency is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the urgency value will not be available for further usage. To bring the urgency value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out urgency and deselect Urgency not for further usage check box.
Priority

Priority of a request defines the intensity or importance of the request received by the IT help desk team.

To open the request priority configuration page

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Priority. This opens the Priority page where you can add, edit, or delete the request priorities.

Add a Priority

To add a request priority,

1. In the Priority List page, click the Add New Priority link at the top right corner. This opens the Add Priority form.
2. Enter the priority name in the Name text field. The provided name has to be unique and cannot be duplicated. This is a mandatory field.
3. If required, select the Color code to identify the priority by invoking the icon. The selected color has to be unique for every priority specified.
4. You can enter a short description about the priority in the Description field. This can help in understanding the kind of priority associated with the name mentioned in the Name field.
5. Click Save. The new priority is added to the already existing list. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel. If you want to add more than one priority then, click Save and add new button. This adds the new priority and reopens the add priority form.

Note: The priority name along with its color code can be view in the request list view page provided the priority check box is enabled in the column chooser.

Edit a Priority

To edit an existing priority

1. In the Priority List page, click the edit icon beside the priority name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Priority form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a priority, if you wish to add a new priority, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Priority

1. From the Priority List page, enable the check box beside the priority name that you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The priority gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the priority, then click Cancel.

NOTE: If the priority is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the priority is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the priority value will not be available for further usage. To bring the priority value back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out priority and deselect Priority not for further usage check box.
Priority Matrix

The priority matrix helps you determine the Priority automatically based on Impact and Urgency of a request. Impact is listed in the y-axis, and Urgency list in the x-axis of the matrix. Priority Matrix requires a one-time configuration by the Administrator.

Once you set the Priority for specific Impact and Urgency in the priority matrix, when a requester selects a similar impact and urgency combination in the new request form, then the priority of the request will be determined based on the matrix.

To set up Priority Matrix,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Priority Matrix. The page displays priority matrix with impact list in the y-axis and the urgency list in the x-axis.
4. From the Priority Matrix page, click the priority link against specific urgency and impact, this opens the drop down box.
5. Select the corresponding priority from the list. The priority will be set for the particular Impact and Urgency combination.

   **In priority matrix :** If Impact is Affects Business and Urgency is High then Priority should be High.

Example

   **Result in request form :** If requester/technician selects Affects Business for impact and high for urgency in the request then, the priority field gets filled automatically and displays as high.
Request Type

Request Type is the type of request sent by the requester such as an incident or request for any information. ServiceDesk Plus gives you the provision of configuring your request type other than the default options. This is essential while creating a new request under the request module.

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using the username and password of the admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Request Type.

Add a Request Type

To add a new request type,

1. Click the Add Request Type link on the right hand side corner of the Request Type list page. This opens the Add Request Type form.
2. Specify the name of the request type such as, Incident, Request for Information in the Name text field. This is mandatory field.
3. Enter a brief description about the type of requests which fall under the category in the Description text field.
4. Click Save, to save and return to the list view page. Click Save and Add New to save and create another request type.

Edit a Request Type

1. From the Request Type list page, click the edit icon beside the request type which you want to edit. This opens the Update- Incident page.
2. Modify the changes in Name and Description text field.
3. Click Save to save the changes. You can also Save and add a new request type by clicking Save and Add New.

Delete Request Type

1. From the Request Type list page, select the check box beside the request type to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The request type gets deleted from the list.

NOTE: If the request type is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the request type is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the request type will not be available for further usage. To bring the request type back to usage, click the edit icon beside the greyed out priority and deselect Request Type not for further usage check box.
Request Closure Code

Request Closure Code denotes the reason behind closing a request, whether the request was closed successfully, unsuccessfully, cancelled and so on. Using the request closure code, the administrator is able to comprehend the purpose of closing the request by the technician. In addition, comments can be provided to give a detailed explanation for closing the requests. The configured request closure code list appears while closing the request, and the data entered is viewed in the request details page.

To access the Request Closure Code list page,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane to open the Configuration Wizard page.
2. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Request Closure Code. The available request closure code is displayed. From this page you can add, edit and delete a closure code.

Add New Closure Code

1. Click Add New Closure Code link.
2. Specify a unique Name for the request closure code. The name is a mandatory field.
3. Provide a brief Description about the request closure code.
4. Click Save to save the request closure code and return to the list view.

To add more than one request closure code, click Save and Add New button. This adds the new closure code and reopens the Add Request Closure Code form.

Click Cancel to exit the add request closure code form and return to the list view. Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the add request closure code form also take you to the Closure Code list view.

Edit a Request Closure Code

1. In the Request Closure Code list view page, click the edit icon beside the closure code name to edit. The Update form is displayed.
2. Modify the Name and Description.
3. Click Save, to save the request closure code and return to the list view.

Even while editing a closure code, if you wish to add a new request closure code, click Save and Add New button. This updates the request closure code and reopens the Add Request Closure Code form.

Click Cancel to exit the add request closure code form and return to the list view. Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the add request closure code form also take you to the Closure Code list view.

Delete Request Closure Code

1. From the Request Closure Code list view, enable the check box beside the closure code to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The request closure code is deleted from the list.

If the request closure code is used in a request, the closure code is not deleted, instead it is grayed (made
inactive) and will not be available for further usage.
To bring the request closure code back to the active state,

1. Click the edit icon  beside the inactive request closure code. The update form is displayed.
2. De-select the Request Closure Code not for further usage check box.

3. Click Save. The request closure code is saved and will be available for further usage.

Click Save and Add New, to save and add another request closure code. Click Cancel to exit the add request closure code form and return to the list view.
Request Closing Rules

Request closing rules can be used to select the mandatory fields to be filled in by the technicians while closing the requests. You can also use it to confirm user acknowledgement to the technician and close requests either manually or automatically.

To preset the request closing rules,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Request Closing Rules. This opens Request Closing Rules page.
4. Select the mandatory fields for closing the request from the list by enabling the check box.

Confirm User Acknowledgement
On closing the request, the resolution is acknowledged by the requester through mail (if the option is enabled in Notification Rules). If you want to prompt a confirmation message to the technician asking if user has acknowledged the resolution then enable Yes, prompt a message radio button, else enable No, don't prompt a message radio button.

Request Closing Process
Manual Closing

1. If you would like to close the request manually select the Manual radio button.
2. Save the changes. On resolving the request each time you have to close the request manually.

Automatic Close

1. Select the Automated Close radio button to close the request automatically.

In the automatic mode,

1. An email is sent to the requester when the Request is put in Resolved state
2. The Requester can Close the Request with the close link given or Re-open the Request by replying to the mail.
3. If the Requester takes no action the Request will be closed after the number of days specified in the combo box.
4. Select the close resolved request after n number of days from the combo box. After the selected number of days the resolved requests will be closed automatically if the requester does not take any action.
5. Save the details.

Example: If you have selected Resolution as a mandatory field, then the technician fixing the problem, should enter the reason and solution for the problem in the resolution text field before closing the request, else an error message pops up asking you to enter the details in the resolution field. If Yes, prompt a
message radio button is enabled then, a confirmation message is prompted to the concerned technician if user has acknowledged the resolution.

Close requests automatically if approval is denied.

Enabling this option will automatically close a request when approval is denied for the request - i.e, if the approval status of a request is changed to the "Denied" state. Normally the admin/technician has to manually delete a request when approval is denied for the request, however with this option that need is eliminated. [x]With this, you can:

1. Configure the time after which a request should be closed once approval is denied. Use the days and hours drop-down to configure it.

2. Select an appropriate Request Closure Code.

3. Add Request Closure Comments and Resolution, if any, in the given fields.

4. Configure what should be done with the pending tasks that are associated with the request - for e.g. you can configure the status of the pending tasks to be changed to "Closed", "Resolved" or to some custom completed status, else you can configure to delete those tasks when approval is denied.

**Note:** Request will be automatically closed only if it’s approval status is changed to the "Denied" status.
Incident - Additional Fields

While creating an incident, you may want to capture additional details about the incident, apart from the preset fields available in the New Incident form. The Incident - Additional Fields wizard helps you configure those additional fields to be displayed in the New Incident form. You can configure different types of fields in the form namely; Text, Numeric, Data / Time and Decimal.

The following topics are discussed here:

1. Adding Incident - Additional Fields
   - Single-line / Multi-line
   - Pick List
   - Numeric
   - Date/Time
   - Decimal

2. Configuring New Fields in Incident Template
3. Editing Additional Fields
4. Deleting Additional Fields

Steps to Add Incident - Additional Fields

1. The maximum number of fields you can add is 90 (including all Text, Numeric, Data / Time and Decimal fields).
2. The newly added fields need to be manually configured in Incident Templates.

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an Admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. From the Helpdesk Customizer menu, click Incident - Additional Fields. The Incident - Additional Fields Configuration wizard is shown that lists the existing set of fields. From here, you will be able to add new fields.
4. Click Add Field.

1. The Incident - Additional fields window pops up that has six tabs as shown below. Click the relevant tab to configure the type of additional field you require.
2. Click ‘Save’, if you want to add more fields. The form data will be saved and reset so that you can...
start adding the subsequent fields.

3. Click ‘Save and Close’, if you wish to add only this field.

Additional Field Types:

1. **Single-line (Text Additional Fields):** If the additional fields to be created are for alphabets/alphanumeric characters, then use these **Text** additional fields. You can provide only a single-line text in this field (say, **Name**).

   i. Click the **Single-line** tab.
   
   ii. **[This is a mandatory field]** Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.

      i. **[Optional]** Mention the **Default Value** for the label name you have given.

      ii. **[Optional]** Specify the exact **Value Length** for the **Single-line** field. The allowed range of value is from **1 to 250**.

        i. **[Optional]** Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.

1. **Multi-line (Text Additional Fields):** If the additional fields to be created are for lengthy
alphabets/alphanumeric characters, then use these Text additional fields. You can provide multiple lines of text in this field (say, comments).

i. Click the **Multi-line** tab.

ii. **[This is a mandatory field]** Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.

   i. **[Optional]** Mention the **Default Value** for the label name you have given.

   ii. **[Optional]** Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.

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2. **Multi Select (Selectable Multiple Values):**

   i. Click the **Multi Select** tab.

   ii. **[This is a mandatory field]** Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.

   iii. Type multiple Values and hit enter.

   **Note:**

   1. Maximum number of values that can be added is limited to 2,500

   2. Maximum number of values that can be selected for the field while creating a request is limited to 25

   3. Characters like (;,<,>) will be removed from value if entered

   iv. **[Optional]** Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.
3. **Pick List (Drop-down menu):** If the additional fields to be created are for a list of values, then use this pick list.

   i. Click the **Pick List** tab.
   
   ii. **[This is a mandatory field]** Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.
   
   iii. **[Optional]** Enter the required **Values** one-by-one in the text field provided and hit **Enter**. The values get added to the list below.

   ![Pick List Example](image)

   i. **[Optional]** Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.

**Different Operations on Values:**

- **Setting default value for the field:** Mouse hover the desired value in the list. Click the **Default** icon to set that value as the default one to appear in the New Incident form. The default value is highlighted by green color.

- **Editing the value:** Mouse hover the desired value in the list. Click the **Edit** icon to modify it.

- **Deleting the value:** Mouse hover the desired value in the list. Click the **Trash** icon to remove it.
1. **Numeric Additional Field**: If the additional fields to be created are for numeric values, then use this Numeric additional field.

   i. Click the **Numeric** tab.
   ii. Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.
   iii. Specify the exact **Value Length** for the numeric field. The allowed range of value is from 1 to 19.

   - The **Value Length** is optional and is based on the **Label Name** you have chosen. For example:
   - If the **Label Name** is 'Extension Number' that should be of 4 digits, then specify the value length as 4.
   - If the **Label Name** is 'Quantity', which can have any value from 1 to 1000, then just leave the field blank.

   i. Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.
1. **Date/Time Additional Field**: If the additional fields to be created are for Date/Time, then use this **Date/Time** additional field.

   i. Click the **Date/Time** tab.
   ii. Specify the **Label** name for the additional field.
   iii. Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.

   ![Date/Time Additional Field]

1. **Decimal Additional Fields**: If the additional fields to be created are for decimal values, then use this **Decimal** additional field.

   i. Click the **Decimal** tab.
   ii. Specify the **Label Name** for the additional field.
   iii. Specify any relevant details about the label in the **Description** field.

   ![Decimal Additional Field]

   While specifying the decimal value, the allowed length of digits for the **integer part** should be **less than or equal to 13** and the allowed length of digits **after the decimal** is **2**. If the value exceeds, then the value would be truncated and saved.

   ![Decimal Value Limit]

### Configuring New Fields in Incident Template

Once you add an additional field, you need to manually configure it in the Incident Template. You can do this by adding the field onto the canvas using the **Drag and Drop** method. Click here to learn more on customizing the templates.

### Editing Additional Fields

1. From the Incident - Additional Fields Configuration wizard, either click the 📝 icon (or) the **Name** link corresponding to the field you wish to edit.
2. Make the required changes and click **Update**.
Deleting Additional Fields

1. From the Incident - Additional Fields Configuration wizard, click the icon corresponding to the field you wish to delete.
2. Say OK to the confirmation message that pops up. The field gets removed from the Incident-Additional Fields list.

| ✗ | Once a field is deleted, all the associated data will also be deleted and will not appear in the New Incident form. |
Incident Template

In real world, there is a need to support different types of incident request which might require different fields in the form layout. Request Template supports to configure different set of fields for different type of requests. Thereby creating individual form for each request template for the most frequently raised requests such as, printer problem or mail fetching problem. The fields can be pre filled with values so that a request can be created instantly.

To open the request template form,

- Click the Admin tab in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
- Click Incident Templates under the Helpdesk Customizer block. This opens the Incident Template list view page.

Create an Incident Template

- Click Create New button. This opens the add incident template form view for the technician.
- The incident template form consists of three blocks namely, Header, Field list, Canvas and Show to Requester.
- Header : The header consists of the Template Name, Comments and the Undo and Redo buttons.
- Field List : The field list consists of the list of fields and the add new field option.
  - Canvas: The canvas decides the form look and has drag and drop area.
  - Show to Requester : The incident template can be made available to requesters by enabling "Show to Requester" check box.

If you have configured User Groups, the template can be restricted to the requesters of a specific user group by selecting the user groups from the list. Click here to know more on configuring User Groups.

The following are the actions that can be performed in the form,

- Form Customization
  - Add New fields
  - Drag and Drop fields
  - Setting Field Property
- Request Preview
Form Customization
The layout of the form can be customized by, add/remove fields, set field properties and re-arrange the fields in the Canvas for an incident template.

Add New Field

- You can add new fields by dragging the Add New Field option under the Drag and Drop field on to the canvas.
- This opens the Add New Field pop up window as shown below,

![Add New Field](image)

- Select the type of field such as, text, numeric, by enabling the radio button beside it.
- In the text field settings block, specify the Label Name in the field provided. This is mandatory field. If required, enter the significance of the field in the Description text field.
- Select the type of the text field such as single-line, pick list.
- Click OK, the field gets added in the dragged place in the canvas with the above specifications.

The newly added fields are common for all the templates. The field name will also be same for all the templates. The newly added field can be edited or deleted only in Request - Additional Fields.

Drag and Drop

- Drag the field from the Field List and drop it onto the canvas. The drop areas will be highlighted. The dragged field can be dropped only in the highlighted area.
- The fields in the form can also be re-arranged by dragging the field and placing it over an empty cell. The field can be placed only in the highlighted area. The request details can be moved as a whole block.
If you want to Undo/Redo the changes then click the corresponding buttons.

Setting Field Properties
You can customize the fields such as, status, priority, mode by either changing the field properties, that is, making the fields mandatory or closing the fields. Thus you can customize the entire form by keeping the relevant fields in the canvas for a template. To customize the form,

- Hover over the field, an Edit Field properties and Remove Field icons appears.
- Click the Edit Field Properties icon. A drop down appears containing the options,

- Mandatory Field: The field can be made mandatory by enabling the check box adjacent to this option.
  
  Note: If the Item field is marked as mandatory then the category and sub category will automatically be marked as mandatory. Similarly, if the Impact details are marked as mandatory then the Impact field will automatically be marked as mandatory.

- Requester can Set: Enabling this option, provides the requester with the privilege to set the field values in the new request form of the requester login. Selecting this option automatically enables requester can view’ option.

- Requester can View: The requesters can view the field in the request details page but cannot set nor edit the value.

  Note: The fields such as requester details, subject and description do not have field properties and hence can be only re-arranged in the canvas.

Click Remove Field icon to remove the field from the canvas. The detached fields are added under drag and drop field list. The fields like status, priority, description, subject and requester details do not have the Remove Field option.

Approval configurations
Approval configuration establishes command of approvers over templates. This configuration is template specific. You can entitle one or all the approvers to authorize an incident request raised with a template.

1. Go to Admin tab>>Helpdesk Customizer>>Incident Template.
2. A list of incident templates appear.
3. Click Edit icon on a template. The template details page is displayed.
4. Click Work Flow tab on the template details page. You will see Approval Configurations under Incident Workflow Settings as shown in the screenshot below
On customizing the form layout, you can pre fill the fields with values. Click Save. The template is added to the available list in the Incident Template list view page. To save and add tasks for the template, click Save and Add Task instead of Save.

At any point, if you do not wish to add the Incident template and would like to get back to the list view page, click **Cancel**. Clicking the **View List** link on the top right corner of the Incident template form will also take you to the Incident template list view page.

The incident templates are populated under New Request drop down. To obtain the default request form, click New Request link. The default form can neither be deleted nor renamed. Requests created through mail are also based on the default template.
Request Preview
On customizing the request form for both the requesters as well as technicians, you can see the preview for both the logins using this option.
From the Incident Template list view page, click the Template name to preview.

Technician View
By default, the incident template form for technicians is opened. You can drag and drop fields in the canvas, re-arrange, add/remove and set properties for the field.

Requester View
You can view the incident template form for a requester if the Show to requester option is enabled. To view the incident template form for a requester, click the Requester tab on the top left hand side of the page. The header section is grayed and hence is non-editable. In the requester preview page, certain fields are hid from the requester while the rest of the fields can only be re-arranged.

Add Tasks
You can view and add tasks related to the incident template on clicking the Tasks tab. This displays the
list of tasks for the template. You can add tasks by clicking Add Task button. To add task refer Add Task.

Edit Incident Template
You can edit the incident template and also have a preview of the incident templates for a technician and a requester.

1. Click the incident template name from the incident template list view page. By default, the incident template form for technicians is opened.
2. You can drag and drop fields in the canvas, re-arrange, add/remove and set properties for the field.
3. You can view the incident template form for a requester if the Show to requester option is enabled.
   To view the incident template form for a requester, click the Requester tab on the top left hand side of the page.
4. In the requester preview page, the fields can only be re-arranged. The header section will be grayed and hence will be non-editable.
5. You can also view and add tasks related to the request by clicking on the Task tab. This displays the list of tasks for the template. You can also add tasks by clicking Add Task button.

Delete Incident Template

1. From the incident template list view page, enable the check box adjacent to the template which you want to delete.
2. Click Delete button, a pop up window appears confirming the delete operation.
3. Click OK to continue. The template gets deleted from the list. If the template is been used by a request then the template will be marked in grey indicating no further usage of the template in the incident template list view page.

To bring the form back to usage, disable 'Template not for further usage' check box under the Header block of Edit Incident Template form.

For information on configuring field and form rules click here.
Resolution Template

Resolution templates can be created to handle repeated requests with the same solution. The solutions of frequently raised requests, such as printer configuration can be made into a Resolution Template. Thus the technicians need not type the same resolution repeatedly for the request raised.

To open the configuration page for resolution template,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application with the username and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Resolution Template to open the Resolution Template list page.

Add New Template

1. Click New Template button to open the Add-Resolution Template form.
2. Specify a unique name for the template in the Name text field.
3. Enter the resolution in the Description text field. Both the Name and Description are mandatory fields.
4. You can mark this template as inactive by enabling the check box beside Mark as InActive. The inactive template is marked in grey and does not get listed in the resolution template drop-down while resolving a request.
5. Click Save. To save and add another resolution template, click Save and Add New.

Edit a Resolution Template

1. In the Resolution Template list page, click on the Edit icon beside the template you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Resolution Template form, modify the required changes mentioned while adding the resolution.
3. Click Update. Even while editing, if you wish to add a new resolution template, then click Update and add new button. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Delete Resolution Template

1. In the Resolution Template list page, select the check box beside the template you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation message appears. Click Ok to continue. The resolution template gets deleted from the list.
Reply Template

While replying to requests, technicians tend to type the same response repeatedly to many requests. With Reply Template, technicians can create templates for the repetitive response to requests, thus saving time and easing their work.

To open the configuration page for reply template,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application with the username and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, click Reply Template to open the Reply Template list page.

Add a Reply Template

1. Click New Template button to open the Add Reply Template form.
2. Specify a unique name for the template in the Template Name text field.
3. Enter the content of the template in the Description text field. Both the Name and Description are mandatory fields
4. You can mark this template as inactive by enabling the check box beside Mark this template INACTIVE. The inactive template is marked in grey and does not get listed in the reply template drop-down while replying to requests.
5. Click Save. To save and add another resolution template, click Save and Add New.

Edit a Reply Template

1. In the Reply Template list page, click on the Edit icon beside the template you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Reply Template form, modify the required changes mentioned while adding the Reply.
3. Click Update. Even while editing, if you wish to add a new Reply template, then click Update and add new button. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Delete Reply Template

1. In the Reply Template list page, select the check box beside the template you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation message appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The reply template gets deleted from the list.
Chat Settings

The Live Chat feature in ServiceDesk Plus facilitates easy interaction between requesters and technicians. Requesters can use this feature to have their simple issues resolved without raising a request by email or phone or through the self-service portal. To make Live Chat available for requesters and technicians, the SD admin must configure Chat Settings in Helpdesk Customizer under the Admin tab.

To begin a chat conversation with a technician, a requester must click the Live Chat button on the lower-right corner of their home page.

Configuring Live Chat

- Go to Admin >> Helpdesk Customizer >> Chat settings.
- On the displayed page, click Chat settings and fill out the various fields as shown in the following screenshot:
Exclude groups, sites, and technicians
You can improve resource utilization and requester support by excluding certain technicians, groups, and sites from responding to chat requests. For example, if there are various levels of technicians handling requests based on complexity, you can preclude senior technician groups from responding to chats.

Technician chat window
When a technician receives a chat request, they will need to pick the request within the stipulated chat response time, which is configured on the Chat settings page. The following screenshot shows technician's chat window when a new chat arrives.
When the technician accepts the chat request, the Actions button on the top-right corner of the chat window becomes available. Using this button, the technician can set a title to the conversation, add notes, transfer the chat to another technician, or even end the session.

Note: A technician can have only 3 active chat windows at any given point in time.

Requester chat window
When a requester initiates a chat conversation, the predefined Welcome Message is displayed in the chat window. The requester can start a new request or select from the requester's existing open requests. Selecting a support group from the drop-down ensures effective and quicker resolution of the chat request.
After the technician accepts the chat request, the attachment icon becomes available for the request. In case the technician does not pick up the request within the stipulated time, it becomes a missed chat, and the requester's window displays the predefined Missed Chat message.

Close and create a request
When the technician ends a chat session, they have the option either close it as is or close and create a request out of the conversation.

Chat History
The History button in the left pane displays the details of all chats. This information can be viewed only by the SDAdmin. If you are looking for a specific chat, you can either manually scroll through history or use the Search button.

The search option helps narrow down and refine your results by time, requester, technician, group, and even phrases.
Custom Triggers

The Custom Triggers feature, as the name indicates, helps customize automatic workflows for different types of user requests. Using this feature, the SD admin can automate several processes, such as setting up multiple approval stages, sending customized email notifications, creating a new request based on resources field information, and setting up integration with third-party applications.

Triggering the defined workflow

An action is triggered for new requests that match the conditions you specify. These conditions refer to the values that certain fields in the request must hold, and are checked when a request is created, updated, created and updated, approved, rejected, approved or rejected and when a new reply is received for the request.

Custom Trigger is executed when a request is duplicated/copied, when a incident request is converted to a service request and when a new request is created through preventive maintenance tasks(scheduled requests). For modified requests, if all the fields listed in the condition are updated in the request and the latest value of the modified fields matches the conditions.

Note: Mandatory field mark can be removed from the criteria section with the changes in the global config entry.
This document briefly discusses how to set up a workflow using custom triggers.

Configuring Custom Triggers

Go to Admin>>Custom Triggers

On the page that opens, the SD admin can add a new action, enable or disable an action, edit an action, or delete an action.

The admin can also define the sequence of the order in which the actions must be applied on a request.

The following screen shot describes the process to add a new action.
Configuring Actions

Let's consider the script, `py SendSMS.py $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE`, which is configured for sending an sms each time a request arrives with "Group" set to "network" and "Urgency" set to "High." The supported input arguments for this script are:

- `$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE`: Complete request data will be saved to a JSON file temporarily and the file path will be passed as a string object.
- `$DIFF_JSON`: When a request is updated, the difference in the previous data and updated data will be passed as a JSON string object.
- All the request parameters listed here can be passed as arguments.

By default, the scripts will run from the `[SDP_Home]/integration/custom_scripts/` directory. The languages supported include Python, VBScript, PowerShell, Batch, and so on.

Writing Custom Scripts

You have to program the actions to be performed, in a script file. By default, the following request operations are supported:
• Adding notes to a request
• Updating a request
• Conditional approvals for requests

Follow the steps described in the document given below to program the required actions effectively.

• Writing Custom Script files (A sample Python file)

Related documents:
Use cases of Custom Triggers | FAQs | Request Custom Menu | Change Custom Triggers | Field and Form Rules

Support:

If you have any questions about Custom Triggers, please post it in our community forum.

Did you create something amazing with Custom Triggers? Post your success story on our resources forum.
With Custom Triggers, SD admins can automate the following tasks:

- Create tasks (Sample Python script)
- Update a request based on certain field values (Sample Python script)
- Notify technicians and users by email (Sample Python script, sample PowerShell script)
- Notify technicians and users by SMS (Sample Python script)
- Include fields that are not available in the Notification Templates for email/SMS notifications
- Set up various stages of approvals for service requests (Sample script)
- Create multiple incident/service requests based on resource fields information (Sample Python script, sample PowerShell script)
- Create an incident ticket in a parallel ServiceDesk Plus instance (Sample Python script)
- Create a change request on request creation.
- Delete requests created by Preventive Maintenance Task on configured holidays
- Create Downtime schedule in OpManager from a Change Request (Sample Python script)
- Create Downtime schedule in AppManager from a Change Request (Sample Python script)
- Integrate ServiceDesk Plus with Slack (Sample Python script)

- Access third-party applications for tasks such as issue tracker integration, active directory account creation, and new mail account creation.
1. When does the $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE file get created? Does it happen always? I can't find it in the SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest folder.

Yes, a file is created each time $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE is passed as an argument to the script. However, after the script is executed, the file is deleted. If you want to use this file, include instructions in the script to copy the file to a different location.

2. According to instructions, the $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE file should be in the SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest folder. But that folder never gets created in that location.

If the folder is not created in the location or if $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE is always empty, it could be due to a privilege issue. Ensure that there are sufficient permissions to create a file in the mentioned location.

3. $complete_json_file is always empty, and I have sufficient privileges. What could be the problem?

Check the casing of the file you’ve used. Always use $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE and not $complete_json_file because all parameters are case-sensitive.

4. Does $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE include request additional fields?

Yes, $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE includes request additional fields values.

5. Can the request additional fields be sent as an argument to the custom script?

No, a request additional field cannot be sent as an argument to the custom script. However, the $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE will have additional field values, which can be used.

6. I would like to trigger an action whenever the requester replies to the ticket or when a note gets added to the ticket. Is it possible using Custom Triggers?

No, as of now, a new conversation/reply to the ticket or adding a note to the ticket is not considered as a request-edit. So, an action cannot be triggered when a requester replies to a ticket.

7. I am not sure if the script is executed. I do not see any logs added to the System Log Viewer. Where can I check to see whether my script has run?

Go to the History tab in the request. You may find the following entries:

- Action by <technician> on <date_and_time_of_execution>
- Action menu "Action Executed is :<your_action_name>" invoked
- Action by <technician> on <date_and_time_of_execution>
Action Executed is: <your_action_name>
Message: <message_given_in_the_script>

To debug your script, you can add the script to the Custom Menu and invoke it to see if it's working, rather than waiting for a request to trigger the action. After making the necessary changes to the script, delete the custom menu and add it as an action to custom triggers.

8. The message on the History tab says, "JobExecution failed in ExternalActionJobExecutor: java.util.concurrent.ExecutionException: java.io.IOException: Cannot run program “py”". How do I solve this?

This exception occurs when Python is not installed in the server. So, install Python in the ServiceDesk Plus server and set its path in the Environment Variables of your server.
Writing a custom script

You will need a working knowledge of:

- JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)
- Python

A custom action script file is generally structured as follows:

1. Import required packages
2. Get input arguments
3. Implement the logic
4. Return JSON

Import required packages

Listed are the most frequently used packages along with their usage:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Package</th>
<th>Usage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sys</td>
<td>Fetches the input arguments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>json</td>
<td>Manipulates JSON data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>requests</td>
<td>Makes API calls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>datetime</td>
<td>Transforms time from millisec to the required date format</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Get input arguments

The arguments for the script file can be fetched using sys.argv[index] where index starts from 1 to number of arguments passed.

When the argument passed is $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE (the path to the file containing the request JSON), the JSON file can be read using the following snippet:

```python
file_Path = sys.argv[1]
```
with open(file_Path) as data_file:
data = json.load(data_file)

**Implement the logic**

The following snippet is for making an API call:

```python
with requests.Session() as s:
    url = 'api_url'
    r = s.post(url,verify=True, data=post_data,headers=headers)
```

Construct the api_url, post_data and headers as required.

The following snippet is to transform time from millisec to required date format:

```python
date = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(int(millisec)/1e3).strftime('%d %b %Y, %H:%M:%S')
```

**Construct return JSON**

A sample JSON such as `{"key":"value"}` can be constructed a follows:

```python
json = {}
json["key"] = "value"
print(json)
```

A sample JSON array such as `[{"key":"value"}]` can be constructed a follows:

```python
json = {}
json["key"] = "value"
result = []
result.append(json)
print(result)
```

Some operations can be performed using the JSON returned from the script. Learn about the operations performed using return JSON here.

Following is an example that shows construction of a JSON that updates a request's additional
fields JIRA_ISSUE_ID & JIRA_ISSUE_URL and adds a note about it.

```python
jiraissueid = responseobj['id']
jiraissueurl = responseobj['self']

updateReqArray={}  
updateReqArray['JIRA_ISSUE_ID']=jiraissueid 
updateReqArray['JIRA_ISSUE_URL']=jiraissueurl

updateFieldsJson={"INPUT_DATA":[]}
updateFieldsJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(updateReqArray)
updateFieldsJson["OPERATIONNAME"]="EDIT_REQUEST"

note={}  
note["notestext"] = "Jira Request Created with ID: "+jiraissueid+"<br> Issue Link: "+jiraissueurl

noteObject={}  
noteObject["notes"]=note

addNoteJson={}  
addNoteJson['INPUT_DATA']=[]
addNoteJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(noteObject)
addNoteJson["OPERATIONNAME"]="ADD_NOTE"

resultjson={}  
resultjson["result"] = "success"
resultjson["message"] = "A Jira Request has been Created. Note with the Issue ID and URL has been added."
resultjson["operation"] = []
resultjson["operation"]=append(updateFieldsJson)  
resultjson["operation"].append(addNoteJson)

#Returning the JSON
print(resultjson)
```

**Input Parameters**

Request parameters and all API parameters can be passed as arguments to script files. Note that
arguments cannot be passed to class files.

The following table lists the supported arguments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Returns Request Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$WORKORDERID</td>
<td>Request ID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$REQUESTER</td>
<td>Name of the requester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$CREATEDBY</td>
<td>Name of the technician who created the ticket on requester's behalf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$CREATEDTIME</td>
<td>Time at which the request was created (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$DUEBYTIME</td>
<td>Due by time (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$RESPONSEDUEBYTIME</td>
<td>Response due by time (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$RESPONDEDTIME</td>
<td>Time at which the request was responded to (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$RESOLVEDTIME</td>
<td>Time at which the request was resolved (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$COMPLETEDTIME</td>
<td>Time at which the request was closed (Millisec)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SHORTDESCRIPTION</td>
<td>Shortened description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$TIMESPENTONREQ</td>
<td>Time spent on request (Hours and minutes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SUBJECT</td>
<td>Subject</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$REQUESTTEMPLATE</td>
<td>Request template using which the corresponding request was created (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$MODE</td>
<td>Mode (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SLA</td>
<td>Service Level Agreement (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ASSET</td>
<td>Asset (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$DEPARTMENT</td>
<td>Department (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$EDITORID</td>
<td>The user ID of the Editor of the Service Request (Long)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$EDITING_STATUS</td>
<td>The editing status of the Service Request (Long)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$IS_CATALOG_TEMPLATE</td>
<td>Denotes whether the request is created using service catalog or incident catalog (Boolean)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SITE</td>
<td>Site (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ISVIPUSER</td>
<td>Indicates whether the user is a VIP or not (Yes or no)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SERVICE</td>
<td>Service category (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$CATEGORY</td>
<td>Category (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SUBCATEGORY</td>
<td>Subcategory (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ITEM</td>
<td>Item (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$TECHNICIAN</td>
<td>Name of the Technician assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$TECHNICIAN_LOGINNAME</td>
<td>Login name of the logged in technician</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$STATUS</td>
<td>Status (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$PRIORITY</td>
<td>Priority (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$LEVEL</td>
<td>Level (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$IMPACT</td>
<td>Impact (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$URGENCY</td>
<td>Urgency (String)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$IMPACTDETAILS</td>
<td>Impact Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$REQUESTTYPE</td>
<td>Type of the Request</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
$APPROVAL_STATUS    The Approval status of the request (String)
$CLOSURECODE    Reason for closing a request (String)
$CLOSURECOMMENTS    Explanation for closing the request
$FCR    First Call Resolution (Boolean)
$YETTOREPLYCOUNT    A count of the number of replies to which the technician has not yet replied
$GROUP    Group (String)
$DESCRIPTION    Full description
LOGIN_NAME    Login name through which the request was raised
LOGGEDIN_USER_NAME    Display name of the user who raised the request

Other supported parameters

$DIFF_JSON    --> When a request is updated, the difference in the previous data and updated data will be passed as JSON string.
$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE    --> Complete request object and the difference object will be saved to a JSON file and the file path will be passed as string.
E.g. (SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest12_1426143538036.JSON).

$COMPLETE_JSON    structure

{
  "request": {
    "WORKORDERID": "17",
    "REQUESTER": "Annie",
    "CREATEDBY": "Heather Graham",
    "CREATEDTIME": "1477984359352",
    "DUEBYTIME": "1477991559352",
    "RESPONSEDUEBYTIME": "1477991559052",
    "RESPONDEDTIME": "0",
    "RESOLVEDTIME": "0",
    "COMPLETEDTIME": "0",
    "SHORTDESCRIPTION": "Please create a user account for the new joinee and provide the requested resources.",
    "TIMESPENTONREQ": "0hrs 0min",
    "SUBJECT": "New hire request form",
    "REQUESTTEMPLATE": "New Hire",
    "MODE": "Web Form",
    "SLA": "Medium SLA",
  }
"ASSET": "iPhone 6 - PO# Apple_iPhone_43[52], MacBook Pro",
"IS_CATALOG_TEMPLATE": "false",
"SITE": "Zoho Corp - Chennai",
"ISVIPUSER": "No",
"SERVICE": "User Management",
"CATEGORY": "User Administration",
"TECHNICIAN": "Shawn Adams",
"TECHNICIAN_LOGINNAME": "shawn.adams",
"STATUS": "Open",
"PRIORITY": "Medium",
"LEVEL": "Tier 1",
"IMPACT": "Medium",
"URGENCY": "Normal",
"REQUESTTYPE": "New Joinee Request",
"FCR": "false",
"INTERESTEDPARTY": "hradmin1@org.com,hradmin2@org.com",
"GROUP": "HR group",
"DESCRIPTION": "Please create a user account for the new joinee and provide the requested resources.",
"Languages Known": [
  "Java",
  "Python",
  "SQL"
],
"Job Type": "Software Developer Engineer",
"Qualification": "B. Tech Computer Science",
"Address": "My Door No : xx,My street name,My city I live in,Postal code",
"Expected DOJ": "15 Nov 2016, 08:00:00",
"New Joinee Name": "John William",
"Years of Experience": "2.0",
"LOGIN_NAME": "heather.graham",
"LOGGEDIN_USER_NAME": "Heather Graham"
}

$DIFF_JSON structure

{
  "diff": {
    "DUEBYTIME": {
      "OLD": "1476961659524",
      "NEW": "1476961659524",
      "ERROR": "false"
    }
  }
}
"NEW": "1476940059524"
},
"MODE": {
  "OLD": "E-Mail",
  "NEW": "Phone Call"
},
"SLA": {
  "OLD": "Low SLA",
  "NEW": "Medium SLA"
},
"SERVICE": {
  "OLD": "", 
  "NEW": "Data Management"
},
"CATEGORY": {
  "OLD": "Desktop Hardware",
  "NEW": "General"
},
"TECHNICIAN": {
  "OLD": "Howard Stern",
  "NEW": "Jeniffer Doe"
},
"PRIORITY": {
  "OLD": "Low",
  "NEW": "Medium"
},
"LEVEL": {
  "OLD": "",
  "NEW": "Tier 2"
},
"IMPACT": {
  "OLD": "Low",
  "NEW": "Medium"
},
"URGENCY": {
  "OLD": "Low",
  "NEW": "Normal"
},
"REQUESTTYPE": {
  "OLD": "Incident",
  "NEW": "Request For Information"
}
Whenever a request is edited, the DIFF_JSON is produced which can be used to devise workflows based on fields changes.

**$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE**

$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE denotes the file path of the file that has both the $COMPLETE_JSON and $DIFF_JSON together in a single JSON. Instead of passing too many parameters to the class/script, the file path can be passed and the script can open the file and access the required values.

The file is created temporarily and is deleted after the script is executed.

The temporary JSON file is created in SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest directory, file name being <requestid_timestamp>.json.
Output JSON format for Custom Scripts

The document provides information on the JSON format that needs to be returned from a custom script.

General format

The class/script for requests file should return a JSON which has the success/failure status and a message which will be displayed in the history tab of the request. The JSON has the following format:

```
{
    "result": "success",
    "message": "Message"
}
```

* Result denotes the success/failure status of the action.
* Message is the information to be displayed in the request's history tab.

Operations Supported

Some operations can also be performed using the return JSON. The JSON structure to invoke the operations is as follows:

```
{
    "message": "Message",
    "result": "success",
    "operation": [
        {
            "OPERATIONNAME": "operation_1",
            "INPUT_DATA": [
                
            ]
        },
        {
            "OPERATIONNAME": "operation_2",
            "INPUT_DATA": [
                
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```
Some of the operations supported for custom triggers are as follows:

* EDIT_REQUEST
* ADD_NOTE
* ADD_APPROVAL_STAGE
* ADD_APPROVAL
* SET_APPROVAL_STAGE
* SET_APPROVAL

EDIT_REQUEST JSON

Updates the mentioned fields in the request.

```
{
  "message": "Request Updated Successfully",
  "result": "success",
  "operation": [
    {
      "OPERATIONNAME": "EDIT_REQUEST",
      "INPUT_DATA": [
        {
          "Asset": "sdp-mac-2",
          "Technician": "Heather Graham",
          "RequestTempate": "New Hire",
          "Job Type": "Developer",
          "Experience": "3 years"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

All the input parameters listed here can be updated this way.

ADD_NOTE JSON

Adds a note to the request.
The JSON for Adding a Note is as follows:

```json
{
    "result": "success",
    "message": "Note Added Successfully",
    "operation": [
        {
            "OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_NOTE",
            "INPUT_DATA": [
                {
                    "notes": {
                        "notesText": "Sample Text"
                    }
                }
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```

**ADD_APPROVAL_STAGE JSON**

This JSON adds new approvers for mentioned stages, in addition to the existing set of approvers.

Triggering the approval for the first stage is controlled by the `send_immediately` parameter. When set to true, the approval request will be sent immediately. When set to false, the user has to send the approval request manually.

```json
{
    "message": "Sample Python script for adding new approvers for all stages, in addition to the existing approvers",
    "result": "success",
    "operation": [
        {
            "OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_APPROVAL_STAGE",
            "send_immediately": "true",
            "INPUT_DATA": [
                {
                    "StageOne": [
                        "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",
                        "Sampleuser.2@xyz.com"
                    ]
                }
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```
"StageTwo": [  
  "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
  "Sampleuser.4@xyz.com"
]
},
{
  "StageThree": [  
  "Sampleuser.5@xyz.com",
  "Sampleuser.6@xyz.com"
]
},
{
  "StageFour": [  
  "Sampleuser.7@xyz.com",
  "Sampleuser.8@xyz.com"
]
},
{
  "StageFive": [  
  "Sampleuser.9@xyz.com",
  "Sampleuser.10@xyz.com"
]
}

ADD_APPROVAL JSON

Adds new approver for the current stage, in addition to the existing set of approvers.

Triggering the approval for this stage is controlled by the send_immediately parameter. When set to true, the approval request will be sent immediately. When set to false, the user has to send the approval request manually.

{
  "message": "Sample Python script for adding new approvers in current stage, in addition to the existing approvers",
  "result": "success",
  "operation": [
    
  ]
}
"OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_APPROVAL",
"send_immediately": "true",
"INPUT_DATA": [
   "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",
   "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
   "Sampleuser.5@xyz.com"
]
}
]
}

SET_APPROVAL_STAGE JSON

Removes the existing set of approvers in the mentioned stages before adding new approvers. The approvers who have already approved will not be removed from the approvers list.

Triggering the approval for the first stage is controlled by the send_immediately parameter. When set to true, the approval request will be sent immediately. When set to false, the user has to send the approval request manually.

{
   "message": "Sample Python script for adding new approvers for all stages, in addition to the existing approvers",
   "result": "success",
   "operation": [
      {
         "OPERATIONNAME": "SET_APPROVAL_STAGE",
         "send_immediately": "true",
         "INPUT_DATA": [
            {
               "StageOne": [
                  "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",
                  "Sampleuser.2@xyz.com"
               ]
            },
            {
               "StageTwo": [
                  "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
                  "Sampleuser.4@xyz.com"
               ]
            }
      ]
   ]
}
SET_APPROVAL JSON

Removes the existing set of approvers in the current stage and adds new approvers. The approvers who have already approved will not be removed from the approvers list.

Triggering the approval for this stage is controlled by the `send_immediately` parameter. When set to true, the approval request will be sent immediately. When set to false, the user has to send the approval request manually.

```json
{
    "message": "Sample Python script for adding new approvers in current stage, in addition to the existing approvers",
    "result": "success",
    "operation": [
    {
        "OPERATIONNAME": "SET_APPROVAL",
        "send_immediately": "true",
        "INPUT_DATA": [
            "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",
            "Sampleuser.2@xyz.com",
            "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
            "Sampleuser.4@xyz.com"
        ]
    }
]}
```
"Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
"Sampleuser.5@xyz.com"
]}
}
]
What follows is a sample Python file for your reference.

#The script file creates a JIRA ticket when a request is created with Request Type as 'Bug' and Impact as 'High'. The request ID, subject, description, due by time and priority of the request is passed to the JIRA for the ticket creation. Upon successful creation of the JIRA ticket, the JIRA ticket ID and ticket URL is fetched from the response to be added as a note in the ServiceDesk Plus request. The custom fields 'JIRA_ISSUE_ID' and 'JIRA_ISSUE_URL' are also updated with corresponding values.

#Requirements - Requests module to be installed
#To be set up by the user: url, jirausername, jirapassword, Jira_Server, Port_Number
#Command - 'py CreateJiraTicket.py $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE'

```python
import requests
import sys
import json
import datetime

#To open and access the json file
file_Path = sys.argv[1]
with open(file_Path) as data_file:
    data = json.load(data_file)

#Getting required values
request_obj = data['request']
workorderid = request_obj['WORKORDERID']
subject = request_obj['SUBJECT']
desc = request_obj['SHORTDESCRIPTION']
priority = request_obj['PRIORITY']
duebytime = request_obj['DUEBYTIME']

duebydate = datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(int(duebytime) / 1e3).strftime('%d %b %Y, %H:%M:%S')

#Creating the json object to be provided as input for the API call
jsonData = '{
    "fields": {
        "summary": "{}","subject","",
        "description": "{}","desc","",
        "issuetype": {
            "name": "BUG"
        },
        "project": {
            "key": "ServiceDesk Plus issues"
        }
    }
}'
```

[ServiceDesk Plus Help]
Helpdesk Customizer

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```python
},
    "duedate": "'+duebydate+'",
    "priority": {
        "name": "'+priority+'"
    },
    "customfield_10003": "'+workorderid+'"
}
}
```

```python
jirausername = 'jirausername'
jirapassword = 'jirapassword'

string = username + ":" + password
stringbytes = bytes(string,"utf-8")

base64string = base64.b64encode(stringbytes)
base64string = base64string.decode("utf-8")

#Specifying the HTTP headers necessary for submitting the API call
headers = ''' {
    "X-Version" : "1",
    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
    "Accept" : "application/json",
    "Authorization" : "Basic " + base64string
}'''

#Constructing the url for the API call and submitting that to Jira server

with requests.Session() as s:
    url = "[Jira_Server]:[Port_Number]/rest/api/2/issue/"
    r = s.post(url,verify=True, data=jsonData,headers=headers)

#if the call returns success, create a note and update custom fields
if(r.status_code == 202):
    responseobj=r.json()

jiraissueid = responseobj['id']
jiraissueurl = responseobj['self']
```


```python
note = {}
note["notetext"] = "Jira Request Created with ID: "+jiraissueid+"<br> Issue Link: "+jiraissueurl

noteObject = {}
noteObject["notes"] = note

addNoteJson = {}
addNoteJson["INPUT_DATA"] = []
addNoteJson["INPUT_DATA"][0] = noteObject
addNoteJson["OPERATIONNAME"] = "ADD_NOTE"

updateReqArray = {}
updateReqArray["JIRA_ISSUE_ID"] = jiraissueid
updateReqArray["JIRA_ISSUE_URL"] = jiraissueurl

updateFieldsJson = {"INPUT_DATA": []}
updateFieldsJson["INPUT_DATA"] = updateReqArray
updateFieldsJson["OPERATIONNAME"] = "EDIT_REQUEST"

resultjson = {}
resultjson["result"] = "success"
resultjson["message"] = "A Jira Request has been Created. Note with the Issue ID and URL has been added."
resultjson["operation"] = []
resultjson["operation"][0] = addNoteJson
resultjson["operation"][1] = updateFieldsJson

#Returning the JSON

print(resultjson)
else:
    print("Problem submitting request")
    print(r.json())
```
SAMPLE SCENARIO DOCUMENT FOR SETTING APPROVALS THROUGH CUSTOM TRIGGERS

For an organisation with large number of employees, approval process can be a really tedious one. Let us consider a scenario where you need an iPhone for testing and it requires the approval of your senior manager. Senior managers may differ from team to team and they might not know why he/she requires an iPhone for testing. Only his immediate mentor/manager might know the actual purpose behind the request. So there are chances that the senior manager might not approve your request or take time to approve the request. In such cases, it will be better if the approval managers for the respective teams can be configured well in advance and if there are multiple stages for approval.ie; the immediate manager/mentor can be assigned for STAGE 1 APPROVAL and the senior manager can be assigned for STAGE 2 APPROVAL etc. Earlier, if someone had to approve the request, he/she had to click on 'Actions' tab and choose 'Submit for Approval' everytime. Instead of such situation, one can configure the approvers for a particular situation well in advance and the corresponding script/class file for such situations will be triggered automatically when the 'set criteria' matches the given situation.

With Custom Trigger, you can automatically trigger the required script file or custom class file for configuring the approvers and automatically notify them through mail. This document will give a clear idea on triggering class/script file for the above sample situation.

New Action

Action Name: iPhone_Requirement
Description: Stage 1 Approval: Heather Graham  
Stage 2 Approval: Jennifer Doe
Execute the Action: When a Request is created Any Time

Match the below criteria
- Priority: High
- Category: Telephone

Perform Action
To perform actions, it is necessary to have a html file or a Script or Class file in the specified locations for the action implementation.

- Action Type: Execute Script
  - Script file to run: python iPhone.py $COMPLETE_JSON_FILE
    - Example: cmd /c CreatesInTicket.bat
    - By Default, scripts should be placed in [SDP_Home]/Integration/custom_scripts/ directory

Stop processing subsequent Actions

Save  Cancel
If the criteria set in the 'iPhone_requirement' matches the request raised, i.e., if the priority and category matches, then the corresponding script/class file 'python iPhone.py' will be triggered automatically. On opening such requests, one can automatically view the 'Approvals' tab, even though 'Submit for Approval' is not selected.

Following is the JSON Format for adding approvals through 'custom trigger':

SETTING APPROVALS FOR DIFFERENT STAGES:

```json
{
    "operation": [
        {
            "INPUT_DATA": [
                {
                    "StageOne": [
                        "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",
                        "Sampleuser.2@xyz.com"
                    ],
                },
                {
                    "StageTwo": [
                        "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",
                        "Sampleuser.4@xyz.com"
                    ],
                }
            ]
        }
    ]
}
```
{  
  "StageThree": [  
    "Sampleuser.5@xyz.com",  
    "Sampleuser.6@xyz.com"  
  ]  
},  
{  
  "StageFour": [  
    "Sampleuser.7@xyz.com",  
    "Sampleuser.8@xyz.com"  
  ]  
},  
{  
  "StageFive": [  
    "Sampleuser.9@xyz.com",  
    "Sampleuser.10@xyz.com"  
  ]  
  },  
  "OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_APPROVAL_STAGE"  
},  
"message": "Sample Python script for adding approvers",  
"result": "success"  
}

SETTING APPROVALS FOR THE CURRENT STAGE:
{
  "operation": [  
    {  
      "INPUT_DATA": [  
        "Sampleuser.1@xyz.com",  
        "Sampleuser.3@xyz.com",  
        "Sampleuser.5@xyz.com"  
      ],  
      "OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_APPROVAL"  
    }  
  ],  
  "message": "Sample Python script for adding approvals in current stage",  
  "result": "success"  
}
The following will be displayed on clicking 'Approvals' tab.

Click here to view a sample Python script for 'Adding approvers'

If the action is to be executed via class file:

Click here to view a Sample Class file to add approvers

Some Incident requests might require the approval of immediate managers. Eg: When requests related to server are raised, it might require the notice of the manager and need his approval. In such cases, the 'action' and its criteria can be set in advance and the approver can be notified automatically through
Note: The same script file used for service request can be used here. The Incident request will take only one stage from the script.

For an Incident request, only one stage will be available and the approver can be added or deleted.
Set Approvers:
If an approver has already been added to a stage and if there arises a situation where the approver has to be replaced, then the script file for set approver can be custom triggered instead of replacing approvers manually.
Sample script file for set approvers and set approver stage can be viewed by clicking on the links.
import sys
import json
import urllib

file_Path = sys.argv[1]

with open(file_Path) as data_file:
data = json.load(data_file)
requestObj = data['request']

detailsJSON1 = {}
detailsJSON1['requester'] = requestObj['REQUESTER']

resultjson = {}
resultjson['operation'] = []
resultjson['result'] = 'success'
message = 'Sample Python script for adding approvers'
resultjson['message'] = message

operationJson = {'INPUT_DATA': []}
operationJson['OPERATIONNAME'] = 'ADD_APPROVAL_STAGE'
approvalArray = {}
approvalArray1 = {}
approvalArray2 = {}

if 'Howard' in detailsJSON1['requester']:

    approvalObject = 'heather.graham@xyz.com'
    approvalArray = {'StageOne': []}
    approvalArray['StageOne'].append(approvalObject);
    operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(approvalArray)
approvalObject1 = "jeniffer.doe@xyz.com"
approvalArray1 = {"StageTwo":[]}
approvalArray1["StageTwo"].append(approvalObject1);
operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray1)

else:
    if "Jeniffer" in detailsJSON1["requester"]:
        approvalObject = "howard.stern@xyz.com"
        approvalArray = {"StageOne":[]}
        approvalArray["StageOne"].append(approvalObject);
        operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray)

    approvalObject1 = "heather.graham@xyz.com"
    approvalArray1 = {"StageTwo":[]}
    approvalArray1["StageTwo"].append(approvalObject1);
    operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray1)

else:
    if "John" in detailsJSON1["requester"]:
        approvalObject = "howard.stern@xyz.com"
        approvalArray = {"StageOne":[]}
        approvalArray["StageOne"].append(approvalObject);
        operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray)

    approvalObject1 = "heather.graham@xyz.com"
    approvalArray1 = {"StageTwo":[]}
    approvalArray1["StageTwo"].append(approvalObject1);
    operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray1)

    approvalObject2 = "jeniffer.doe@xyz.com"
    approvalArray2 = {"StageThree":[]}
    approvalArray2["StageThree"].append(approvalObject2);
    operationJson["INPUT_DATA"].append(approvalArray2)

resultjson["operation"].append(operationJson)

print(resultjson)
SAMPLE SCRIPT FILE FOR SETTING APPROVERS THROUGH CUSTOM TRIGGER

```python
import sys
import json
import urllib

file_path = sys.argv[1]

with open(file_path) as data_file:
    data = json.load(data_file)
requestObj = data['request']

detailsJSON1 = {
    'requester': requestObj['REQUESTER'],
    'subject': requestObj['SUBJECT'],
    'description': requestObj['SHORTDESCRIPTION'],
    'priority': requestObj['PRIORITY'],
    'status': requestObj['STATUS']
}

resultjson = {
    'operation': [],
    'result': "success",
    'message': "Sample Python script for set_approval"
}

operationJson = {'INPUT_DATA': []}
operationJson['OPERATIONNAME'] = "SET_APPROVAL"

notesArray1 = {}
notesArray2 = {}

noteObject41 = "sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"
noteObject42 = "sampleuser2@sdplinmail.com"
```
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(noteObject41);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(noteObject42);
resultjson['operation'].append(operationJson)

print(resultjson)
import sys
import json
import urllib

file_Path = sys.argv[1]

with open(file_Path) as data_file:
    data = json.load(data_file)
requestObj = data['request']

detailsJSON1={}
detailsJSON1['requester']=requestObj['REQUESTER']
detailsJSON1['subject']=requestObj['SUBJECT']
detailsJSON1['description']=requestObj['SHORTDESCRIPTION']
detailsJSON1['priority']=requestObj['PRIORITY']
detailsJSON1['status']=requestObj['STATUS']

resultjson={}
resultjson["operation"] = []
resultjson["result"]="success"
message = "Sample Python script for set_approval_stage"
resultjson["message"]=message

operationjson={"INPUT_DATA":[]}
operationJson["OPERATIONNAME"]="SET_APPROVAL_STAGE"
operationJson["send_immediately"]="true"
notesArray={}
notesArray1={}
notesArray2={}

if "swetha" in detailsJSON1['requester']:
    noteObject="sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"
    notesArray={"StageOne":[]}
notesArray['StageOne'].append(noteObject);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray)

noteObject1="sampleuser2@sdplinmail.com"

notesArray1={"StageTwo":[]}
notesArray1['StageTwo'].append(noteObject1);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray1)

noteObject2="sampleuser3@zohocorp.com"
notesArray2={"StageThree":[]}
notesArray2['StageThree'].append(noteObject2);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray2)

else:
    if "Howard" in detailsJSON1['requester'] :
        noteObject="sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"

        notesArray={"StageOne":[]}
        notesArray['StageOne'].append(noteObject);
        operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray)

        noteObject1="sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"

        notesArray1={"StageTwo":[]}
        notesArray1['StageTwo'].append(noteObject1);
        operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray1)

        noteObject2="sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"

        notesArray2={"StageThree":[]}
        notesArray2['StageThree'].append(noteObject2);
        operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray2)

    else:
        if "John" in detailsJSON1['requester'] :
            noteObject="sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"
notesArray = {"StageOne":[]}
notesArray["StageOne"].append(noteObject);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray)

noteObject1 = "sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"

notesArray1 = {"StageTwo":[]}
notesArray1["StageTwo"].append(noteObject1);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray1)

noteObject2 = "sampleuser1@sdplinmail.com"

notesArray2 = {"StageThree":[]}
notesArray2["StageThree"].append(noteObject2);
operationJson['INPUT_DATA'].append(notesArray2)

resultjson["operation"].append(operationJson)

print(resultjson)
Request Custom Menu

Using Request Custom Menu, you can customize the **Actions** menu of the **Requests** page with the use of your own script. You can create different action menus and associate custom classes or script files with the menus to execute the relevant actions. The menus created here get listed under the **Actions** menu in the **Requests Details** page.

The following topics are discussed in this document:

- Add New Menu
- View List

Add New Menu

1. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
2. Click **Request Custom Menu** under the **Helpdesk Customizer** block. The **Request Custom Menu List View** page is shown. From here, you will be able to add, edit, enable/disable and delete the custom menus.
3. To add a new request custom menu, click **Add New Menu** at the right corner of the **Request Custom Menu List View**.

1. The **New Menu** form is shown.
Provide the following details:

**Basic Details:**

- **[Mandatory] Menu Name:** Specify a unique name for the menu being created. (The menu name will be displayed under the Actions menu in the Requests Details page).
- **Associate Templates:** Choose any one among the following templates to associate: 'All Templates', 'All Incident Templates', 'All Service Templates', or 'Select Templates'.

- **Associate Roles:** Decide Technician roles that will get access to this menu. You can choose either of the below option
- **Select Roles**: Select the required roles by typing the role (e.g., `SDAdmin`, `SDGuest`, etc.,) name in the available textbox, as shown below:
- **All Roles**: Simply choose this option.
- **Description**: Describe the menu indicating its purpose.

- **Select Templates**: If you choose this, the below options will be shown. Choose either Incident Templates or Service Templates. Then, move the required template options from left to the right panel (Selected Templates), as shown below:

![Select Templates](image)

**Perform Action:**

To perform an action, it is necessary to have a **HTML** file, or a **Script** file, or a **Class** file, in the specified location for the action implementation. You can perform the below actions:

- **Custom HTML File**:
  - To load a Custom HTML file when menu is invoked, you need to place that file in the `[SDP_Home]/Integration/resources/` directory. Only the files with `.htm/htx/htm/html/htmls` extensions are supported for invocation. Also, dependency files like, JavaScript and CSS have to be placed in the same location. **Example**: `Create_Jira_Ticket.html`

- **Action Type - Execute Class**:
  - **Action Type - Execute Script**:
    - To execute a class, you need to specify the Executor class in the field provided. You need to manually place the required `Class/Jar` file to the `[SDP_Home]/integration/lib` directory. **Example**: `com.servicedeskplus.integration.JiraActionImplementation`

To execute a script, you need to specify the Name and Path of the script file in the field provided. By default, the scripts will run from the `[SDP_Home]/integration/custom_scripts/` directory. You need to manually place the required Script file to the directory.

**Example**: `cmd /c CreateJiraTicket.bat`

You can also pass arguments for **Custom Script/Class**. All API parameters are supported as arguments.
Examples:
For Script: `cmd / c Index.bat $SUBJECT $PRIORITY $STATUS`
For Class: `com.servicedeskplus.integration.JiraActionImplementation`

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other Parameters Supported:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE ---&gt; Complete Request Object will be saved to a JSON file and the file path will be passed as String Object.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JSON File Path:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest12_1426143538036.json)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$HTML_DATA JSON_FILE ---&gt; Ajax call request &quot;data&quot; parameter will be saved to a JSON file along with menu name, request json and xml file path, and the file path will be passed as String Object. Used with Custom Html File.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Example: (SDP_Homeintegrationcustom_scriptsrequest12_1426143538036.json)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$HANDSHAKE_KEY ---&gt; Handshake key will be passed as String Object.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Click **Save**.

Now, the menu is created and can be viewed under the **Actions** menu in Requests Details page.

**View List**

You can access this option, while adding a new menu. You can do the following from here:

**Enabling/Disabling a Menu:**

1. Click the ✅ icon beside a menu to disable it.
2. Click the ⬅️ icon beside a menu to enable it.

**Editing a Menu:**

1. From the Request Custom Menu List View, click the **Edit** icon beside the menu you wish to edit.
2. Modify the required details.
3. Click **Save** to save the changes performed.

**Deleting a Menu:**

1. From the Request Custom Menu List View, click the **Delete** icon beside the menu you wish to delete. A confirmation window pops up.
2. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. The menu is removed from the list.
3. If you do not want to delete the menu, then click **Cancel**.
Field and Form Rules for Request Templates

This document guides you through the process of defining rules that can be executed on a Request form. Field and form rules are executed during the following conditions: after a request form is loaded, when some field in the form is changed and before a request form is submitted. The rules can be disabled or enabled, wherein the disabled rules will not be applied.

Types of Events Supported in Field & Form Rules

The following three types of events are supported:

**On Form Load:** This allows the rules to be executed when the request form is loaded. The rules defined on this event should contain at least one executable action. The actions will be executed after checking criteria; if no criteria is defined, the actions will be executed directly.

**On Field Change:** This allows the rules to be executed, when there is a change in the field value. The rules defined on this event should contain at least one executable action. The actions will be executed after checking criteria; if no criteria is defined, the actions will be executed directly. The rule will be applied on change of the field value mentioned in the rule.

**On Form Submit:** This allows the rules to be executed on submission of the request form. Here, "Execute Script" is the only action allowed for the event. The rules defined on this event should contain a valid script. The script will be executed after checking criteria; if no criteria is defined, the script will be executed directly.

Types of Users

The rules can be applied to **Requesters** or **Technicians** or **All users**. However, the rules that are applied to Requesters only will not be applied to Technicians, and vice versa.

Execution of Rules

The rules can be executed on creating a new request, or on editing an existing request, or on both of the operations.

Types of Actions Supported in Field & Form Rules

**Show Fields:** This action *shows the* fields in the request form, on which the action is applied.

**Hide Fields:** This action *hides* the fields in the request form, on which the action is applied.

**Enable Fields:** This action *enables* the fields in the request form, on which the action is applied. As a result, the user will be able to edit those fields.

**Disable Fields:** This action *disables* the fields in the request form, on which the action is applied. As a result, the user will not be able to edit those fields.

**Mandate Fields:** This action *makes* the fields mandatory in the request form, on which the action is applied. As a result, the user will not be able to submit the form without filling values for those fields.

**Non-Mandate Fields:** This action *removes* the mandatory properties of the fields in the request form,
on which the action is applied. As a result, the user will be able to submit form without filling values for those fields.

**Execute Script** : This action *executes* the script in the request form. The script should be a valid [JavaScript code](https); otherwise it will not be executed. Some methods are supported as default methods in script execution, for example, to hide Category and Level fields you can call the below method with an array of fields as: `$CS.hideField(["CATEGORY","LEVEL"]);`

### Copying Rules To Another Template

You can copy one or more rules from one template to another, using copy rule action provided in [Actions](https://servicedeskplus.zoho.com) menu. While copying the rule, if a particular field does not exists in the other request template, then that field will not be copied. Also, if for a rule, no criterion/action can be copied, then that rule will not be copied.

### Removing Fields from Request Form

Removing fields from a template automatically removes those fields from the rules defined in that template as well. After deleting the fields, if for some rule no criterion/action is left out, then that rule will also be deleted.

### Operations performed on Rules

- Creating a Rule
- Editing/Deleting a Rule
- Bulk Actions
- Use Cases for Field & Form Rules

### Creating a New Rule

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an **Admin** user.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. From the **Helpdesk Customizer** menu click **Incident Templates**.
4. Click the **Default Request** under the **Incident Template List**.
5. Access the **Field and Form Rules** tab. The **Rules** wizard is shown. From here, you can create a rule for any of the below events:
   - **On Form Load**
   - **On Field Change**
   - **On Form Submit**
1. Click the **Create New Rule** button. The **Create New Rule** form is shown.

1. Fill-in the following details:

   i. **Rule Name**: Enter an appropriate name for the rule.
   
   ii. **Applies to**: Choose if the rule needs to be applied to **All Users**, or **Technicians**, or **Requesters**. (See this)
   
   iii. **Rule Execution**: Choose when to execute the rule; **On Create / Edit**, or **On Create**, or **On Edit**.
   
   iv. Event: Select the event for which the rule needs to be executed:
"On Form Load":

a. **Conditions**: Choose a condition to be checked while executing the rule. You can add a single condition, or multiple conditions by clicking the ➕ icon.

**Condition Format**:

<Select Field>

<Select Criteria>

<Select Value>

**Example**:

Level

is any of

Tier2 Tier3

b. **Actions**: Choose an action to be performed while executing the rule. You can add a single action, or multiple actions by clicking the ➕ icon.

**Action Format**:

<Select Action>

<Select Field>

**Example**:

Disable Fields

Group Impact Level Priority

c. Click **Save**. The created rule can be viewed from the Rules List View under **On Form Load**.
"On Field Change":
a. **Conditions**: Choose a condition to be checked while executing the rule. You can add a single condition, or multiple conditions by clicking the icon.

**Condition Format**:

`<Select Field>`

`<Select Criteria>`

`<Select Value>`

**Example**:

Technician

is not

administrator

b. **Actions**: Choose an action to be performed while executing the rule. You can add a single action, or multiple actions by clicking the icon.

**Action Format**:

`<Select Action>`

`<Select Field>`

**Example**:

Disable Fields

Priority Level

c. Click **Save**. The created rule can be viewed from the **Rules ListView** under **On Field Change**.
"On Form Submit":

a. **Conditions**: Choose a condition to be checked while executing the rule. You can add a single condition, or multiple conditions by clicking the icon. **Condition Format**:

   `<Select Field>`

   `<Select Criteria>`

   `<Select Value>`

   **Example**:

   Request Type

   is not

   Incident

   and

   Category

   is any of

   Internet Network

b. **Actions**: Only **Execute script** action is allowed for this event. You need to **Write Custom Script**. Click the link to **View Script**. You can view the **Sample Script** at the right side. Write your **Script Code** in the left panel and **Save** it.
c. Click **Save**. The created rule can be viewed from the **Rules List View** under **On Submit Form**.

**Editing/Deleting a Rule**

1. Go to the Rule List Wizard under any of the required events: **On Form Load**, **On Field Change**, or **On Form Submit**.
2. **Editing**: Click the 📊 icon against the required **Rule**. Make the required changes in the **Edit Rule** form and **Save** the changes.
3. **Deleting**: Click the ✗ icon against the required **Rule**. Say **OK** in the confirmation window displayed. The rule is removed from the Rule List.

**Bulk Actions**

You can perform certain bulk actions on the rules. Follow the steps below:

1. Go to the Rule List Wizard under any of the required events: **On Form Load**, **On Field Change**, or **On Form Submit**.
2. Mouse hover the **Actions** menu to view the bulk actions.
1. **Delete Rules**: Select the check boxes of the rules you wish to delete. Click *Delete Rules* under *Actions*. Say OK in the confirmation window displayed. The selected rules will be removed from the Rule List.

2. **Disable/Enable Rules**: Select the check boxes of the rules you wish to disable/enable. Click *Disable/Enable Rules* under *Actions*. The disabled/enabled rules will be marked with ☑ and ☑️ icons, respectively.

3. **Copy Rules**: You can copy rules from one template to another. Select the check boxes of the rules you wish to copy. Click *Copy Rules* under *Actions*. A window pops up. Choose the required template from the available list and click *Copy*. Now, all the selected rules will be copied to the chosen template.

**Use Cases for Field & Form Rules**

A more clear understanding of the field & form rules can be achieved by using real-time use cases. Click here to view the document that explains the use cases in detail.
Field & Form Rules - Use Cases

The purpose of this document is to bring out a clear understanding of field and form rules by using real time scenario. The sections that follow walk you through the step-by-step procedure of configuring the use cases, along with relevant screenshots.

List of Use Cases

- Add dependency among additional PickList fields
  - Applicable to all users type and executes on both edit and create request operations.
- On Form Load event example
  - Applicable to requester and executes on create request operation
  - Applicable to technician and executes on edit request operation
- On Field Change event example
  - Applicable to all users and executes on both create and edit operations
  - Applicable to technicians and executes on both create and edit operations
- On Form Submit event example
  - Applicable to all users and executes on edit request operation.

Case I: Add dependency among PickList fields

Scenario:

- Creating Country-City-Support Rep dependency.
- When we choose Country, City field should automatically populate with available cities of that country.
- When we choose City, Support Rep field should automatically populate with available Support Rep in that City.

Step 1:
To handle the above use case, first we need to include fields (Country, City and Support Rep) with appropriate values in Incident Additional Fields and then add those field to any template (say, Default Template), as shown in the below image:

Step 2:
Create a new rule under "On Form Load" event.

As the dependency is being creating under "On Form Load" event, it gets created only when the form is loaded.

Choose "Applies to All Users", so that the dependency will be applied to all users (Technician as well as Requester).

Choose Rule Execution as "On Create/Edit", so that the dependency will be created on both request create and edit pages.

Conditions can be left as empty, since we want the rule to be applied without any conditions (since dependency is applicable in all scenarios).

Under Actions, select the action as "Execute Script" and this will provide a link as "Write Custom Script".

Click "Write Custom Script" and this opens a script editor pop up.

Go to Dependency Example under Sample Script. Copy the complete code (you can skip comments), paste it to the Script Code area and save the script.

The Format for dependency object is explained in the below screenshot:
Here, the dependency should contain a `FIELDS` array and a `VALUES` object, where the `FIELDS` array should contain the fields for which the dependency should be created and where the (i)th element in the array should be depended on (i-1)th element, and so on...

**Example:** The `City` field options depend on value of `Country` and the `Support Rep` field options depend on value of the `City` field.

The `VALUES` object should contain field values, as shown in the below image. (**NOTE:** All the field labels and values are case sensitive)
Case II : On Form Load Event example

a) Applicable to requester and executes on request creation:

**Scenario:**
- Remove "Resolved" and "Closed" statuses from the Status Field when the Status is open.
- Disable the Subcategory and Item fields.
- Mandate the Category field.

**Steps:**
- Create a new rule under "On Form Load" event with name (say, "custom rule CSI and status handle").
- Set Rule Execution as "On Create".
- Set as "Applies to Requesters".
- Under Conditions, add a condition as Status is Open.
- Under Actions, add an action as Disable Fields: Subcategory, Item.
- Add another action as Mandate Field: Category.
- Add another action as Execute Script and add script code to remove the "Closed" and "Resolved" options from the Status field.
- Remove the "Resolved" and "Closed" statuses from the Status field using Custom Script, as shown in the below image.
b) Applicable to technician and executes on editing request:

**Scenario:**
Mandate **Subcategory**, if the category is any of Network, or Operating System, or Services, or Software, or Telephone, or User Administration.

**Steps:**
- Create a new rule under "On Form Load event" (say, mandate subcategory).
- Set as "Applies To Technicians".
Set Rule Execution as "On Edit".
Under **Conditions**, add a condition as Category is any of "Network" or "Operating System" or "Services" or "Software" or "Telephone" or "User Administration".
Under **Actions**, add an action as **Mandate Field**: Subcategory.

Case III : On Field Change Event example

**a) Applicable to All Users and On Create/Edit as Execution Operations:**

**Scenario:**
On change of **Impact** field, mandate the **Impact Details** Field.

**Steps:**
- Create a new rule under "**On Field Change**" event (say, "on change of impact mandate impact details")
- Select "**Applicable to All Users**".
- Select "**On Create / Edit**".
- Select the **Field** as "**Impact**", as shown in the below image:
- Under **Conditions**, add a condition as **Impact is High**.
- Under **Actions**, add an action as **Mandate Field**: Impact Details
- Save the Rule.
b) Applicable to Technicians and On Create/Edit as Execution Operation:

**Scenario:**
If Level selected is Tier 4, mandate the Priority and Impact fields.

**Steps:**
- Create a new rule under "On Field Change" event (say, "Tier 4 Level").
- Select "Applies to Technicians".
- Set Rule Execution as "On Create / Edit".
- Select Field as "Level".
- Under Conditions, add a condition as Level is Tier 4.
- Under Actions, add an action as Mandate Fields Priority, Impact.
- Save the Rule.
Case IV: On Form Submit Event example

Scenario:

- If Priority and Impact are High and Technician is not allocated/available, then stop the form (request) submission and mandate the Technician field.
- Applicable to all users and for edit request operation.

Steps:

- Create a new rule under "On Form Submit" event (say, "high priority and high impact check technician")
- Set as "Applies to All Users".
- Set Rule Execution as "On Create/Edit".
- Under Conditions, add the conditions: Priority is High, Impact is High and Technician is Not Specified.
- Under Actions, open the script editor pop up by clicking the "Write custom script" link.
- Write a script to mandate the Technician field and stop the form submission, as shown in the below image.
- Save the script and the rule.
Rules

Create New Rule

Rule Name: high priority and high impact check technician
Applies to All Users:

Rule execution:
- On Create / Edit
- On Create
- On Edit

Event:
- On Form Submit

Conditions:
- Priority: is: High
- Impact: is: High
- Technician: is: Not Specified

Actions:
- Execute Script:
  ```javascript
  $CS.mandateField("TECHNICIAN");
  $CS.stopFormSubmission();
  ```

TOP
Field And Form Rules - Supported JavaScript Functions

By default, script should be written in JavaScript format only. Moreover, jQuery and $CS have been added in global scope, thus allowing the user to write code using jQuery (v 1.8.3) and $CS library. (Note: $ is not supported for accessing elements using jQuery).

JavaScript functions Available in $CS Library

- **$CS.getValue(field)**
  - You can get the value of a field by using this function.

1. var statusId=$CS.getValue("STATUS");
2. var subject= $CS.getValue("SUBJECT");
3. var created_date=$CS.getValue("CREATEDDATE");  //This will return a JavaScript Date Object
4. var additional_hardware=$CS.getValue("RES_3_QUS_3"); //For checkbox type resource fields returns an array of selected resources
5. var email_id=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER.EMAILID");
6. var department=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER.DEPARTMENT");
7. var job_title=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER.JOBTITLE");
8. var mobile_number=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER.MOBILE");
9. var contact_number=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER.CONTACTNUMBER");
10. var requester_name=$CS.getValue("REQUESTER");

**Note**: To retain existing checked resources, store existing resources in an array and then add resources to that array. Now set resource field using this updated array.

- **$CS.setValue(field, value)**
  - You can set the value of a field by using this function.

1. $CS.setValue("STATUS","1");
2. $CS.setValue("SUBJECT","test request");
3. $CS.setValue("UDF_DATE1", new Date());
4. $CS.setValue("RES_3_QUS_3", ["CD RW", "External Harddisk", "Optical Mouse"]); //Will remove existing selected resources and add this resources for checkbox type resource fields.

- **$CS.getText(field)**
  - You can get the selected option text of a field by using this function.

1. var status=$CS.getText("STATUS");
$CS.setText(field, text)
- You can set selected option text of a field by using this function.
- This function should only be used for select (Pick List) type fields.

1. $CS.setText("STATUS","Open");

$CS.addOptions(field, options)
- You can add options to a field by using this function.
- Here, the options should be an array of options.
- This function should be used only for select (Pick List) type fields.

1. $CS.addOptions("STATUS", ["Open", "Closed"]);

$CS.removeOptions(field, options)
- You can remove the existing options of a field by using this function.
- Here, the options should be an array of options.
- This function should be used only for select (Pick List) type fields.

1. $CS.removeOptions("STATUS", ["Open", "Closed"]);

$CS.removeAllOptions(fields)
- You can remove all the existing options of one or more select (Pick List) type fields by using this function.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields whose options need to be removed.

1. $CS.removeAllOptions(["STATUS"]);  // If all options of status field is removed, new request creation will not work. Since every request should have a status.
2. $CS.removeAllOptions(["STATUS", "PRIORITY"]);

$CS.enableField(fields)
- You can enable one or more fields by using this function.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields that you wish to enable.

1. $CS.enableField(["LEVEL", "PRIORITY", "URGENCY"]);

$CS.disableField(fields)
- You can disable one or more fields by using this function. This allows the user only to view the fields, but not to edit them.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields that you wish to disable.

1. $CS.disableField(["LEVEL", "PRIORITY", "URGENCY"]);
$CS.hideField(fields)
- You can hide one or more fields by using this function. This restricts the user from viewing those fields.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields that you wish to hide.

1. $CS.hideField(["LEVEL","PRIORITY","URGENCY"]);

$CS.showField(fields)
- You can show one or more hidden fields by using this function. This allows the user to view those fields.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields that you wish to show.

1. $CS.showField(["LEVEL","PRIORITY","URGENCY"]);

$CS.mandateField(fields)
- You can mandate one or more fields by using this function. This restricts the user from submitting the form without filling values for those fields.
- Here, the fields should be an array of fields that you wish to mandate.

1. $CS.mandateField(["LEVEL","PRIORITY","URGENCY"]);

$CS.nonMandateField(fields)
- You can remove mandate from one or more fields by using this function. This allows the user to submit the form without filling values for those fields.

1. $CS.nonMandateField(["LEVEL","PRIORITY","URGENCY"]);

$CS.stopFormSubmission()
- You can use this function to stop form submission.
- This function will work only when applied to "On Form Submit" event.

1. var status=$CS.getText("STATUS");
2. if(status==="Closed")
3. {
4.   $CS.stopFormSubmission();
5. }

$CS.isRequester()
- You can use this function to find if a logged-in user is a Requester or not.
- This function returns the value True, if the logged-in user is a Requester, else returns the value
False.

$CS.isTechnician()

- You can use this function to find if a logged-in user is a Technician or not.
- This function returns the value True, if the logged-in user is a Technician, else returns the value False.

$CS.hasRole(role)

- You can use this function to find if a logged-in user has the assigned role.
- This function returns the value True, if the logged-in user possesses the assigned role, else returns the value False.

1. $CS.hasRole("SDAdmin");

$CS.getLoggedInUserId()

- You can use this function to get the User ID of a logged-in user.

1. var userId=$CS.getLoggedInUserId();

$CS.getLoggedInUserName()

- You can use this function to get the User Name of a logged-in user.

1. var userName= $CS.getLoggedInUserName();

$CS.setFieldDependency(dependencyObject)

- You can use this function to set dependency among the fields based on dependency JSON Object.
- Here, the same function works for both two-field and three-field dependencies.

1. $CS.setFieldDependency(dependencyObject);

$CS.setTasks(tasksArray)

- You can set an array of given task ids by using this function.

1. $CS.setTasks(["templateTask1","templateTask2","templateTask3"]);

$CS.unSetTasks(tasksArray)

- You can set an array of given task ids by using this function.

1. $CS.unSetTasks(["templateTask1","templateTask2","templateTask3"]);
$CS.setDescription(description)
  You can set content of description field by using this function.

1. $CS.setDescription("Application crashes / hangs frequently in user environment causing instability for the system.");

$CS.getDescription()

You can get content of description field by using this function.

1. var descriptionContent=$CS.getDescription();

$CS.disableOptions(fieldId,options)
  You can disable options of a field by using this function.
  This function should be used only for select (Pick List) type fields.
  Here, the options should be an array of options.

1. $CS.disableOptions("STATUS",["Open","Closed"]);

$CS.enableOptions(fieldId,options)
  You can enable the disabled options of a field by using this function.
  This function should be used only for select (Pick List) type fields.
  Here, the options should be an array of options.

1. $CS.enableOptions("STATUS",["Open","Closed"]);

$CS.isVisible(field)
  You can check whether a field or resource is currently visible by using this function.

1. var isPriorityFieldVisible=$CS.isVisible("PRIORITY");

$CS.isEnabled(field)
  You can check whether a field or resource is currently enabled for editing by using this function.

1. $CS.isEnabled("PRIORITY");

$CS.isMandated(field)
  You can check whether a field or resource is currently mandated by using this function.

1. $CS.isMandated("PRIORITY");
Note:
Errors encountered during script execution will be visible at console in the following format:

Caught following exception in executing field & form rules script execution of rule:[ Rule name ] at line number: [ line number ] and column:[ column number ] --> Error Message

Example:
Task Template

Certain tasks need to be repeated by the technicians for different users and scenarios. With Task Template, repeated tasks can be pre-defined thus saving time on creating and assigning tasks to the technicians. Task Template can be applied while adding a task to a request, problem and change.

To open the configuration page for task template,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using your username and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, Click Task Template. The list of available task templates is displayed.

Add Task Template

1. Click New Template button to open the Add-Task Template form.
2. Specify a unique name for the task in Template Name text field.
3. Specify the Title of the task in the field. The Template Name and Title are mandatory fields.
4. Enter a brief Description about the task template in the field provided.
5. Select the group to assign the task from Groups drop down list.
6. The list of technicians associated to the selected Group is listed in Owner combo box. Select the Owner of the task.
7. Select the Status of the task, say Open or Closed, from the drop down list.
8. Specify relevant comments for handling the tasks in the Comments text field.
9. You can mark the template as inactive on selecting the check box beside Mark Template as Inactive. The inactive template is marked in grey and do not get listed in the Add task form while adding tasks to requests, problem or change.
10. Click Save. To save and add another task, click Save and Add New.

Edit a Template

1. In the task template list view page, click on the Edit icon beside the template you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit-Task Template form, modify the changes mentioned while adding the task template.
3. Click Update. While editing, if you wish to add a new Task Template click Update and Add New button. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation you are performing, click Cancel.

Delete Template

1. In the task template list view page, select the check box beside the template you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation message appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The task template is deleted from the list.
Worklog Additional Fields

Additional work log fields can be configured in the worklog form using the **Worklog Additional Fields** option. With this option new fields such as text fields, numeric fields and date/time fields can be added on top of the already existing default fields. To add these additional fields to the worklog form,

- Click on the **Admin** tab.
- Select **Worklog- Additional Fields** under the **Helpdesk** block.
- **Worklog- Additional field configuration wizard page opens up.**

![Configuration Wizard]

- Here you can choose to add text fields, numeric fields and date/time fields by clicking on the relevant tab

  ![Text](Text)

  ![Numeric](Numeric)

  ![Date/Time](Date/Time)

To add a **Text** field,
Select **Text** in the tab.

- Enter a label and a description for the field.
- Select a field type. It can be Single-line/Multi-line/Pick list type.
- Add default values for Single-line and Multi-line.
- For Pick list, add items to the pick list by typing the values and clicking **Add Item**.

![Text field configuration](image)

- The highlighted item would be the default value in the field.
- Click **Save**.
- A maximum of 24 additional Text fields can be configured.

To add **Numeric** fields,

- Click on **Numeric** in the tab.

![Numeric field configuration](image)

- Enter a label and description.
- Click Save.
- A maximum of 8 additional Numeric additional fields can be configured.

To add **Date/Time** fields,

- Click on **Date/Time** in the tab.
Enter a label and a description.
Click Save.
A maximum of 8 additional Date/Time fields can be configured.

These additional fields will be displayed in the worklog form under tasks in Requests module.
**Worklog Type**

New Worklog type can be configured with this option. Worklog Type is essential while creating a new work log.

To add a new worklog type,

- Click on the **Admin** tab.
- Click on **Worklog Type** under the Helpdesk block.
- Click on **Add Worklog type** in the Configuration wizard page.
- Enter a Name and a Description.

![Configuration Wizard](image)

- Click on **Save**.
- Click on **Save and Add new** to save and add a new one.

**Delete WorkLog Type**

- From the **WorkLog Type List** enable the check box adjacent to the worklog type which you want to delete.
- Click **Delete** button. A confirmation message for the delete operation pops up.
- Click **Ok** to proceed. The worklog type gets deleted from the list.
Task Closing Rules

Task closing rules help administrators mandate task-related fields which they consider as significant for the task. When task closing rules have been setup, the technicians working on the task will have to adhere to these rules; else an error message will be displayed prompting them to fill the mandatory fields. **Example:** If you have setup Worklog as mandatory field, the technicians will be able to complete tasks only after filling in the Worklog details.

- Selecting Mandatory Fields
- Selecting Task Completion Status

Selecting Mandatory Fields

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. From the Helpdesk block, select the Task Closing Rules option. This opens Task Closing Rules page.
3. Choose Task Fields which you wish to mandate by selecting the corresponding checkboxes
4. Save them

Selecting Task Completion Status

While configuring Task Closing Rules, you are also provided with the option of selecting the status which will represent Task Completion.

You will be provided two options to choose from:

- **Only Closed status of task will be considered as Task Completed status:** Option selected by default. This follow the normal procedure of closing a task when its status is changed to 'close'.
- **Any Completed status of task will be considered as Task Completed status:** Select this option will mean that a task will be closed when its status is changed to any completed status like resolved, completed, closed etc., (see: Status for more info on completed Status)
Task Types

Task Types allow categorization of similar Tasks. For example, Tasks related to troubleshooting of various kinds can be grouped under Task Type "Troubleshooting". Such Task Categorization helps you to create Request, Problem, Change & Project specific task types for categorizing tasks as and when they are created.

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Helpdesk Customizer block, Click Task Types. The resulting page displays the available list of Task Types. You can add, edit, or delete Task Types.

Add a Task Type

To add a Task Type,

1. In the Task Type List View page, click the Add New Task Type link at the top right corner. This opens the Add New Task Type form.
2. Enter the task type name in the Name text field. The provided name has to be unique and cannot be duplicated. This is a mandatory field.
3. If required, select the Color code to identify the task type by invoking the icon. The selected color has to be unique for every task type specified.
4. You can enter a short description about the task type in the Description field.
5. At any point, while creating or after, if you wish to disable task type, check Inactive checkbox.
6. Click Save. The new task type is added to the already existing list. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel. If you want to add more than one task type then, click Save and add new button. This adds the new priority and reopens the add task type form.

Edit a Task Type

To edit an existing task type

1. In the Task Type List page, click the edit icon beside the task type name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Task Type form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a task type, if you wish to add a new priority, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Task Type

1. From the Task Type List page, enable the check box beside the task type name that you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The task type gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the task type, then click Cancel.
Service Catalog - Service Categories

Service Category is a comprehensive list of **IT Services** and the **Business Services** provided by the IT department to the end-users. Each service category has a classified group of service items which are exposed to user groups who are approved to access it.

To access the Service Category configuration page,

1. Click Admin module in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
2. Click Service Catalog icon under Helpdesk block.
3. From the Service Catalog configuration wizard page, click Manage drop down and select Service Categories option.

The Service Categories list view page lists all the IT Services and the Business Services. You can add, edit and delete a service category from this page. Apart from this, an instant means to get to the add service category form is by clicking the Add Service Category drop-down menu in the Service Catalog configuration wizard page.

Adding Service Category

1. Click Add Service Category drop-down menu. You can add either an IT Service Category or Business Service Category. Select the appropriate option to view the add form.
2. Specify a Name for the Service Category. This field is mandatory.
3. Enter a brief Description about the IT service details in the field provided.
4. Set an Icon for the service category. You can choose the icon from the icon set or upload an icon. The Icon set consists of the icons available in the application, by default. To upload an icon, click Upload an icon link and browse through the icons.
5. Click Save to save the details and return to the list view. Click Cancel to return to the list view.

**NOTE:**
The default fields in the form such as, **Service Support Hours, Business Criticality, Department, Incident Restoration Target, Availability Target, Cost, Managed By** and **Business Impact** are configured while adding the Configuration Item Types. If you want to add or remove any of these fields then you can do so under **Admin tab -> Configuration Item Types**.

The newly added Service Category (either IT Service Category or Business Service Category) are listed as CIs in CMDB module.

**Editing a Service Category**

1. From the Service Category list view page, click on the edit icon beside the service category to edit. The Service Category page opens.
2. All the fields in the form are editable. Modify the necessary fields.
3. Click Save to save the details and return to the list view. Even while editing a service category you can add a new service category by selecting Save and Add New button. Click Cancel to return to the list view.

**Deleting a Service Category**

1. From the Service Category list view page, enable the check box beside the service categories to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to continue. The service category is deleted from the list.

**NOTE:** If the service category is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the service category is being used by a module. Greying indicates that the service category will not be available for further usage. To bring a service category back to usage, click the **edit** icon beside the greyed out service category and deselect **Service not for further usage** check box.
Service Catalog - Additional Fields

While customizing the service request form, you may want to capture additional details about the service apart from the preset fields. The Service Catalog - Additional Fields is where you can configure additional fields for the service requests. You can configure additional fields for all the service requests (irrespective of the service category) or for service requests of specific service category. The different types of fields are, Text fields, Numeric fields, Date / Time fields and Decimal fields.

To add additional fields,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Service Catalog-Additional Fields from Service Catalog.
3. From the configuration wizard page, click 'Add Field'.
4. Select the Service Category for which the additional field should appear. The common additional fields for Incident and Service requests can be viewed below the header pane. Click 'View List' to view the entire list.

Text Additional fields
If the additional fields are for alphabets and alphanumeric characters, then use the Text Additional Fields. You can add up to 24 Text fields in the New Incident form.

1. By default, the Text tab is selected. Specify the Label for the Additional field.
2. Specify any relevant information about the additional field in the Description text field.
3. You have 3 types of text field namely, Single-line, Multi-line and Pick List (drop-down menu).
   - **Single-line**: A Single-line text field is for text which can be accommodated in a single line. You can specify the exact value of length that should be entered for the field. The exact value of length can be anything from 1 to 250. Your text field can also be configured to support only numbers. For that, select Allow only numbers check box.
   - **Multi-line**: The Multi-line text field is for text which requires a lengthy description.
   - **Pick List (drop-down menu)**: The Pick List or drop-down menu allows you to add a list of items from which you can select. To add the items, enter the value in the highlighted text field. Click Add Item. The value is added to the list. To delete an item, select the item and click the Delete button.
4. You can also specify the Default Value to appear in the new incident form.
5. Click Save button to save the settings.

Numeric Additional fields
If the additional fields are for only numeric characters, then use the Numeric Additional Fields. You can add up to 8 Numeric fields in the New Incident form.

1. Click the Numeric tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text field.
4. You can specify the exact value of length for the numeric field in Exact Value Length. The exact value of length can be anything from 1 to 19.
5. Save the settings.

Date / Time Additional fields
If the additional fields are for data and time, then use the Date / Time Additional Fields. You can add up to
8 Date / Time fields in the New Incident form.

1. Click the Date/Time tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings.

**Decimal Additional fields**

If the additional fields are for Decimal characters, then use the Decimal Additional Fields. You can add up to 8 Decimal fields in the New Incident form.

1. Click the **Decimal** tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings. Note that while specifying the decimal value, the allowed length of digits for the integer part should be less than or equal to 13, and the allowed length of digits after the decimal is 2. If the value exceeds, then the value would be truncated and saved.

**Note**

Additional fields cannot be created with same names as that of Incident / Service Catalog Common Fields. These additional fields will appear in the Service Fields section of the new service form. To delete the user-defined fields, instead of adding the label names, delete the existing label names you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click **Save**.
Service Catalog - Service Level Agreement

Service Level Agreement evaluates the efficiency, effectiveness and responsiveness of the help desk team. The services created in the application can be exclusively assigned with specific SLAs thereby setting a due by date for the service requests. Escalation rules can also be set if the request is not attended and resolved within the specified time.

To access the SLA configuration wizard page,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
2. Click Service Catalog icon under Helpdesk block.
3. From the Service Catalog configuration wizard page, click Manage drop down and select Service Level Agreements option. The SLA List page appears from where you can add, edit and delete a SLA.

Adding SLA

1. Click Add New SLA link. The SLA form has three blocks of information, namely SLA Details, SLA Rules, and Escalations.
2. The SLA details consist of the SLA name and description.
   1. SLA Name uniquely identifies the SLA. It is a mandatory field.
   2. You can provide a brief explanation of the SLA in the Description field.
3. SLA Rules is where you need to set the Agreed Upon Time (due by time) for the service request. Enter the agreed upon time in terms of days, hours and minutes. If the service request should be fulfilled irrespective of the working hours and holidays, then enable Should be fulfilled irrespective of the operational hours check box.
4. Response Time/Resolution Time: You can use this option to set the first response time/resolution time limit for a request. Use the days, hours and minutes fields to fix a time limit within which the first response/resolution should be made for a request.
5. Escalation: Select an escalation level and an alternative technician to escalate the request, if the first response time/resolution time limit is exceeded. Choose an escalation time limit by setting either the escalate before time/days or escalate after time/days for both the response time and resolution time.
6. You can choose to escalate before or after the SLA violation. If you wish to escalate the request before the SLA violation, click Escalate Before option. This informs the technician about the impending of the violation. Specify the number of days before the SLA violation in the text box. You can also specify the time of escalation.
7. Click Escalate After option to escalate after the violation. Specify the number of days after the SLA violation has occurred in the text box. You can also specify the time of escalation.
8. Similarly, there are four levels of escalation when the resolution time is violated.
9. **Actions:** Actions helps to automatically categorize a request and assign it to a group and a specific technician during escalation.

For eg, During a escalation you can select the request to be assigned to a group that has the specific technicians to supervise the request. Select the group from the group drop down, select the technicians from the technician drop down.

**Note:** In the group drop down, the default support groups will be listed. Similarly in the technicians drop down, technicians who are not associated to any sites will be listed. Since its a requester based operation, escalation will be assigned to the groups that are associated to the requesters site.

If both the group and technician mentioned are available for the particular site, then it will check for the availability of the technician under the group and the request will be assigned to the technician. If the mentioned group is not available, then the request will be assigned to the mentioned technician.

New Priority and new Level can be assigned as well.
10. Click the Save button to save the SLA and return to the list view.

Click the Save and Add New button to save the SLA and add another SLA. Click View List to view the SLA list view page. To return to the Service Catalog configuration wizard page, click Go Back.

**Editing SLA**
1. From the Service Category list view page, click edit icon  beside the SLA name to edit. The edit SLA page opens.
2. The fields, SLA details, SLA rules and escalations are editable. Modify the necessary details.
3. Click Save button to save the SLA and return to the list view. Even while editing, you can add another SLA on clicking Save and Add New instead of the Save button. Clicking on Cancel takes you to the list view.

Deleting SLA

1. Enable the check box beside the SLA to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the SLA, then click Cancel.

**NOTE:** If the SLA is greyed instead of getting deleted, then the SLA is being used by a service request. Greying indicates that the SLA will not be available for further usage. To bring the SLA back to usage, click the edit icon  beside the greyed out SLA and deselect SLA not for further usage check box.
Service Catalog - Service Items

The day-to-day IT services such as installation, relocation, internet access, email access, virus protection, provision of hardware and software, mail server and so on are configured under this section. The service items are classified and grouped under Service Categories, which are displayed in the Home page.

The Service Request form consists of a drag and drop template that should be configured in order to meet the end-user requirement. If the service involves the need of any resources, then the same can be configured under the Resource Info block. Furthermore, you can configure multiple stages of Approvals, set Service Level Agreement and assign Tasks for individual service request.

To configure Service Items,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Service Catalog icon under Helpdesk block. The Service Catalog page opens listing the service categories available in the application.
3. Click Add Service button beside a service category to add service under it. The Add Service Item form opens to display three tabs namely, Form Designer, Workflow and Requester View. By default, the form Designer is displayed.

This following are explained under this section.

- Configuring Form Designer
  - Configuring Resource Information
  - Show to Requester option
- Configuring Workflow
  - Approver Details
  - SLA
  - Adding Tasks to service requests
  - Template Action
- Requester View
- Enabling/Disabling Service Item
- Editing Service Item
- Deleting Service Item

Configuring Form Designer

To add services under a service category,

1. Click Add Service button beside the service category. The service request for Technician View appears consisting of the Header, Service Fields and Service Preview.
   - **Header**: The header consists of the Service **Name and Description**.
   - **Service Field**: The service fields consist of the list of available parameters and an option to add new fields for the service item.
   - Service Preview: The service preview decides the form look and consists of drag and drop template area, the Undo and Redo options, **Resource Info** block and **Show to Requester** check box. With the template, individual forms can be customized for each service by dragging the available service fields into the service preview form, remove fields from the form, set the field property and also rearrange...
fields in the form.

2. To add a new field in the form, drag the Add New Field option in the service preview form. Place the field only in the yellow highlighted area of the form.

   ![Image of Service Preview Form]

   i. An Add New Field pop up appears where you can select the type of field to be added in the canvas. The field can be text, numeric or Date/Time field.

   ![Image of Add New Field Pop-Up]

   ii. Specify a unique Label in the field provided. This field is mandatory. Also, enter the significance of the field in the Description text field.

   iii. For Text field, select the field type from Single-line, Multi-line or Pick-list. Enable any one of the radio button.

   iv. Click Ok to add the field in the canvas with the above specifications.

3. The newly added fields are common for all the service items under a service category. Alternatively, you can also add new fields in Additional Field. From this section, you can also edit and delete the additional fields.

4. Similarly, you can drag the Service fields onto the service preview form. If required, the fields in the service preview form can be rearranged by dragging the field and placing it over the yellow highlighted area.

5. While raising a service request, the IT team would be well assisted if all the required information is provided in the form. But usually that may not be the case. The service request may be raised with half-
filled information and may require a user to edit and provide the remaining details.

The **Editor**, mostly a requester, can be configured for a service request by dragging the Editor Field onto the service preview. When this service request is raised with the Editor Field filled, the status of the request is automatically moved to **On Hold**. The **On Hold** status states that the service request is waiting for further update from the editor. Refer the topic Service Request Editor to know more about the Editor field.

6. While rearranging the fields, if you want to Undo/Redo a change, click the corresponding button.
7. You can also add or select the default values to appear in the form.
8. To customize and remove undesirable fields in the form, hover over the field, the Edit Field Properties icon  and the Remove Field icon  appears.
   i. Click Edit Field Properties icon . A drop down containing the following options appears,

   - Mandatory Fields: Enabling this option sets the field as mandatory.
   - Requester can set: Enabling this option allows the users to edit the field, i.e., they can enter or select values for the field while raising a new service request. Enabling this option automatically enables 'requester can view' check box.
   - Requester can view: Enabling this option alone allows users to view the field in the service request form but they cannot enter values for the field while raising a service request.
   
   ii. Click Remove Field icon  to remove the fields from the service preview form. The fields detached from the form are listed in the Service Fields block.

1. If the Item field is marked as mandatory then the corresponding Category and Sub category will be automatically marked as mandatory.

**NOTE**

- Similarly, if the Impact details are marked as mandatory then the Impact field will also be marked as mandatory.
- 2. The fields such as Requester Details, Subject and Site do not have Edit Field Properties icon and hence these fields can only be re-arranged.
- 3. Fields such as Status, Description, Requester Details, Site and Subject do not have Remove Field icon.

8. Save the service before proceeding to the Resources block.

**Configuring Resource Information**
If the service involves any resources then you can mention them under the Resource Info block. The process of adding resources involves a series of questions, and the resources can be displayed in either of the following formats - check box, drop down, plain text or with simple yes/no.

Take the case of a new employee joining your organization. The resources provided to the new employee would be, providing a desktop/laptop, installing the necessary software, provision of any additional hardware resource, communication device, entry into application logins like Active Directory, VPN, Email, Payroll, CRM and so on. These resources are entered under Resource Info block of the service request.

To add resources,

1. Click Add Resource button in the Resource Info block.
2. In the Add Resource pop up, specify the Resource Title and a brief Description on the purpose for adding this resource. The Resource Title is a mandatory field.
3. Next, you can either choose to select the question from the existing question list or create a new question.

Selecting from existing question list:

To select a question from the existing question list, use the Select your question drop down.

Select a question from the list, say "Choose the additional hardware required". The question is displayed along with an edit and delete icon. If you wish to add another additional hardware to the list, click on the
edit icon 📐. Enter your option and add it to the existing list as shown below. Click Ok to save the question.

Adding New Question:
If your desired question is not in the existing question list, then you can add a new question by clicking New Question button. Enter your Question and select the question format from the options provided. The question can be displayed either in a simple yes or no format, drop down, check box or as a plain text.

If you have selected the Question Type as check box or drop down, then the Add Options appears, listing all the product types configured in the application. Selecting a product type lists all the products (configured in the application) under that product type. For instance, if the selected product type is "Software", then all the managed software available in the application is listed. If the selected product type is "Workstation", then the workstations configured and scanned in the application are listed.
Select the assets/software to be displayed in the question by clicking >> (move right) button as shown in the image. Click Ok to save the question.

Manual addition of Resources:
Apart from resources in the application, you can manually add resources that are not configured in the application. To add resources manually in the application, select Add manually from Add options dropdown. Enter the resource in the text field as shown in the image.

In this case the resource is "HP Pavilion" and click Add >> to make the resource available in the question. Click Ok to save the question. To add another question, click New Question and follow the process as above.
4. Click Save to save the resource information. The questions are displayed in the Resource Info block of the service preview form from where you can also edit or delete the added resources.

Show to Requester
To make the service request accessible in the requester's login, select Show to Requesters check box. If User Groups are configured in the application, then you can select specific user groups to whom the service request should be made available too. Selecting the user groups makes a clear indication of the end users who can subscribe to the services.

Say for instance, if a service request should be shown to the requesters in the Sales department, then, configure the user group by selecting the "Department" as "Sales" under Admin -> User Management -> User Groups. Once the user group is configured, enable "Show to Requester" check box in the service item form and select the user group as "Sales User Group". To know more on configuring user groups, refer User Groups.
Click Save to save the details. Click Save and Configure Workflow button, to configure the service request workflow.

Work Flow
The Work Flow tab consists of options to select the approvers, map Service Level Agreement and assign Tasks for individual service requests.

Approver Details
Certain service request raised in the application requires approvals from the concerned users to go ahead with the request. The approvers can be technicians or requesters with the permission to Approve Service Requests, and should possess an email address in the application. You can configure up to 5 stages of approvals for a service request. Each stage may possess one or more approvers.

Select the Approvers for the service request using the icon. The approver(s) can also be the department head to which the requester belongs provided the approver has the permission to approve service requests.

On selecting the approver, the appropriate notifications have to be selected.

- Send approval notification automatically when a service request is raised - Enable this check box to send an approval notification to the concerned authority each time a service request is raised. If you have configured multiple stages of approvals, then the notification is sent to the next consecutive stage only on approval from the previous stage.
- All configured approvers have to approve the Service Request - Enabling this check box makes it mandatory for all the configured approvers to approve the service request. If anyone of the approver (at any stage) rejects the service request, then the request does not proceed to the next stage.

**NOTE:** If you have selected more than one approver in a stage, then all the approvers in that stage should approve the request.

- Do not assign technician before Service Request is approved - This option is enabled only on selecting "Send approval notification automatically when a service request is raised" check box. On selecting this option, a technician is assigned to a service request only when the service request is approved by the concern authority.

SLA
Each service request created in the application is assigned with a specific SLA to set the due by date. Select the SLA for the service request from the drop down. You can also add new SLAs using Add New SLA link.

Adding Tasks to Service Requests
You can add tasks to a service request if the request involves multiple technician work.

To add Tasks to service requests,

1. Click the Tasks tab -> click Add Task button from the tasks list view page.
2. In the Add Task form, specify the Title of the task. The Title is a mandatory field.
3. Specify relevant information about the tasks in the Description field.
4. Select the Group to which task has to be assigned. Select the Technician of the task from the combo box. Tasks can be assigned either:
to a Group alone,
- to a Group and a specific Technician in the group,
- to a Technician alone without selecting the group,
- to no Group and no Technician.

5. If there are multiple tasks for a service request, the implementation of one task may be dependent on the completion of another. In this case, the dependencies on tasks can be captured by clicking on the relevant tasks under Task Dependency block.

6. Select the Status of the task from the drop down.

7. Specify any relevant comment about the task in the Comments field.

8. Click Save to save the details. Click Save and Add New, to save the details and open another Add Task form. Click Cancel to go back to the tasks list view.

You can also organize tasks from the list view to suit your desired priority. Click Organize Tasks button and change the order of the tasks using the up and down buttons.

The tasks for a service request are automatically created and assigned to the configured technician each time the service request is raised.

Template Action
If the service request involves installing/uninstalling software or executing scripts, then the same can be performed from the centralized server through Desktop Central Integration. The Desktop Central activities are performed with the aid of a Desktop Central Agent that should be installed in the Windows workstation.

To avail this functionality, configure the Server Name and Port number of the Desktop Central server in SDP application. Since all service requests do not require Desktop Central operations, this activity is limited by providing a Template Action check box in each service item form. This functionality is attainable only when Desktop Central 7.0 and above is integrated with SDP. Refer Desktop Central Integration to know more.

Click Save to save the details. Click Save and Configure Requester button, to configure service request form for requesters.

Requester View
The "Requester View" tab is available in the service form only if the requesters have permission to view the service request. Click the Requester View tab to view the requester preview of the service request.
The service form is similar to the technician preview except,

- The header section is grayed indicating that its non-editable,
- The service fields has limited parameters and the option to add new field is unavailable
- Parameters such as Mode, Request Type, Level, Impact, Impact Details and Urgency are unavailable for the requester preview.
- The Edit Field Properties option is absent for the fields.

You can drag the available service fields onto the service preview form. Place the field only in the yellow highlighted area of the form. You can also rearrange the existing fields in a similar manner. In addition, you can also set default values for the fields to appear while raising the service request.

Click Save to save the configured details. Click Cancel to exit the form.

Disabling/Enabling Services

By default, a newly added service is enabled in the list view. To disable a service,

1. Click the icon beside the service category to list the services under them.
2. Hover over the service to disable. Click disable service icon 😎. The service is grayed and will not be listed along with the existing services in the home page.

To enable a service.

1. Click the icon beside the service category to list the services under them.
2. Hover over the service to enable. Click enable service icon 😊. The service is enabled and is listed along with the existing services in the home page.

Editing Services

To edit a service under a service category,

1. Click the icon beside the service category to list the services under them.
2. Hover over the service item to edit. Click the edit icon 🏢. The service form for a technician opens where you can add new fields, rearrange the existing fields and edit the default values.
3. Click Save to save the configurations. Similarly, you can edit all the remaining tabs from the service catalog page.

4. Click Save and Configure Requester button, to configure service request form for requesters. To add tasks, click Save and Add Tasks.

Deleting Services

To delete services under a service category,

1. Click the icon beside the service category to list the services under them.
2. Hover over the service item to delete. Click the delete icon ☓. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The service item is deleted from the list.

For Information on configuring Field and form rules click here.
Service Catalog - Business Rules

The helpdesk can also define business rules exclusively for Service Requests as well. Just like business rules of Incident Requests, these rules enable them to organize the incoming requests (via web form and e-mail) and perform actions such as delivering them to groups, assigning status and other request parameters. These business rules can be applied to a request: when it is created (and) edited or both. They can also choose to notify a select group of technicians through mail/sms whenever a particular business rule is executed by configuring Notifications section of business rules for Service Requests as per their requirements.

To access Business Rules configuration page for Service Requests,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
2. Click Service Catalog icon under Helpdesk block.
3. From the Service Catalog configuration wizard page, click Manage drop down and select Business Rules option. The Business Rules page appears from where you can add, edit and delete a business rule.

Check below links to understand how to: add, edit, delete and organize service request related business rules

- Adding Business Rules
- Editing Business Rules
- Deleting Business Rules
- Organizing Business Rules

Adding Business Rules

1. Click Add New Business Rule link (available at the top right corner of the page).
2. The Add Business Rule form consists of three blocks to be configured namely, Business Rule Details, Criteria and Actions and Notification.

Business Rule Details
The details of the Business Rule are exclusively for the newly added business rule.
1. Specify a unique Rule Name in the given text field. It is a mandatory field.
2. The Site selected in Business Rules for drop down box is displayed in non-editable text.
3. Provide the content to describe the business rule in the Description text field.
4. Business Rule can be executed on a request when it is created via web form (or received via email), edited or both on choosing the options from Execute when a request is drop-down list. By default, the 'Created' option is selected.
5. You can disable a Business Rule by selecting Disable Business Rule check box. On disabling a Business Rule, the rule will not get executed on any new or edited request. The disabled business rule will be marked in grey in the list view.
6. By default, the execution of the business rule will stop once a rule is applied on a request. To continue execution of successive business rules even after a business rule is applied on a request, select Turn on Cascade Execution check box.
7. By default, when a business rule is applied, the request values will be changed with the values in the business rule only if the request value is empty. If the request value is not empty, the business rule value will not be applied. To override the request values with the values in the business rule enable Override request values with Business Rule values.

Example: If the Priority in a request is set to 'High' and the Actions Set in the business rule is 'Set Priority to Low', then the priority is automatically set to 'Low' when the business rule is applied.

Note: Bulk actions such as delete, disable/enable business rules, turn on/off cascade execution can be performed on a business rule by selecting the check box beside the business rule and click Actions drop down button.

To turn on/off cascade execution to a business rule from the list view, click the icon beside the business rule. A confirmation message appears. Click Ok to continue. The icon will be grayed if the cascade execution is discontinued.

Criteria and Actions
Under this block, define the rules and criteria that need to be satisfied by the incoming request.
1. Select the Criteria and Condition from the respective drop-down list, and then the individual values that need to be matched by clicking the Choose button. The values from the database for those particular parent criteria that you chose from the drop down list opens. Choose the values you want and click OK.

Example: If you want to match the requester name John, then select Requester Name in the Select Criteria drop down box. Now select the condition is or is not from the drop down list. The list varies for each criterion. Click Choose button to open the list of requesters in a pop-up window. Select the requester name from the list and click OK. For multiple selection, press Shift or Ctrl key while selecting the names. The selected names appears in the text box just beside the choose button.

2. Click Add to Rules to add the defined rule to the rules table.

3. By default, the radio button Match ALL of the following is selected. If you do not want all of them to be checked but if it is enough if any one of the rules are matched, then select the radio button Match ANY of the following.

4. After defining the rules, you need to define the actions that need to be performed on the request matching the criteria. Choose the action from the Choose Action drop down list. Click Choose button to select the values for the chosen action.

Example: If the action you had chosen was to Place in Group, then click the Choose button to display the list of groups available in the corresponding site. Select the group to which the request has to be placed and click Ok.

5. Click Add to add the action in the actions table.

Notification
You can send Email and SMS notification to technicians once a business rule is applied.
Caution: Configure Mail Server Settings before enabling Notification.

To enable Email notification,

- Select the check box beside Email. Click Add to select the list of technicians from Select Assign to Technicians pop up window. Click OK to add the technicians.

To enable SMS notification,

- Select the check box beside SMS. Click Add to select the list of technicians from Select Assign to Technicians pop up window. Click Ok to add the technicians.

To edit the Email Template,

- Click Edit Email Template link to open the email template form. Make the required changes in the Subject and Message text field. Click Ok.

Click Save. If you want to add more than one business rule, then click Save and Add New. At any point, if you do not wish to add the business rule and would like to get back to the business rules list from the add business rule form, click Cancel.

Editing Business Rules

To edit an existing business rule,

1. In the Business Rules List page, click the edit icon beside the Business Rule Name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Business Rule form, you can modify all the fields mentioned in the add business rule form.
3. To edit the Match the below criteria set, click the edit icon beside the individual criteria. The respective selection window is opened in a separate pop-up. You can choose more values or remove a few values by de-selecting them.
4. You can also delete criteria completely. To delete criteria, click the delete icon beside the individual criteria.
5. In the actions to be performed, you can add new actions, edit or delete the existing actions.
6. Click Save to save the changes performed. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel. Even while editing a business rule, if you wish to add another new business rule, then click Save and Add New button.

Delete Business Rule
1. From the **Business Rule List** page, enable the check box beside the **Rule Name** you wish to delete.
2. Click Actions drop down button, and select the Delete option. A confirmation dialog opens.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not wish to delete the business rule, then click **Cancel**.

Organize Business Rules

Organizing the business rules decide the order in which the rule is applied on the incoming request. You can organize the business rule to appear in a particular order in the list view,

1. Select the site for which you wish to rearrange the order of the business rule from the Business Rules for combo box.
2. Click Organize Business Rules link at the top right hand corner of the Business Rules List view page. A pop-up window opens displaying the list of available business rules in the order that is appearing in the list view.
3. Select a business rule, and click Move up or Move Down button beside the list.
4. Click Save.
Organization Details

Organization Details lets you configure the details of your organization such as, geographic region in which your organization is located, the list of branches, working hours, holiday list and departments. If you have multiple branches across the globe, this information is essential in setting the due date of the requests.

Apart from this, you can set the Incoming and Outgoing E-mail Settings, define Rules to Automate the tickets and define Service Level Agreements to set the due date for the requests.

You can also set certain rules to alert technicians after the completion of a task using Notification Rules.

You can set notification rules for the Requests, Problems, Changes and Solutions module.

Organization Details Configurations

The following are the Organization Details configurations,

- **Organization Details**
  
  Set the details about your organization such as the Name, Logo, Address and Contact Information. This information is displayed in the Purchase Order form.

- **Mail Server Settings**
  
  Set the Incoming and Outgoing E-mail Server Settings, configure Spam Filter and option to parse your e-mail tickets using E-mail Command.

- **Regions**
  
  Configure the various geographic locations of your organization.

- **Sites**
  
  Configure the various branches in each region.

- **Operational hours**
  
  Set the working hours of the organization. This is essential in calculating the due date for the request.

- **Holidays**
  
  Set the holidays during which your firm would remain closed. The holiday list is exclusive of the weekly holidays.

- **Departments**
  
  Configure the various departments in your organization. The department is essential while adding requesters and technicians since each requester or technician will be associated to a particular department of the organization.

- **Business Rules**
  
  Define rules to automate the incoming request (via web form and e-mail) and perform actions such as delivering them to groups, assigning status and other request parameters.

- **Service Level Agreements**
  
  Define rules based on requester, department or priority, to set the due date for the incoming incident requests.

- **Notification Rules**
  
  Define rules to alert technicians after the completion of a task using Notification Rules.
Set rules to alert technicians after the completion of a task.

- Preventive Maintenance Tasks

Schedule periodic tasks, such as changing the printer toner or performing a service shutdown, for regular maintenance.
Configure Organization Details

You can configure your organization's details in the ServiceDesk Plus application. This information will be used in various cases. To configure your organization's details:

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Organization Details and the Organization details form is displayed.
4. Enter the Name of your organization. You cannot leave the name field empty. The other fields can be empty. But if you have the required information, then enter them as explained in the following steps.
5. The description field can contain information about what your organization specializes.
6. The next block collects the address of your organization. Enter the address details in the relevant fields, such as address, city, postal code, state, and country.
7. If you have a common contact e-mail ID, then enter the same in the E-mail ID field.
8. Enter the phone and fax number, and the URL of your company's web site.
9. You can import the company logo and use that in places where the organization details are being used.
   1. Click Import Image button beside the Company Logo field.
   2. Click the Browse button and choose the image file from the file chooser window and click Open.
   3. Click Import.
10. By default, the Use this image check box is enabled. If you do not wish to use this image, then disable the check box.
11. Click Save.

At a later time, if you wish to edit the information that you entered now, you can do so by following the same procedure explained above.
Organization Roles

Purpose and Introduction

Configuring the Organization roles helps in enabling the role based approval process for the service requests. Once the organization roles are configured and the users are associated with it, the role based approval can be configured from the service templates. These organization roles can be created by using the four cards representing four role types i.e Organizational Roles, Site Roles, Regional Roles and Departmental Roles. Organizational roles include roles that are specific to the organization as a whole i.e, roles such as CEO, CFO, COO will come under this Role Type. Site Roles are based on the sites the organization is split into. Roles such as Site Admin, Site Manager etc will come under this Role Type. Departmental Roles comprises of roles based on the various departments an organization may have. Roles such as Department Head, Department Manager etc will come under this Role Type. Regional Roles consists of roles based on the regions the organization is spread across. Roles such as Regional Incharge, Regional Head etc will come under this Role Type.

Quick links

- Creating Roles and Associating Users
- Managing the Roles
- Using Import XLS
- Configuring Role Based Approval

Creating Roles and Associating Users.

The roles can be created by clicking on the add new role icon present in all the four cards.

Adding a New Role

- Click on add new role icon in the respective card such as Organizational roles card/Regional Roles card.

  **For eg.** For Organizational roles such as the CEO/COO, click the plus icon in the Organizational Roles card.
- Enter the **Role Name** and the **Description**.
- Click **Save**. Same applies for the other three Role types.
- You can use **Save and Add New** option to save the role and create a new one. Same applies for the other three Role types.
**Note**

- The Role Name is mandatory.
- Character length for a Role name should not exceed 48. For Description it should not exceed 250.

**Associating Users to the Roles**

**Associating users to Organizational Roles,**
Assigning users to Organizational Roles is slightly different from assigning roles to the other Role Types. Since Organizational Roles are limited to one user per role, the roles tend to be unique across the organization without multiple profiles across department, region or sites unlike the other roles.

- Click on ⬇️ in the cards.
- Select an user and click on **Associate User**.
- The users can be searched by using the user drop down menu.
Associating users to Departmental/Regional/Site Roles,

- Click on 👤 in the respective role.

  **For e.g.** To associate users for Regional Manager role, click on 👤 in the Regional Manager role present in the Regional Roles card.

- If you want to assign multiple regions to an user, select Multiple Region Option.

  - Select the User and multiple Regions.
  - Click on **Associate User**.
  - If you want to assign user to a specific Region, select Single Region Option.
Assign an User for the Regions individually.
Click on **Associate User**.

**Note**

- Regions/Departments/Sites and Users can be searched in the corresponding fields.
- Use a "," followed by the search text to search the users using their email address and also to search sites/regions associated to the departments.

**Managing the Roles.**

The roles created can be edited or deleted. The users can be changed as well.

- Use 📂 present in the role cards to edit the user association.
- You can add/remove regions, departments and sites using this option.
- Similarly use 🗑 to delete a role.
- To remove/change an user associated with a role, click on the association list.
• Select **Change user** in the respective role.

- **Region(s)**: **China, USA**
  - **Regional Incharge**: Shawn Adams [Change User]
  - **Contact Info**: Email Address: - | Extension No.: 925-852-2588 | Mobile No.: -

- **Region(s)**: **India**
  - **Regional Incharge**: Howard Stern [Change User]
  - **Contact Info**: Email Address: - | Extension No.: 925-852-2645 | Mobile No.: -

• Select a new user and click **Save**.
Note

- If you delete a Role, all the user associations will get deleted as well.
- All the created roles will be listed in the respective cards. The roles/users can be edited from that list as well.

Using Import XLS
You can use the Import XLS option to import the roles and users from the excel sheet. Once the role names and users are imported from the excel sheet, field mapping can be done using the map fields option.
To import XLS,

- Click on the association list in any of the cards.
- Click on **Import XLS** option.

- Click on **Choose File** to select the excel file from your system. Download and use the sample file to use the same format.
Once the import is done, the columns in the xls file will be populated in the select boxes beside each field label such as "Email", "Role name", "Role entity" and "Parent entity".

Click here to view the sample XLS file.

Choose File  
No file selected

File format: XLS

Next  Cancel
Map the column names with the respective request fields. For e.g if the column 1 contains the role name, choose column 1 in the Role name request field.

Click on **Import**. The import will be completed.

Click on **Finish**.

### Configuring Role Based Approval

Once the organization roles are configured and the users are associated with it, the role based approvers can be configured through the service templates.

**For e.g.** In a service template in the communications service category, role based approvers can be set upfront so that the all the service requests pertaining to that service will be directed to the approver(s) you have selected.

To configure the role based approval,

- Go to the service catalog from the admin module.
- Choose a service category and click on the edit icon in the service template for which you want to configure role based approval.
The service template form opens up. If you want the requesters to select their approvers, drag and drop the "Select Approvers" field into the template from the Form Designer tab.

Click on the "Work Flow" tab, from there you can add approvers for the service template by clicking on the select service approvers icon.
• Click on **Save**.
Mail Server Settings

ServiceDesk Plus allows you to configure the incoming e-mail settings and the outgoing e-mail settings such that it fetches the mails that are sent to the IT help desk team and send notifications/feedback to the technicians, requesters, and vendors.

Incoming Mail Settings

To configure the incoming e-mail settings,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organization Details block, click Mail Server Settings. The Mail Server Settings page displayed will be as shown in the figure, with the incoming e-mail settings tab selected by default:

4. All the fields marked * are mandatory fields. Enter the server name, user name, password, e-mail address, email type, port, and the time interval in which the mail needs to be fetched periodically. The time period is in minutes. The e-mail type is a combo box from which you need to select the value. If you have selected IMAPS then you have an option to enable Transport Layer Security (TLS).
5. Click Save. On successful connection to the server, the success message is displayed.

To start fetching the mails, click the Start Fetching button. Once the mail fetching is started, the Save button in the incoming mail server settings is disabled. If you wish to change any of the settings, then you need to stop mail fetching, make the changes, save them and then restart the mail fetching.

Outgoing Mail Settings

To configure the outgoing mail settings,
1. In the **Email Settings** page, click the **Outgoing** tab. The outgoing mail settings form is displayed as above.

2. Enter the outgoing mail server name / IP address, reply-to e-mail address, and port. These three are the mandatory fields.

3. If there is an alternate server, then enter its name in the Alternate Server Name / IP Address field.

4. Enter the name of the sender in the Sender's Name field.

5. Choose the e-mail type, which is usually SMTP and SMTPS. By default, the port associated to SMTP is 25 and the port associated to SMTPS is 465.

6. If required, you can enable Transport Layer Security (TLS) from the drop down.

7. If your SMTP server for outgoing mails require authentication, then select the check box Requires Authentication.

8. Enter the User Name and Password in the respective fields.

9. Click **Save**.

**Spam Filter**

You can mark all you junk mails into spam by defining filter criteria for the mails. Once you set a criteria say, "Subject contains Out of Office or Spam", then mails matching this criteria will be dropped and no new request will be created out of them. To configure Spam Filter,

1. Click Spam Filter tab.

2. Define a rule on selecting Criteria from the drop down list and also mention the Condition.

3. Specify the filter content in the given text field by clicking choose button.

4. Say, if criteria is Sender and condition is then the content can be "mailer-daemon".

5. Click Add to Rules button to add the criteria to the rules and match it with the incoming mails.

   Specify Match all of the following (And) or Match any of the following (OR) option to match with the rule by selecting any of the radio buttons.

6. Click Save.

**E-Mail Command**
Currently, when e-mails are received, various fields are set according to business rules. E-mail Command allows the technician to delimit fields in the e-mail, according to which the e-mail can be parsed and corresponding fields can be set.

Consider a scenario where business rules needs to be created for the following criteria:

- To assign Category based on subject:
  1. When Subject contains **Printer**, set Category as **Printers**
  2. When Subject contains **Network**, set Category as **Network**
  3. When Subject contains **Routers**, set Category as **Hardware**
  4. When Subject contains **Switches**, set Category as **Hardware**

- To assign Priority based on subject:
  1. When Subject contains **High Priority**, set Priority as **High**
  2. When Subject contains **Low Priority**, set Priority as **Low**

- To assign Urgency based on subject:
  1. When Subject contains **Urgent**, set urgency as **Urgent**
  2. When Subject contains **High Urgency**, set urgency as **High**

For example, when the subject contains **Printer** and **High Priority** or when the subject contains **Printer** and **Low Priority**, separate business rules have to be written for each criteria. This becomes complicated further when more fields need to be set based on the incoming e-mail. We need to have hundreds of business rules to achieve combinations of several fields and that will complicate the entire business rule section.

Also, consider another scenario where business rules for incoming e-mails are set as follows:

- When Category is **Printer**, Subject contains **Crash** and Priority is **Low**, place in Group Hardware problems

Suppose an incoming e-mail has a subject line **Printer Crash** with high priority, then the request field will be set as **Category = Printer** with **Priority = Low** based on the existing business rule.

E-mail command overcomes this complication. Request fields can be defined through an e-mail itself. An incoming e-mail is parsed, and various request fields are set from the e-mail content based on the parsing delimiters.

To configure E-mail Command,

1. In the E-mail Settings page, click on **E-mail Command** tab. The E-mail Command configuration screen is displayed.
2. Click on the check box **Enable E-mail Command** to activate the e-mail parsing feature. If this option is not selected, then the incoming e-mail will be handled as a normal mail based on established business rules even if the incoming e-mails contain the parsing string in the subject.
3. In the **E-mail Subject contains** text box, enter valid subject that determines the e-mails which have to be parsed. E-mails containing this text will be parsed for various fields. Assume the E-mail Subject identifier is given as @@SDP@@, then all e-mails with subject as @@SDP@@ alone will be considered for parsing.
4. Provide any special character (@@, ##, $$, %%, &&, so on) as the **Command Delimiter**. The field values assigned between these special characters are assigned to the corresponding fields while the requests are created. Assume if the **Command Delimiter** is @@and category field needs to
be set to Printer, then the email description should contain @@Category=Printer@@.

### Notes:

- A request can be created/edited/closed/picked up by a technician through e-mails. Operational string `Operation = AddRequest, Operation = EditRequest, Operation = CloseRequest` and `Operation = PickupRequest` is used for this purpose.
- To edit, pick up or close a request through e-mail, the corresponding operational string (EditRequest/PickupRequest/CloseRequest) and the RequestId must be present. If not, the e-mail will be processed normally and treated as a new request.
- When a request is edited through an e-mail, the conversation will not be added in the request. Hence attachments and inline images in the e-mail will not be updated in the request. However, the update information will be added in the history.
- If the field name given in the e-mail is not available in ServiceDesk Plus, then parsing will be excluded for that field.
- If there is more than one value present for a particular field in an e-mail, then the last value alone will be taken and others will be discarded.
- Request threads with subject containing the RequestId and no operational string (UpdateRequest) will be updated as a normal conversation and a new request will not be created.
- The e-mail sender should have a log in for ServiceDesk Plus for the E-mail Command to happen. This is because, various operations that can be handled by a user to parse an e-mail are defined by the user Role. Request authorization (close a request, pick up a request, update a request, accept closure of a request and so on) are set using Roles in ServiceDesk Plus.
- The e-mail sender will be considered as the requester if the requester name is not specified in the e-mail.
- Permissions and Parameters supported:
  - If the e-mail sender is a requester with requester permissions, then the fields that be parsed are limited. A requester can parse only those fields that he can view in the request form while creating a request.
If the e-mail sender is a technician with technician permissions, then the fields that can be parsed are same as those fields that he can view in the request form while creating a request. Fields that can be parsed are LEVEL, MODE, PRIORITY, URGENCY, IMPACT, CATEGORY, SUBCATEGORY, ITEM, GROUP, TECHNICIAN, TEACHE-MAIL, REQUESTER, REQUESTERE-MAIL, REQUESTID, REQUESTTEMPLATE, REQUESTTYPE, STATUS, SITE, ASSET and additional field label (the field label given in the e-mail must match the field label set in the product).

To change the fields that a requester or a technician can parse, go to Admin --> Request Templates (under Helpdesk domain), select Default Template and add or remove the fields.

TheRequestId present in the description of the e-mail it will be given higher precedence over the RequestId present in the subject of the e-mail.

Consider an example:

1. **To create** an e-mail that has to be parsed, the subject of the e-mail should be same as defined in the configurations (E-mail Subject contains), for example, @@SDP@@ and the content is as follows:
   $$@@CATEGORY=Printers@@$$
   $$@@PRIORITY=High@@$$
   $$@@URGENCY=Normal@@$$
   $$@@LEVEL=Tier 4@@$$
   $$@@MODE=E-mail@@$$
   $$@@IMPACT=Affects User@@$$
   $$@@GROUP=Network@@$$
   When the request is created, say with a Request ID 6735352, the fields for the request are set based on the above content from the parsed e-mail.

2. **To edit** this request, say to assign a Technician or a Sub-Category, operational string OPERATION = EditRequest along with the RequestId (or WorkOrderId) and the delimiting fields have to be specified in the e-mail as follows:
   $$@@OPERATION = EditRequest@@$$
   $$@@REQUESTID = 6735352@@$$
   $$@@TECHNICIAN = Administrator@@$$
   This updates the request 6735352 and assigns Administrator to the Technician field.

3. **To pick up** the request through an e-mail, the technician who has AssigningTechnician permission should specify the operational string PickupRequest along with the RequestId should be mentioned in the e-mail. The technician can pick up the request only if the request falls under his site.
   $$@@OPERATION = PickupRequest@@$$
   $$@@REQUESTID = 6735352@@$$

3. **To close** the above request (6735352) through an e-mail, the operational string (CloseRequest) and the
Request ID has to be present in the content of the e-mail.
@@OPERATION = CloseRequest@@
@@REQUESTID = 6735352@@
Regions

Organizations can have various branches to handle various specialized activities. Such branches can be located at different regions and data from each of these branches need to be maintained in the same place. You can configure the various locations of your branches in the ServiceDesk Plus application. To open the organization regions configuration page,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Regions. The next page displays the available list of regions. You can add, edit, or delete regions.

Add a Region

To add a new region,

1. Click Add New Region link available at the top right corner of the Region list page.
2. In the Add Region form, enter the Region Name. It is mandatory field.
3. Specify brief description about the core activities taking place in the branch in the Description text field.
4. Click Save to save and return to the list view. Click Save and Add New a to save and add a new region. At any point, if you do not wish to add the region and would like to get back to the location list, click Cancel.

Edit a Region

To edit an already existing region,

1. In the Region List page, click the edit icon beside the Region Name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Region form, modify the Region name and its Description.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel. Even while editing a region, if you wish to add another new region, then click Save and add new button.

Delete Region

1. In the Region List page, click the delete icon beside the Region Name that you wish to delete. A confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the region, then click Cancel.

On deleting a region, the corresponding sites and attributes such as groups, SLA, business rules, holidays and so on is also deleted. If the Region is specified in a module, then the region cannot be deleted from the list.
Sites

If your organization has various regional offices across the globe, then these offices are configured as Sites in ServiceDesk Plus. The purpose of configuring Sites is to maintain a single ServiceDesk Plus installation irrespective of the location, working hours and IT operations executed in the sites. By configuring Sites, you can restrict technicians from viewing requests, problems, changes and assets of certain sites, organize your IT operations across sites and enable prompt handling of requests raised from different sites.

When you get started with ServiceDesk Plus configurations, the Operational Hours, Holidays, Departments, Business Rules and Service Level Agreements configured is considered as the Default Settings. So while adding sites, you have options to either copy these default settings, refer the default settings, or configure separate settings for the site.

Example:
The options - Refer Default Settings and Custom Settings - can be explained better with an example. Let’s say your head office is in New York, USA and you also have offices in Boston, Washington and Tokyo. The IT operations in the USA region are handled by technicians located in Boston. And the IT operations in Japan are handled by technicians in Tokyo. Assume the office in Tokyo works 6 days a week, while the office in USA region works 5 days a week. The Departments, Business Rules and Service Level Agreements are similar for all the sites. And, you have configured the default settings to suit the USA region.

In ServiceDesk Plus, the offices in New York, Boston, Washington and Tokyo are configured as sites. Since the default settings suit the USA region, you can Refer the Default Settings for the sites - New York, Boston and Washington. When you refer a default setting, the site will not have separate site based configurations i.e., these sites will not be listed in the drop down menu while viewing the settings. Since the site Tokyo works 6 days a week, you need to customize the operational hours for the site by selecting Custom Settings beside operational hours. The site will be listed in Operational Hours for drop-down box and you can customize the operational hours for the site.

NOTE: Technicians with administrator privilege can add sites in ServiceDesk Plus. The Site Admin has the privilege to view and edit his/her site details. They cannot add nor delete sites in ServiceDesk Plus.

To access the Sites configuration page,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using the username and password of the admin user.
2. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Sites.

**Note:** The administrator has the privilege to Add/Edit/Delete a site. The Site Admin can only View/Edit/Delete the sites to which he is associated from the Site List page.

Add Site

1. In the Site List view page, click Add New Site link on the right hand side corner. The Add New Site form opens.
2. Enter the Site Name in the text field provided. It is mandatory field.
3. Enter brief information in the Description field about what your organization does in the above mentioned site.
4. Select the Region and the Time Zone of the site from the combo box. The specified time zone is essential to calculate the operational hours for the site. Hence, any request raised in the site can be resolved within its operational hours.
5. Specify the Address of the organization along with City, Postal Code, State and Country.
6. Enter the Contact Information such as E-mail Id, Phone no, Fax no and the Web URL of your
7. Enable any of the following related settings,
   - Refer Default Settings: The site follows the default settings configured in ServiceDesk Plus. Any change made under the default settings is also applied to the site.

   Let’s take the same example of the 3 offices in the USA region. Since the default settings are configured to suit the USA region, you just need to refer the default settings to the 3 sites.

   - Copy Default Settings:A separate copy of the default settings is maintained for the site. With this separate site based configuration, you can alter the name of the default settings like the Department - IT Services can be renamed as IT operations in the site configuration. Or you can add additional holidays, business rules, technicians, support groups and service level agreements for the site alone.

   **NOTE:** Any change made in the default settings, say a new holiday is added in the default list, then the same is reflected in copy default settings.

   - Custom Settings:The site with this setting will neither follow the default setting nor maintain a separate copy of the default setting. You need to customize the configurations for the site.

   Taking the above example about the office in Tokyo that operates 6 days a week unlike the default operational hours that operates 5 days a week. While adding the site, select Custom Settings beside Operational Hours, after which, you can configure the working days for the site - Tokyo in Operational Hours.

1. Click **Save** button to save the site details and return to the list view. Click **Save and add new** button to save and add another site. If you wish to cancel the operation then click Cancel.

**Edit Site**

1. From the site list page, click the edit icon beside the site which you wish to edit. The Edit Site page opens with the existing details.
2. You can modify all the fields in this page.
3. Click Save to save the modified changes and return to the list view.

Even while editing a site, if you wish to add a new site, click Save and Add New button. This updates the site and reopens the Add Site form.

**Delete Site**

If the site is being used by a module, the site cannot be deleted. In turn, the site is grayed (marked inactive) to avoid the further usage of the site. If the site is associated to a Requester, Asset, Request Template or Preventive Maintenance task, then you have an option to associate a different site to these parameters.

To delete a site,

1. Select the site you wish to delete by enabling the check box.
2. Click Actions drop down -> Delete Site(s) option. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed.
4. If the Site is associated to a requester, asset, request template or a preventive maintenance task, Change Site association pop up appears listing the parameters to which the site is associated.
5. To associate these parameters to a different site, select the site from the drop down. By default, not associate to any site is populated.
6. Click Associate. The parameters are associated to the newly selected site. The site to be deleted is marked inactive and will not be populated wherever site is specified.

To bring the site back to active state,

1. Click the edit icon beside the site name.
2. From the edit site page, disable Site not for further usage check box.
3. Click Save to save the site details and return to the list view.

If the site is not used by any module, the site is removed from the site list view.

Auto change of site from inactive to active state:
- Succeeding an Active Directory import, the grayed out site is automatically changed to the active state.
- On performing a CSV Import of Users and assets.
- Adding and Editing requesters associated to the inactive site through API.
- Editing an inactive site through API.

Inactive sites will not be auto activated for the following scenarios:
- Creating requests through E-mail Command for an inactive site.
- Creating and Editing Requests, Asset, Technician for an inactive site through API.
Operational Hours

You can set the operational hours of your organization situated in various sites. The operational hours for a site depend on the time zone configured for that site. The operational hours that you configure is used while calculating the request due by date and time. To set the organization's operational hours,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Operational Hours. The Operational Hours form is displayed as shown below,

4. Select the site from the Operational hours for comb box. By default, the Operational hours for combo box will display Default Settings.

   Note: The Site Admin can set the operational hours for the sites to which he is associated. The sites can be selected from the Operational Hours for combo box. The Operational hours for combo box will appear if the site is configured in Admin- Sites.

5. If your organization works round the clock, then select Round the clock (24 hours) radio button. If you do not work round the clock then, select the radio button beside Select Operational Hours. Specify the working hours of your organization by selecting the Start Time and the End Time from the drop down boxes.
6. Now, select the days that your organization works by selecting the check boxes provided beside the days of the week.
7. Click Save.

You can also view the operational hours of a site by selecting the site from Operational Hours for combo box.

If you have already set the operational hours and wish to modify the same, you still need to follow the same procedure as specified above. But in this case, when you click Operational Hours from the Admin Home page, it will open the Operational Hours form with the details that have been set earlier. You can
make the necessary modifications and then click **Save**.
Holidays

You can set the holidays of your organization that is situated in various sites using the Holidays option available in the Admin page. This has the list of holidays during which the firm would remain closed and is exclusive of the weekly holiday when the firm does not function. You can also set repeated holidays such as, New Years Day, to an organization in a site. Thus by doing so, you need not manually add the holiday every year in the Holidays option.

The holiday list along with the operational hours will be used for calculating the expected completion time of a service request, depending on the priority or SLA applicable to that request. To open the holiday configuration page,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Holidays. This displays the Default Settings of the available list of holidays. You can add, view, edit, or delete holidays for a particular site.

   Note: The Site Admin can add and view the holidays to the site which he is associated. To view the holidays in a particular site, select the site from the Holidays for combo box.

   If the sites are not configured then the Holidays for combo box will not appear. To configure the sites refer Sites under Organizational Details block.

Add a Holiday

To add holidays in a site,

1. Select the site for which you want to add the holiday from the Holidays for combo box. If the sites is not selected then the holidays gets added under Default Settings.
2. Click Add New Holiday link available at the top right corner of the holiday list page. This opens the Add New holiday form.
3. Select the Date on which you want to add the holiday by invoking the calendar icon. This is mandatory field.
4. Enter a brief description of the significance of the holiday in the Description text field.
5. If the holiday occurs every year such as, 25th December (Christmas), then enable Check if this is recurring holiday check box. This will automatically add the holiday every year for the site.
6. Click Save. If you do not wish to add the holiday and would like to get back to the holiday list, click Cancel.

Edit a Holiday

1. Select the site for which you want to edit the holiday from the Holidays for combo box. This lists out the holidays for the corresponding site.
2. Click the edit icon beside the holiday Date that you wish to edit.
3. Modify the date and the description of the holiday, and enable/disable the 'check if this is recurring holiday' check box in the Edit Holiday form.
4. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Delete Holiday

1. Select the site for which you want to delete the holiday from the Holidays for combo box. This lists outs the holidays in that site.
2. Enable the check box beside the holiday **Date which you want to delete from the holiday list page.**
3. Click the Delete button on the left hand side of the page. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
4. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the holiday, then click **Cancel.**
Departments

There can be various departments in an organization which can be situated in different sites, and each of these departments has a group of employees managed by a Department Head. In ServiceDesk Plus you can add, edit, or delete the various departments of your organization. These departments are essential while adding requesters and technicians since each requester or technician will be associated to a particular department of the organization.

To open the department configurations,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Departments. This displays the available list of departments. You can add, edit, or delete departments.

   Note: The Site Admin can configure the department in the sites which he/she is associated. The list of departments associated to the site can be viewed by selecting the sites from the Departments for combo box. The Department for combo box will appear if the site is configured in Admin- Sites.

Add Department

To add a department for an organization in a site,

1. Select the site for which you want to add the department from the Departments for combo box. By default, the department gets added under Default Settings.
2. Click Add New Department link available at the top right corner of the Department list page. This opens the Add Department form.
3. Enter the Department Name in the text field. This is mandatory field.
4. Provide a brief Description about the department in the text field provided.
5. The Department Head manages the department and plays a vital role in approving the service request. To select the Department Head, click the icon. The Requester List window pops up. Click on the name of the requester to select the department head.
6. Click Save. At any point, if you do not wish to add the department and would like to get back to the department list from the add department form, click Cancel.

Edit Department

To edit an existing department,

1. Select the site for which you want to edit the department from the Departments for combo box. This lists out the available departments corresponding to the site.
2. Click the edit icon beside the Department Name that you wish to edit. This opens the Edit Department form.
3. Modify the department name and its description.
4. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Delete Departments

1. Select the site for which you want to edit the department from the Departments for combo box.
2. Enable the check box beside the department name which you wish to delete from the department list.
3. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
4. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the department, then click **Cancel**.
Business Rules

You can define Business Rules for various sites of your organization. Business Rules enable you to organize the incoming requests (via web form and e-mail) and perform actions such as delivering them to groups, assigning status and other request parameters. Business Rule can be applied to a request when it is created (or received), edited or both. Notification can also be sent to the technicians once the Business Rule is executed.

To open the Business Rule configurations page,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application with admin username and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Business Rule. The resulting page displays the available list of business rules under the Default Settings. You can add, edit, delete or organize business rules of a particular site.

**Note:** The Site Admin can add and view the business rules to the site which he is associated. To view the business rules of a site, select the site from the Business Rules for combo box. If the sites are not configured then the Business Rules for combo box will not appear. To configure the sites refer Sites under Organizational Details block.

Add a Business Rule

To add a Business Rule,

1. Click Add New Business Rule link available at the top right corner of the Business Rules List page.
2. The Add Business Rule form consists of three blocks to be configured namely, Business Rule Details, Criteria and Actions and Notification.

Business Rule Details

The details of the Business Rule are exclusively for the newly added business rule.

1. Specify a unique Rule Name in the given text field. It is a mandatory field.
2. The Site selected in Business Rules for drop down box is displayed in non-editable text.
3. Provide the content to describe the business rule in the Description text field.
4. Business Rule can be executed on a request when it is created via web form (or received via email), edited or both on choosing the options from Execute when a request is drop-down list. By default, the 'Created' option is selected.
5. You can disable a Business Rule by selecting Disable Business Rule check box. On disabling a
Business Rule, the rule will not get executed on any new or edited request. The disabled business rule will be marked in grey in the list view.

6. By default, the execution of the business rule will stop once a rule is applied on a request. To continue execution of successive business rules even after a business rule is applied on a request, select Turn on Cascade Execution check box.

7. By default, when a business rule is applied, the request values will be changed with the values in the business rule only if the request value is empty. If the request value is not empty, the business rule value will not be applied. To override the request values with the values in the business rule enable Override request values with Business Rule values.

Example: If the Priority in a request is set to 'High' and the Actions Set in the business rule is 'Set Priority to Low', then the priority is automatically set to 'Low' when the business rule is applied.

Note: Bulk actions such as delete, disable/enable business rules, turn on/off cascade execution can be performed on a business rule by selecting the check box beside the business rule and click Actions drop down button.

To turn on/off cascade execution to a business rule from the list view, click the icon beside the business rule. A confirmation message appears. Click Ok to continue. The icon will be grayed if the cascade execution is discontinued.

Criteria and Actions
Under this block, define the rules and criteria that need to be satisfied by the incoming request.

1. Select the Criteria and Condition from the respective drop-down list, and then the individual values that need to be matched by clicking the Choose button. The values from the database for those particular parent criteria that you chose from the drop down list opens. Choose the values you want and click OK.
Example: If you want to match the requester name John, then select Requester Name in the Select Criteria drop down box. Now select the condition is or is not from the drop down list. The list varies for each criterion. Click Choose button to open the list of requesters in a pop-up window. Select the requester name from the list and click OK. For multiple selection, press Shift or Ctrl key while selecting the names. The selected names appears in the text box just beside the choose button.

2. Click Add to Rules to add the defined rule to the rules table.

3. By default, the radio button Match ALL of the following is selected. If you do not want all of them to be checked but if it is enough if any one of the rules are matched, then select the radio button Match ANY of the following.

4. After defining the rules, you need to define the actions that need to be performed on the request matching the criteria. Choose the action from the Choose Action drop down list.

5. Click Choose button to select the values for the chosen action.

Example: If the action you had chosen was to Place in Group, then click the Choose button to display the list of groups available in the corresponding site. Select the group to which the request has to be placed and click Ok.

6. Click Add to add the action in the actions table.

Notification
You can send Email and SMS notification to technicians once a business rule is applied. Caution: Configure Mail Server Settings before enabling Notification.

To enable Email notification,

- Select the check box beside Email. Click Add to select the list of technicians from Select Assign to Technicians pop up window. Click OK to add the technicians.

To enable SMS notification,

- Select the check box beside SMS. Click Add to select the list of technicians from Select Assign to Technicians pop up window. Click Ok to add the technicians.

To edit the Email Template,

- Click Edit Email Template link to open the email template form. Make the required changes in the Subject and Message text field. Click Ok.

Click Save. If you want to add more than one business rule, then click Save and Add New. At any point,
if you do not wish to add the business rule and would like to get back to the business rules list from the add business rule form, click **Cancel**.

**Edit a Business Rule**

To edit an existing business rule,

1. In the **Business Rules List** page, click the edit icon \(\text{edit}\) beside the **Business Rule Name** that you wish to edit.

2. In the **Edit Business Rule** form, you can modify all the fields mentioned in the add business rule form.

3. To edit the Match the below criteria set, click the edit icon \(\text{edit}\) beside the individual criteria. The respective selection window is opened in a separate pop-up. You can choose more values or remove a few values by de-selecting them.

4. You can also delete criteria completely. To delete criteria, click the delete icon \(\text{delete}\) beside the individual criteria.

5. In the actions to be performed, you can add new actions, edit or delete the existing actions.

6. Click **Save** to save the changes performed. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**. Even while editing a business rule, if you wish to add another new business rule, then click **Save and Add New** button.

**Delete Business Rule**

1. From the **Business Rule List** page, enable the check box beside the **Rule Name** you wish to delete.

2. Click Actions drop down button, and select the Delete option. A confirmation dialog opens.

3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not wish to delete the business rule, then click **Cancel**.

**Organize Business Rules**

Organizing the business rules decide the order in which the rule is applied on the incoming request. You can organize the business rule to appear in a particular order in the list view,

1. Select the site for which you wish to rearrange the order of the business rule from the Business Rules for combo box.

2. Click Organize Business Rules link at the top tight hand corner of the Business Rules List view page. A pop-up window opens displaying the list of available business rules in the order that is appearing in the list view.

3. Select a business rule, and click Move up or Move Down button beside the list.

4. Click **Save**.
Service Level Agreements

You can have Service Level Agreements (SLAs) defined for intra-organization service provided by the IT help desk team. These SLAs help evaluating the efficiency, effectiveness, and responsiveness of your help desk team. The SLAs can be defined for each individual, or departments, or workstations in a site. The priority for an incoming request is automatically set if the request is governed by an SLA rule. Also, if the request is not attended and resolved within the time specifications of the SLA, then you can set the escalation rules.

To open the SLA configurations page,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application with admin username and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Service Level Agreement. The SLA list page opens. You can add, edit, or delete SLAs.
4. By default, all SLA based mail escalations will be enabled. If you wish to disable the escalation click Disable Escalation button.
5. By default, there are four SLAs set namely, High, Medium, Normal, Low SLAs. You can also add more SLAs to the list.

Note: The Site Admin can configure the SLA for the sites to which he is associated by selecting the site from the Service Level Agreement for combo box. The list of all SLAs corresponding to the selected site gets displayed. If the sites are not configured then the Service Level Agreement combo box will not appear. To configure the sites refer Admin- Sites.

Add a Service Level Agreement

To add an SLA,

1. Select the site to which you want to add the SLA from the Service Level Agreement for combo box. By default, the 'Default Settings' option is selected.
2. Click Add New SLA link at the top right corner of the SLA list page.
3. In the Add New SLA form, specify the SLA Name in the text field provided. It is a mandatory field.
4. The Site selected in Service Level Agreement for drop down box is displayed in non-editable text.
5. If required, you can provide a corresponding Description for the SLA.
6. In the SLA rules block, set the rules and criteria for the SLA. By default, the radio button Match ALL of the following is selected. If you do not want all of them to be checked but if it is enough if any one of the rules are matched, then select the radio button Match ANY of the following.

7. Select the Criteria and Condition from the respective text box, and then choose the individual values that need to be matched by clicking on the choose button. The values from the database for those particular parent criteria that you chose from the drop down list opens. Choose the values you want and click OK.

Example: If you want to match the requester name John, then select Requester Name in the combo box. Now click Choose button, to open the list of requesters in a pop-up window. Select the requester name from the list and click Select. For multiple selection, press Shift or Ctrl key while selecting the names. The selected names will appear in the text field just before the choose button.

8. Click Add to Rules to add the defined rule to the Rules Set.

9. Set the Response Time and the Resolution Time in terms of days, hours and minutes.

Note: The Response Time is the initial response sent out by the technician to the requester for a request. Automatic replies from Service Desk Plus will not be counted as a response. The specified response time should be less that the resolution time.

10. If you want this duration to override the operational hours, the select the check box beside Should be resolved irrespective of operational hours. By selecting this, you will be overriding the operational hours of your organization and the due by time will be calculated from the creation time without taking into consideration the holidays and operational hours.

11. The request can be escalated to other technicians when the request is not responded or resolved within the specified time. There are two blocks of escalations, one for the Response Time and the
other for the Resolution Time.

Response Time:
There is only one level of escalation if the response time elapses.

i. To enable escalation, select the check box beside Enable Level 1 notification.
ii. Click Choose button to choose the technicians to whom the SLA violation should be escalated.
iii. You can choose to escalate before the violation or after the violation. If you wish to escalate the request before the SLA violation then click Escalate Before option. Specify the number of days before the SLA violation is about to happen in the text box. This is to escalate to the technician about the onset of the violation. You can also specify the time of escalation.
iv. Similarly, click Escalate After option to escalate after the violation. Specify the number of days after the SLA violation has occurred in the text box. You can also specify the time of escalation.
v. You can also choose to specify **Actions** that should be taken once the request has **elapsed the response time**. To do so click **Actions** link and choose the actions based on your requirements. You can specify the following:

Assign **new technician group** to the escalated request
Assign **new technician** to the escalated request
Assign **new priority** to the escalated request
Set **new level** to the escalated request

Resolution Time:
There are 4 levels of escalation if the specified resolution time elapses.

i. To enable escalation, select the check box beside Enable Level 1 notification.
ii. Click Choose button to choose the technicians to whom the SLA violation should be escalated.
iii. You can choose to escalate before the violation or after the violation. If you wish to escalate the request before the SLA violation then click Escalate Before option. Specify the number of days before the SLA violation is about to happen in the text box. This is to escalate to the technician about the onset of the violation. You can also specify the time of escalation.
iv. Similarly, click Escalate After option to escalate after the violation. Specify the number of days after
the SLA violation has occurred in the text box. You can also specify the time of escalation.

Here too, you can choose to specify Actions that should be taken once the request has elapsed the response time. To do so click Actions link and choose the actions based on your requirements. You can specify the following:

Assign **new technician group** to the escalated request
Assign **new technician** to the escalated request
Assign **new priority** to the escalated request
Set **new level** to the escalated request

**Note:** You can configure **different set of actions** for all the 4 escalation levels associated with the resolution time.

9. Click the Save button to save the SLA and return to the list view. If you want to add more than one SLA, then click **Save and Add New.**

At any point, if you do not wish to add the SLA and would like to get back to the SLA list from the add SLA form, click **Cancel.** Clicking the **View List** link on the top right corner of the add SLA form will also take you to the SLA list view.

**Edit a Service Level Agreement**

To edit an existing SLA,

1. Select the site of the SLA you wish to edit from the Service Level Agreement for combo box. The list of all the SLA corresponding to that site is displayed.
2. Click the edit icon beside the **SLA Name.**
3. In the **Edit SLA** form, you can modify all the fields mentioned in the add SLA form.
4. Click **Save** to save the changes. At any point you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel.** Even while editing an SLA, if you wish to add another new SLA, then click **Save and Add New** button.

**Delete Service Level Agreement**

1. Select the site of the SLA you wish to delete from the Service Level Agreement for combo box. The list of SLA corresponding to the site gets displayed.
2. Enable the check box beside the SLA. Click the Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the SLA, then click **Cancel.**

**Organize Service Level Agreements**

Organizing the SLAs decide the order in which the SLA is applied on the incoming request. You can organize the SLA to appear in a particular order in the list view,

1. Select the site for which you wish to rearrange the order of the SLA from the Service Level Agreement for combo box.
2. Click Organize SLA link available above the list of SLAs in the SLA List view. A pop-up window is opened with the list of available SLAs in the order that is appearing the list view.
3. Select an SLA, and click Move up or Move Down button beside the list.
4. Click Save.
Notification Rules

You can set notification rules for Requests, Problems, Changes and Solutions modules. To set the notification rules, select the relevant check boxes beside each of the statements listed and click save. You can also customize the email template of the notification rules, if required. You can achieve this by clicking the Customize template link beside the required statement. The Message Template settings are shown, where you can edit the notification subject and message by adding or deleting variables in the required block.

You can select a few Technicians, whom you wish to notify as soon as a new request is created. To do this select the either of the following check boxes:

- Notify technician(s) by email when a new request is created.
- Notify technician(s) by sms when a new request is created.

**Note:**
For all modules, notifications will not be sent to the logged in Technician.

- Say, for notification like, "Alert Technician by Email when a request is assigned.", if a Technician picks up a request then a notification will not be sent to the Technician.
- Similarly, for notifications like "Alert the following technicians by email when a new request is created", notifications will not be sent to the logged in Technician if he is included in the notify list.

**Steps to set Notification rules**

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. Under the Organizational Details block, click Notification Rules. The below wizard is displayed:
4. By default, all notifications are sent in **Rich text formatting**. Click the **Plain Text format** button to convert all the notifications into Plain text format.

5. Click the appropriate tabs to configure for Request, Problem, Change, Solution, Tasks, Projects and Mobile Push Notification modules.

6. To enable or disable any of the notification rules, select or de-select the check box beside each of the rules. To receive push notifications in the iOS Application installed in your device, configure the **mobile push notification** module accordingly. [Note: If proxy servers are used in the organization, then make sure that the proxy settings are configured. To configure the proxy settings, click here].

7. For certain notifications you need to select the technicians who need to be notified when a new request is created.

   - Click **Choose** button.
   - Select the Technicians from the list of Technicians is displayed in a pop-up window.

   - For multiple selections, press **Shift or Ctrl key** and then select the Technicians.

   - Click **OK**.
   - The selected technicians get listed in the text box beside the **Choose technician(s)** button.

   - Click **Save**.

### Steps to Customize the Message Template

You can customize the message template for each of the notifications.

1. Click Customize Template link beside the notification for which you wish to modify the content that is being sent.
2. You can change the subject and the message content by typing the text of your choice and also adding other variables that you wish to display as a part of the subject or message content. To add more variables, just click the corresponding variable from the list box beside the respective field.

3. When a new request is created by the requester, an acknowledgement mail will be sent to the requester with top 3 announcements and solutions related to that request. To configure the message to be sent in the acknowledgement mail, click Request tab under Notification Rules. In the Requester Notifications, select the check box to Acknowledge requester by e-mail when a new request is received. The message to be sent can be entered by clicking Customize template.

On clicking Customize Template, the Message field appears. Choose Auto Suggest from the list of content variables available. On hovering over the Auto Suggest field, the default text displayed in place of $AutoSuggest will be displayed.
edit icon present next to Auto Suggest. The following dialogue box appears. Enter the required text and click Save.

**Junk Mail Notification**

Junk Notification Filters prevents unwanted acknowledgements or notifications being sent to requesters / technicians when an information mail reaches the help desk. These mails are not requests and do not require any action to be taken.

Say, acknowledgement email like Out of Office replies, notifications that bounce back when the mail destination is not reachable (because of a wrong mail address) can be stopped from being acknowledged or notified.

To define a Junk Mail Notification,

1. Click **Edit Criteria** link.
2. Define a rule by selecting the criteria and condition from the drop down combo list.
3. Click **Choose**.
4. Enter the value in the field provided. Click **Save**.
5. Click **Add to Rule**.
6. You can either match all of the following (AND) or match any of the following (OR) criteria. Select an appropriate radio button.
7. Click **Save**.

You can also edit or delete the criteria on clicking the appropriate icon.
Preventive Maintenance

You can create a Preventive Maintenance Task for regular maintenance such as changing the printer toner every month or perform a regular service shutdown. Creating a preventive maintenance is a two-step process -

1. Creating a Task Template
2. Task Scheduling

To schedule a preventive maintenance task,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Organizational Details block, click Preventive Maintenance Tasks. This opens Request Maintenance Tasks page.
4. Click Add New PM Task link. This opens Add Preventive Maintenance Task page.

Create a Task Template

1. The Task Template opens to view the 'Default Incident Template' form configured in Incident Template. To schedule a request using the templates, select the template from Change Template drop down.
2. In the default incident template, select the Request Type from the combo box. Request Type denotes the type of request sent by the requester to the help desk team.
3. Select the Status of the request, the Mode of request submission, Level and Priority of the request from the drop down box.
4. Also, select the Impact, Impact Details and Urgency of the request from the corresponding drop down box.
5. In the Requester Details block, specify the Requesters Name, Contact Number, Job Title and Department of the requester.
6. You can select the requester from the list of users configured in the application. Click requester lookup icon beside the requester name field. The Requester List window pops up.
To select a requester from the list, click the hyper-linked requester Name. The requester name and details associated with the requester are populated in the requester details block.

1. If the requester list is huge, then click on the Alphabets at the top of the page to view only a selected group of requesters.
2. Conduct an instant search for the requester by entering the search string in Search Requester List field and click Go.
3. If you are aware of any requesters details such as name, login name, department, email and so on, then conduct a column-wise search using the search icon.
4. In addition, add new requester directly by clicking the Add Requester button from the requester list page.
5. Also, you have an option to edit the requester details directly from this page. Click the edit icon beside the requester name to perform the edit operation.
6. The assets associated to the requester are populated in the Asset drop down. Select the Asset from the drop down. If the issue is caused by a network resource such as a router or an access point, then click the icon and select the asset.

In **Select Assets** pop-up window, you can filter the assets by selecting the **Type of assets** such as, access point, routers, workstation and so on, from the drop-down. Selecting **All Assets** from drop-down menu lists all the assets available in the application, irrespective of the asset type.
9. By default, if the location of the requester is configured in the application, then the same is populated in the Site field. In certain scenarios, the requester may raise a request from one site to a problem in another site. In this case, the site in which the issue persists should be selected.

10. On selecting the site, the groups corresponding to the site gets populated under the Group field. The request is routed to the particular group by selecting the Group name from the drop down.

11. On selecting the Group, technicians associated with the Group alone are listed in the Technician drop down list. Select a Technician to handle the request from the drop down.

12. Select the Service Category which is effected by the incident from the drop down.

13. Select the relevant category under which the request is classified from Category drop down box.

14. Also, select the relevant Sub-Category and Item from the drop down box.

15. Specify the subject line to be displayed while sending the request in the Subject text field. The subject line is displayed as the request title and is a mandatory field.

16. Provide a detailed description with any other associated details relevant to the request in the Description text box.

17. To attach a file to the task template click Attach File button to attach files.

18. Click Next>> button for Task Scheduling.

Task Scheduling

To schedule a task, select the time frame from the listed options:

Daily Schedule: To run a daily maintenance task, click Daily Schedule radio button.

1. Select the Time at which the maintenance task should be scheduled from the combo box.
2. Select the Date on when the maintenance task should be scheduled from the Calendar button.
3. Save the details.

Weekly Schedule: To run a weekly maintenance task, click Weekly Schedule radio button.

1. Select the day of the week by enabling the corresponding check box beside the day of the week.
2. Else if you wish to schedule on all days of the week, then click Everyday check box.
3. Select the Time frame to schedule the task from the combo box.
4. Save the details.

Monthly Schedule: To run a monthly maintenance task, click Monthly Schedule radio button.

1. Select the month to run the task by enabling the check box beside Every Month.
2. Select the Date on when the task should be scheduled from the combo box.
3. Select the Time at which the task should be scheduled from the combo box.
4. Save the details

Periodic Schedule: To run a periodic maintenance task, click Periodic schedule radio button.

1. Specify the day (s) in the given text field to schedule the maintenance task. i.e after every specified nth day the maintenance task will be executed.
2. Save the details.

One Time Schedule: To run a one-time maintenance task, click One Time Scheduling radio button.

1. Select the Date & Time on when the maintenance task should be executed.
2. Save the details.

For Example:

If you wish to schedule a monthly task to change the printer cartridges,

1. Select Monthly Schedule radio button.
2. Select the check box every month.
3. Choose the date from the combo box. Ex: 3rd of every month.
4. Select the time from the combo box. Ex: 1500 hrs.
5. Save this schedule. A task to change cartridge will be sent to you every month on 3rd at 1500 hrs. helping you to complete the regular maintenance task in advance without any request sent from the users.
SMS Notification Settings

SMS Notification Settings allows you to notify or alert the Technicians through SMS. This way, the Technician can be notified on the go when the following is triggered:

- Business Rule
- Notification Rule

Business Rules and Notification Rules:

The SMS notification will be sent only if the Business Rules and Notification rules are configured accordingly. The SMS can be sent at particular instances when the rules are satisfied. These rules can be set according to the Administrator's needs.

Business Rule Notification:

The Administrator has to configure the Business Rules accordingly, so as to trigger Notifications to be sent as SMS to the Technicians. For e.g, When a new Request is created with 'Category' as 'Software' and Impact is 'High', then Priority will be set as 'high' and Shawn Adams will be assigned as Technician to solve the Request. This Business Rule will be executed when the Request is created within operational hours.
In the 'Notifications' section, enable 'SMS' and mention the name of the Technician to be notified when that particular configured Business Rule is executed. Click 'Add' to add the Technician to that Business Rule and click 'Save' to save the details, else 'Save and Add New' to save the current details and add a new Business Rule.

### Notification Rules:

In Notification Rules, enable the checkbox 'Alert Technician by SMS when a request is assigned and 'Alert . This will ensure that the Technician is alerted by SMS when a request/change/problem is created/assigned to him.

Eg: Enable the following checkboxes for a 'Change' if Notifications have to be sent as SMS when a 'Change' is assigned/created:

- Alert the following technician(s) by SMS when a new request is created.
- Alert technician by SMS when a request is assigned.
The SMS Notification Settings is available under Admin>> Organization Details>> SMS Notification Settings. The SMS can be sent in two ways:

- Mobile Service Provider
- SMS Gateway Provider

Mobile Service Provider:
Each Technician will be provided with a SMS mail ID by the Mobile Service Provider. The SMS will be sent as e-mail to the respective SMS mail IDs, which will be delivered as SMS to the Technicians. Enter all the details and specify the SMS Mail ID of the Technician in Admin >>Users>> Technicians>> Technician List.
SMS Gateway Provider:
Enter the Mobile number to which the SMS must be sent under Admin >> Users >> Technicians >> Technician List. Make sure that the country code is specified before the mobile number. Each Technician will be notified directly through SMS to his configured mobile number. User can choose from one of the three SMS Providers.

- Site24x7
- Clickatell
- BulkSMS

Authentication Details:
While Site 24x7 and Clickatell requires Authtoken as authentication details, BulkSMS requires an username and password for the same.
Click 'How to configure?' to view step-by-step details for using that particular SMS Provider.

After signing-up and configuring the details, paste the Authtoken generated in the space provided.
user needs to buy credits in order to send SMS to the Technician.

Available SMS Credits: This shows the credits in hand, after sending an SMS to alert the Technician. Thus the Administrator can be aware of the available credits and buy them when the credits are less.

**Buy Credits:** When the Available credits are less (less than 10 credits), the Administrator can purchase credits from the respective provider and continue with sending notifications as SMS.
Send a Test SMS: After configuring, a test SMS can be sent to check if the SMS is sent as per its behavior.

Send a Test SMS

To
817654213456
Specify Country Code and Mobile Number

Message
Dear Technician,
A request has been assigned to you.

Send SMS messages using Unicode characters for multi language: Enable 'Send SMS messages using Unicode characters for multi language' if the SMS messages need to be sent using Unicode characters for multi language. Note that SMS will be sent as junk characters for multi-languages if this checkbox is disabled. This option is unavailable for Site24x7.
BulkSMS - Authentication details  How to configure?

* Username  Jennifer Doe
* Password  ...........

✓ Send SMS messages using Unicode characters for multi language

Save
Users

For making ServiceDesk Plus available and usable for all your users, you need to add Requesters and Technicians. The user information can be imported, if located in Active Directory or LDAP server, or can be manually added in the application. Each user accessing the help desk tool is assigned with Roles to execute specific tasks in the application. This enables the requesters to login to the Self-Service Portal to check the status of the requests reported by them, submit requests, and search the Knowledge Base online.

Support Groups enables you to classify your technicians into various support teams. This facilitates the incoming requests to be categorized and assigned to the specific group respectively.

With Technician Auto Assign, you don't have to rely on Business Rules to assign technicians to requests. The Technician Auto assign follows the Round Robin or Load Balancing methods, and based on the availability of the technicians, the requests are assigned.

Apart from this, the User Management block consists of User - Additional Fields which help you add additional fields in the requester and technician form. And User Groups to restrict certain users to view service items, solutions, announcements and request template.
Roles

Each technician accessing the help desk tool will have a set of permissions to execute specific tasks in the application. These access permissions are termed as Roles in ServiceDesk Plus. Roles are defined based on the various modules in the application.

The Administrator has the privilege to create multiple roles and assign it to technicians based on the requirement. You can also view the list of technicians assigned to a particular role from the Role List View page.

Please note that Roles can be assigned to technicians alone. The Roles for requesters are pre-defined and hence cannot be configured.

To access Roles Configuration Wizard:

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using the Username and Password of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In Users block, click Roles. The role list view page is displayed.

Role List View page

The Roles List View page displays the list of default roles available in the application. You can perform actions such as, adding roles, editing and deleting roles, and viewing technicians assigned to a role.

Default Roles

The list of technicians assigned to a particular role can be viewed from the Role List View page by clicking View Technicians configured with this role icon. This makes it feasible for the administrator to assign access permissions to technicians. To know more on viewing technicians assigned to a role, refer Viewing Technicians assigned to a Role.

Default Roles

The default roles (also known as System Roles) are pre-defined. The roles and their description is given in the tabular column below,
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Roles</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AEReMOTE Control</td>
<td>Role to perform Remote Control on workstations located remotely. This role should be combined with a role providing full control permission over the assets module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Role to access the CMDB module. If a technician is provided with this role alone, then he would be able to view the Assets and the CMDB module. Apart from viewing the relationship map in the CMDB module, he would be able to <strong>Import CIs from a CSV file</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Enable CMDB</strong></td>
<td>If the technician is provided add, edit and delete permissions over the Assets module, then the same operations can be performed in the CMDB module for the CIs. To add attributes and relationships, the technician should be provided with add and edit permission over the assets module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Technician, without SDAdmin role, would not be able to setup the Configuration Item Types and Relationship Types in the Admin module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDAdmin</td>
<td>Role given to the administrator. The administrator has access over all the modules in the application. The administrator alone has the privilege to access the Admin module which is the key to operate the application.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Role to access the entire Change module and perform operations such as adding change, editing, deleting and assigning change to technicians. The SDChange Manager alone has the privilege to approve/reject a change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Dashboard display widgets related to Change module such as, Change by Type, Approved Changes and Unapproved Changes. Technicians with this role can also view only their schedule in Schedule calendar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDChange Manager</td>
<td>Role to access the entire Request module and perform actions such as, creating incident/service requests, editing, deleting and performing all the actions over the requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Dashboard display widgets related to Requests module such as, Requests by Technicians, Open Requests by Priority, SLA Violation by Priority, Unassigned and Open Requests, SLA Violated requests and Requests Approaching SLA Violation. Technicians with this role can also view the Technician Availability Chart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDCo-ordinator</td>
<td>Role to access the application from self service portal. Technicians/Requesters with this role can only add requests and view solutions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDGuest</td>
<td>This role, by default, provides permission to create and schedule survey reports alone. This role when combined with another role, allows the technician to access reports based on the modules enabled in the other role.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDReport</td>
<td>If Sites are configured in the application, the SDSite Admin role provides full control permission over his/her associated sites. The Site Administrator can configure all the Admin configurations pertaining to his/her site alone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDSiteAdmin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The above seven default roles cannot be deleted. However, SDSiteAdmin Role can be edited to suit your organization's needs.

Contents

- Add a Role
- Edit a Role
- Viewing Technicians Assigned to a Role
- Delete a Role

Add a Role
To add a role,

1. Click the **Add New Role** link.
2. In the Add Role form, enter a unique name for the role in **Role Name field**. The Role Name is a mandatory field.
3. Enter a brief description about the role in the Description field.
4. Set the **Access Permissions** for the role by selecting the check boxes beside the access levels defined for each module of the application.

Access Permissions

The following are the access permissions for the eight modules in the application:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Access Permissions</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>View</strong></td>
<td>View permission enables the technician to only view the selected module. They cannot perform any further operation. Add permission allows the technician to perform Add operation for the selected module. On selecting the Add option for a module, the View permission check box is automatically enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Add</strong></td>
<td>Note: If you have selected Add check box for request module, then the Add option under Advanced Permission - Request module is automatically enabled. Similarly, if Add check box is selected for purchase module, then the Add option under Advanced Permission - Purchase module is also enabled. Edit permission enables the technician to perform Edit operation for the selected module. The technician cannot perform Add or Delete operation. However, on selecting the Edit option for a module, the View permission check box is automatically enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Edit</strong></td>
<td>Note: If you have selected Edit check box for request module, then the Edit option under Advanced Permission - Request module is automatically enabled. Similarly, if Edit check box is selected for asset module, then the Edit option under Advanced Permission - Assets module is also enabled. Delete permission allows the technician to perform Delete operation for the selected module. The technician cannot perform Add nor Edit operation. However, on selecting the Delete option for a module, the View permission check box is automatically enabled. <strong>Note:</strong> If you have selected Delete check box for request module, then the Delete option under Advanced Permission - Request module is automatically enabled. Selecting full control check box for a module automatically enables View, Add, Edit and Delete check box for that module. Full control allows the technician with full access over the selected module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Delete</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Full Control</strong></td>
<td>If the selected module has Advanced Permissions, then those options are enabled automatically. <strong>Note:</strong> If an action is disabled in Advanced Permission, say, Adding Requesters under Request module, then Full Control permission for request module gets automatically disabled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: If you wish to provide full control permissions over the requests, assets, contract and solutions module, then select Full Control check box beside these modules. This will automatically enable all the operations of the corresponding modules.
5. The access permissions for modules Requests, Purchase and Assets are further categorized and defined under Advanced Permission.

Request FGA (Fine Grained Authorization):
Set the advanced permission for Add, Edit and Delete operations by enabling any of the following check boxes.
### Advanced Permissions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adding/Editing Request Task</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adding Requesters</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Resolving Request</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disabling Stop Timer</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Merging Requests</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Closing Request</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Modifying Due Time</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Modify Resolution</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Re-opening Request</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assigning Technicians</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Editing Requester</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deleting Others Notes</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deleting Others Time Entry</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deleting Request Task</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Scan FGA (Fine Grained Authorization):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scan Now</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Purchase FGA (Fine Grained Authorization):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adding New Product</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adding New Vendor</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: For instance, if all actions under Advanced Permission Request - Edit are disabled, then the technician is allowed other edit permissions such as editing the request type, status, mode, level, urgency, priority, impact and category of the request.

6. You can also choose to restrict technicians from viewing the requests, problems, changes and assets in the application. To do this, select the corresponding radio button in Technicians allowed to view,

- **All**: The technician can view the requests, problems, changes and assets for all the configured sites.
- **All in associated Site**: The technician can view the requests, problem, changes and assets for his/her associated sites alone. To associate sites to a technician refer Technician.
- **All in Group & assigned to him [Requests only]**: The technician can view only the requests assigned to his/her associated group, and also the requests that are assigned to him/her.
- **Assigned to him [Requests only]**: The technician can view only the requests assigned to him/her alone.
Example: A site has two groups, say Group1 and Group2. Adam is a technician associated to Group1 with the privilege to view requests All in group & assigned to him. Adam can view all the requests in Group1 and the requests assigned to him. He has the privilege to re-assign the requests to other technicians in his associated sites but once this is executed, the request will not be visible to Adam.

NOTE: Please note that the technician has permission to view Requests, Problems, Changes and Assets only if the View permission for these modules is enabled under Access Permissions.

7. You can also provide permission to approve solutions by enabling the check box beside Technician allowed to Approve solution. The technician assigned with this role will be able to approve solutions.

8. Click Save button. The role is displayed in the list view page. If you want to add another role, click Save and Add New button.

At any point, if you decide not to add the new role, then click Cancel to get back to the role list. Click View List link to go back to the role list view page.

Edit a Role

To edit an existing role,

1. In the Role List page, click the edit icon beside the role name that you want to edit.
2. In the Edit Role form, you can modify the name of the role, description, and the permissions associated with the role.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

While editing a role, if you wish to add a new role, then click Save and add new button.

Viewing Technicians Assigned to a Role

To view technicians assigned to a role,

1. In the Role List page, click View Technicians configured with this Role icon.
2. The Role to Technicians pop up appears listing the number of technicians configured with this role. The names of the technicians are also displayed.
Deleting Role

1. In the **Role List** page, click the delete icon beside the role name that you want to delete. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the role, then click **Cancel**.
3. If technicians are assigned with the role, then the **Technician List** is displayed in a popup window.
4. You can notify the technician by selecting the technician and clicking **Send Notification** check box. The e-mail address of the technician appears in the **To** file. You can add **CC** recipients for this notification, if required. Enter the **Subject** and **Description**. Click **OK**. The notification is sent to the technician.
User - Additional Fields

While adding new requester or technician, you might want to record additional information about the users apart from the preset fields. The User - Additional Fields lets you configure any number of additional fields that would appear in requester or technician forms, or common fields for both requester and technician.

To access User - Additional Fields configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Users block, click User - Additional Fields.

By default, the User - Additional Field list view displays the list of Common Additional Fields that are configured in the application. To view the Requester Additional Fields list, select Requester Additional Fields option from Filter by Type drop-down menu. Similarly, if you want to view the Technician Additional Field list, select Technician Additional Field option.

Adding Custom Fields

Say for instance, you want to configure additional fields that should appear in the requester as well as the technician forms i.e., Common Additional Fields. To add the custom fields,

1. In Filter by type drop-down menu, select Common Additional Fields option. The list of Common Additional Fields configured in the application is displayed.
2. Click Add Field button.
3. In the Add Field form, select the type of field. The Field Type is Text, Numeric and Date/Time Fields. The Text Fields are of 3 types namely,
   - Single-line Text Fields: A Single-line text field allows you to add just a text field.
   - Multi-line Text Field: The Multi-line text field allows you to add a text box where a lengthy description can be added
   - Pick List Fields: A Pick List allows you to add a list menu from which you can select.

To add items for the pick list, enter the value in the text filed and click Add Item. The value will get added to the list below. To select the default selected value of the list, click on the value in the list.
4. Enter a unique name for the additional field in the **Field Name** text field.

5. If you have selected Single-line or Multi-line text fields, then you can enter **Default Value**. The default value is displayed in the new requester/technician form and can be edited, if required.

   **NOTE:** Please note that you cannot enter default values for Date/Time fields.

6. Enter brief description about the field in the **Description** text field.

7. Click **Save** button. The additional fields appear in the List view of the selected Filter by type.

   **NOTE:** If you want to add additional fields for requester, then select **Requester Additional Fields** option from Filter by type drop-down menu, and follow the steps given above. Similarly, if you want to add additional fields for technician, then select **Technician Additional Fields** option.

### Editing Custom Fields

1. In the User - Additional Fields List view, select the filter type under which you want to edit the additional fields.
2. Click **Edit** icon beside the Field Name to edit. The Add Field form is displayed with values filled while adding the field.
3. **Edit** the fields in the form.
4. Click **Update** button.

### Deleting Custom Fields

1. In the User - Additional Fields List view, select the filter type under which you want to delete the additional fields.
2. Click **Delete** icon beside the Field Name. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed. The additional field is deleted from the list.

   **NOTE:** Please note that while deleting the additional fields, the value entered in the new requester or technician form will be lost.
Requesters

You can add, edit, or remove Requesters from ServiceDesk Plus application and also provide them with login permissions to access the self-service portal.

To open the Requester configuration page:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application with the **user name** and **password** of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. From the Users block, click **Requesters**. The **Requester List** page is displayed with the available list of Requesters. You can add, edit, or delete Requesters from here.

Add Requester

There are three ways through which you can add Requesters in the application

- Add New Requester from the application
- Importing Requesters from Active Directory
- Import from CSV

Adding Requesters from the application

1. Click **Add New Requester** link from the **Requester List** page. This displays the **Add New Requester** form.

   ![Add New Requester form](image)

   - **Personal Details** block:
     - **Full Name**: Alan
     - **Display Name**: Alan M Smith

   - **Employee Details** block:
     - **Employee ID**: 0438
     - **Business Impact**: Medium
     - **Description**: 

2. In the **Personal Details** block, enter the **Full Name** (includes the **First Name**, **Middle Name** and **Last Name**) of the Requester. The **Display Name** field gets filled-in automatically as you type the Full Name. You can also edit the Display Name, if required.
3. In the **Employee Details** block, specify the **Employee ID**, **Test** and **Description**. Choose the **Business Impact** (High, Low, Medium).
4. In the **Contact Information** block, enter a valid **E-mail ID**. More than one E-mail IDs belonging to the same Requester can also be added. Enter the different E-mail ID’s of the Requester and click **Save**. **Note:** The multiple E-mail ID’s can be entered by using comma(,) or entering a new line or by creating a separation using blank space. After configuring, a request sent from any of those E-mail ID’s will have the same Requester name. They will not be considered as a new Requester. The first E-mail ID entered will be considered as the primary E-mail ID. The other E-mail ID’s will be taken as secondary E-mail ID’s. If the Requester has a **Phone** and a **Mobile** number, you can enter the same in the space provided for entering these values.

5. A Requester can be marked as a Very Important Person and be differentiated from a normal Requester, with the help of **VIP user** option. To mark a new Requester as a VIP, click the check box marked as **VIP user**. Now any request sent from the Requester marked as VIP, will appear with the following symbol 🌟 in the Details page and Requesters List View. The service level agreements and Business rules can be configured accordingly, when a Requester is marked as a VIP and reports can be generated.

6. Enter the **Cost per hour ($)** value.

7. Specify the **Department Details**. Enter the **Job title** and in **Reporting to** field enter the name of the Requester to whom should the new Requester report. You can also choose from the existing
Requesters by clicking the icon. Choose the **Site** and the corresponding **Department Name** to which the Requester belongs from the respective combo boxes.

The Requester has the following options: to view only his requests, or to view all his department requests, or all the requests in the site to which he is associated. Select the options from the **Requester allowed to view** combo box.

### Self-Service Access Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Login Name</th>
<th>chris.mo</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
<td>*********</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retype Password</td>
<td>*********</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domain</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Select Permissions

- **Project Role**: Team Leader

- **Service Request Approver**: 

- **Purchase Order Approver**: 

### API key details

- **API key available**: No [Generate]

8. In the **Self-Service Access Details** block, enter the **Login Name** and **Password**, if you wish to provide self-service access to the Requester. Enter the password again in the Re-type Password field.

9. If the Requester is associated to a domain then select the **Domain** from the drop down list.

10. If the Requester is to be associated to projects then select **Project Role** from project role drop down list.

11. Certain Requesters can also approve **Purchase Order** in an organization. Upon enabling the check box adjacent to Purchase Order Approvers, a link is sent to the Requester to accept or reject the PO. Also, set the Approver Limit within which the Requester can approve the PO.

12. You can also provide Requester with the privilege to approve Service Requests raised in the application. Enable the check box beside **Service Request Approver**.

13. Click **Save**. If you want to add more than one Requester then, click **Save and add new** button.

At any point if, you decide not to add the new Requester, then click **Cancel** to get back to the Requester list. Clicking the **View List** link on the top right corner of the add Requester form will also take you to the Requester list view.

### Import Requesters from Active Directory

You can also import Requesters from an active directory.
Note:
1. On importing, existing data will be overwritten and new data will be added.

2. If the application is configured NOT to e-mail Requesters on Self-service login details, then you can enable the option under "Admin -> Notification Rules".

To import Requesters from active directory:

1. Click Import from Active Directory link in the Requester List page. The Import From Active Directory window pops up.
2. From the list of domains that are listed in the Domain Name combo box, select the domain name in which the active directory from which you wish to import is installed. If the other details such as Domain Controller name, Login Name, and Password have already been entered in the Domain scan page, then that will be populated automatically. Else, enter the relevant details.
3. Select fields for import from the active directory by enabling the check box. The fields name configured in Active Directory can be specified beside the corresponding text fields. The unselected fields are not imported.
4. Select UDF for import from the active directory by enabling the check box. This is to import Requester additional fields based on Active Directory mapping fields. Upon importing, fields will update only the Requester additional fields, and will not update technician additional fields.
5. Click Import Now. The import wizard displays the various Organizational Units (OUs) available in that domain. Choose the specific OU from which you wish to import users by selecting the check box beside it.
6. Click Start Importing. Once the import is complete, the data on how many records were added, how many overwritten, and how many failed to import will be displayed.

Import Requester from CSV (Comma Separated Values) Files

You can also add Requesters by importing from CSV files. To import Requesters from CSV file:
Step 1: Locate the CSV file:

1. Click **Import from CSV** link in the **Requester List** page. The Import Wizard opens in a pop-up window.
2. Click the **Choose File** button in the wizard.
3. Select the CSV file in the file chooser window and click **Open**.
4. Click **Submit**.

### Step 2: Customize Mapping:

1. The column headers in the csv file are displayed in the drop down boxes. Choose the appropriate column header for the fields displayed.
2. Choose the **Date Format**. All the date fields in the csv file should be in the same format. Choose the format required for the date fields.
Step 3: Import:

1. Click **Import** button. The values from the CSV file will be imported to the Requester details. Once the import is complete, the data on how many records were added, how many overwritten, and how many failed to import.

**Note:**
1. Login name column will be the identifier for Requesters. No two Requesters can have the same login name. Hence the existence of a Requester will be checked based on the login name value.

So, if by mistake there was any mismatch of fields during mapping, and a new import of CSV is performed, the records will be updated based on the login name value. If there were any records that did not have any login name at all or there was mismatch in the login name itself, then duplicate entries will be created. In these cases, delete such entries from the Requester list and import again or manually edit the information available.

2. While Importing users using CSV, the existing user information is overwritten based on two criteria - Username and Domain, and the Email id. If the Domain is not specified for a user and on performing a new import of CSV, the user information will be overwritten but the Domain will remain null even if the field is specified.

**Viewing Requester Details**

To view the details of a Requester, click the name of the Requester. While viewing the details of the Requester, you have options to

- Edit the details of the Requester
- Change the Requester as technician
- Associate Workstations to the Requester
- View requests raised by the Requester, and
- Attach any documents related to the Requester.

**Editing Requester details**

To edit the Requester details,

1. In the Requester details page, click **Edit** button. The **Edit Requester** form is displayed.
2. You can modify all the fields displayed. You can also change the login name of the Requester.
3. Click **Save**. If you do not wish to modify any of the details, click **Cancel**.

**Resetting Requester Password**

You can change the Requester's password while editing the Requester details.

1. To change the password of the Requester, click the **Reset Password** link. The reset password window is opened.
2. Below the Login Name display, enter the New Password in the text field.
3. Click **Reset Password**. If you do not wish to change the password, click **Close** instead of **Reset Password**.

### Change Requester to Technician

You can change a Requester to technician without having to delete the Requester information and recreate the same as a technician. To change Requester to technician,

1. In the Requester details page, click Change as Technician option. The page refreshes to display the edit technician form.
2. Change the roles assigned to the Requester from SDGuest to any other role that you wish to provide the technician.
3. Enter any other details that you wish to enter including the Cost per hour and so on.
4. Click **Save**. If you do not wish to change the Requester to technician, click **Cancel** instead of **Save**.

If you want to continue adding technician after converting a Requester to technician, then instead of clicking Save, click **Save and add new** button. This saves the technician details and reopens the add technician form after displaying a success message for changing the Requester to technician.

### Associate Workstation to Requester

You can also associate a workstation with the Requester. To associate a workstation with the Requester,

1. Click **Associate Workstation** option. The associate workstation window is opened.
2. In the **Associate Workstation** pop-up, select the workstations that you wish to associate with the Requester from the **Workstation List** and move them to the **Associated Workstations** list by clicking the >> button. To dissociate workstations, select the respective workstations in the **Associated Workstations** list and click the << button. If you wish to dissociate all the workstations, then click **Dissociate All**.
3. After associating the required workstations, click **Save Changes**.
4. A message is displayed. Click the **Close** button.
View Requests

While viewing the Requester details, you can view all the open requests raised by the Requester. Click View Requests option. The page redirects you to the Requests module where the list of all Open Requests raised by the Requester is displayed.

Delete Requesters

1. In the Requester List page, enable the check box beside the Requesters to delete.
2. Click Actions drop-down menu -> Delete User(s) option. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the Requester, then click Cancel.

Search Requesters

To search Requesters:

1. In request list view, click on the alphabet with which the name of the Requester starts. This lists the Requesters whose name starts with that alphabet.
2. If you are unsure of the starting letter, then you can type the name (first name or the last name, which ever you know) or email ID or any other parameter that will identify the Requester in the field beside the Search Requester List. This lists the Requesters whose details matches the search string that you entered.

You can also search Requesters from the Search available on the left menu in the other pages of the application. From the Search in combo box, select Requesters and type your search string in the Enter Keyword text field. Click Go or press Enter. The Requester names that match the search string are listed in a separate pop-up window.

Another option to search Requesters will be using the column-wise search option. To perform a column-wise search

1. Click the search icon at the end of the Requester list view headers. This opens the search field just below every column that is visible in the list view.
2. Enter the search key in field under the column of your choice.
3. Click Go. The search results matching the search string(s) are displayed.

Requester List View Customization

To customize the Requester list view

1. Click the column edit icon available at the corner of the Requester list headers. This opens the available columns that can be displayed in the list view. All those that are visible currently, will have the check box beside them selected.
2. To remove a column, disable the check box beside the column name.
3. To add a column to the list view, enable the check box beside the column name.
4. To change the column order, click the up and down arrow after selecting the column that you wish to move.
5. Click Save.
This will add only those columns which you have chosen in the list view. You can also sort the list view based on columns. To sort Requester list by column, click the column header. Clicking it once will sort it in ascending order. Clicking twice will sort the column in descending order.
Technicians

The IT help desk team comprises of Technicians who are responsible for handling requests, raised by the employees of the organization. Each Technician in the help desk team is assigned with Roles to perform specific tasks in the application. If your organization is spread across multiple sites, then you can associate sites to the Technicians. The site association restricts the Technician’s access to other site information.

Apart from this, you can also assign Technicians to specific Technician Groups. Grouping Technicians facilitates the incoming requests to be categorized and assigned to the specific group respectively.

To access Technician configuration wizard,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using the Username and Password of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. From the Users block click Technicians. The Technician List view is displayed, where you can add, edit, and delete Technicians.

NOTE:

1. If multiple sites (with Related Settings as Copy default settings or custom settings) are configured in the application, then a Technicians association for drop-down box is displayed in the Technicians List view.
2. If you are logged in as a Site Administrator, then you have the privilege to add, edit and delete Technicians associated to your sites.

Topics discussed under this section:

- Adding Technicians
- Editing Technicians
  - Changing Password
  - Adding/Removing Login Permissions
- Associating/Dissociating Workstations to Technicians
- Changing Technicians as Requesters
- Associating Technicians to Site
- Dissociating Technicians to Site
- Deleting Technicians
Adding Technician

To manually add a Technician in ServiceDesk Plus,

1. In the Technician List view displayed, click **Add New Technician** link at the top right corner.

2. In the **Personal Details** block, enter the **Full Name** (includes the First Name, Middle Name and Last Name) of the Technician. The **Display Name** field gets filled-in automatically as you type the Full Name. You can also edit the Display Name, if required.

3. In the **Employee Details** block, specify the **Employee ID**, **Test** and **Description**. Choose the **Business Impact** (High, Low, Medium).

4. Specify the **Contact Information** of the Technician, such as the **E-mail Address**, **Phone Number**, **Mobile Number** and **SMS Mail ID**.

5. Specify the **Cost per hour** of the Technician.

6. Specify the **Department Details**. Select the **Department Name** of the Technician. Enter the **Job title** and in **Reporting to** field enter the name of the Technician to whom should the new Technician report.

7. If you have configured sites in the application, then **Associate the site(s) with Technician** block is displayed. The sites configured in the application are displayed in **Available Sites** column. To associate sites with Technician, select the sites and click **>>** button. The selected sites are listed in **Associate Sites** column. **NOTE**: If a Technician is not associated to any site, then by default, the
**Technician is associated to Not in any Site.**

8. The Technician groups configured in the application are listed in **Available Groups** column. To assign groups for the Technician, select the groups and click **>>** button. The selected Technician groups are listed in **Associated Groups** column.

9. **Select Permissions** for the Technician. Choose the **Project Role**. If you want the Technician to approve service requests, then select **Service Request Approver** check box. An email is sent to the Technician to approve or reject the service request. You can also assign the Technician with the privilege to approve **Purchase Orders** by selecting Purchase Order Approver check box. Set the Approver Limit within which the Technician can approve the PO. An email is sent to the Technician to accept or reject the PO. **NOTE:** If you have selected any of the check boxes (Service Request Approver or Purchase Order Approver), then the email address of the Technician should be specified.

**Providing Login Credentials and Roles:**

10. Select **Enable login for this Technician** check box. The **Login Details** block is displayed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Login Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Login Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retype Password</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domain</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Enable Administrator Privileges (SDAdmin).
2. Enable administrator privileges for the sites selected above (SiteAdmin).
3. Enable Custom Privileges.

**Enable to access Desktop and MDM Plugin Functionality** Configure Desktop Central Settings in ServiceDesk Plus.

- Admin
- Guest

**API key details**

API key available: No  [Generate]

[Save] [Save and Add New] [Cancel]
11. Enter the **Login Name** and **Password** for the Technician. Re-type the password in the **Re-type Password** field. Please ensure that the login name and password are mandatory fields. Also note that the login name should be unique for each Technician.

12. Select the **Domain** of the Technician from the drop-down box.

13. Select **Roles** to be assigned to the Technician. The Role will define his access privilege to various modules of the application.

   - **Enable Administrator Privileges (SDAdmin):** Technician with this role will has complete access over all the modules in the application. The administrator alone has the privilege to access the Admin module which is the key to operate the application.

     **NOTE:** If you are logged in as a Site Administrator, then this option will not be available.

14. While enabling login permission to a Technician, you can also provide the Technician with Desktop Central login access and DC Role. The two DC Roles are **DC Admin** and **DC Guest**. Select the check box **Enable to access Desktop Management Functionality** and provide either of the role to the Technician. When the Technician logs into ServiceDesk Plus using his/her credentials, the Technician can view the **Desktop Management** drop-down menu, from where, the Technician can perform Desktop Management functionality from within ServiceDesk Plus web console.

15. The **API Key** for the Technician is essential while integrating ServiceDesk Plus with **REST API** or with **Desktop Central** application. The API Key performs as an authentication mechanism between the two applications.
To generate the API Key, click the Generate link. Select a time frame for the key to expire or simply retain the same key perpetually. If a key is already generated for the Technician, a Re-generate link appears.

16. Click **Save** button. If you want to add more than one Technician then, click **Save and Add New** button. If you decide to give the login access for the Technician at a later time, then you can save the Technician details without the login details. For this you need to stop with Step 10 and click Save. You can add the login details by editing the Technician details.

At any point, if you decide not to add the new Technician, then click **Cancel** to get back to the Technician list.

In general, the users are imported into the application using any of the following methods namely, **Active Directory Import**, **LDAP** or **Import from CSV file**. The imported users are listed in **Admin -> Requesters**. From the Requesters List view, you can categorize the users into Requesters and Technicians. To change a user as Technician, click **Change as Technician** option and associate sites, assign Technician group and provide access permissions to the Technician.

**Editing Technician**

If you want to add/remove the login credentials for a Technician or you want to change a Technician's password, then you can so while editing the Technician's details.

To edit the Technician information:

1. In the Technician List view, click the **edit** icon beside the Technician to edit.
2. Modify the details in **Personal Details** block, **Contact Information** block, **Cost Details** block and **Department Details** block. You can also associate/dissociate sites with the Technician, and also assign/unassign groups for the Technician.
3. Click **Save** button. Even while editing a Technician, if you wish to add a new Technician, then click **Save and add new** button after making the changes. At any point, if you want to cancel the edit operation, then click **Cancel**.

**Changing Password**

You can change the password of the Technician while performing the edit operation.

1. Click **Reset Password** link beside the Password field.
2. In Reset Password popup window, enter the New Password in the field provided.
3. Click Reset Password button. If you do not want to change the password, then click Close button.

4. If you have enabled Send Self Service Login details option in Admin -> Notification Rules, then the new password is sent as an email notification to the requester.
5. Click Save in the Technician form.

Adding/Removing Login Permissions
You can add/remove the login permission of the Technician while performing the edit operation.

Adding Login Permission
To add login credentials for the Technician, refer the topic Providing Login Credentials and Roles under Adding Technicians.

Removing Login Permission
1. In Login Details block, click the Yes link beside Remove Login field. A dialog box confirming to remove the login permission for the Technician appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. If you do not want to remove the login permission, click Cancel.
3. Click Save in the Technician form.

Associating/Dissociate Workstations to Technicians
To associate workstations to the Technician:

1. In the Technician List view, select the Technician to associate workstation.
2. Click Associate Workstation option. The Associate Workstation window pops up. By default, all the workstations configured in the application are listed in Workstation List column. You can also choose to display the unassigned workstations alone by selecting Show unassigned only link.
NOTE: Selecting Show unassigned only link changes the link to Show assigned only.

3. To associate workstations, select one or more workstations from Workstation List column and click >> button. The selected workstation(s) are listed in Associated Workstations column.
4. Click Save button.

To dissociate workstations for the Technician:

1. In the Technician List view, select the Technician to dissociate workstation.
2. Click Associate Workstation option. The Associate Workstation window pops up. By default, all the workstations configured in the application are listed in Workstation List column. The workstations associated with the Technician are listed in Associated Workstation column.
3. Click Dissociate All button. The workstations are dissociated from the Technician.

Changing Technicians as Requesters

To change Technician as requester:

1. In the Technician List view, select the check box beside the Technicians to change as requesters.
2. Click Actions drop down button.
3. Select Change as Requester option. A dialog box confirming the operation appears.
4. Click OK to proceed. The selected Technicians are changes as requesters and listed in the Requester List view.

Associating Technicians to Site

You can associate bulk Technicians to sites using this option. If you have added the Technician without associating the sites then the same can be done from the Technician List view.

1. Select the check box beside the Technician(s) to associate site.
2. Click Actions drop down button.
3. Select Associate to Site option. The Associate Technician(s) to site pops up.
4. Select the Site to which you want to associate the Technician.
5. Click Associate button. The Technician is associated to the site.

Dissociating Technicians from Site

You can dissociate bulk Technicians from a site using this option.

1. In Technician List view, select the check box beside the Technician dissociate site.
2. Click Actions drop down button.
3. Select Dissociate from Site option. The Dissociate Technician(s) from site pops up.
4. Select the Site from which you want to dissociate the Technician.
5. Click Dissociate button. A dialog box confirming the operation appears.
6. Click OK to proceed. The Technician gets dissociated from the site.

NOTE: Dissociating the Technicians from a site will remove all their traces from SLA, Business Rules and Groups associated to that site.
Deleting Technicians

To delete Technician(s),

1. In the Technician List view, select the check box beside the Technician to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The selected Technician(s) is deleted from the list.

**NOTE:** The delete icon will not be present for the Technicians logged into the application. To delete that Technician, you need to log out and log in as a different Technician and then delete the details. Also, the administrator Technician details can be deleted only by another Technician with administrative privileges.
Support Groups

Support Groups denote the classification of your help desk team, so that the incoming requests are categorized and based on the technicians expertise, the requests are distributed.

By configuring support groups, multiple support teams can be managed by classifying them into individual groups with e-mail settings for each group. So when an e-mail is sent to a group mail ID, the request is fetched and automatically sent to the group.

Say for instance, you are managing two support groups - hardware and network with the email IDs hardware@domain.com and network@domain.com respectively. The two mail IDs are linked to a single mail account that is fetched by ServiceDesk Plus. So on configuring the group mail IDs, e-mails sent to hardware@domain.com are automatically assigned to the hardware group and the conversation threads possesses the group mail ID in the address field.

Further, you can restrict technicians to view requests in their Group alone. This can be done by creating a Role "All in group & assigned to him" and assigning this role to the technician to restrict his view. Refer Roles to know more.

You can also enable notifications to be sent to the technicians on receiving a new request and if a request is left unpicked. The configured groups are listed in the Groups drop-down menu in the New Request form.

To open the Group configuration page

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. In the Users block, click Support Groups. The available support groups are listed. From this page you can add, edit and delete groups.

Add Support Group

1. Click Add New Group link available at the right top corner of the Group list page.
2. In the Add Support Group form, enter the group name in the Name field. This is mandatory field.
3. Select the Business Impact caused by this support group on other CIs.
4. Select the technicians that you wish to group under this Support Group from the Available Technicians list box and click >> button to move them to Technicians interested in this Group.
5. You can choose the technicians of the Group to whom you wish to notify for a new request creation in the Group. To do this,
   1. Select the check box Send notification to Group technician(s) when a new request is added to this Group.
   2. Click Choose button. The technicians under the group are listed in a pop-up window.
   3. Select the technicians to notify and click OK.
6. To choose the technicians to send notification for unpicked requests in the Group,
   1. Select the check box Send notification to technician(s) when a request in this Group is left unpicked.
   2. Click Choose button. The complete list of technicians available in your help desk appears in a pop-up window.
   3. Select the technicians from the list box and click OK. The technicians get listed in the field provided.
   4. Enter the time period, from the creation of the request in Group, after which the notification of
unpicked requests will be sent to the selected technicians.

7. If you wish to describe the Group in detail enter the same in the Description text box.
8. If you wish to automatically assign the incoming tickets to the group, enter the Group E-mail ID. Each support group can possess multiple e-mail IDs which should be unique and separated by commas or semi colon.

Note: Please note that the group e-mail IDs should be aliased to a mail account which is fetched by ServiceDesk Plus.
9. Specify the Sender’s Name and the Sender's E-mail in the given text field. The senders name will be specified while sending e-mails.
10. Click Save. The new Group is added to the support group list.

At any point, if you decide not to add the new Support Group, then click Cancel to get back to the Group list. Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the add Group form will also take you to the Group list view.

Note: Enabling the check boxes while adding Group does not ensure that the notification will be sent. This setting is just to choose the technicians to whom the notification needs to be sent and the time frame after which the unpicked request notification is to be sent. To actually send the notification, you need to enable the corresponding setting under the Notification Rules under the Admin tasks, which are:
1. Notify Group technician by mail when request is added to Group.
2. Notify technician by mail when request is unpicked in Group.

Edit Support Group
To edit an existing Support Group

1. In the Support Group List page, click the edit icon beside the group name to edit.
2. In the Edit Support Group form, you can modify the name of the Group, the technicians belonging to the Groups, the notification settings, and description.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a Group, if you wish to add a new Group, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Support Group
Active and Inactive Groups
Active group includes all the support groups that are currently in use. An active support group will become Inactive, if an active group that is being used by other modules is deleted. Only an active group that is not being used by any module can be deleted.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group List</th>
<th>[ Add New Group ]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Active Groups</strong></td>
<td><strong>Delete</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inactive Groups</strong></td>
<td><strong>Description</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hardware Problems</td>
<td>All requests related to hardware problems are assigned to this group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Network</td>
<td>All Requests are assigned to this Group. All Network issues are assigned to this group.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printer Problems</td>
<td>All printer issues related to this group are assigned to this group.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Inactive group(s) can be moved to active state by selecting the required groups and clicking the 'Mark as Active' option.

**Note**
If a support group from a default site is 'Marked as Deleted', then their copy site(s) which use the support group will also be 'Marked as Deleted'. If the support group in a default site which is 'Marked as Deleted' is reverted back as active, then their copy site(s) which use the support group will also become active group(s).

Steps to delete a support group:

1. In the **Support Group List** page, enable the check box beside the active group name to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the Group, then click **Cancel**. An active group which is used by other groups cannot be deleted. It will be moved to Inactive groups on deletion.
User Groups

You can classify all the ServiceDesk Plus end-users (requesters) within your organization into various User Groups. In Site based implementation, categorizing users into groups is especially necessary to prevent users from accessing certain items. The users can be restricted to view certain service items, solutions, announcements and request template.

For instance, the announcement - Nortel network is down for a day due to maintenance in the site New York. This announcement is vital for users in site New York alone. A user group is created such that the announcement is available only to the users associated to site New York. The user group can also be filtered based on Department, Email ID, Job Title and Name.

To access the user group configuration page,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration page.
2. Click User Groups under the Users block. The User Group list view page is displayed where you can add, edit and delete a user group.

Adding New User Group

1. Click Add User Group link from the User Group list view page.
2. Specify a unique Name for the user group. Say, Sales Team in New York. This field is mandatory.
3. Enter a short Description about this user group.
4. Set the Filter by selecting the Criteria and Condition from the drop down. Enter the value in the text field.

You can also perform a search operation for the values using the search icon. A pop up listing the values for the selected criteria appears. Select a value click ok.
To view the requesters under the specified criteria, click Preview button. The requesters list appears in a pop up window.

To add another criteria, click the addition button and repeat the similar process. Choose to match All the conditions (And) or Any one of the condition (Or) from the drop down.

Click Save to save the user group and return to the list view. Click Save and Add New, to save the user group and add another.

The configured User Groups appear while creating a new Service Item, solution, announcement and request template.

**Editing User Groups**

1. From the User Groups list view page, click the edit icon beside the user group name to edit. The Edit User Group form appears.
2. Modify the Name and Description field.
3. You can also alter the existing filters set or add new filters using the criteria and condition drop down.
4. Click Save, to save the user group and return to the list view. Even while editing, you can add another user group by clicking Save and Add New button.

**Deleting User Groups**

1. From the User Groups list view page, enable the check box beside the user group to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The User group is deleted from the list.
Active Directory

The integration of Active Directory with the ServiceDesk Plus application enables you to import user information from the Active Directory server into the ServiceDesk Plus application. It also lets you to import requesters from the active directory, schedule user import from AD, sync deleted requester/technician from AD, and configure active directory authentication.

Quick Links

- Importing Requesters
- Scheduling import for Requesters
- Sync deleted users from Active Directory
- Configuring AD authentication
- Configuring pass through authentication

Importing Requesters from Active Directory

If you have not yet imported requesters from any of the domains, you can import them by clicking Import Requesters from Active Directory link. The Import From Active Directory window pops up.

Apart from the default fields, you can also Import Requester Additional Field details from the active directory. If you have not configured any requester additional fields, then select Click here to configure link. This takes you to Requester - Additional Field page, from where you need to configure the additional fields to be imported from Active Directory. The configured requester additional fields - Text and Numeric fields, appear in Import from Active Directory window indicated in the colors Blue and Green respectively. Enable the check box beside the requester additional fields to import, and specify the field name configured in active directory beside the selected field. The unselected fields are not imported.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Type</th>
<th>Distinguished Name (DN) in Active Directory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email Address</td>
<td>Text</td>
<td>mail</td>
<td>Email Address of the requester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Country Code</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>countryCode</td>
<td>Country Code of the requester</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
From the list of domains that are listed in the Domain Name drop-down box, select the domain name in which the active directory you wish to import is installed. If the other details such as domain controller name, user name, and password have already been entered in the Domain scan page, then that will be populated automatically. Else, enter the name of the domain controller in the **Domain Controller Name** field, login name and password in the corresponding fields.

You also have an option to select the fields to be imported from Active Directory. To do this, enable the check box beside the default fields namely, Phone, Department, Job Title, Mobile, Site Name and E-mail. Specify the field name configured in Active Directory for the selected fields. Say, if “Phone” is configured as "telephoneNumber" in active directory, then enter telephoneNumber in the text field provided. The unselected fields are not imported. This is to avoid over ridding of the new values by the old values from the directory.

**Note:**
1. The numeric additional fields hold up to 19 digits. If your numeric value exceeds 19 digits, then configure the value in text field.
2. On every import, the existing requester data will be overwritten.

4. If the site associated to the user/department is changed in Active Directory, then the assets belonging to the user/department should be moved to the new site. To update this information on every import, enable Move associated assets check box. De-selecting this check box will not move the asset to the new site.
5. Click **Import Now.** The import wizard displays the various Organizational Units (OUs) available in that domain. Choose the specific Organizational Unit from which you wish to import users by selecting the check box beside it.
6. Click **Start Importing.** Once the import is complete, the data on how many records were added, how many overwritten, and how many failed to import will be displayed.

**Schedule AD import**

You have an option to schedule Active Directory import in specified number of days. When you schedule an Active Directory Import, data from all the domains available in the application is imported at the specified number of days.

1. Select the Schedule AD import check box. Specify the number of days in the text box. The requester details gets imported automatically as scheduled.
2. Click saveADSync button to be in sync with the active directory.

**Criterion for User Account overwrite in Active Directory User Imports:**

While performing a user import from Active Directory,

**Criteria 1:** ObjectGUID - If the ObjectGUID of a user account in ServiceDesk Plus matches with the user account in Active Directory, then the record in ServiceDesk Plus will be overwritten.

**Criteria 2:** Login name and Domain - If the login name and domain of a user account in ServiceDesk Plus matches with the user account in Active Directory, then the record in ServiceDesk Plus will be overwritten.

**Criteria 3:** Email address - If the 'Override based on EmaillId' option is enabled under Admin>> Self-Service Portal settings and if the email address of the user account in ServiceDesk Plus matches with the Active Directory user account, then the record in ServiceDesk Plus will be overwritten.
Criteria 4: Login name and domain is '-' (not associated) - If a user account in ServiceDesk Plus contains only a login name with an email address without a domain association and if the login name matches with the Active Directory user account, then the record in ServiceDesk Plus will be overwritten.

When a user is imported from AD, the ObjectGUID of the user is used as a unique identifier to update the user details in ServiceDesk Plus. If the 'ObjectGUID' does not match for any user in ServiceDesk Plus,

- The 'loginname+domainname' of the user is used as an unique identifier to update the user details in ServiceDesk Plus.

- If the 'loginname+domainname' does not match for any user in ServiceDesk, the 'email address' of the user will be used as a unique identifier.

- If the email address does not match, then the 'loginname + domain=NULL' (where loginname is Howard (example) and domain name is NULL) is used as a unique identifier to update user details.

In cases where none of the specified conditions like 'ObjectGUID', 'loginname+domainname', 'email address', 'loginname + domain=NULL' are absent in ServiceDesk Plus, a new user will be added.

Sync deleted users from Active Directory

This option lets you to sync the deleted requesters/technicians from the Active Directory into the application. Syncing of deleted users happens after an import. Once the sync is done, it shows you the list of deleted users from AD. You can delete the requesters and technicians from the list. For requesters, you can enable automatic deletion so that when an requester is deleted from the active directory, the user will be removed from the application as well. However for technicians, this option is not available. You can delete the technicians by choosing from the list and manually deleting them.

- Mouseover "Sync deleted users from Active Directory" fields. Edit option will appear. Click on the edit button. Enable "Sync deleted User(s) from AD".

- Select the mode of deletion of users. To sync the deleted users automatically, select "Delete Automatically...".
- To stop the automatic sync of deleted users and delete the users manually, select "Delete Manually...". You can manually delete the users, by clicking on the deleted users link that appears in the import results page and at the top of the configuration wizard. The link opens up the list of deleted users, you can verify and delete the users from the list.

Note: If you disable "Sync deleted User(s) from AD" option, the deleted users will not be synced. The list of deleted requester(s), technician(s) will not be displayed as well. If you import users manually from AD, the deleted users will not get synced. If the sync deleted users in running on a schedule, the SDAdmins will be notified about the deleted users through the bell notification.
Active Directory Authentication

You can authenticate the Requester login with active directory (AD) by following the steps mentioned below. On configuring AD authentication, any changes made in the password in AD will be reflected in ServiceDesk Plus. This facilitates the Requesters to login to the application using the login name and password of the system.

**Note:** Please ensure that you have already imported the requesters, before you start configuring the AD Authentication. Only if a user account is available in ServiceDesk Plus application, it will authenticate the password for that user account from the active directory. Hence, when none of the users have been imported from the active directory, the authentication cannot be done for the user account.

To configure the Active Directory Authentication,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password** of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Users block, click Active Directory Authentication. Here you can enable or disable active directory authentication. By default the AD authentication will be disabled.
4. If you have already imported requesters from the any of the domains in your network, then click **Enable** button.

Even after enabling Active Directory (AD) Authentication, if you would like to bypass the AD Authentication, then in the application login screen, you need to select Local Authentication from the Domain list box after entering the login name and password, and then click Login button to enter ServiceDesk Plus.

Configure Pass - through Authentication

On enabling single sign-on, ServiceDesk plus directly authenticates your windows system user name and password. Hence you need not login again to enter into ServiceDesk Plus.

ServiceDesk Plus Pass through Authentication uses NTMLV2 which provides better security and validates the credentials using NETLOGON service.

1. Enabling Active Directory, activates the Pass-through authentication (Single Sign-on) option.
2. If you like to activate single sign-on, select the Enable Pass-through Authentication (Single Sign-On) option.
3. You can enable Pass-through authentication for users from a particular domain. To do so, select the Domain Name from the drop down list. Enabled domain should be two way trusted.
4. Specify the DNS Server IP of the domain in the provided field.
5. To use the NTLM security provider as an authentication service a computer account needs to be created in the Active Directory with a specific password. Specify a unique name for the Computer Account and Password for this account.
6. The Bind String parameter must be a fully qualified DNS domain name or the fully qualified DNS hostname of a particular AD server.
7. Save the authentication. You will get a confirmation message on the authentication.

Upon saving the details, a new computer account will be created on the Active Directory (with the help of VB Script). If the user specifies existing computer accountname, the password specified here will be reset.
on the Active Directory for the computer account. User can choose to reset the password of computer account by clicking on the Reset Password link as well.

If there is a problem in creating a Computer Account or resetting a password of the existing Computer Account using VB script from SDP server (upon save, the script will be called automatically), the details specified here will be saved and user can execute the script locally on the AD server specifying the same details to create computer account / reset password.

If there is an issue with computer account creation, user can specify an already created computer account name and reset password of that computer account with the help of reset password script.
**LDAP**

You can also import users from the LDAP server through the domain controller. On enabling the LDAP authentication, the users can login using their LDAP credentials. By default, the LDAP authentication will be disabled.

**Note**: Ensure that before you start configuring LDAP authentication the users are already imported from the domain. The LDAP authentication supports both Linux and Windows users. On enabling LDAP authentication for Windows users, the AD authentication gets disabled automatically.

To import users from a New Domain,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using your username and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Users block, click LDAP Authentication. By default, the LDAP authentication will be disabled.
4. Click Add New Domain button under Domain Controllers block. This opens the Add New Domain Controller form as shown below,

![Add New Domain Controller Form](image)

5. Specify the Domain Controller from where the users have to be imported in the Domain Controller text field. For ex: ldap://<server name>:<port number>. The default port is 389.
6. Enter the User Name along with the Organizational unit (OU) in the given field. For ex, CN:john, CN=Users, DC=domain name, DC=com.
7. Specify the Password in the respective field.
8. Specify the Base DN which represents the distinguished base name such as, CN = Users, DC = domain name, DC = com.
9. Specify the criteria which you want to apply on that particular domain controller in the search filter field. For ex: mail=* will import users from the parameter mail in the specified domain controller.
10. Select the LDAP Server Type from the combo box. For ex. OpenLDAP.
Note: If you have chosen the Server type as default LDAP such as, Microsoft Active Directory, Novell eDirectory and OpenLDAP then the Login Attributes Label, Mail Attribute Label and Distinguished Name Attributed Label will appear in a non-editable text.

11. If the LDAP Server Type is Others then, specify the Login Attribute Label and Mail Attribute Label in the respective fields.
12. The Distinguished Name Attributed Label is similar to the Base DN.
13. Click Save to save the domain controller. If you want to save and import the users, click Save and Import.

You can also import users from the existing domain by clicking Import Now of the corresponding Domain Controllers. The existing data will be over written on importing the users from the same domain. Once the users are imported, Enable LDAP Authentication by selecting the check box. Click Save. The user can login to the application using his LDAP credentials.

Edit Domain Controller

1. Click domain controller name which you wish to edit. This opens the Add new domain controller form.
2. Modify the changes and click Save. To save and import the users from the domain controller, click Save and Import.

Delete Domain Controller

1. From the domain controller list view page, enable the check box adjacent to the domain controller which you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A pop up window confirming the delete operation appears. Click Ok to continue. The domain controller gets deleted from the list.

On deleting a domain controller, the users imported from that domain controller will not be able to login to the application using LDAP credentials.
Leave Types

In most cases, your technicians may be unable to work for a day or two. In order to avoid requests being assigned to them, the technician can apply for leave under Scheduler.

The most common reasons for applying leave are configured in Leave Types. You can denote the type of leave with the help of color code. This facilitates the administrator to comprehend the reason for applying leave by the technician.

To access Leave Types configuration wizard,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application using the Username and Password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In Users block, click Leave Types. By default, there are four Leave Types displayed in the List View. From this page, you can add, edit and delete leave types.

Add Leave Type

1. In Leave Types List view, click New Leave Type link. This opens the Add-Leave Type form.
2. In Add New Leave Type form, enter the Name of the leave type. For example, Sick Leave, On Duty, Optional and so on. The Name should be unique and is a mandatory field.
3. Select a Color to denote the leave type in the Technician Availability Chart using icon.
4. Specify brief description about the leave type in the Description text field.
5. Click Save button. The leave type is saved and displayed in the list view. Click Save and Add New button to add another leave type.

Edit Leave Type

1. In Leave Types List view, click the edit icon beside the leave type to edit. The Edit Leave Type form is pre-filled with values configured while adding the leave type.
2. Modify the Name, the Color code and the Description of the leave type.
3. Click Save button. You can also save and add another leave type from Update page by clicking Save and Add New button.

Delete Leave Type

1. In Leave Types List view, select the check box beside the leave type to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The leave type is deleted from the list.
Robo Technician

Using Robo Technician you can reset the user password quickly & easily. This involves two steps process to reset the user password such as, 1) configure robo task 2) creating a request template.

To open the robo technician page,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password** of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Users block, click **Robo Technician**. On purchasing the license for the robo technician the Robo Task Configuration page is displayed.

Configuring Robo Task

1. Click Enable robo task option to perform the robo task operations by clicking the enable icon. By default the status of the robo task would be disabled.
2. There are three blocks available in the configuring robo task page such as, Task Options, Action On Success & Action On Failure. In the Task Options block select Password Reset Type from the combo box. You have four passwords reset types such as,

Random Password: In this case the robo technician assigns a random password to the user.
Typed Password: In this type the logged in technician will enter the password in the given text field.
Same as the User Name: The robo technician will assign the same user name as password.
Blank Password: In this type the password assigned will be a blank password.

3. If you wish, you can select User must change password on next login check box. Generally this option should be enabled for security purpose.
4. On resetting the password successfully you can configure the corresponding actions to be performed in the Action On Success block. Select the Request Status you wish from the combo box.
5. Specify the Resolution Details in the text field.
6. If the password-reset action is failed then you can configure the corresponding actions to be performed in the Action On Failure block. To assign the event to the currently logged in user select Assign to Invoker check box.
7. Or you can assign it to the Group under which the problem is associated.
8. And also you can assign the problem to the corresponding Technician.
9. Specify the notes about the issue in the Notes text field.
10. Click Save button to save the details.
11. Click Save and go to Template button to go to the Request Template page.

Creating a Request Template

On installing Robo Technician it automatically creates a default Request Template for a particular Robo Task. You can also edit this request template based on your needs. Example: Say if a user requests technician for password reset, and if the technician has already configured robo task, then he can create a request to reset password using this default template.
Technician Auto Assign

Apart from assigning technicians to requests using Business Rule, selection of category or from the UI, technicians can be automatically assigned to requests on configuring the Technician Auto Assign option. The Technician Auto assign follows the Round Robin or Load Balancing methods, and based on the availability of the technicians, the requests are assigned. So if a technician is unavailable on a specific day, and the due by time of certain requests falls on that day, the technician on leave will not be assigned to those requests.

**Note**  
For site specific requests, the technicians associated to the sites are auto assigned to the requests. Similar for requests associated to groups, the technicians associated to the groups are assigned to the requests.

To access Technician Auto Assign Configuration,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configurations wizard page.
2. Click Technician Auto Assign under the Users block. The Technician Auto Assign page opens.

Enabling Technician Auto Assign

1. Select Enable Technician Auto Assign check box.
2. Requests are assigned to the technicians either through Round Robin or Load Balancing model.

Load Balancing: The number of requests that are In progress and assigned to a technician is taken as the load of the technician. So on selecting this model, technicians with the least load are assigned to requests.

Round Robin: In this model, technicians are assigned to the request irrespective of the load.

3. The tech auto assign is executed for newly created requests, edited requests or, to both created and edited requests. Select your option by enabling the radio button.
4. On creating a new request, the technician auto assign can be applied to either the Unassigned Requests or to the assigned/unassigned Requests.

Unassigned Requests: On selecting this option, the technician auto assign is applied to requests that are unassigned even after passing through all the Business Rules and Category selections.

All Requests: When this option is selected, the technicians assigned to the requests through business rules or category selection will be overridden.

**Note**  
While editing a request, technician auto assign is applied to requests that remain unassigned even after the application of Business Rules and Category selection. The auto assign is not applied to requests that are assigned to technicians.

Excluding Technicians from auto assign

You can exclude certain technicians from being auto assigned say, the administrator, site admin, change manager.

1. Click Exclude the following Technician check box.
2. Click Add Technicians to exclude link. The list of technicians available in the application appears.
3. Select the technicians to be excluded by clicking on their Name link. These technicians get listed under Selected Technicians. Click Ok button.
You can delete individual technicians from the Selected Technicians list using the delete icon. Click Delete All link to delete all the technicians from the Selected Technician list.

Excluding Requests from auto assign
You can also exclude certain requests from being auto assigned to technicians. Say for example, requests with the priority as "High" should not be auto assigned to technicians.

1. Select Enable Exceptions check box.
2. Choose the Column from the drop down and its corresponding Value using the icon .
3. Choose to match all the exceptions (AND) or any of the exceptions (OR) from the drop down.
4. Save the details.
The goal of Problem Management is to find the root cause of incidents and reduce the impact on business. The goal of Change Management is to control and manage approved changes with accepted risk.

ServiceDesk Plus allows you to implement a comprehensive problem management and change management system. Problem/Change related configurations are:

1. Problem Additional Fields
2. Problem Closure Rules
3. Change Type
4. Change Risk
5. Reason for Change
6. Change Advisory Board
7. Change Roles
8. Change Stage
9. Stage and Status
10. Change Workflow
11. Change Additional Fields
12. Change Templates
13. Change Closure Codes
14. Change Closure Rules

To access Problem/Change related configurations:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane. The problem/change management block is below the Help Desk block.
Problem Additional Fields

You have pre-defined fields by default in the New Problem form to enter the details about the problem. If you need any additional fields in the New Problem form then, you can add your own additional fields using this option. You can add text, numeric and date/time fields in the form.

To add your own custom fields in the New Problem form:

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password** of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click the Problem - Additional Fields icon. This opens the Problem - Additional Fields page. You can add three types of fields in the form: text, numeric and date/time.
4. To add the text fields, enter the label name in the form fields below the **Label** heading. If required, enter the description for the field.
5. You can choose the type of text field that you wish to add by selecting the radio buttons.
   - A Single-line text field allows you to add just a text field.
   - The Multi-line text field allows you to add a text box where a lengthy description can be added.
   - A Pick List allows you to add a list menu from which you can select. In all the three cases, you can add default values for the text field in the space provided for the same.
   - To add items for the pick list, enter the value in the text filed and click Add Item. To select the default selected value of the list, click on the value in the list.
   - To add numeric fields, click the **Numeric** tab and then enter the label name in the form fields provided for the same.
   - To add date/time fields, click the **Date/Time** tab and enter the required details.
   - Click **Save**. A message for successful creation of the fields is displayed.

These fields appear under the grouping **Additional Problem Details** in the **New Problem** form. To delete the user-defined fields, in step 4 through 7, instead of adding the label names, delete the label names that you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click **Save**. The respective fields that you deleted will be removed from the New Problem form.
Problem Closure Rules

Problem closing rules can be used to select the mandatory fields to be filled in by the technicians while closing the problems and also includes optional rules that can be enabled by the technician on closing the problem.

Example: If you have selected ‘Associated Tasks should be closed’ as a mandatory field in this page, then the technician whoever resolving the problem, should close all the related tasks to a problem and enter the details in the corresponding field before closing it. Else an error message pops up, asking you to fill the details in the field. If you have selected the optional rules as, E-mail all requesters affected by this problem and Close all associated incidents, on closing the problem a pop up window listing the selected optional rules appears. Based on the incident the technician can enable the check box corresponding to the optional rules.

To configure the problem closing rules,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password**.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Problem **Closure Rules**. This opens the Problem Closure Rules page.
4. Select the Mandatory Fields from the list to be filled in before closing the problem by enabling the check box.
5. Select the Optional Rules by enabling the check box. The selected rules will get listed to the technician on closing the problem. Based on the incident the technician can,

- E-mail technician working on incidents associated with this problem: An e-mail notification is sent to the concerned technicians working on the incident associated with the problem.
- E-mail all requesters affected by this problem: An e-mail notification is sent to all requesters who have raised requests concerning the problem.
- Copy problem solution and workaround to all associated incidents: The solution to the problem and workaround is copied to all associated incidents.
- Close all associated incidents: All the associated incidents is closed on resolving the problem.
- Save the details.
Change Type

The change types show the significant changes in the organization which involves cost and time. By default you have four change types and Standard is a pre-defined change type hence cannot be edited. And the Standard Change type is a pre-approved change type which will not require approval from the change manager.

To access the Change Type configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Types. This opens the Change Type list page.

Adding Change Type

1. Click on the New Change Type link. This opens the Add New page.
2. Specify the Name for the change Type in the given text field, say Significant. This is a mandatory field.
3. Select the Color by clicking the color icon to indicate the severity of the change. This is a mandatory field.
4. Specify the Description about the change type in the description field.
5. Save the changes. You can see the change type getting listed in the change type list view.
6. Click the Save and add new button to save the Change Type and add another Change Type.

Editing Change Type

To edit an change type,

1. In the Change Type list page, click the edit icon beside the change type name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Change Type form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a change type, if you wish to add a new change type, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Change Type

1. From the Change Type list page, enable the check box beside the change type name that you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The change type gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the change type, then click Cancel.
Change Risk

Changes involve some level of risk during implementation. To assess the level of risk - high, low, medium etc., - and to inform about the same to the technicians involved, ServiceDesk Plus provides you with the change risk option.

By default, the application provides three risk levels in the list view.

To access the Change Risk configuration wizard,

1. **Login to the ServiceDesk Plus** application using the **user name** and **password**.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Risk. This opens the Change Type list page.

Add Change Risk

To add new change risk level, do the following:

1. Click **Add button**. This action will direct you to **Add New Risk** box.
2. Specify Name for the risk level in the given text field, say Normal. (This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify Description about the change risk in the description field.
4. Save the changes. You will see the added change type getting listed in the change type list view.

Editing Change Risk

To edit a change risk level,

1. In Change **Risk list page**, click the **on-hover edit icon** appearing **beside the change risk level** you wish to edit.
2. Edit fields as per your requirement.
3. Click **Update** to update the changes made. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**.

Delete Change Risk

1. In Change **Risk list page**, click the **on-hover delete icon** appearing **beside the change risk level** you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. The change risk gets deleted from the available list.
Reason for Change

Reason for Change denotes the purpose of initiating a change request. For instance, if a printer in your organization does not work due to a damage in the printer cartridge, then the reason for change can be **Printer is not working** and the change request initiated can be **Change the printer cartridge**. Similarly, you can document the most frequent reasons for initiating a change request. This helps the management to obtain reports on the reasons behind the change(s) occurring in the organization.

To access the **Reason for Change** configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click **Reason for Change**.

Adding Reason for Change

To add reason for change,

1. Click **Add** button. This action will direct you to Add Reason for Change box.
2. Specify **Reason for Change**, say Anti-Virus Installation. (This is a mandatory field).
3. Specify a Description elaborating on the reason for change in the description field.
4. Save the changes. You will see the added **Reason for Change** getting listed in the reason for change list view.

Editing Reason for Change

To edit reason for change,

1. In Change **Reason for Change list** page, click the on-hover edit icon appearing beside the reason for change you wish to edit.
2. Edit fields as per your requirement.
3. Click **Update** to update the changes made. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**.

Delete Reason for change

1. In **Reason for Change list** page, click the on-hover delete icon appearing beside the change reason for change you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. The reason for change gets deleted from the available list.
Change Advisory Board

The Change Advisory Board (CAB) is a body that exists to approve changes and to assist Change Management in the assessment and priorities of changes. The members of the CAB are selected based on their expertise and capability to assess change adequately from business and technical point of view.

To add new a CAB,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password**.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Advisory Board. The Change Advisory Board (CAB) page opens.
4. Click New CAB button to open the Add CAB page.
5. Specify the Name of the CAB in the given text field. It is a mandatory field.
6. Specify the Description of the CAB in the description field.
7. Click Add CAB Member icon to select the members for the CAB. The list of users appears in a pop up window. If the list is vast, select the number of users to be listed in a page from Show page drop down box. You can navigate to the next and previous pages using the navigation options.
8. Select the members of the CAB from the users list by enabling the check box beside their name and clicking Add CAB Member button.
9. The selected Members in this CAB are listed in the Add CAB page. You can delete a CAB Member on selecting the delete icon beside their name.
10. Click Save to save the CAB details and return to the list view.
11. Click **Save and Add New** button to save the CAB and add another CAB.
Change Roles

- About Change Roles
- Change Roles available by default
- Adding New Change Roles

Change Roles are access permissions defined exclusively for the change module. Unlike the module-level System Roles, the Change Roles are defined based on the stages in the change lifecycle. While the System Roles are pre-assigned to users with login permission, the Change Roles are dynamic, and can be assigned to both login and non-login users at the time of creating or editing a change request. The Change Roles assigned to users differ for each and every change request. A Change Role when assigned to a user allows the user to perform tasks defined in the role for that change request alone.

For instance, in one change, a user can play the role of a Change Manager with privilege to control the change across all the stages. At the same time, the user can also play the role of a Reviewer, in another change, with permission to control the Review Stage alone. Users assigned with full control permission over the change module via System Role can access change requests whether or not they are assigned with a change role. But these users do not have the privilege to approve changes, unless they are assigned with a Change Role having Approval permission.

For instance, a technician possessing the role of SDChange Manager can edit all the change requests across the change module whether he/she is assigned with a change role or not. If the same technician is assigned as the Change Manager for a change request, then apart from edit permissions, he/she has the privilege to approve/reject the change request.

When a Change Role is assigned to a user without any login permission, an e-mail notification with Non Login URL is sent to the user, allowing him/her to perform tasks based on the permission defined in the role.

**Note:** The Login users assigned with a Change Role should possess System Role with View permission enabled for Change module.

The default change roles and their descriptions are explained in the tabular column below,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Change Advisory Board (CAB)</td>
<td>The dynamic group of people who assist the Change Manager in assessing, prioritizing and scheduling of changes. They have the authority to recommend a change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Approver</td>
<td>The person who has the authority to approve/reject the change in approval stage.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Manager</td>
<td>The person who has full authority over the change and has the privilege to approve/reject a change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change Requester</td>
<td>The person who initiates the change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementer</td>
<td>The person or group responsible for implementing the planned change.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Line Manager</td>
<td>The person who authorizes the initial level of acceptance of a new change request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reviewer</td>
<td>The person who authorizes the initial level of acceptance of a new change request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**
- Change Roles such as CAB, Change Manager, Change Owner and Change Requester cannot be deleted.
- Change Manager and Change Approver are the only two roles having permission to approve/reject change requests in Approval Stage.
Configuring Change Roles

To access the Change Roles configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Roles.

To configure change roles, follow the steps mentioned below:

Adding Change Roles

To add change roles, follow the steps mentioned below:

1. Click Add button (available above and below default change roles' list)
2. Specify a name for the change role in the field provided, like, change planner, change implementer etc.,
3. Provide a brief description about the change role.
4. Decide whether the change role would apply to all users or only technicians of your application and by selecting the respective radio buttons (All Users/Technicians Only).
5. Configure Access Permissions across all Change Stages for the change role. Say, if you want to provide Approval permission for the Stages Submission and Review, then select the Approve check box corresponding to both these stages.

The following are the access permissions for the six default stages in the change lifecycle.

- **View**: View permission enables users to view the change request in the selected stage. They cannot perform any further operations
- **Edit**: Edit permission enables users to edit the change request in the selected stage. They do not have permission to approve/reject a change. On selecting the Edit option for a stage, the View permission check box is automatically enabled.
- **Approve**: Approve permission enables the user to approve/reject the change request in the selected stage. On selecting the Approve option for a stage, the View permission check box is automatically enabled.

Users with full control permission over change module via System Role such as SDChange Manager or the SDAdmin do not have the privilege to approve/reject a change.

1. You can also provide complete access permission over all the stages by selecting All access permission check box (available above stage permissions).
2. Click Save button. The change role will be saved and listed in the Change Role List View.

Editing Change Roles

To edit an already configured change role,

1. In Change Roles list page, click the on-hover edit icon appearing beside the change role you wish to edit.
2. Edit fields as per your requirement.
3. Click **Update** to update the changes made. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**.

**Deleting Change Roles**

1. In Change **Roles list page**, click the **on-hover delete icon** appearing **beside the change role** you wish to delete.
2. Click **Delete** button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. The change role gets deleted from the available list.
Change Stage

Changes undergo six stages in the Change Lifecycle before being successfully completed and closed as planned. Each Stage in the Change Lifecycle requires approval before proceeding the change to the next stage.

Application provides six default Change Stages, namely Submission, Planning, Approval, Implementation, Review and Close.

You can edit the existing Stage Name and Description for Change Stage(s) but you cannot add a new Change Stage or delete the default Change Stages.

To access the Change Stage configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Stages.

Editing Change Stage(s)

To edit change stage(s).

1. In the Change Stage(s) list page, click the on-hover edit icon beside the change stage name that you wish to edit.
2. Edit the fields based on your requirements
3. Click Update to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.
Change Stage-Status

The lifecycle of a change request usually involves six stages, and these six stages may possess many status(es). At the beginning/completion of each status, a notification is sent out to users playing certain change roles alerting them on the progress of the change request.

The Stage - Status Configuration Wizard lets you define status(es) under each stage. And, also allows you to modify and delete the existing status(es).

To access the Change Stage-Status configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Stage-Status.

Adding Change Status (for a Change Stage)

1. Click Add button available below the corresponding change stage
2. Specify name for the status
3. Provide a brief description about the status
4. Specify Action Name for this status The Action Name is an abbreviated form of the Status Name. For instance, "Submitted for Authorization" can be expressed as "Awaiting Authorization" and so on. The Action Name gets listed in Status Actions drop down menu in the change details page.
5. Using "Notify to" option, choose the change technicians who will receive alerts via e-mail notifications whenever a change enters this status, by clicking on choose roles (technicians) icon
6. Next, you have to configure the notification template, by adding text (or) using already existing content variables
7. Click Save button
8. Saved status will be added to the existing status list

Editing Change Status

To edit change status,

1. In the Change Status list page, click the on-hover edit icon beside the change status that you wish to edit.
2. Edit the details as per your requirements
3. Click Update to update the changes.

Delete Change Status

1. In Change Status list page, click the on-hover delete icon appearing beside the change status you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The change type gets deleted from the available list.
**Note:**
- Status(es) responsible for moving change from existing stage to a succeeding stage (default status(es)) cannot be deleted, but can be renamed as per your requirement.
- Added Status cannot be deleted while a change is in the process of using the added status.
Change Workflow

Organizations face various kinds of changes which differ in process and control. Changes such as, replacing switches or routers across the organization requires a systematic flow with approvals at every stage. Whereas, changes initiated frequently or carried out periodically like, upgrading the RAM for users or changing the printer toner; do not have to undergo the entire change lifecycle process. Such changes can be implemented directly and closed, and at times may not even require approval from the concerned authority.

The Change Workflow Wizard lets you simplify the change lifecycle by configuring change workflows that suits your organizations needs. The configured workflows are listed in the Workflow drop down field in new change form, enabling the change request to follow the process defined in the selected workflow. To know more about change workflows, visit the following pages,

- Adding Change Workflows
- Configuring Change Workflows
- Duplicating Change Workflows
Adding Change Workflow

Administrators can configure change workflow by deciding the stage and status the change would move to for a given status like approved or rejected or requested for information etc. and choosing the technicians to be notified when the specified change status is reached and also choosing the technicians who will be notified when the change progresses from current status to next stage. While working out change workflows, administrators are provided with the option of configuring the workflow right away (when it is being added) or can save it and configure the same at a later date after elaborate planning.

This section explains the second option of adding the workflow and configuring it at a later date. To add a change workflow, follow the steps given below:

Remember:

When a workflow is set as default:

1. Click Add button (available above change workflow list view). This action leads you to the change workflow form.
2. To set the workflow being configured as the default one, check Set as default check box.

- When a workflow is set as default, the new change workflows that will be subsequently created will copy the workflow configurations of the default workflow (but this can be edited as per your requirements).
- While creating a change request using new change form, the workflow field will be populated with the default workflow (this too can be changed).
- When a workflow is set as default, it cannot be deleted from the Change Workflow List View.
- To set another workflow as default: check Set as default check box while creating the workflow. A message will appear indicating that another workflow is currently being used as the default one. Do you want to change it? Ok the message. The workflow you're configuring will be set as the default workflow.
- Administrators can also Mark a workflow as emergency, to be used for changes with urgent priorities or pressing deadlines

1. Enter a brief description about the workflow in Description field.
2. Add workflow reference chart, if you have one, using Add a workflow chart reference file link
3. Click Save button.

Note:
- The Filter drop down menu lets you organize the change workflow list view. You can either View All the change workflows or View General Workflows/View Emergency Workflows alone.
- By default, two workflows - SDGeneral and SDAdmin - will be available in Change Workflow listview.
- From the Change Workflow List View, you can edit, delete and duplicate workflows.
- Click Configure Workflow button beside a change workflow to configure change workflow
Configuring Change Workflow

Administrators can configure change workflow by deciding the stage and status the change would move to for a given status like approved or rejected or requested for information etc. and choosing the technicians to be notified when the specified change status is reached and also choosing the technicians to be notified when the change progresses from current status to next stage.

To configure the change workflow, follow the steps mentioned below:

1. While adding change workflows click **Save and Configure button** (or) click **Configure Workflow button** beside the added workflow available in the Change Workflow list view.
2. Workflow configuration page will open up (**submission stage** will be selected by default)
3. Each stage will have 2-3 status(es) below it, of which 2 status(es) will be default status - eg: approved-rejected; completed-failed; etc., - which cannot be deleted.
4. Click **on-hover Edit button** (appearing beside the change status) or click **Configure Next Stage** link (available at the right hand side) to configure workflow for the respective change stage you're in.
5. Change workflow page will turn to **editable format as shown below**:

   6.
   7.
   8. Click **Notify link** and **choose the change technicians to be notified** when change reaches this stage and **click ok**
   9. Then, select **Stage-Status** the change would move to next using **Move to stage & status** dropdown
   10. Click **Notify link** (below Move to stage & status dropdown) and choose the change technicians to be notified when change reaches the selected change stage-status.
   11. Repeat the steps specified above for configuring the remaining 5 change stages.

![Diagram of Change Workflow Configuration](image)
Note:

- Two view using which change workflow section can be viewed: Tab View (or) Single View
- You can also duplicate change workflows from this page using Duplicate link (available at the top-right corner of the change workflow configuration page).
Duplicating Change Workflow

Administrators are provided with the option of duplicating workflows; that is, copying an already existing workflow and reusing it again - under some other name - as it is or by making slight modifications based on their requirements. Duplicating workflows allows administrators to create workflows quickly, as it provides them with a **definite picture of how each and every stage can be progressed and which technicians should be involved in the respective stages**, since they're using an already configured workflow for reference.

To **duplicate a change workflow**, follow the steps given below:

1. Click the change workflow duplicate icon appearing on-hover the change workflow list view.
2. Specify a **name** for the change workflow (by default, it will be named as Copy of "Workflow Name being Copied")
3. Mark it as Emergency (by selecting the corresponding checkbox), if required
4. Provide a suitable description in the **description** field
5. Click **Save and Configure**
6. You can:
   - Leave the workflow as it (or) **modify it to suit your requirements** (see: workflow configuration)
Change Additional Fields

You have pre-defined fields by default in the New Change form to enter the change details in the form. If you need any additional fields in the New Change form then, you can add your own additional fields using this option. You can add text, numeric and date/time fields in the form.

To add change additional fields,

1. In the Problem/Change Management block, click the Change Additional Fields icon.
2. This opens the Change Additional Fields page. You can add three types of fields: text, numeric and date/time.
3. To add the text fields, enter the label name in the form fields beside Label field. If required, enter the description for the field.
4. You can choose the type of text field to be added from the following radio buttons:
   - A Single-line text field allowing you to add a text field with single line.
   - The Multi-line text field allowing you to add a text with multiple lines.
   - A Pick List allowing you to add a list menu from which you can select the desired option. In all the three cases, you can add default values for the text field in the space provided for the same.
   - To add items for the pick list, enter the value in the text filed and click Add Item. To set a default value for the list, click on the value in the list and save it.
   - To add numeric fields, click the Numeric tab and then enter the label name (and description) in the form fields provided for the same.
   - To add date/time fields, click the Date/Time tab and enter the required details.
   - Click Save.

These added additional change fields will appear in the Drag and Drop section of the current Default Change Template and they can be added onto the change template through drag and drop.

Deleting Change Additional Fields

To delete the user-defined fields, access the field-to-be-deleted >> delete the respective label name >> click Save. The respective fields that you deleted will be removed from the existing change templates.
Change Template

Change Template lets you custom create change templates for the most common and frequently requested changes. Each template can possess different fields, field values and workflow, thus customizing or pre-defining change forms so as to suit the changes that may arise in your organization.

The change template enables the Change Requester to initiate a change quickly with all the necessary fields pre-filled, thereby increasing the productivity of your help desk team.

**Remember:** New change templates being configured will copy the configurations of the change template that is set as default.

To access the Change Template configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password**.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Template.

To custom create a new change template, follow the steps mentioned below:

1. Click on **Add Change Template button** available in the Change Template List View.
2. **Add Change Template page** will open up, This page will be split into 3 sections: **Template-Workflow** section, **Canvas** and **Drag and Drop Fields** section.
3. To add the text fields, enter the label name in the form fields beside **Label** field. If required, enter the description for the field.

The Change Template will be displayed with three tabs namely:

- Change Details
- Change Roles
- Field and Form Rules

**Template-Workflow section**

This section will help you do the following:

- Provide a name to the change template
- Decide the workflow the change template would follow (by allowing you to select workflow from **Follows Workflow dropdown**)  
- Set the change template being configured as the default template (by checking **Set as default** checkbox)
- Mark the change template being configured as the emergency template (by checking **Mark as Emergency** checkbox)
- Provide a short description for the change template stating why it is being created
Canvas section

This section helps you design the change form by letting you:

- **Add/Delete** fields available in the canvas
- **Adding Fields**: Click and drag fields onto the canvas from Drag and Drop fields section of change template
- **Deleting Fields**: By clicking on on hover Delete icon
- **Set fields as mandatory** (by clicking on on hover Edit dropdown and selecting mandatory field checkbox)

Drag and Drop section

This section helps you design the change form by letting you:

- **Drag and Drop fields** onto the Canvas
- **Configure new fields**, store them in the drag and drop section, and add them to the Canvas based on your requirements
- **Configuring new fields**: Drag and drop Add New Field section from Drag and Drop and decide whether the field to be added is **text** or **numeric** or **Date/Time field** using Add New Field popup and okay it for the field to be added.

Click **Save** to save the change template.

Field and Form Rules:

Field & Form Rules lets the Administrator to define rules that can be executed on a change form. The defined rules can be enabled or disabled. The rules that are disabled will not be applied.

- **On Form Load**: Allows rules to be executed when the change form is loaded.
- **On Field Change**: Allows rules to be executed when the field value changes. Rule will be applied when a field value mentioned in the rule is changed.

For above two events:

1. The rules defined should contain at least one action to be executed.

2. The actions will be executed after checking the criteria. If no criterion is set, then the actions will be executed in the order in which it is organized.

- **On Form Submit**: Allows rules to be executed on submission of the change form. Execute Script is the only action allowed for this event. Rules defined for this event should contain a valid script. Script will be executed after checking the set criteria and if no criterion is defined then the script will be executed directly.
Change Closure Code

Change Closure Code are codes that denote the reason for closing a change request: whether the change was closed due to completion, rejection, and so on. Using the closure code, the change management can understand how the change was closed.

To access the Change Closure Code configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Types. This opens the Change Code list view page.

Adding Closure Code

To add closure code,

1. Click Add Closure Code button.
2. Specify a unique Name for the change closure code. This field is mandatory.
3. Provide a brief Description about the change closure code.
4. Click Save button. The change closure code is saved and listed in the list view.
5. Save the details.

Note: The configured change closure codes and a section for comments appear in the Close Stage of a change request. Here, the Change Owner can select the closure code and provide detailed explanation for closing the change.
Change Closure Rule

Change Closure Rule enables the administrator to select mandatory fields to be filled-in before closing each stage of the Change Request. The fields are organized stagewise and the selected mandatory fields in any stage should be filled-in before moving out from one stage to the next stage.

For e.g, if Impact and Urgency options are enabled, then impact and urgency fields should be configured before moving out from Submission stage to any other stage. If the fields are not configured, a warning message will pop up prompting you to fill the mandatory fields specific to the Submission stage.

To select mandatory fields,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus Application.
2. Click on the Admin tab.
4. Select the mandatory fields for closing a given Stage of Change Request by enabling the check box. eg, Category and sub category in the submission stage.

5. Click Save button.
## Custom Trigger

With Custom Trigger, the required 'Action' can be automatically triggered using the script file or custom class file.

To configure a new action,
1. Click Admin>>Problem/Change management>>Change Custom Triggers. The list of configured actions will be displayed.

2. Click 'Add New Action'. The 'New Action' window appears. Provide an unique name and description for the new action. The 'Action Name' is a mandatory field.

From the drop-down list, select the instant at which the action has to be executed. The New Action can be executed when a change is
* created
* edited and
* created or edited.

3. Set the 'Criteria' fields, its corresponding conditions and their field values. Click 'Add another criteria' to add more criteria to the new action.
4. Select the 'Action Type' and the corresponding script/class file that has to be triggered. Ensure that the html/script/class file is stored only in the specified locations. Store them in the directory as follows: [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_scripts/

If 'Execute Script' is selected, then the name and path of the script file should be specified in the field provided. Eg: py addApprovers.py $TITLE $TYPE $TEMPLATE

If 'Execute class' is selected, then the class should be specified in the field provided. Eg: com.servicedeskplus.integration.ChangeActionImplementation $TITLE $TYPE $TEMPLATE

Other Parameters Supported:

$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE --> Complete Request Object will be saved to a JSON file and the file path will be passed as String Object. If the Operation is 'When a Change is edited', then DIFF_JSON (difference between the old change data and new change data) will also be saved to a JSON file.

JSON File Path: (SDP_Home/integration/custom_scripts/change12_1426143538036.json).

5. Deselecting 'Stop processing subsequent actions' checkbox will execute successive action even after an action rule is applied on a change.

Arguments for Custom Script can also be passed.

Eg: cmd / c Index.bat $SUBJECT $PRIORITY $STATUS

Other Parameters Supported:

$COMPLETE_JSON_FILE --> Complete change Object will be saved to a JSON file and the file path will be passed as String Object. If the Operation is 'When a Change is edited', then DIFF_JSON (difference between the old change data and new change data) will also be saved to a JSON file.

JSON File Path: (SDP_Home/integration/custom_scripts/change12_1426143538036.json).

6. Click 'Save' to save the new customized action.

**NOTE:** To organize the order in which the actions have to be executed, Click 'Organize Actions' in the List View page. A pop-up window showing the list of actions and the order in which are executed will be executed. The order can be re-arranged by making use of the 'Move up' or 'Move down' buttons. Click
'Save' to save the order.

**Organize Actions**

Actions will run based on the order below. To change the order use the Move up or Move down buttons.

Click here to view a sample scenario for 'custom triggers' with sample class file and script. We can also pass arguments for Custom **Script**. All API parameters are supported as arguments and the below table lists the supported arguments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$TITLE</td>
<td>Denotes the title of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>Provides the description provided for the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$TEMPLATE</td>
<td>Denotes the name of the template used to create the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SUBCATEGORY</td>
<td>Denotes the subcategory configured for the particular change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$CATEGORY</td>
<td>Denotes the category configured for the particular change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ITEM</td>
<td>Denotes the item configured for the particular change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SITE</td>
<td>Denotes the site for which the change was raised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$TYPE</td>
<td>denotes the significance of a change initiated in the organization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SCHEDULED_START_ON</td>
<td>Provides the scheduled start time of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ASSETS</td>
<td>Provides the assets related to the particular change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ROLES</td>
<td>Denotes the access permissions defined exclusively for the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$REASON_FOR_CHANGE</td>
<td>Denotes the purpose of initiating a change request</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$URGENCY</td>
<td>Denotes the level of urgency of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$IMPACT</td>
<td>Provides the impact of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$GROUP</td>
<td>Denotes the group under which the change falls</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ISOVERDUE</td>
<td>Denotes if the change is overdue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SERVICES_AFFECTED</td>
<td>Denotes the services affected because of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$COMPLETED_ON</td>
<td>Provides the completed time of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$RISK</td>
<td>Denotes the level of risk during implementation of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$SCHEDULED_END_ON</td>
<td>Provides the scheduled end time of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$STATE</td>
<td>Denotes the stage and status of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$ID</td>
<td>Provides the unique id generated for the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$PRIORITY</td>
<td>Denotes the level of priority of the change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$CUSTOM_FIELDS</td>
<td>Provides information about the custom fields configured for the change</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Sample Scenario for Custom Trigger in Change module

With Custom Trigger, you can automatically trigger the required 'Action' using the script file or custom class file. This document will give a clear idea on triggering class/script file for a sample situation.

1. In the 'New Action' window, provide the name and description for the new action. From the drop-down list, select the instant at which the action has to be executed.

2. Set the 'Criteria' fields, its corresponding conditions and their field values.

3. Select the 'Action Type' and the corresponding script/class file that has to be triggered. Deselecting 'Stop processing subsequent actions' checkbox will execute successive action even after an action rule is applied on a change.

Now that we know how to create a new action, let us walk through a sample scenario where 'custom triggers' can be put to good use.

Scenario: Website is down for payroll advice view and the new server needs to be quickly installed.
For the above emergency situation where the impact is 'High', the required 'Action' can be triggered through the script/class file.

The members of the E-CAB can be configured well in advance for such emergency situations and the corresponding class/script file can be executed. To perform actions, it is necessary to have the Class file in the specified location for the action implementation.

**In case of 'class' file:**

*By default, jar should be placed in [SDP_Home]/integration/lib/ directory

*Example: com.servicedeskplus.integration.ChangeActionImplementation

Note: It is necessary that the class file has to converted to jar file to implement the action.

**Perform Action**

To perform actions, it is necessary to have a Script or Class file in the specified locations for the action implementation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Type</th>
<th>Script file to run</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Execute Class</td>
<td>com.servicedeskplus.integration.ChangeActionImplementation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By Default, jar should be placed in [SDP_Home]/integration/lib/ directory

Let us consider the situation where the roles performed by the E-CAB members have to be updated. The following JSON format has to be followed inorder to trigger the required action.

UPDATE_ROLES (Script/Class)

```json
{
  "message": "Adding Emergency CAB members through Custom Trigger",
  "operations": [
    {
      "operation_name": "UPDATE_ROLES",
      "input_data": {
        "change": {
          "roles": [
            
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

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Following is a sample implementation for 'Change' Action:

```java
package com.servicedeskplus.integration;
import com.manageengine.servicedesk.actionplugin.executor.ActionInterface
import com.manageengine.servicedesk.actionplugin.executor.ExecutorData
/**
 * Trigger implementation has to be done in this class
 * @executorData, contains DataJSON,diffJSON
 */
public class ChangeActionImplementation extends DefaultActionInterface {

    public JSONObject execute(ExecutorData executorData) throws Exception {
        //get the change data in api format
        JSONObject changeData = executorData.getDataJSON();
        //fetch the field impact
        JSONObject impact = changeData.get("impact");
        //get the value associated with impact
        String impactName = impact.get("name");

        JSONObject returnJSON = new JSONObject();
    }
}
```
//Array of operations to be performed in trigger, currently UPDATE_ROLES option is alone provided in change
JSONArray operations = new JSONArray();

//JSON for specific operation
JSONObject operation = new JSONObject();

//JSON for providing operation details
JSONObject input_data = new JSONObject();

//JSON for entity change
JSONObject change = new JSONObject();

//Array of roles to be configured
JSONArray roles = new JSONArray();

//JSONObject for Role details
JSONObject roleObject = new JSONObject();

//array of users to be configured
JSONArray users = new JSONArray();

//JSONObject for user details
JSONObject user1 = new JSONObject();
JSONObject user2 = new JSONObject();

if (impactName.equalsIgnoreCase("High")) {
    returnJSON.put("message", "Adding Emergency CAB members through Trigger");
    operation.put("operation_name", "UPDATE_ROLES");
    roleObject.put('id': ROLEID of CAB);
    roleObject.put("name": "Role Name ,Here CAB");
    user1.put("email": "emailId of user");
    user1.put("name": "name of user");
    user2.put("id": ID of user);

    // Enter the name of the user.
    user2.put("name": "name of user");
    users.put(user1);
    users.put(user2);
    roleObject.put("users", users);
    roles.put(roleObject);
    change.put("roles", roles);
}
input_data.put("change", change);
operation.put("input_data", input_data);
operations.put(operation);
returnJSON.put("operations", operation);
}
else {
  returnJSON.put("message", "Adding CAB members through Trigger");
  operation.put("operation_name", "UPDATE.Roles");
  roleObject.put("id ": ROLEID of CAB);
  roleObject.put("name": "Role Name, Here CAB ");
  user1.put("email": "emailId of user");
  user1.put("name": "name of user");
  user2.put("id": ID of user);
  user2.put("name": "name of user");
  users.put(user1);
  users.put(user2);
  roleObject.put("users", users);
  roles.put(roleObject);
  change.put("roles", roles);
  input_data.put("change", change);
  operation.put("input_data", input_data);
  operations.put(operation);
  returnJSON.put("operations", operation);
}
return returnJSON;
}

Following are the methods used in Class implementation:

* **getDataSource()** - To get the input in API format which provides complete information about the 'change'.

* **getDiffJSON()** - Returns the details of the fields that are modified recently in the change To get information about the recently modified fields in the 'change'.

**Click here to view the values returned in getDataSource() and getDiffJSON()**

Having known the JSON format, the action can be executed either via class file or script file. To perform actions, it is necessary to have the Script file in the specified location for the action implementation.

**In case of 'script' file:**
By default, scripts should be placed in [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_scripts/ directory

Example: py addApprovers.py

Perform Action

To perform actions, it is necessary to have a Script or Class file in the specified locations for the action implementation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Type</th>
<th>Script file to run</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Execute Script</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example: py addApprovers.py
By Default, scripts should be placed in [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_scripts/ directory

Click here to view a sample script file for 'Change' Action:
Sample script file for Custom Trigger in Change module

#Example to assign CAB members based on the value of impact configured in change.
#if impact is High then emergency CAB members will be assigned. Else normal CAB members will be assigned to the change.
import sys
import json
import urllib

file_Path = sys.argv[1]
with open(file_Path) as data_file:
    data = json.load(data_file)

#fetch the impact value from the change JSON.
#JSON Format in change will be {'INPUT_DATA':{"entity": "change","login_name": "menders","entity_data": {...},"entity_diff_data": {...}}
inputData = data['INPUT_DATA']
changeData = inputData['entity_data']
impact = changeData['impact']
impactValue = impact['name']

#configure emergency CAB for impact value "High".
if impactValue == 'High':
    returnJSON = {
        '#message': value to be shown in change history
        'message': 'Adding Emergency CAB members through Custom Trigger',
        'operations': [{
            '#operation_name denotes the operation to be done through trigger ,currently UPDATE_ROLES is only supported.
            'operation_name': 'UPDATE_ROLES',
            'input_data': {
                'change': {
                    'roles': [
                        #replace with the Role ID to be updated
                        'id': 5,
                        #replace with the role Name to be updated .
                        'name': 'CAB'
                    ]
                }
            }
        }]
    
    #users can be added/updated to change roles using either emailid or user id .
    'users': [{
        '# emailid of the user to be configured
    }]

```python

```
'email': 'heather@xyz.com',  
# name of the user corresponding to the email id 
'name': 'Heather Graham'
}, 

# ID of user to be configured
'id': 3,
# name of the user corresponding to the ID
'name': 'Shawn Adams'
}
}
}
}
}
}
}
# configure normal CAB for other values of impact
else:

JSON = {
# message - value to be shown in change history
'message': 'Adding Normal CAB members through Custom Trigger',
# operation_name denotes the operation to be done through trigger, currently UPDATE_ROLES is only supported.
'operations': [{
  'operation_name': 'UPDATE_ROLES',
  'input_data': {
    'change': {
      'roles': [{
        # replace with the Role ID to be updated
        'id': 5,
        # replace with the role Name to be updated.
        'name': 'CAB'
      # users can be added/updated to change roles using either email id or user id.
      'users': [{
          # emailid of the user to be configured
          'email': 'john@xyz.com',
          # name of the user corresponding to the email id
          'name': 'John'
        }, {
          # ID of user to be configured
          'id': 4,
          # name of the user corresponding to the ID
          'name': 'Howard stern'
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}]
}
print(json.dumps(returnJSON))
Values returned in GET_DATA_JSON and
GET_DIFF_JSON for Custom Trigger in Change
module

{

"id": 1,
"title": "Title of the Change Request",
"template": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "General Template"
},
"workflow": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "SDGeneral"
},
"emergency": false,
"retrospective": true,
"pre_approved": false,
"state": {
  "stage": {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Submission"
  },
  "status": {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Requested"
  },
  "comments": "Status comments given as part of status change"
},
"approval_status": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Pending Approval"
},
"description": "Description of the Change",
"reason_for_change": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Firewall Upgrade"
},
"site": {
  "id": 0,
}
"name": "Not associated to any site"
},
"group": {
  "id": 301,
  "name": "Hardware Problems"
},
"category": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Software"
},
"subcategory": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "MS-Office"
},
"item": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Install"
},
"priority": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "High"
},
"urgency": {
  "id": 4,
  "name": "Urgent"
},
"risk": {
  "id": 3,
  "name": "Low"
},
"impact": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "High"
},
"type": {
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Major"
},
"assets": [
  {
    "id": 301,
    "name": "HP Printer"
},
{
  "id": 4566,
  "name": "MacBook Pro"
}
],
"services_affected": [
{
  "id": 301,
  "name": "Communication"
},
{
  "id": 302,
  "name": "Data Management"
}
],
"scheduled_start_time": {
  "value": 1427361634000,
  "display_value": "06-10-2015 13:01:16"
},
"scheduled_end_time": {
  "value": 1427361634000,
  "display_value": "06-10-2015 13:01:16"
},
"created_time": {
  "value": 1427361634000,
  "display_value": "06-10-2015 13:01:16"
},
"completed_time": {
  "value": 1427361634000,
  "display_value": "06-10-2015 13:01:16"
},
"custom_fields": [
{
  "name": "UDF_CHAR1",
  "label": "",
  "value": ""
},
{
  "name": "UDF_CHAR2",
  "label": "",
  "value": ""
}]}
"roles": [
{
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Change Requester",
  "users": [
    {
      "id": 301,
      "name": "Jennifer"
    }
  ]
},
{
  "id": 301,
  "name": "CAB",
  "users": [
    {
      "id": 301,
      "name": "Jennifer"
    },
    {
      "id": 302,
      "name": "Heather Graham"
    }
  ]
},
{
  "id": 310,
  "name": "Custom Role",
  "users": [
    {
      "id": 301,
      "name": "Jennifer"
    },
    {
      "id": 302,
      "name": "Heather Graham"
    }
  ]
}]}
Values returned in `getDiffJSON()`:

```json
{
    "services_affected": {
        "old": [],
        "new": [
            {
                "id": 304,
                "name": "0BSServicecatalog01"
            },
            {
                "id": 301,
                "name": "0itServicecatalog00"
            },
            {
                "id": 303,
                "name": "0BSServicecatalog00"
            }
        ]
    },
    "custom_fields": [
        {
            "label": "ChangeNumeric",
            "value": {
                "old": null,
                "new": 89
            },
            "name": "UDF_LONG1"
        }
    ],
    "scheduled_start_on": {
        "old": null,
        "new": {
            "display_value": "24/09/2015 09:38AM",
            "value": 1444820340000
        }
    },
    "category": {
        "old": null,
        "new": {
```
"id": 302,
"name": "000Category"
}
/Change Status

Change Status shows the current state of the change in the organization. You have a list of default change status. Rejected is a pre-defined change status hence cannot be deleted.

To access the Change Status configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Problem/Change Management block, click Change Status. This opens the Status List page.

Adding New Change Status

1. Click on the New Status link on the right hand side of the page. This opens the Add Status page.
2. Specify the Name of the status in the given text field.
3. Specify the Description about the status in the given text field.
4. Save the changes. You can see the new status getting listed in the status list page.
5. Click the Save and add new button to save the Change Status and add another Change Status.

Editing Change Status

To edit an change status,

1. In the Change Status list page, click the edit icon beside the change status name that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Change Status form, edit the fields you want to change.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.

Even while editing a change status, if you wish to add a new change status, then click Save and add new button instead of clicking Save button after making the changes.

Delete Change Status

1. From the Change Status list page, enable the check box beside the change status name that you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog appears.
3. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. The change status gets deleted from the available list. If you do not wish to delete the change status, then click Cancel.
Project Configurations

To access **Project related configurations**:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the **user name** and **password**.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane. **Project Configurations** would be available in **Project Management** block.

In this section, you learn about:

1. Setting Up a Project - Learn about projects, its members and their roles, with an example project and sample member hierarchy diagram.
2. Configuring Project Types - Learn how to create new project types, assign a specific color, change them to inactive status via this page.
3. Configuring Project Roles - Learn how to create new project roles, configure access permissions and assign them to members via this page.
4. Configuring Project Status - Learn how to configure new project status, assign a specific color, change them to inactive status via this page.
Setting up a Project

Contents

- What are Projects?
- Project Members
- Project Types and Project Status

Projects
Systematic approach to completing a Task can be termed as a Project. Creating a Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), providing a crystal clear view of the "work in progress", through various stages namely Milestones and Tasks, is the Project's ultimate objective. Setting up realistic goals, working against a reasonable time schedule, with a multitude of members assigned to various roles concentrating on different aspects of the "work in progress", are some of the features of project(s). Anything from a simple "office shifting" to an IT project like "setting up a datacenter" can be considered a project. The basic WBS of a Project is as follows: Milestones, Tasks and related Tasks.

Let us take the example of "Setting up an IT Test Environment" and see how it is implemented with projects. As stated earlier, a project can be divided into: Milestones, Tasks and related Tasks. Superficially speaking, the basic WBS of the Test Environment would be like: **Database Configuration**, **Workstation Configuration** and **Network Configuration**. These three major tasks outlining the entire Project can be considered as Milestones.

Milestones, or major Tasks (mentioned above), would in turn require no. of actions to be carried out for the Milestone to be completed. For example, the Milestone "Workstation Configuration" would involve: deciding the "hardware/software required", "allocating hardware/software efficiently" (to respective workstations), and so on. These actions under a Milestone are known as Tasks.

**Sample IT Test Environment, along with its Milestones and Tasks, represented through a project.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project</th>
<th>Milestone</th>
<th>Task 1</th>
<th>Task 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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Project Members

Project member is one to whom a part of the project is assigned. It could be a milestone, task or the entire project itself. Based on the assigned role, the member would be provided with a set of access permissions. For example, let’s say, you have a deluge of tasks in your project and therefore need a member to supervise the tasks alone, then you can define a role like Task Supervisor. In similar manner, you could have members specific to Milestones as well.

**Member roles available by default are:**

- **Project Admin:** Role that allows members to **access/control entire project module** (that is, control over all available projects)
- **Project Manager:** Role that allows members to **access/control an entire project** (add, edit and delete Projects)
- **Team Leader:** Role that allows members to **access/control Milestones** (add, edit and delete Milestones)
- **Team Member:** Role that allows members to **access/control Tasks** (add, edit and delete Tasks)

Sample Member Hierarchy Diagram
Project Types and Project Status

Specify project types and indicate the project status using Project Types and Project Status respectively. For example: let's say yours is a business project, then such a project can be classified as of the type 'business'. Similarly, Project Status is useful in indicating the project's progress rate which plays a crucial part in letting project administrator/manager decide what steps should be taken further within to improve it.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Default Options</th>
<th>Default Project Types</th>
<th>Default Project Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Business</td>
<td></td>
<td>Open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td></td>
<td>Onhold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance</td>
<td></td>
<td>Closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research</td>
<td></td>
<td>Canceled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Configuring Project Types

1. Click on Admin Tab and select Project Types under the Project Management block.
2. Click the Add New Project Type Link (present at top-right corner of the Project Type List View).
3. In Add New Project Type form, provide the Project Type Name.
4. Select color representing the Project Type; provide description regarding the Project Type.
5. Inactive check box lets you keep the Project Type dormant; that is, the Project Type can be reinstated as and when required by unchecking this option.

![Add New Project Type Form]

6. By default the following project type options are available:

![Project Type List]

Note:
- Click Edit Icon to edit project types.
- Bulk Deletion of Project Types is possible; to do so, select multiple projects types and click on Delete Button.
Configuring Project Roles

1. Click on Admin Tab and click Project Roles under the Project Management block.
2. Click the Add New Project Role Link. (present at top-right corner of Project Role List View page)
3. In Add New Project Role form, provide the Project Role Name.
4. Provide description for the new Project Role.

1. Choose the Access Permissions for the newly formed project role

- Like already stated there would be 2 non-editable default options: Project Admin & Team Manager
- Project Admin would have full control over Project Module and Team Manager would have permission to work on Tasks assigned to him
- Also it is impossible to uncheck Task View option as it is mandatory for a project role
- Configure project roles as per requirement and assign them to project members

6. Based on the permissions configured the project member will be associated with anyone of the following: All Projects/Associated Projects/Associated Milestones/ Associated Tasks (pointed out by Project Member allowed to view radio button).
7. By default the following project roles are available:
Note:
- Users/Requesters can be assigned a default project role. These default project roles do not override project specific roles; they serve as default options when no project role is configured for the user/requester.
- Project Admin and Team Member are non-editable/non-deletable roles.
- Bulk Deletion of Project Roles is possible; to do so, select multiple projects roles and click on Delete Button.
Configuring Project Status

1. Click on Admin Tab and select Project Status under the Project Management block.

2. Click the Add New Project Status Link (present at top-right corner of the Project Status List View)

3. In Add New Project Status form, provide the Project Status Name

4. Select the color to represent the Project Status; provide description regarding the Project Status

5. To render a project status inactive click Inactive checkbox.

6. By default the following project status options would be available.

   Note:
   • Click Edit Icon to edit project status
   • For Bulk Deletion of Project Status select multiple project status, click Delete Button
Asset Management

The Asset module of the ServiceDesk Plus application enables you to keep track of the various assets available in your organization and their corresponding usage and availability. It also helps you monitor your assets online in any of the networks in your firm. This helps you in proactively planning your resource allocation and purchases. Before you start using the inventory module, you have to configure the inventory-related information.

The inventory-related configurations are:

- **Product Type:**
  
  Categorize all the products purchased by your organization into specific product types.

- **Product:**
  
  Denotes the assets purchased by your organization.

- **Vendors:**
  
  Configure the vendors with whom your organization has business contacts for purchasing resources.

- **Workstation-Additional Fields:**
  
  Set your own custom fields apart from the default fields in the add workstation form.

- **Assets-Additional Fields:**
  
  Set your own custom fields apart from the default fields in the add assets form.

- **Asset State:**
  
  Configure the various states of an asset in the Asset Lifecycle.

- **CMDB - Configuration Item Types (CI Types):**
  
  Categorize your CIs into specific CI Types. Also configure default attributes and relationships for each CI Type.

- **CMDB - Relationship Types:**
  
  Configure relationships types between the CIs. The Relationship Types shows how the CIs are interconnected and interdependent with other CIs.
Configure Products

Products refer to the commodities purchased by your organization. For instance, the workstation "Latitude D600" is a Product with the Product Type "Workstation". You can either import the product details from a CSV file or manually add the products in the application. Configuring products are essential while adding assets in the Asset module and while purchasing products using the Purchase Order form. As and when the firm purchases a product, the product details should be entered in the application. If a product is discarded, then you can remove it from the list by deleting the same.

Most of the products wear out and decrease in value, over a period of time. For such products, calculating the depreciation is essential for financial reporting. You can configure depreciation using any of the 4 methods provided in the application.

To access the Product configuration wizard,

1. Login to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Asset Management block, click Products. The Product List view is displayed. You can add products, edit and delete products, and configure depreciation for products.

Adding Product

To add products,

1. In the Product List page, click Add New Product link available at the top right corner.
2. In the Add Product form, select the Product Type under which you wish to classify the product that you are adding from the drop-down.
3. Enter the Product Name. This field cannot be blank.
4. If you know the manufacturer of the product, enter the same in the Manufacturer field.
5. Enter the Part No. of the product.
6. If required, you can add relevant Description for the product.
7. Click Save. A message is displayed and the product is added. Click Save and Add New to save the product details and open the add product form to add another product. Click Cancel to go back to the Product List page, without saving the details.

Configuring Depreciation

If the selected Product Type is an asset or component, then the Depreciation Details block is displayed.

ServiceDesk Plus allows 4 methods to calculate the depreciation of a product.

Methods of Calculating Depreciation

- Declining Balance
- Double Declining Balance
- Straight Line
- Sum of the Years Digit

Before we begin configuring depreciation, there are certain terms related to depreciation calculation:

- **Useful Life**: The period during which an asset is expected to be available for use.
- **Salvage Value**: The estimated selling value of any asset, after it has reached the end of service life or
its value has depreciated substantially. It is the total net worth of any asset after it has exhausted its useful life span.

To configure depreciation details while adding the product,

1. Select the **Depreciation Method** from the drop down box. If the Depreciation Method is **Declining Balance**, then the **Useful Life** radio button and **Decline Percent** radio button appears. If the depreciation method is **Straight Line**, then the **Useful Life** radio button and **Depreciation Percent** radio button appears.
2. Specify the **Useful Life** of the product. If you have enabled Decline Percent or Depreciation Percent radio button, then specify the **Decline Percent** or **Depreciation Percent** of the product.
3. Specify the **Salvage Value** of the product.
4. Click **Save** button.

If you have not configured the depreciation details for a product, then you can also configure it from the Product List view.

1. Select the check box beside the product for which you want to configure depreciation.
2. Click **Configure Depreciation** button.
3. Select the Depreciation Method from the drop down box.
4. Specify the Useful Life and the Salvage Value of the product.
5. Click **Save** button. The depreciation details are configured for the selected product(s).

The configured Depreciation Details can be viewed in the Costs tab of the Assets details page. The depreciation is calculated only if the Purchase Cost and Acquisition Date is specified for the asset.

Associating Vendor

You can also associate the vendor to a product. To do so,

1. Click the **Vendor** tab.
2. Select the vendor of the product from Vendor Name drop-down.
3. Enter the Price of the product. The Vendor Name and Price are mandatory fields.
4. If there is any Tax Rate for the product, specify the same in the field provided.
5. If you know the warranty period of the product, enter it in the **Warranty Period** by choosing the number of years and months from the combo box.
6. Select the Maintenance Vendor of the product from the drop-down.
7. If you wish to add any comments, add it in the Comments text box.
8. Click **Save** to save the details. You can add more than one vendor who supplies the product. The vendors associated to the product information is displayed below the add vendor form.

If you do not wish to associate the vendor now, then click **Cancel**. It goes back to the **Product List page**.

Edit Product

You can edit the product details from the Product List page. To edit the product information,

1. Click the Edit icon beside **Product Name** in the **Product List** page.
2. Edit the fields in the form.
3. Click **Save** to save the details. While editing a product, you can also add new product by clicking Save and Add New button. Click **Cancel** to go back to the Product List page.

In some instances, you may add the product without associating the vendor. In such cases, you need to edit the product to associate the vendor.
1. Click the Vendor tab to associate a vendor for the product.
2. The Product Name is a non-editable field but you can add/edit the other fields in the form.
3. Click Save.

Delete Product

If a product is not used by a module, then you can delete the product from the list.

1. In the **Product List** page, enable the check box beside the product name.
2. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click OK to proceed. The product is deleted from the list.
Configuring Product Types

Each product purchased by a firm can be categorized into a specific product type. This is the high-level categorization for the assets that are bought. For example, Adobe Photoshop or Macromedia Flash can be categorized under the product type Software, while HP Inkjet Printer can be categorized under the product type Printer. In general, product type is a parent category under which you can group each of the specific assets owned by your firm. Proper categorization helps in estimating how much has been spent for purchasing each of the product type assets (Printer, Scanners, etc.), how much assets in each of the product types are available in the organization and so on.

- **Product Type**: Product Type is the high level categorization in grouping products. Say, Workstations in an organization are grouped under the product type “Workstations”.
- **Type**: Type is a subdivision of product types that is classified into Asset, Components and Consumable. Say, Workstation is an Asset, Keyboard is a Component and the Printer Toner is Consumable.
- **Category**: Category is a common attribute of Product Types and Types. They are classified into IT and Non-IT. Say, Workstation is an IT asset, and Projector and Scanners are Non-IT assets.

Example: Adobe Photoshop & HP Inkjet Printer can be categorized as,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Product Type</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Category</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adobe Photoshop/Macromedia Licenses</td>
<td>Software Licenses</td>
<td>Components</td>
<td>IT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HP Inkjet Printer</td>
<td>Printer</td>
<td>Asset</td>
<td>IT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To open the product type configuration page:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the Asset Management block, click **Product Types**. The next page displays the available list of product types. You can add, edit, or delete product types.

Adding Product Type

To add a product type,

1. Click Add New Product Type link.
2. In the Add Product Type form, specify the Product Type Name which will uniquely identify the individual product types. Say, Printer.
3. Select the Type from the drop down. Say, Asset, Component, Consumable.
4. Select the Category from the drop down. Say, IT, Non-IT.
5. Specify any relevant information about the product type in the Description field.
6. Click Save button.

If you want to add more than one product type, then instead of clicking Save, click **Save and add new** button. This adds the new product type and reopens the add product type form after displaying a message that the a new product type is added.
At any point, if you decide not to add the new product type, then click **Cancel** to get back to the product type list. Clicking the **View List** link on the top right corner of the add product type form will also take you to the product type list view.

**Editing Product Type**

To edit a product type,

1. In the **Product Types List** page, click the **edit** icon beside the **Product Type Name** that you wish to edit.
2. In the **Edit Product Type** form, you can edit the product type name, type, category and the description.
3. Click **Save**. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click **Cancel**.

Even while editing a product type, if you wish to add new product type, then click **Save and add new** button instead of clicking **Save** button after making the changes.

**Deleting Product Types**

To delete a product type,

1. In the **Product Types List** page, select the check box beside the product type to delete.
2. Click **Delete** button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
3. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not want to delete the product type, then click **Cancel**.
Configure Vendors

An organization can have business contacts with more than one vendor for buying the various resources of the organization. It is very essential for the firm to keep track of its vendors and the products supplied by these vendors. To configure these details, you can use the configuring vendors option available in the admin page.

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Asset Management block, click Vendors. You can add, edit, or delete vendors.

Add Vendors

To add vendors:

1. In the Vendor List page, click Add New Vendor link available at the top right corner.
2. Select Currency used by the vendor from Currency dropdown (or) Add New Currency by clicking on ☓ icon.
3. In the Add Vendor form, enter the Vendor Name. This name needs to be unique and this field cannot be blank. All the other fields are optional.
4. Enter relevant Description for the vendor.
5. Enter the Contact Name at the vendor location.
6. Enter the address details of the vendor in the respective fields.
7. Enter the vendor e-mail ID, phone, fax, and web URL.
8. Click Save. A message is displayed and the vendor is added. Simultaneously, a Products tab is also added. This tab is for adding the list of products that are supplied by the vendor.
9. Click the Products tab.
10. Click Associate Product button.
11. In the associate product form, choose the product name from the combo box and enter the price of the product. These are the two fields that are mandatory.
12. If you know the warranty period of the product, enter it in the Warranty Period by choosing the number of years and months from the combo box.
13. Choose the maintenance vendor from the combo box.
14. If you wish to add any comments, add it in the Comments text box.
15. Click Add. The page is refreshed to display the product association information. Repeat the steps 9 - 14, till you have added all the products supplied by this vendor.

If you do not wish to add the product list after opening the associate product form, then click Cancel. It goes back to the Vendor Details tab.

If you wish to add more than one vendor, then in step 7, instead of clicking Save, click Save and add new button. This would add the vendor and open the add vendor form for you to add more vendors. In this case, the product list needs to be added later. To get back to the vendor list page without adding the vendor or after adding the list of product supplied by the vendor, click View List link at the top right corner of the Add Vendor form.

Edit Vendor
If you have added the vendor without adding the product list, then you have to add the list of product supplied by the vendor only by editing the vendor information.

To edit the vendor information:

1. Click the edit icon beside Vendor Name in the Vendor List page.
2. In the Edit Vendor form, you can edit all the form fields mentioned in the add vendor procedure.
3. Click the Products tab to add the list of products supplied by the vendor and follow the steps 9 through 14 in add vendors.

Even while editing the vendor information, if you wish to see the vendor list page, click the View List link at the top right corner of the Edit Vendor form. Also if you want to add a new vendor, then in the vendor details tab, click the Save and add new button.

Delete Vendors

To delete a vendor, it is necessary that the product vendor association is first removed and then the vendor is deleted. Also ensure that the particular vendor is not used elsewhere. Follow the steps below to delete a vendor:

1. In the Vendor List page, click the edit icon beside Vendor Name.
2. Click the Products tab.
3. Click the delete icon beside the Products. A confirmation dialog is opened.
4. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. Delete all the products listed.
5. Click view list link on the top right corner of the center pane.
6. Now, click the delete icon beside the Vendor Name for which you removed the product list. A confirmation dialog is opened.
7. Click OK to proceed with the deletion. If you do not wish to delete the vendor, click Cancel.
**Workstation Additional Fields**

You can define your own organization specific fields that need to appear in the new workstation form apart from the default fields. You can add text fields, numeric fields, and date/time type fields in the form.

**Adding Workstation Additional Fields**

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Workstation Additional Fields under the **Asset Management** block. This opens Workstation Additional Fields page.

**Configuring Additional Text fields**

1. By default the list of all additional text fields are displayed. Specify the Label for the Workstation Additional Fields.
2. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text field.
3. Specify the Type of the text field by enabling the radio button. It can be either Single-Line, Multi-Line or drop down menu list.
4. Specify the Default Values in the given text field.
5. Click Save to save the settings.

**Configuring Additional Numeric fields**

1. Click the **Numeric** tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings.

**Configuring Additional Date/Time fields**

1. Click the **Date/Time** tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings.
Asset Additional Fields

You can define your own organization specific fields that need to appear in the new asset form apart from the default fields. You can add text fields, numeric fields, and date/time type fields in the form.

Adding Asset Additional Fields

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Assets Additional Fields under the Asset Management block. This opens Assets Additional Fields page.

Configuring Additional Text fields

1. By default the list of all additional text fields are displayed. Specify the Label for the asset additional fields.
2. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description field.
3. Specify the Type of the text field by enabling the radio button. It can be either Single-Line, Multi-Line or drop down menu list.
4. Specify the Default Values in the given text field.
5. Click Save to save the settings.

Configuring Additional Numeric fields

1. Click the Numeric tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field. This is a mandatory field.
3. Specify any relevant information for the additional fields in the Description field.
4. Click Save to save the settings.

Configuring Additional Date/Time fields

1. Click Date/Time tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field. This is mandatory field.
3. Specify any relevant information for the additional fields in the Description field.
4. Click Save to save the settings.
Asset State

Asset State denotes the different states of assets in the organization such as, assets in Use, In Store, Expired and so on.

To access the asset state configuration wizard page,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane. This opens the Configuration Wizard page.
2. Under the Asset Management block click the Asset State. This opens the Asset State List page where you can add, edit and delete an asset state. By default, you have five asset states available in ServiceDesk Plus which can neither be edited nor deleted.

Add Asset State

1. Click New Asset State link.
2. Enter a name for the Asset State. This field is mandatory.
3. Specify any relevant information about the asset state in the Description field.
4. Click Add Asset State button. The newly added asset state is added to the Asset State List.

Edit Asset State

1. From the Asset State List view page, click the Edit icon beside the asset state to edit. The edit form is pre-filled with the values entered while adding the asset state.
2. Modify the Asset State and Description.
3. Click Update Asset State button to update the changes.

Delete Asset State

1. From the Asset State List view page, click the Delete icon beside the asset state to delete. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The asset state is deleted from the list.
Configuring other networks

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus can automatically scan for Windows domains and list them as soon as the application is installed and started for the first time. But it is not essential that all the workstations in your organizations are connected to a Windows domain. There can be non-Windows workstations and these workstations will not be a part of the Windows domain and hence may not be scanned. To avoid these kinds of omissions, ServiceDesk Plus supports IP-based network discovery, using which you can scan the workstations in other networks and the workstations that are not a part of the Windows domains.

To open the network scan configurations:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Asset Management block, click the Network Scan icon. You can add, edit, or delete networks.

Add New Network

To add a new network:

1. Click the Add New Network link available at the top right corner of the Network List page.
2. In the Add Network form, enter the Network Address. This field cannot be left empty and can take only unique values.
3. Though the login name and password are not mandatory fields, they are required if you want to scan the network and discover the associated assets and workstations. So enter the Login Name and Password for the network.
4. If you wish to add any description for the network, then you can enter the same in the Description text box.
5. Click Save.

If you want to add more than one network, then instead of clicking Save, click the Save and add new button. This adds the new network and reopens the add network form after displaying a message that the new network is added..

At any point, if you decide not to add the new network, then click Cancel to get back to the network list. Clicking the View List link on the top right corner of the add network form will also take you to the network list view.

Edit Network

If the login names and passwords of networks have changed, then you will need to modify the network details.

To edit the network information:

1. In the Network List page, click the edit icon beside the Network Address or the hyperlinked network address that you wish to edit.
2. In the Edit Network form, you can modify the network address, login name, password, and description of the network.
3. Click Save to save the changes. At any point, if you wish to cancel the operation that you are performing, click Cancel.
Even while editing a network, if you wish to add new network, then click **Save and add new** button instead of clicking **Save** button after making the changes.

Delete Network

To delete a network:

1. In the **Network List** page, click the delete icon beside the **Network Address** that you wish to delete. A confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click **OK** to proceed with the deletion. If you do not wish to delete the network, then click **Cancel**.

Scan Network

You can scan the network, if the network details have the login name and password information. To start scanning a network, click the scan network icon available beside the **Network Address** that is to be scanned. The page is refreshed, displaying the following message:

**SUCCESS : Discovery started for the network. Discovered workstations can be viewed from Inventory module.**

**Note:** To scan the Linux workstations, the telnet service needs to be enabled in both the server and the client workstations.
Software

Software helps you to configure all the software related tasks such as Software Type, Software Category, Software License Types and Additional fields for software license and license agreement.

- Software Type
- Software Category
- License Additional Fields
- Software License Types
- Agreement Additional Fields
- Import License (s) from CSV
Configuring Software Type

All different forms of software such as, licensed, prohibited, freeware, shareware, excluded and unidentified software comes under this category.

To access the Software Type configuration page,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane. This opens the Configuration Wizard page.
2. Click the Software Type under the Software block. This opens the Software Type list view page. By default there are six software types that cannot be edited nor deleted.

- Shareware: Software that is available free of charge, may be distributed for evaluation with a fee requested for additional features or a manual etc.
- Freeware: Software that is provided without charge.
- Prohibited: Software that is prevented from use.
- Excluded: Software that is omitted from use.
- Managed: All licensed software comes under this software type.
- Un-Identified: Unknown software can be categorized under this software type.

Adding New Software Type

1. Click the New Software Type link. This opens the Software Type Details page.
2. Specify the Software Type name in the given text field. This is a mandatory field which will uniquely identify individual software type.
3. Specify any relevant information about the Software Type in the description field.
4. Click Add Software Type button. This adds the software type to ServiceDesk Plus and gets displayed below the add software form.

Editing Software Type

1. From the Software Type list view page, click the Edit icon beside the software type to edit.
2. Modify the necessary changes.
3. Click Update Software Type button.

Deleting Software Type

1. From the Software Type list view page, click the Delete icon beside the software type to delete. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The software type is deleted from the list.
Software Category

The software available in the application are organized by grouping them into specific Software Categories. Some of the default software categories available in the application are Accounting, Internet, Graphics, Multimedia, Operating System, Game and much more.

To access the software category configuration wizard,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Software Category under Software block. The Software Category list view page opens. From this page, you can add, edit and delete a software category.

By default, there are nine software categories listed in the application. These software categories can neither be edited nor deleted.

Adding Software Category

1. Click New Software Category link.
2. Specify a unique name for the Software Category in the provided field. The Software Category is a mandatory field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the category in the Description field.
4. Click Add Software Category button to add the software category to the list. Click Cancel to go back to the list view. The added software categories are displayed while adding a new software.

Editing Software Category

1. Click the Edit icon beside the software category to edit.
2. Modify the Software Category name and Description fields.
3. Click Update Software Category to update the changes.

Deleting Software Category

1. Click the Delete icon beside the software category to delete. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The software category is deleted from the list.
License - Additional Fields

If you require any further additional information while adding the software license details, apart from the pre-set fields in the Add software licenses form you can configure them under License - Additional Fields. You can add text fields, numeric fields, date type fields and Cost fields as the additional fields in the form.

To add license - additional fields,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click License - Additional Fields under Software block. The License Additional page opens to view the following tabs namely, Text, Numeric, Date/Time and Cost. You can add up to twelve text and cost fields, and four numeric and date/time fields.

Configuring Additional Text fields

1. By default, the Text tab is selected. Specify the Label for the Additional field.
2. Specify any relevant information about the additional field in the Description text field.
3. Select the Type of the text field by enabling the radio button. It can be either Single-Line, Multi-Line or Pick List (drop down list).
4. You can also specify default values to be pre-filled in the software license form.
5. Save the settings.

Configuring Additional Numeric fields

1. Click the Numeric tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text field.
4. Save the settings.

Configuring Additional Date/Time fields

1. Click the Date/Time tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings.

Configuring Cost fields

1. Click the Cost tab.
2. Specify the Label for the Additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional field in the Description text field.
4. You have two cost type fields, Add cost (for cost addition) and Subtract cost (for cost subtraction). Click the corresponding radio button to select the cost fields and also specify the Default values to be pre-filled in the software license form.

These additional fields will appear while adding a software license under the Additional Information block. To delete a user-defined fields, instead of adding the label names, delete the existing label names you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click Save. The fields are automatically removed from the Software License form.
Software License Types

Every software manufacturing company has their unique software license type apart from the several common license types. Since it is not feasible to support all these license types, ServiceDesk Plus helps you customize the license types for all software manufacturers based on the workstations and users.

To access the Software License Types configuration page,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Software License Types under Software block. The list of default license types filtered by the manufacturer is displayed.

- Individual: License type for single installation
- OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturers): License type for software that is already installed in the hardware.
- Named User License: License Type for a specific user.
- Volume: License Type supporting multiple users.
- Client Access License (CAL): License type that gives a user the rights to access the services of the server.
- Trial License: License Type for trial versions of software.
- Enterprise (Perpetual): License Type that does not require renewal and is for life long.
- Concurrent License: License Type for software that can be accessed by a specific number of users at a time.
- Free License: License Type for freeware software.
- Enterprise Subscription: License Type that requires renewal for every specific period.
- Node Locked: License Type for workstations with specific configurations.

Apart from the default license types available in the application, you can add, edit and delete Software License Types.

Adding New License Type

1. Click Add New License Type link.
2. Enter the License Type say Volume, Enterprise, Standard and so on. In general, each manufacturer depicts their license types uniquely and so the license type needs to be specified accordingly to the manufacturer. This field is mandatory.
3. Select the software Manufacturer from the drop down. If required, you can also add a new manufacturer using the Add New Manufacturer icon.
4. The software license can be tracked by workstations or users.

- Workstations : The license is allocated to the workstation.
- User: The license is allocated to the workstation as well as the user.

Select the corresponding option from Track By drop down.
5. Choose any one option from Installation allowed drop down.
   - Single: Similar to Individual license, only one installation is allowed for this license type.
   - Volume: Multiple installation(s) is allowed for this license type.
   - Unlimited: Unlimited installation(s) is allowed for this license type.
   - OEM (Original Equipment Manufacturers): The software license is attached to the hardware i.e. hardware say, laptops for which the software is installed. The software cannot be transferred to another workstation and the license expires once the workstation is moved to Disposed state.

6. If you have selected Workstation as the Track By option, the Is Node Locked option appears. This option can be enabled for workstation with specific configurations. Enabling this option automatically changes the Installation Allowed field to Single.

7. If you have selected Users, the Users Allowed field appears. From this field you can select the number of users who can access the software, say, Single, Volume (multiple) or Unlimited.

8. If the software is one time installation and does not require a renewal, enabled Is Perpetual check box.

9. If the software is freeware with unlimited installations and no expiry date, enable Is Free License check box.

10. Few software license types can be divided into sub license types say for instance, with Client Access License (CAL) you can purchase license for every user who access the server (Per User) or license for every device that accesses the server (Per Device).

   Enter the License Option and click Add to add it in the pick list field. You also have an option to delete the License Option from the pick list field. Select the license option and click the delete icon 

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**Editing License Type**

1. From the Software - License Types page, click on the Edit icon beside the License Type you wish to edit.

2. The Software - License Types page opens with the values populated while adding the License Type.

3. Modify the required details and Save the changes.

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**Deleting License Type**

1. From the Software - License Types page, select the Manufacturer from the Filter drop down.

2. Select the check box beside the license type to be deleted.

3. Click Delete button. A dialog box confirming the delete operation appears.

4. Click OK to continue. The Software - License Type is deleted from the selected manufacturer list.
License Agreement- Additional Fields

If you require any further additional information while adding the software license agreement details, apart from the pre-set fields in the license agreement form you can configure them under License Agreement - Additional Fields. You can add text fields, numeric fields, date type fields and Cost fields as the additional fields in the form.

To add license - additional fields,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configuration wizard page.
2. Click Agreement - Additional Fields under the Software block. The License Agreement Additional page opens to view the following tabs namely, Text, Numeric, Date/Time and Cost. You can add up to twelve text and cost fields, and four numeric and date/time fields.

Configuring Additional Text fields

1. By default, the Text tab is selected. Specify the Label for the Additional field.
2. Specify any relevant information about the additional field in the Description text field.
3. Select the Type of the text field by enabling the radio button. It can be either Single-Line, Multi-Line or Pick List (drop down list).
4. You can also specify default values to be pre-filled in the license agreement form.
5. Save the settings.

Configuring Additional Numeric fields

1. Click the Numeric tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text field.
4. Save the settings.

Configuring Additional Date/Time fields

1. Click the Date/Time tab.
2. Specify the Label for the additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional fields in the Description text fields.
4. Click Save to save the settings.

Configuring Cost fields

1. Click the Cost tab.
2. Specify the Label for the Additional field.
3. Specify any relevant information about the additional field in the Description text field.
4. You have two cost type fields, Add cost (for cost addition) and Subtract cost (for cost subtraction). Click the corresponding radio button to select the cost fields and also specify the Default values to be pre-filled in the license agreement form.
5. Save the settings.

These additional fields will appear while adding the license agreement details. To delete a user-defined fields, instead of adding the label names, delete the existing label names you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click Save. The fields are automatically removed from the License Agreement form.
Importing License From CSV

Adding license information for each and every software scanned in ServiceDesk Plus application is tedious and endless. Hence with the easy-to-use CSV import option, you can import software license information from your existing database or even from other applications. The License Key is a pivotal identifier to add or update the software license(s). So the license key should be unique to avoid overwriting with the existing ones.

To import contacts from CSV file,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane to open the configurations wizard page.
2. Click Import License from CSV under the Software block.

Step 1: Locate CSV file

1. Click Browse button to select the CSV file.
2. On locating the CSV file from the file chooser window, click Open. The path to the file appears automatically in Locate CSV file field.
3. Click Submit.

Step 2: Customize Mapping

1. Map the application software license fields with the field names from the CSV file. If there are any additional fields configured under License - Additional Fields, the same appears in the customized mapping form.
2. Click **Import** button. The software license details from the CSV file is imported.

3. Once the import is complete, the data on the total number of license, the number of license imported and the number of failed to import license is displayed.

![Step 2: Customize Mapping](image)

**Warning** If there are any failure records while importing software license(s), don't re-import the same CSV file. Instead download the FailedLicensesList.csv from the Imported Result page and correct the errors on comparing with ErrorList.txt file. The Error List file shows the failed software license records along with the corresponding error message. This is to avoid duplication of the software license(s).
Purchase/Contract Configurations

You need to configure the purchase/contract configurations before creating a Purchase Order and Contract.

The Purchase/Contract Configurations are,

- **Purchase - Additional Fields**
  Require Additional Fields while creating a Purchase Order? This configuration provides option to add text, numeric, date/time and cost fields.

- **Purchase Default Values**
  Set default values to be populated in the New Purchase Order form.

- **Cost Center**
  The Business Units are budgeted and tracked for the cost, income and allocation.

- **GL Code**
  Add General Ledger Codes that can be associated with the Purchase Order.

- **Currency**
  Add Currencies that can be associated with the Purchase Order.

- **Contract Additional Fields**
  Require Additional Fields while creating a contract? This configuration provides option to add text, numeric and date/time.

- **Notification Rules**
  Notify Technicians of an Overdue Purchase Order or when the lease period of the asset is about to expire.
Purchase Order Additional Fields

You can configure purchase additional fields that need to appear in the new purchase order form.

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Purchase/Contracts management block, click Purchase - Additional Fields. This opens the Purchase - Additional Fields page. You can add four types of fields in the form: text, numeric, date/time and cost.

4. To add the text fields, enter the label name in the form fields below the Label heading. If required, enter the description for the field.
5. You can choose the type of text field that you wish to add by selecting the radio buttons.

- Single-line text field: Allows you to add just a text field in the new purchase order form.
- Multi-line text field: Allows you to add a text box where a lengthy description can be added in the new purchase order form.
- Pick List: Allows you to add a combo box in the new purchase order form. Contents of the combo box can be added by specifying it in the text field and adding it to the list. This gives you an option to select from the list. In all the three cases, you can add default values for the text field in the space provided for the field.

6. To add numeric fields, click the Numeric tab and then enter the label name in the form fields provided for the same.
7. To add date/time fields, click the Date/Time tab and enter the required details.
8. To add the cost field, click the Cost tab. You have two cost type fields, Add cost (for cost addition) and Subtract cost (for cost subtraction). Click the corresponding radio button to select the cost fields.
9. Click Save. A message for successful creation of the fields is displayed.

These fields (except for cost) appear under the General Information in the New Purchase Order form. To delete the user-defined fields, in step 4 through 7, instead of adding the label names, delete the label names that you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click Save. The respective fields that you deleted will be removed from the New Purchase form.
Purchase Default Values

With this option, you can set the default values to be populated in the New Purchase Order form. You can set default values for fields such as tax rate, the billing and shipping address, the purchase order terms and conditions and so on. Thereby, making it feasible to add and create a Purchase Order instantly.

Also, from this option, you can set the mandatory fields to be filled in before closing a PO. These fields are the additional fields configured under Purchase Additional Fields.

To access the purchase default value configuration page,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. In the Purchase/Contracts block, click Purchase - Default Values. This opens the Purchase Default Values page.

Configuring Purchase Default Values

- Default Currency: The default currency to be displayed in all the purchase orders (PO) generated and in places where money is being used. Say, USD, $
- Default Tax Rate (%): Tax rate used for calculating the sales tax in all the POs generated. You can provide different tax rates to a specific PO by entering the new rate while creating the PO.
- Signing Authority: Signing Authority's name.
- Tax Shipping: Enable the check box for additional tax in shipping of the items.
- Billing Address: Select the default Site to which the PO items need to be shipped.
- Cost Center: Default cost center to be displayed.
- Approver(s): Approvers for the purchase order. The approvers can be the users or technicians in your organization.
- PO Owner as Approver: Enable the check box if you wish to add the PO owner as the approver.
- Multi Approval: If there are more than one approvers, on enabling multi approval check box, the PO is approved only if all the approvers approve the PO. The PO is rejected even if one of the approvers rejects the PO.
- Terms and Remarks: Terms and remarks while making the purchase.
- PO# Start From: Customize the PO number.

Mandatory fields for closing PO

The fields listed in this block are the PO additional fields configured in the application. Enable the check box beside the field that should be filled in before closing the PO. Click Save to save the settings.
General Ledger Code (GL Code)

You can add all the general ledger codes using this option. A general ledger account will have a specific code for all transactions in the organization. On specifying the GL code you will be able to track the necessary information for a specific transaction.

Say, if you like to know all your company’s IT purchases for the November month 2007, then you can specify the GL code for IT purchases in November 2007 and get the details.

To access the GL Code configuration,

1. Click on the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. In the Purchase/Contracts Management block, click GL Code. The GL Code list view page opens where you can add, edit and delete a GL Code.

Add GL Code

1. Click the New GL Code link. The GL Code form has two fields namely, GL Code and Description.
2. Enter the GL Code. This field is mandatory.
3. Specify any relevant information about the GL Code in the Description field.
4. Click the Add GL Code button. The GL Code is added to the List View.

Edit GL Code

1. Click the Edit icon beside the GL code to modify. The details while adding the GL Code is populated in the edit form.
2. Modify the required details in the fields.
3. Click Update GL Code button.

Delete GL Code

1. Click the Delete icon beside the GL code to delete. A confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The cost center is deleted from the list.
Cost Center

Individual department or a group of department makes a Cost center. These cost centers are budgeted and tracked for the cost, income and allocation. These cost centers will be associated with the purchase order while making a new purchase in your organization.

To access the Cost Center configuration,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Cost Center under the Purchase/Contract Management block. The Cost Center List view page opens where you can add, edit and delete a cost center.

Add Cost Center

1. Click the New Cost Center link. The Cost Center form has four mandatory fields namely, Cost Center Code, Name and Owner.
2. Specify the code for the cost center in Cost Center Code field.
3. Specify the Name of the cost center.
4. The departments configured in ServiceDesk Plus application is listed under Departments. Select the Department from the available list.
5. Specify the Owner of the cost center. The owner is generally the department head and employee of the organization.
6. If required, enter relevant information about the cost center in the Description field.
7. Click Add Cost Center button. The cost center is added to the List View.

Edit Cost Center

1. Click the Edit icon beside the cost center you wish to modify. The details while adding the cost center is populated in the edit form.
2. Modify the required details in the fields.
3. Click Update Cost Center button.

Delete Cost Center

1. Click the Delete icon beside the cost center to be deleted. A confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The cost center is deleted from the list.
Currency

Different currencies used while procuring assets/services from different vendors can be added under the currencies list. ServiceDesk Plus supports all currencies out of which the ones you'll be using can be selected and added.

Two benefits of configuring a currency list:

- **Currencies added** can be associated with the **vendors** as they are added to the application
- Purchase orders will list the **respective currency being used by the vendor** (upon vendor selection) along with its **exchange rate with respect to base currency** when the purchase order is being created

**Note:** Default currency used by you - known as **base currency** - cannot be **deleted**.

To access currency option,

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Currency under the **Purchase/Contract Management** block. The Currency page opens where you can add, edit and delete currencies

**Add Currency**

1. Click the **Add New Currency** link.
2. **Add New Currency** pop-up box opens up. It has the **following options**:
   - **Currency** dropdown
   - **Currency Symbol** box
   - **Exchange Rate**
3. Select the currency to be added using the Currency dropdown
4. Specify the Currency Symbol in the currency symbol box
5. Specify the exchange rate of the currency being added
6. Click **Save**

**Edit Currency**

1. Click the Edit icon 📝 beside the currency you wish to modify. Added currency will change to editable mode.
2. Edit details as per your requirements
3. Click **Save** button.

**Delete Currency**

1. Click the Delete icon ❌ beside the currency to be deleted. A confirmation dialog appears.
2. Click OK to proceed. The currency will be deleted from the list.
Contract Additional Fields

You can configure contract additional fields that need to appear in the new contract form.

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the Purchase/Contracts Management block, click Contract - Additional Fields. This opens the Contract - Additional Fields page. You can add three types of fields in the form: text, numeric and date/time.
4. To add the text fields, enter the label name in the form fields below the Label heading. If required, enter the description for the field.
5. You can choose the type of text field that you wish to add by selecting the radio buttons.
   • Single-line text field: Allows you to add just a text field in the new contract form.
   • Multi-line text field: Allows you to add a text box where a lengthy description can be added in the new contract form.
   • Pick List: Allows you to add a combo box in the new contract form. Contents of the combo box can be added by specifying it in the text field and adding it to the list. This gives you an option to select from the list. In all the three cases, you can add default values for the text field in the space provided for the field.

   To add items for the pick list, enter the value in the text field and click Add Item. To select the default selected value of the list, click on the value in the list.

6. To add numeric fields, click the Numeric tab and then enter the label name in the form fields provided for the same.
7. To add date/time fields, click the Date/Time tab and enter the required details.
8. Click Save. A message for successful creation of the fields is displayed.

These fields appear under the Additional Contract details in the New Contract form. To delete the user-defined fields, in step 4 through 7, instead of adding the label names, delete the label names that you wish to remove from the fields of the form and click Save. The respective fields that you deleted will be removed from the New Contract form.
Notification Rules

Notification Rules are helpful when an event has to be notified to the technicians. Say, when Purchase order is overdue or Audit changes during discovery or Software under Compliance during discovery or when prohibited software is identified during discovery.

When the above-mentioned situations are managed suitably, it not only helps technicians in efficient management of the assets but also brings in cost savings to the organization.

Enabling Notification Rules

1. Click the Admin tab in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
3. To set the notification rules select the relevant notification rules by enabling the check box. These notification rules are self-explanatory.
4. Except for Purchase order Overdue, You can assign technicians to notify of the fault for all the other notification rules.
5. To assign technician select Choose button, this brings up the Choose Technician Name page.
6. Select as many as technicians from the list using ctrl or shift keys.
7. Click OK button to save. You can see the selected technicians displayed in the choose technicians grayed out field.
8. Click Save button to save the set notification rules. The notification to the administrator or to the technicians will be generally sent through email.

Customize Message Template

You have default message template for Contract notification. To customize email templates as per your requirement,

1. Under Customize Message Template, click Edit Template link.
2. You can change the Subject and the Message content by typing the text of your choice and also adding other variables that you wish to display as a part of the subject or message content.
3. To add more variables, just click the corresponding variable from the list box beside the respective field.
4. Click Save.
User Survey

You can easily configure the customer satisfaction survey to collect information on various key parameters that you would like to measure about the support team and the response quality. You can define your own survey and the reports will be generated based on the survey that you have defined. You can also set the frequency of conducting the survey.

The various survey related configurations that you can perform are

1. Configuring Survey Settings
2. Defining a Survey

Apart from the above you can also do the following survey related actions:

1. Sending Survey for a Request
2. Viewing the Survey Results

Once you have completed configuring and defining the survey, you can have a look at the preview of the survey by clicking the Survey Preview link on the left menu or the Survey Preview icon in the Admin tab.

To access the user survey related configurations

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your User Name and Password.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane. Look for the User Survey block to access the user survey related configurations.
Survey Settings

Survey settings enable you to configure the values for welcome message, survey success or failure message, and thank you message. You can also choose to enable or disable a survey. If you enable a survey you can also schedule the periodicity of conducting the survey.

To configure the survey settings

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application with the **user name** and **password** of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the **Admin** tab in the header pane.
3. In the User Survey block, click **Survey Settings**. The Survey Settings page is displayed.
4. To enable the survey, select the check box Enable User Survey.

5. Under the Survey Details block, enter the Welcome Message, which you wish to display as soon as the user reaches the survey page or when the user is taking the survey.
6. Email Content: Specify the purpose of the email in the Email Content text field. This content will be displayed in the mail sent to the requesters. $RequesterName & $SurveyLink are variables which changes based on the requester & application URL.
7. Success Message: Enter the message that will be displayed once the survey has been successfully answered and submitted by the user.
8. Failure Message: When the survey is taken by a person who has already submitted the answers for the survey, then you will have to display a failure message. You can enter the same in the Failure Message text area.
9. Thanks Message: Enter the thanks message. This message will be displayed just before the submit button in the survey form.
10. To schedule the survey, in the Schedule Survey block, choose the radio button that you wish to set as a criteria for sending the survey. The options are,

- A request is closed: For closing every one request a survey mail will be sent
- Requests are closed: Specify the number of requests to be closed of all the available requests in the text box. Once the specified number of requests is closed a survey mail will be sent.
- Requests from a requester are closed: Specify the number of requests to be closed for a requester in the text box. Once the specified number is reached a survey mail is sent to the requester. This text box can take only integer values as input.

- **Enable Exceptions:** Survey can be prevented from sending to certain users.
  - **Disable survey when technicians are the requesters:** Enable this option to prevent technicians from receiving surveys when they are the requesters.
Exclude survey when any of the following rule is matched: A maximum of ten rules can be set and six criteria such as Priority, Mode, Level, Site, Requester name and Email Id can be added under each rule. When any one of the rule is matched, the survey will not be sent to that particular user.

Click **New rule** to add new rules and **Delete** to delete the particular rule.

Note: Once a rule is matched, the subsequent rules in the list will not be checked. Hence prioritizing the rules based on its importance will ensure that the selected users are not missed out from receiving the survey.

- Click **Save** to save the survey settings. Click **Reset** to clear all the rules and settings added and revert back to previous saved state.
Define Survey

You can define your own survey by adding your own questions and satisfaction levels that will suit the needs of your organization and users.

To define your survey,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. In the User Survey block, click the Define Survey. Here you can add, edit, or delete your survey questions and satisfaction levels.

Add Survey Questions

To add a survey question

1. Click the + Add Question button available in the Questions tab in the Define Survey page.
2. In the Question pop-up window, type your question in the text area provided.
3. Click Save. The question will get added in the Define Survey Questions tab.

You can add any number of questions to the survey by following the above steps. As you keep adding questions it will get appended at the end of the list of questions. You can change the order of the questions by clicking the Move Up and Move Down link that is available beside each question.

Edit a Survey Question

To edit the survey question

1. In the Questions tab, click the Edit link beside the question that you wish to edit.
2. In the Question pop-up window, edit the question displayed in the text area.
3. Click Save. The Define Survey page is refreshed to display the modifications made.

Delete a Survey Question

1. In the Questions tab, click Delete link beside the question that you wish to delete. A confirmation dialog pops up.
2. Click OK to delete the question.

Note: If you delete a question from a survey, then it will have an impact on the survey results that have been collected previously.

Add Satisfaction Levels

To add satisfaction levels that will be displayed as choices for each of the survey questions

1. Click the Satisfaction Levels tab in the Define Survey page.
2. Click + Add Level button.
3. In the satisfaction level pop-up window, enter the satisfaction level in the text area provided.
4. Click Save. The satisfaction level is added and the Define Survey page is refreshed to display the added satisfaction level.

You can add any number of satisfaction level to the survey by following the above steps. As you keep adding the levels it will get appended at the end of the list of already added levels. You can change the order of the same by clicking the Move Up and Move Down link that is available beside each question.
Satisfaction levels scale from good to bad, good at the top bad at the bottom. Moving up or down changes the satisfaction levels.

Edit a Satisfaction Level

To edit a Satisfaction level:

1. In the Satisfaction Levels tab, click the Edit link beside the satisfaction level that you wish to edit.
2. In the satisfaction level pop-up window, edit the satisfaction level displayed in the text area.
3. Click Save. The Define Survey page is refreshed to display the modifications made.

Delete a Satisfaction Level

1. In the Satisfaction Levels tab, click the Delete link beside the satisfaction level that you wish to delete. A confirmation dialog pops up.
2. Click OK to delete the satisfaction level.

**Note:** If you delete a satisfaction level from a survey or change its order, then it will have an impact on the survey results that have been collected previously.

Survey Translate

If you have purchased the license along with multi language, then the Survey Translate tab appears. The survey can be displayed in various languages supported by ServiceDesk Plus to users located in various locations.

Add New Translation

To add new translation,

1. In the Define Survey page, click on Survey Translate tab.
3. Select the Survey Language from the drop down list. The languages supported by ServiceDesk Plus is displayed. The language for which a translation is added does not appear again in the Survey Language drop down list.
4. Enter the Survey Questions in the language selected in Survey language drop down list.
5. Similarly, specify the Satisfactory Levels and Messages in the respective fields.
6. Click Save to save the new translation in the list view. By default, while adding a new translation the language is enabled. To disable the language, select the check box beside the language to be disabled and click Disable button.

The survey form for the requester consists of Display Language drop down listing all the enabled languages configured under Survey Translate tab. Select the language to view the survey.

Edit a Translation

While editing a translation, the Survey Language cannot be modified.

1. In the Translate Language page, click the Edit icon beside the language you wish to edit. The New Translation form appears.
2. The Survey Language is in non-editable text. Modify the details in Survey Question, Satisfactory Levels and Messages.
3. Click Update to save the changes.
Delete a translation

1. In the Translation Language page, select the check box beside the language you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete button. A confirmation box appears. Click OK to continue. The translated language is deleted from the list.
Send a Survey

If survey is enabled under survey settings, then a Technician or the ServiceDesk Plus Administrator can manually send surveys to Requesters, once the Requests created by them are closed.

**Note:** The following conditions need to be true for the **Send Survey for this Request** link to be visible:
1. You should have logged in as Either a Technician or an Administrator.
2. The Request you choose to send survey must be **closed**.
3. The User Survey should have been enabled under "**Admin >> User Survey >> Survey Settings**".

Steps to Send Survey

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password or that of the ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Requests tab.
3. From the Request list view, click the **Title** of a Request with the **closed** status, for which you wish to send the survey. The Request details page is displayed.
4. Click the **Send Survey for this Request** link available under the Actions drop down. A success message is displayed and the survey will be sent as a mail with an URL to access the survey, to the Requester who created the Request.
View Survey Results

Once the requester completes the survey, the administrator and the requester who took the survey can view the survey results.

To view the survey results:

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of a ServiceDesk Plus administrator.
2. Click the Requests tab.
3. In the Requests list view select the Closed Requests or My Closed Requests filter.
4. Click the request Title for which you wish to see the survey results.
5. Click View Survey Results link available under the Tasks block. The survey results open in a pop-up window.
6. Once you have viewed the results, click the Close button.

You can view the survey results filled in by the requester from this page. A survey is defined and a survey mail is sent to the requester. By sending the survey mail you ask the requester to answer the survey questions to improve the service provided by the technicians. The survey results answered by the requesters will be listed under this section.

**Note:**
1. The View Survey Results link appears only if the requester has completed taking the survey. Else this link will not be present.
2. Once the survey is submitted, the responses cannot be changed.
General Settings

General Settings configurations are,

- **Self Service Portal**

  Select fields to be displayed in the self-service portal of the end-user login.

- **Backup Scheduling**

  Schedule a backup of all your files and attachments at regular intervals.

- **Data Archiving**

  Boost the performance of your help desk by archiving closed/resolved requests.

- **Integrating ServiceDesk Plus with Other ME products**

  Automate desktop management activities like installing software, patches and service packs in your Windows environment from a single point.

- **Translations**

  Personalize ServiceDesk Plus by modifying any text displayed in the web interface to suit your organization needs.
Custom Schedules

The Custom Schedules feature enables you to access any data in ServiceDesk Plus to perform customized actions periodically. You can even synchronize ServiceDesk Plus data with other third-party applications to perform various actions, such as send mailer campaigns to requesters at regular intervals.

Scheduling a custom action

Custom Schedules performs actions specified in a customized script file automatically at specified intervals. Each custom schedule can associate Query Reports as arguments to the script file. This enables access to the required data in ServiceDesk Plus through queries. Each time the schedule executes an action, the associated Query Reports are generated. The results of each report are saved in an individual JSON file in the [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_schedule_reports/ directory. The file paths of the reports are sent to the script file as arguments, which the script can use to open the file and access the data.

Configuring Custom Schedules

Custom Schedules are available under the Admin tab in the General Settings area. When you click Custom Schedules, its configuration page will be displayed as follows:

On the configuration page, you can set up a new schedule, modify an existing schedule, remove a schedule, and activate or deactivate a schedule. The latest output for each of the actions can be seen in the Result column.

To set up a schedule, click the New button and fill out the fields as shown in the following screenshot:
Input Arguments

Up to three query reports can be associated as arguments to a custom schedule. When the schedule runs, the associated query reports are generated and the results of each report are saved in an individual JSON file in the [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_schedule_reports/ directory. The result JSON is an array of JSON objects, one JSON object for each row. Each JSON object has column names as the keys and corresponding data as the values.

For example, let’s take the **SLA Violated Requests by High Priority** report. If you assume the query gives the following result:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RequestID</th>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Technician</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Unable to fetch mails</td>
<td>Heather Graham</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Cannot connect to MSSQL server</td>
<td>Shawn Adams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The result JSON will have the following format:

```json
[
  {
    "Request ID":"47",
    "Subject":"Unable to fetch mails",
    "Technician":"Heather Graham"
  },
  {
    "Request ID":"12",
    "Subject":"Cannot connect to MSSQL server",
    "Technician":"Shawn Adams"
  }
]
```
Use cases for Custom Schedules

You can use Custom Schedules to periodically:

1. Reopen "Onhold" requests in bulk after a specific time interval or when a specific criterion is met.
2. Send custom email or SMS notifications for requests that match specific criteria.
3. Schedule mailer campaigns with requesters list as input arguments.
4. Check and update asset data from other asset management tools.
5. Send notifications when certain changes occur to assets.
6. Send Slack notifications for Tasks.
7. Integrate with other knowledge base tools.

Related Documents

FAQ | Request Custom Menu | Custom Triggers | Change Custom Triggers

Support

If you have any questions about Custom Schedules, please post it in our community forum.

Did you create something amazing with Custom Schedules? Post your success story on our resources forum.
Custom Schedules: Frequently asked questions

1. **Does the result JSON file for the Query Reports always gets created? I can't find it in the [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_schedule_reports/ folder**

Yes, separate files will be created for each of the Query Report passed as an argument to the script. However, after the script is executed, the file is deleted.

2. **According to instructions, the result JSON file should be in the in the [SDP_Home]/integration/custom_schedule_reports/ folder. But that folder never gets made in that location.**

The problem could be a privilege issue. Please ensure to provide sufficient permissions to create a file in the mentioned location.

3. **Where can I find the history of custom schedules executions?**

Whenever the schedule executes an action, the results of the associated reports and the script are logged in the System Log Viewer.

4. **What happens if I delete a custom schedule in the middle of its execution?**

The schedule will execute the script file to its completion even if the schedule is deleted in the middle of its execution.

5. **How can I access the data in result json file?**

The file paths of the Query Reports are sent in order of their association. The script file should open the file and access the data in it. Check the sample python script to learn about accessing the result JSON.

6. **What does the Result column display?**

The Result column displays the output given by the script.

7. **What structure should the output of a script have?**
The output returned by the script is used to display in the Result column or must be logged in the System Log Viewer. The script can return any output or not return anything at all.

8. The message in the Result column says, "Cannot run program 'py". What does it mean?

It means Python is not installed in the server.

- Install Python in the ServiceDesk Plus server.
- Make sure the path for Python is set in the Environment Variables of your server.
Configuring Self Service Portal Settings

**Self-Service Portal Settings** allows you to select fields to display in the Self-Service Portal. The Self Service Portal Settings also includes options to select the display language, customize the start day of the week in your calendar, enable Remote Control access for all workstations, customize the login and header images and much more.

To access the Self-Service Portal Settings Configuration Wizard:

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. Click Self Service PortalSettings under the GeneralSettings block.
Self Service Portal Settings

Self Service Portal Customization
- Show technical assistance as a part of Requesters list, while creating a new request? [Yes] [No]
- Allow requesters to associate requests with projects? [Yes] [No]
- Allow requesters to re-open their own requests through web portal? [Yes] [No]
- Allow requesters to close their own resolved requests? [Yes] [No]
- Open unhandled requests upon requesters reply? [Yes] [No]

When the requester replies through e-mail or Portal to the closed requests, perform the following:
- [Yes] [No] Reopen the request always.
- [Yes] [No] Reopen the same request within 10 days from closed time. Else create a new request.
- [Yes] [No] Append the reply as conversation to the request and notify technician.
- [Yes] [No] Create as a new request.

Disable default request template for requesters [Yes] [No]
Requesters are allowed to:
- [Yes] [No] Edit their profile.
- [Yes] [No] View their profile.

Allow Requesters to Edit:
- [Yes] [No] Incident Requests
- [Yes] [No] Service Requests

Show Suggestions to requesters while creating new Incident Request? [Yes] [No]
Status change comment mandatory for request? [Yes] [No]
Include non-operational hours to time stamp, while adding a new working day? [Yes] [No]
Show assets associated to requester stored in Self Service Portal [Yes] [No]

The administrator could configure whether to show all assets or just Her assets alone in the Add Request form of the Self Service Portal. If the “Show assets associated to requester alone” check box is checked, only those assets which have been associated to the requester will be shown in the Add Request form of the Self Service Portal, else all the assets will be shown.

Approval Settings

Show Request Approval Tabs to requesters [Yes] [No]
Choose restriction type to be made while sending request approval mails:
- [Yes] [No] Anyone can approve
- [Yes] [No] System users only can approve
- [Yes] [No] Service Requested approvers only can approve

Allow approval actions from logged-in users only [Yes] [No]
Allow Self Approval of Requests (Note that self approval includes Requester, On behalf of User and Logged in User) [Yes] [No]

- While a request is waiting for approval, ask the timer and set request status to (on hold) [Yes] [No]
- Send Reminder notification to approve if approval action is not taken for more than 10 operational days at 2.30 daily.
- Stop sending reminder notifications after 3 reminders.

Click here to customize the Approval Reminder mail notification.

Several Settings

Currency:
- US Dollar: USD

Select the language in which the application should be displayed by default:
- Browser default

Start day of the week:
- Sunday

Show the site details in the request details page? [Yes] [No]
Combine incident and service templates for the service? [Yes] [No]
Allow dynamic user addition when the user is not imported in the application? [Yes] [No]
Provide login access to users created through e-mail requests? [Yes] [No]
Omit user information based on e-mail ID? [Yes] [No]
Allow users to login based on Local Authentication? [Yes] [No]
Process emails received from new email addresses? [Yes] [No]
Show Quick Create section for technicians? [Yes] [No]
Set requesters asset automatically for requests created through e-mail? [Yes] [No]
Can Technician approve request his own solution? [Yes] [No]
Do you wish to hide solutions list from Requester? [Yes] [No]
Enable Remote Control access for all workstations? [Yes] [No]
Allow Requester(s) to access Mobile Application? [Yes] [No]
Enable Automatic Generation of API Key? [Yes] [No]
Enable new login users to view solutions? [Yes] [No]
Enable Domain Filtering during login? [Yes] [No]

(Yes) Remove system generated notifications for the disassociation request with completed date before 6 months
disable[On]

Configure an alias URL which will be exposed to the external world:
http://west.2500.608.com
To check, Open alias URL in a new browser

Assign backup technician(s) Assign technician to requests based on:

Maximum attachment size (MB): 10

Configure a path for saving the attachments:
C:\Temp\UnattachedAttachments

Note: Default path will be used for saving the attachments, if no specific path is given.
Default Currency

Specify the default currency in the given text field. This unit will be used in all the places where cost calculation is done. The default currency specified is $.

Display Language

ServiceDesk Plus supports different languages as part of the application. You can choose default language of your choice to be displayed in the application. To select the language of your choice, Click Browser default combo box. Select the language of your choice from the list.

Calendar Customization

You can customize the calendar view by selecting the start day of the week from the drop-down. The selected day will be considered as the starting day of the week in all the calendar views.

My Reminder(s)

If you wish to show all your tasks as reminders to the requesters then select 'Yes' radio button else select 'No' option. The reminders will be shown in the home page.

Requester List

1. While entering the requester name in the new request form, the list of all available requesters will be automatically listed. If you wish to list the technicians name along with the requesters name then select Yes radio button.
2. You can allow requesters to Reopen their closed or resolved requests from the Self-Service Portal. Click Yes radio button to enable this option. When the status of the request is moved to Closed or Resolved, a Reopen tab is displayed in the request details page.
3. You can also allow requesters to Close their requests from the Self-Service Portal. Click Yes radio button to enable this option. When the status of the request is moved to Resolved, a Close tab is displayed in the request details page.

Request Feature List

Includes options to change the status of requests to Open when requesters reply to On Hold requests, actions to perform when requesters reply to closed requests, stop timer for requests awaiting approval and option to show site details in the request details page.

1. If you wish to change the request status to Open when a requester replies to an On Hold request, click 'Yes' radio button.
2. Select the following options when a requester replies to a Closed request:
   - The request is reopened always.
   - If the requester replies within the specified number of days from the closed time, the request is reopened. Else, the reply is created as a new request.
   - The reply is appended as a conversation and notified to the technician. The status of the request
remains unchanged.
  ○ The reply is created as a new request.

3. In most cases, when a request is sent for approval to the concerned authority, the help desk team may not be held responsible for the delay in approval process. In order to minimize the SLA violations by the helpdesk team, you can stop the timer for requests with status as pending approval. Select the check box to avail this option. You can also select the request status from the drop-down box.
   1. The Status with Type as In Progress and with Stop Timer enabled is listed in the drop-down box.
   2. The Stop Timer is automatically disabled once the decision of the concerned authority is recorded.
   3. The Stop Timer is applicable for incident as well as service requests.
   4. In case of incident requests, first the Business Rules is applied and the status set by the Business Rule is overridden with the status set for Stop Timer.
   5. When Stop Timer is enabled, the option to open the on hold requests on requesters reply will not be applied.

4. When a request is submitted for approval, the requesters would be interested to know the progress and status of their requests. For such cases, you can show the approval details to the requesters. The Approvals tab would show information such as the approver's e-mail address, the date when the request was submitted for approval, the status of the request (whether the request is approved, pending approval or denied), the date when the concerned authority recorded their decision and the comments provided by them. The Approvals Tab is shown to the requester who has initiated the request and to the requester who can approve requests. Select Show Approval Tab to requester check box to avail this option.

5. If you wish to view the Site details such as, site name, address and contact information from the request details page, click 'Yes' radio button. A View Site details icon appears beside the site parameter in the request details page to view the site details. To remove the View Site details icon from the request details page, click 'No' radio button.

6. You can Combine the Incident and Service Templates configured in the application. Click Yes radio button to enable this option. The Incident and Service Templates will be grouped according to specific categories and listed under New Request drop-down menu.

7. By default, the default request template is shown to the requester. If you do not want the requester to view the default request template, then click Yes radio button for Disable default request template for requesters option.

8. When a new incident request is created by the requester, automatic suggestion of solutions and announcements related to the particular request can be done. To auto-suggest the solutions, select Yes radio button for Show suggestions to requesters while creating new incident request in the Admin>>General>>Self-Service Portal Settings. By default, when a requester creates a new request, solutions are auto-suggested based on the keywords entered in category, sub-category, Item and Subject. When add request option is clicked, the words entered in description field will also be taken into account for auto-suggesting the solutions and announcements. The administrator can configure the fields to be considered for auto-suggesting the solutions and announcements by entering the following query: To disable considering category, sub-category and Item fields for auto-suggest:[update globalconfig set paramvalue='false' where category='ShowSuggestionsToRequesters' and parameter='CSI_include'] To disable considering description fields for auto-suggest:[update globalconfig set paramvalue='false' where category='ShowSuggestionsToRequesters' and parameter='Description_include']
Dynamic User Addition

By default, when a user is not imported into the application but imported through Active Directory, then the user can login to the application using the AD credentials. This will automatically provide login access to the application. If you do not wish to provide dynamic user addition when the user is not imported into the application then enable the 'No' radio button.

User Login Addition

By default, if a mail fetched by the ServiceDesk Plus application has a requester name and email ID that is not available in the requester or technician list already, then the name is automatically added in the requester list and the login name and password is created. The first part of the e-mail ID is set as the name and the entire e-mail ID is set as login name and password. The requester can log in to the self-service portal and change his/her password. If you do not wish to provide login access to users created through email requests then enable the 'No' radio button.

Override User based on Email ID

While importing users using Active Directory, CSV and LDAP, the existing user information is overwritten based on two criteria - The first criteria is based on the username and Domain, and the second criteria is based on email id. If you do not wish to override user information based on email id then enable 'No' radio button else enable 'Yes'.

Enable Local Authentication Login

On enabling Active Directory, if you wish to allow users to login to the application using the password configured in ServiceDesk Plus then enable 'Yes'. The user should select Local Authentication from the Log on to drop down list in the Login screen. If you wish to allow users to login to the application using the system password then enable 'No' option.

Email from New User

Using this option, you can prevent mails, from a new email address to be fetched into the application. To block mails from the email address that is unavailable in ServiceDesk Plus database, click 'No' radio button. The mails are discarded and will not be logged in as a new request or appended as a conversation in the application. To process mails from a new email address, click 'Yes' radio button.

Quick Create Settings

If you wish to show the quick create section to the technicians in the home page, then enable the 'Yes' radio button else select the 'No' button.
Auto Assign Asset

In ServiceDesk Plus, you can assign multiple workstations to a requester. So while creating a request through email, by default, the first workstation is displayed. If you do not wish to display the workstation information in the request details page, then enable 'No' radio button else enable 'Yes'.

Requester Details

You can allow requesters to view their profile in Self Service Portal by enabling View their profile check box. A My Details tab appears in the header pane where the requester can view his/her details. You can also allow your requesters to edit their profile and maintain it up-to-date in Self Service Portal. Select Edit their profile check box. By selecting this check box, View their profile option is automatically enabled but its greyed.

By default, all the workstations configured by the administrator will be listed in the new request form of the self service portal. If you want the requester to view only the workstations associated to them, then enable the check box 'Show workstation associated to requester in Self-Service Portal'.

Solutions Settings

- By default, the solution approvers can approve their own solutions rather than submitting it for approval. If you do not want the solution approvers to approve their own solution, enable 'No' radio button.
- You can allow the Requesters to view the Solutions tab by choosing "No" for the option "Do you wish to hide solutions tab from Requester?". Else if you wish to hide the Solutions tab from the Requesters, choose "Yes".

Approval Restriction

- Choose restriction type to be made while sending Request approval mails: The Administrator can choose the type of users or approvers who can approve the Approval Request. The Admin can choose from 'Anyone can Approve', 'System users only can approve' and 'Service Request approvers only can approve'.
- Allow Self Approval of Requests (Note that 'self approval' includes Requester, On-behalf-of User and Logged-in-tech). Selecting this checkbox will allow the Requester to approve his own Request. Requester here includes both On-behalf-of user and the Logged-in Technician.
- Enabling the option, 'Allow approval actions from logged-in users only' assures that only the intended users take approval actions.

Note: You can activate either 'Anyone can approve' option or 'Allow approval actions from logged-in users only' option at one time, because each of these has got different purpose.
Remote Control Access

If you want to enable Remote Control Access to all the workstations then select 'Yes' radio button else select 'No' button.

Alias URL

To provide an alternate URL
1. In the text field provided beside the http:// text, enter the URL (along with the port number if needed).
2. Click Open alias URL in a new window link just below the text field, to test if the alias URL works.

Customize ServiceDesk

You can customize the application by choosing to display your custom logo. You need to add the logo in two dimensions, one for the login page and the other for the header image that you see on the top left corner of the pages once you login. The login page image should be of the dimensions 252 px x 61 px (W x H), while the header image needs to be 166 px x 46 px.

To import the login page image:
1. Click Import image... button.
2. Click Browse button to select the image.
3. In the file chooser window, select the file that you wish to import and click Open.
4. Click Import.

The image that you just imported will be replaced instead of the login page image. Follow the same process for header image also.

Approval Reminder Notification

You can send approval reminder notifications to the approvers on their pending approvals.
1. Enable Send Reminder notification to approver... and select the number of operational days (i.e The days of inaction on a approval request, after which the reminder notification will be sent). You can also set the time to send the notification on a daily basis. Use the hours and minutes field to set the notification time.
2. Select the notification count and enable Stop sending reminder notification after -- notifications to limit the notifications that are sent to the approver. If disabled the notification will be sent daily to the approver untill the approval action is taken.
3. The content for Approval Reminder Notification can also be customized. Tap on Click here to customize the content of the mail.
The following content will be set as the notification subject and description for Approval Reminder. The token $MyPendingApproval will be replaced with link to view the pending approvals.

* Subject :

Approval reminder notification.

Message :

$FullName  $FirstName  $MiddleName  $LastName  $MyPendingApproval

Dear $FullName,

You have pending approvals which require immediate attention. Click on the link below to take necessary actions. $MyPendingApproval

- Enter a Subject.
- You can use the default content or edit and use it. Click on the name tags above the content such as $FullName, $MiddleName etc to include them. For eg, if you want to add the full name of the approver select $FullName.
- Click on $MyPendingApproval to include the link to view the pending approval.
- Click Save.

Click Save, to save the overall changes made in the settings.
Self Service Portal Customization

The Self-Service Portal can be designed and customized by the administrator to display it in a way that he/she requires the users to view it. This customization option allows the administrator to re-arrange, restore, add, delete, hide and re-size the widgets. The widgets can be positioned anywhere in the screen and can re-sized through easy drag and extend/compress. This option can be accessed by clicking on Admin>>Self-Service Portal Settings >>Customize Self-Service Portal.

- **Steps to customize Self-Service Portal**
- **Adding Widgets**
- **Setting Properties**
- **Actions on Drafts**
- **Preview the Portal**
- **Publish the customized settings**

**Steps to customize Self-Service Portal:**
Click 'Customize Self-Service Portal'. The Self Service Portal Customization window will be displayed with five options:

- **Widget:** My Request Summary, Announcements, Popular Solutions, Submit Your Request, My Approvals, Portal Usage Video & Help document are the default widgets.
- **Properties:** Upto four columns can be displayed with desired layout and background color.
- **Actions:** Drafts pertaining to design can be cleared/saved and changes can be discarded.
- **Preview:** Preview displays a wholesome view of the page before saving the desired settings.
- **Publish:** The customization done will be saved and applied and will be visible to all users.

**Adding Widgets**

- Click 'Widget'.
- Enter the widget name and its corresponding web address in the space provided and click 'Add'.
- The newly added widget(s) will be displayed in the portal and can be re-sized and positioned accordingly.
- If any default/external widget is removed, it will be displayed under removed default/external widgets. All removed default widgets and the last three removed external widgets will be listed. The removed widgets can be added back by just clicking on the widget from the removed widgets list.

**Note:**
An alert message 'Not yet published' will be displayed until the design is published.
If 'Do you wish to hide solutions tab from Requester?' is set to 'Yes', 'Popular Solutions' widget will not be available in self-service portal customization page. If 'Do you wish to hide solutions tab from
Requester?’ is set to ‘No’ and if the portal is already published or saved without the ‘Popular Solutions’ widget, then the ‘Popular Solutions’ will be available under the removed default widgets list.

### Setting Properties

- Click ‘Properties’. Choose the required number of columns and the layout style.
- The layout of the Self-Service Portal can be either “boxed” or “wide”. Wide layout occupies the whole screen width while the boxed layout will make the Self-Service Portal 1328 pixels wide.
- Choose the background color for the Self-Service Portal. On clicking each color, a preview along with the selected color will be displayed.

### Actions on Drafts

After setting the properties, Click on 'Actions' drop-down.

- **Save As Draft**: The customized design will be saved as draft but will not applied until 'Publish' is chosen.
- **Clear Draft**: The previously saved draft will be deleted and the newly published version of the Self-Service Portal will be displayed.
- **Discard Changes**: The changes applied so far will be deleted and the Self-Service Portal will be restored to its already existing state.
Note:
Administrator can save only a single draft. After publishing the draft, the saved draft will get removed from the 'Drafts'.

Preview the Portal

- Click 'Preview' to examine the customized Self-Service Portal. The preview of the Portal will be displayed.
- If 'My Approvals' widget is selected, then a version with 'Requester with Approval Permission' and a version without 'My Approvals' will be displayed alternately.
- To stop viewing the preview, click 'Close Preview'.

Publish the customized settings

- Click 'Publish' to save the customized changes and display the customized portal to all the users.
Backup Scheduling

You can configure backup scheduling to take back up of all the files at regular intervals.

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane. The configuration wizard page opens.
2. In the **General Settings** block, select Backup Scheduling.

Scheduling a Backup

1. Click Edit Scheduling link on the right hand side of the page. The Edit settings page opens.
2. Enable backup scheduling by selecting Enable radio button.
3. Select the number of days from the combo box to schedule the backup process. For every n number of days selected the backup will be taken for the available data.
4. Select the date to start the backup on invoking the calendar icon from Start Backup on field. Also select the Time in hours and minutes from the combo box.
5. In case of any failure in the backup, you can notify it to a particular technician by specifying their email address.
6. You can take a Backup of either the entire Database or only the File Attachments or both. Select the check box accordingly.
7. Specify the location to store the backup data in Backup Location field.
8. Save the changes. If you do not wish to configure backup scheduling, click Cancel.

Deleting Backup Files

1. From the list of backup files, enable the check box beside the files you wish to delete.
2. Click Delete button. A confirmation dialog opens.
3. Click Ok to continue. The backup file is deleted from the list.
Data Archiving

Data archiving enables the user to archive closed and/or resolved requests and move them to a separate storage state. It is most useful since thousands of accumulating active requests could hinder the performance of the help desk on a longer run.

Archived requests:

- Requests that have been moved to the archived state (archived requests) will be removed from the current active requests list. These archived requests are considered as a separate set with separate search options and reports. The current active requests list, current active requests search option and the current active requests report will not include the archived requests.
- The archived requests cannot be modified, deleted or moved back to the active state.
- Any reply to an already archived request will be added as a new request and not as a thread to the existing archived request.

To view Archived Requests,

- To view the archived requests list, click on the Requests tab in the top header panel. Then click on the Archived requests link at the bottom of the filter drop down menu.
- You can also view the archived requests by clicking on Quick Actions at the top left side and choosing Archived Requests from the drop down menu.

To configure Data Archiving,

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus using the Username and Password of the admin user.
2. Click the Admin tab in the header pane.
3. Click Data Archiving under the General Settings block.
4. Click on the check box Enable Schedule Data Archiving.
5. Set the parameters of the requests that need to be archived

- The Status of the requests,
- Time of creation/closure of the requests,
- Column Name, Criteria and Values for the specific requests that need to be retained, and
- The Schedule Time for archiving process.

6. Click Save to save the set parameters. The archiving process takes place as per the configured schedule.
Request status:
Request status reflects the current status of the requests that have to be archived.

- Completed: Completed requests are those that have been resolved by the technicians and closed by the end user.
- Resolved: Resolved status reflects the requests that have been attended and answered by the technicians but have not been closed by the end user.
- Any status: All requests in any state (open, closed, resolved, on hold, feedback, follow up and so on) will be considered for archiving.

Choose the status of the requests that have to be archived are in.

Time period:
Requests can be archived based on two factors of time:

- Requests can be archived based either on the Created or Closed Time.
- They can also be archived based on the Time Period during which they were created or closed.

Requests can be archived by selecting a combination of the above two factors. The requests Created/Closed before the configured time period will be moved to the Archived State during the next scheduled archiving process.

* For example, if the archiving is to take place on 2006-11-20 (November) and you choose Closed requests, Closed Date and 6 months from the combo boxes, then the requests closed by the technicians as well as the end users before 2002-06-20 (June) would be archived.
* Similarly, if the archiving is to take place on 2006-11-20 and you choose Any request, Created Date and 1 year form the combo boxes, then all requests created before 2005-11-20 would be archived irrespective of the state they are currently in.

Exceptions:
A small check box Allow Exception is available in the Data Archiving. This option allows certain requests that fall under the archiving configurations to be retained in the current active request list without being moved into archived folder. It follows the OR condition where requests matching the any of the selected conditions are not archived.

Exceptions are rules that are defined by certain parameters. These rules can be configured by selecting...
parameters (Column Name, Criteria and Value) from the 3 combo boxes present in the feature. The first 2 parameters are chosen from the drop down list box while the third parameter, an attribute of the first parameter, is chosen from the pop up window by clicking on the choose/pick value icon. Multiple exceptions can be added to retain more specific requests by clicking on Add more exception or by clicking the add icon and providing the necessary parameters. For example, if you choose the first parameter as \textit{Priority}, the second parameter as \textit{is}, and the third parameter as \textit{High} from the pop up box, then requests that have high priority will not be moved to the archived state.

An exception can be deleted by clicking on the cross/delete icon.

Process Schedule:

Schedule the archiving process by entering valid data in the \textit{date}, \textit{hours}, and \textit{minutes} combo boxes. This can be done by selecting the required date from the calendar pop up box, and the hours and minutes from the drop down boxes. This process can be executed on a daily basis at the scheduled time. If you choose \textit{2006-11-20} from the calendar pop up box, \textit{21} from the hours drop down box, and \textit{00} from the minutes drop down box, then the Data Archiving process takes place at 9 o\textit{clock in the night of the scheduled date and repeats everyday at the same time.}
Security Settings

Security settings allows the Administrator to configure security related options without looking for Technicians help to solve security breaches. By configuring the General and Advanced settings, the Administrator can ensure protection of the application from various types of vulnerabilities.

- **General settings**
- **Advanced settings**

**General Settings:**

**Configure account lockout threshold and duration:** The administrator can configure the settings in such a way that, if a user enters wrong credentials for ‘n’ number of times, the account gets locked automatically and displays the desired message in the login page. The account can be reset/unlocked within the duration specified. The Administrator can unlock an account by clicking the link provided and choosing 'Unlock'. The pop-up will display the locked accounts with their domain and IP address.

The Administrator can choose to notify the Technicians either through e-mail or as Technician space notification in the header.

**Server Port and Protocol Configuration:**

The Administrator can choose to run the application in HTTP or HTTPS mode.

**For HTTP:** Specify the default Server port where the application has to run and the NIO port.
For HTTPS: After specifying the server port and NIO port, the Administrator can choose from the listed TLS versions and Ciphers that help in proper encryption of data, thus preventing hackers from stealing it.

Configure expiry date for "Keep me signed-in" feature: This allows the administrator to set duration for number of days the user can be kept signed in to the application. On the expiry date, the user has to re-authenticate by entering the same username and password again. By default, the user has to re-authenticate for every 45 days.

Advanced Settings:

Add security response headers: Allows the user to safeguard the application from different types of vulnerabilities, by configuring security headers. These headers can prove very useful in protection against certain type of attacks. Choose the required security response header from the list. You can also include or exclude one or more response headers.
**Domain Filtering during Login**: When entering the username during login, the domain will automatically be loaded. The Administrator can disable domain filtering and display the entire list of domain names. The probability of knowing the domain name can thus be reduced.

**Stop uploading scanned XMLs via non-login URL**: Agent sends scanned XML to the application and through a non-login URL, there is a chance that any other scanned XML data can be uploaded into the application. By enabling this option, the application will not respond to the unwanted upload process in between as proper authentication is necessary.

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**Security Settings**

- **Add security response headers**
  
  This configuration allows the users to easily inject default headers to assist in protecting the application from XSS, Reflected XSS, Clickjacking vulnerabilities etc.

  - **Cache-Control**: Eg: no-cache max-age=0 proxy-revalidate
  - **X-Frame-Options**: Eg: allow (or) sameorigin (or) deny

- **Domain Filtering during login**
  
  By disabling this, user's domain name will not be selected automatically during the login attempt. Thus the hackers will be prevented from recognizing the domain name of the user.

- **Stop uploading scanned XMLs via non-login URL**
  
  On enabling this, scanned xml upload process will get stopped.

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**Note**

Application must be restarted for the saved settings to take effect.
Fail Over Service

Availability of service desk application will be an important factor for smooth running of service desk service. Unexpected hardware / software failure can make service desk application unavailable, which could have a big impact on business. ServiceDesk Plus (SDP) provides 'Fail Over Service' (FOS) feature to ensure availability of service desk application even during a software/hardware failure.

Topics Covered:

- How does Fail Over Service work?
- Prerequisites for using the FOS Feature
- Setup Process
- Upgrade Process
- Restore Process
- Prerequisites for DC Add-on (If DC plugin installed)
- Disabling FOS

How does Fail Over Service work?

- There will be two installations of SDP in two different machines (M1 & M2).
- One installation will be a primary one and other a secondary.
- Both installations contain 'ManageEngine ServiceDesk FOS', a windows service which is used to manage and monitor the availability of 'ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus' service.
- A common IP address needs to be configured through which users will connect to the service desk application.
- In an environment without FOS, SDP URL will point to the primary machine by default. To configure FOS, the application URL has to be bound to the common IP address instead of the primary machine's. This has to be done in the DNS of your local network.
- FOS service in secondary installation will monitor the availability of SDP service in primary.
- Upon non availability of SDP service in primary, FOS service will automatically start the SDP service in secondary installation after acquiring common IP address.
- Since users connect to SDP application through common IP address, there will be no interruption to the service.
- When FOS service in primary is started after rectifying the problem, it will automatically start as secondary and will start monitoring the availability of the SDP service in the 'new' primary.
- Ideally it would take about 3 to 4 minutes to start the FOS in the machine 2 after an unexpected hardware/software failure.
PREREQUISITES FOR USING THE FOS FEATURE:

Server Requirements

- Two 64 bit Server machines with high network connectivity.
- The servers used for the FOS setup must have two-way read-write access for the ManageEngine folder (Where ServiceDesk is installed).
- It is supported ONLY in ServiceDesk 64 bit exe installations.
- Robocopy windows utility must be present in both the machines.
- Common IP Address must be available in the same network for allowing the primary and secondary installations of ServiceDesk service to bind the same i.e: the server machine's IP and the common IP Address must belong to the same IP range.
**Note**

- It is not recommended to setup FOS on VMs. Use Physical machines instead.
- **Common IP Address:**
  Common IP address is basically a virtual IP address in the local network, that is not bound to any specific machine. A simple way to check if a IP address can be used as a common one is to ping the IP address. If it's not reachable then it can be used as a common IP address.

**ServiceDesk Configuration Requirements**

- DB must be externalized i.e The database server must be externalized from machine 1 and machine 2 but accessible to both. Preferably use Mssql setup
- File Attachment path must be externalized i.e Set as a network path (Must belong to the same network domain and externalized from both machines, Make sure it is accessible to both machines)
- HTTPS certificate must be obtained for the Alias url of common IP.
- HTTPS mode for FOS will NOT work for self signed certificates and certificates from the internal CA. Signed Certificates from a known authority will only be supported.
- The common url (for which the certificate is obtained) needs to be bound to the common ip configured, in the DNS of the network.

**Note**

- FOS needs to be purchased as an **add-on** even for the Enterprise edition.

**SETUP PROCESS :**

All the configurations must be done only in the primary installation and replicated to the secondary installation using mirrorSetup.bat
**Installation**:

Install the build in machine 1

The installation for the second machine will be copied during mirror operation.
- The entries in the registry will not be copied during the mirror operation as they are not required for the FOS to function.
- Use the secondary setup only as a backup, in case of a failover to avoid data accumulation in the machine 2. Once the machine 1 is fixed, Please switch over to the standard mode with the machine 1 running as primary server.

1. Share the machine 1's ManageEngine folder to machine 2 (with full read/write permission).
2. Create a folder called ManageEngine in machine 2 and share this folder with machine 1 (with full read/write permission).
3. Access machine 2's shared folders from machine 1 and vice versa, By accessing start menu->run->
   \<machineIP>ManageEngine e.g: \192.168.3.11ManageEngine and provide the user name and password (if needed) to make sure an IPC connection is established between the machines.
4. Set the permission as given below for the service "Manage Engine ServiceDesk Plus"

   services.msc -> "Manage Engine ServiceDesk Plus" service -> right click -> properties -> Log On ->
   click "This account" and enter an account/password that has access to \<machineIP>ManageEngine,
   NOTE : Replicate the same step in machine 2 after the last step.

**Configure FOS inputs:**

1. From the Machine 1 Navigate to the <SERVICEDESK HOME>fos folder.
2. Supply the values for the given fields in the <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosfosInputs.conf file using the following file format.

   The sample file for fos input is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>nicMachine1</th>
<th>nicMachine2</th>
<th>commonIP</th>
<th>machineURL1</th>
<th>machineURL2</th>
<th>ipMachine1</th>
<th>ipMachine2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Please note,

1. **nicMachine1** refers to the the nic card address for machine 1.
2. **nicMachine2** refers to the nic card address for machine 2.
3. **commonIP** refers to the virtual IP address used to bind the active machine.
4. **machineURL1** refers to the url for accessing servicedesk in machine 1.
5. **machineURL2** refers to the url for accessing servicedesk in machine 2.
**Tool for identifying the nic card address:**

1. Use the `iflist.exe` tool inside the `<SERVICEDESK HOME>fostools` folder to obtain the nic card that is actively configured for the machine.
2. Choose the nic card id of the network that is UP. (To be specific choose the NIC address for the IP to which the servicedesk application is bound)
3. Copy the `iflist.exe` to the remote machine and run it to obtain the nic card id for that machine.

![iflist.exe output]

Use `<SERVICEDESK HOME>binchangeDBserver.bat` and externalize the DB

Complete the DB, JAVA, Memory tuning in the required files (If needed).

- **Mirror Installation**:

  Invoke `<SERVICEDESK HOME>fosmirrorSetup.bat <machine2-name/ip>` - pass the machine 2 name or IP as parameter

**Start Application**:

Invoke `<SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat` in machine 1. This will also start SDP service in
Invoke `<SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat` in machine 2. This will also start SDP service in machine 2.

**Note**
- SDP service must be started only through the bat file and not through windows SDP service or from the start menu.

**Upgrade process:**

Follow these steps while upgrading the FOS.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstopFOSService.bat in machine 2. This will also stop FOS and SDP service in machine 2.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstopFOSService.bat in machine 1. This will also stop FOS and SDP service in machine 1.
• Upgrade Build in Machine 1 using the PPM. For more details click.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosmirrorSetup.bat <machine2-name/ip> - pass the machine 2 name or ip as parameter.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat in machine 1. This will also start FOS and SDP service in machine 1.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat in machine 2. This will also start FOS and SDP service in machine 2.

**Restore process**

Follow these steps while restoring the FOS.

• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstopFOSService.bat in machine 2. This will also stop FOS and SDP service in machine 2.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstopFOSService.bat in machine 1. This will also stop FOS and SDP service in machine 1.
• Restore the data in machine 1 setup. For more details click.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosmirrorSetup.bat <machine2-name/ip> - pass the machine 2 name or ip as parameter.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat in machine 1. This will also start FOS and SDP service in machine 1.
• Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstartFOSService.bat in machine 2. This will also start FOS and SDP service in machine 2.

| Note | As a general rule run mirrorSetup.bat (under <SERVICEDESK HOME>fos folder) whenever there is a configuration change made in the machine 1 setup.  
|      | Configuration tips: Always do the configuration changes like changing the web server port, theme changes, translations etc in the machine 1 (Primary installation).  
|      | If the file attachments path is modified via UI then the corresponding conf file must be manually updated in the FOS service |

**Prerequisites for DC Add-on (If DC plugin installed):**

• The location path of the servers on both installations(machine 1 & machine 2) should be the same

  (\primary installationManageEngineServiceDesk and \secondary installationManageEngineServiceDesk and so on)
• File location path has to be changed to a network share that is accessible by both the installations(machine 1 & machine 2) for the following
Disabling FOS:

- Invoke <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosstopFOSService.bat in both the machines. This will also stop the FOS and SDP service in both the machines.
- Remove these two files from the folder <SERVICEDESK HOME>fos,

- <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosconfigSuccess.txt.
- <SERVICEDESK HOME>fosSDPFosStart.txt.

FOS will be disabled.

| Note | • The SDP service which was moved to the **Manual** mode must be reset to the **Automatic** mode manually. |

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Login page customization

The login page can be customized according to the user's needs.

- The html file for default layout is available in C:/ServiceDesk>>custom>>login>>default.html
- The user can make a copy of the 'default' file and customize it as per their requirement. The customized file should be saved as 'custom.html' in the same location as that of the default file. ie; C:/ServiceDesk>>custom>>login>>custom.html
- The user has to ensure that the server is restarted after making changes (ie; add/update/delete) in custom.html.
- The images and css files have to be saved in the 'custom/login' path. In the html file, the image should be accessed as follows: /custom/login/login_image.png
- The css file should be accessed as follows: /custom/login/loginstyle_layout.css
- Ensure that the id "loginFormDiv" is present in the desired place in the html file, so that login contents ('username','password','domain','keep me signed') are displayed as per the customization. If the id "loginFormDiv" is not present in the html file, the login contents will appear in the center of the page.

STEPS TO REMOVE CUSTOMIZATION:
The customized login page can be restored to default by following the step mentioned below: Delete the file 'custom.html' from C:/ServiceDesk>>custom>>login>>custom.html. On deleting, the default login page will be restored.
Translations

Translations let you personalize ServiceDesk Plus by modifying any text displayed in the web interface to suit your organization needs. You can modify sentences or change specific words such as, Request to Tickets, Admin to Configurations, or Requesters to Users using Translations.

If you have multi language edition, then you can modify the transcripts for all the languages supported by ServiceDesk Plus.

NOTE:

1. To view the modified text, make sure you restart the server.
2. For sentences with curly braces {}, make sure you enter the curly braces even after modifying the sentence.

To access Translations Configuration Wizard,

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Translations under General Settings block. By default, the language set in the Translations page is English. The total number of text in the application, and the number of modification make by you is represented in the form of a link. You can select the link to view the same.

In case of other language, the English text and the other language text is displayed one below the other.

Modifying Sentences

If you want to modify a sentence, then an instant means is by performing a search for the sentence.

1. Enter the sentence in Search for English text field. Say, Mark this template Inactive to.
2. Click Search button. The search result shows the list of sentences having Mark this template Inactive.
3. Click Modify link below the sentence.
4. Enter the modified sentence in the text provided. Say, Mark as Inactive.
5. Click the icon to save. The entered value is saved in the file present in the custom/i18n directory. A Reset link is displayed beside the modified sentence. Click the Reset link to revert the changes.

Modifying a specific Text

If you want to call Admin as Configurations, or Requesters as Users, then you can do so using the Find & Replace button.

1. Click Find & Replace button.
2. Enter the keyword to search in Find text box.
3. Specify the keyword to be replaced in the Replace text box.
4. Click Proceed button.
5. The search result shows sentences with the search keyword and the corresponding sentences with the replaced keyword at the side.
6. Select the check box beside the sentences to replace the word.
7. Click Replace button. The sentence is modified and displayed along with a Reset link. Click Reset link to revert the changes.
Integrate ServiceDesk Plus with other ME products

ServiceDesk Plus allows you to integrate the application with the following other ManageEngine Products:

- Desktop Central
  For allowing helpdesk to improve their IT services through Desktop and Mobile device management
- ADSelfService Plus
  For enabling users (both technicians and requesters) to self-service their Active Directory accounts
- ADManager Plus
  For allowing technicians to create, edit and effectively manage Active Directory user accounts
- OpManager
  For allowing the helpdesk to monitor your IT infrastructure using this Network Monitoring Tool
Desktop Central Integration

Desktop Central (DC) is a web-based Windows Server and Desktop Management Software from ManageEngine. And, with Desktop Central Integration with ServiceDesk Plus (SDP), you can configure and manage your Windows environment from a single point. Desktop Central automates regular desktop management activities like installing software, patches and service packs in the windows workstations and servers available in your network. You can also execute scripts for a user or workstation.

Desktop Central Integration Requirement:

1. You should have installed both Desktop Central and ServiceDesk Plus products.
2. The ServiceDesk Plus version should be above 8 and should be running the Enterprise Edition.
3. Desktop Central version should be build number #70211 and above.

NOTE: If you have installed ServiceDesk Plus version 8.0 and above, then the DC operation works for Service Requests and not Incident requests.

Topics discussed under this section:

- Prerequisites for performing Desktop Central activities
  
  Lists the prerequisites for performing desktop central activities.

- Getting Started with DC Integration

  Step by step configuration to establish the integration and perform desktop management activities.

- Authentication Mechanism between the two applications

  Authentication between SDP and DC application is through an application level key. This section explains about generating this authentication key.

- Handling Desktop Management activities from ServiceDesk Plus

  Procedure on handling DC operations like install/uninstall software and executing scripts from ServiceDesk Plus.

- Enabling Notification to Technician

  Send notification to the concern technician when the task is updated in Desktop Central.

- Integration when DC is running in HTTPS mode

  Steps to establish a connection when Desktop Central is running in HTTPS mode.

Prerequisites for performing Desktop Central activities

Desktop Central activities are performed only if,

- The Workstations and Servers are part of a Windows domain.
- The domain should be managed by Desktop Central, and
- A Desktop Central Agent should be installed in the workstations/servers.

Getting Started with DC Integration
To get started with Desktop Central Integration, the following tasks should be performed to establish the Integration and perform desktop management activities:-

1. Desktop Central Server Settings
2. Enabling access to Desktop Management Functionality
3. Enabling Template Actions in the Service Item form

Step 1: Desktop Central Server Settings
If you have installed both ServiceDesk Plus and Desktop Central servers, you just have to provide the details of the computer where Desktop Central is installed along with its Port Number. On entering these details and save, ServiceDesk Plus will try to establish a connection with the Desktop Central server. Once the connection is established, the configured software details and scripts from the Desktop Central server are fetched.

1. Click Admin tab in the header pane.
2. Click Desktop Central Server Settings icon under General block.
3. On the Desktop Central Server Settings page, enter the Server where Desktop Central application is installed.
4. Enter the Port Number of the Desktop Central server.
5. Select the Protocol Settings. Say, http or https. If the Desktop Central Server is running in HTTPS mode, refer SDP-DC integration with DC in HTTPS mode, to know more on establishing a connection.
6. To display Desktop Central drop-down menu, select Enable Desktop Management Menu check box. The Desktop Management menu will be displayed only for Desktop Central build number #70242 and above.
7. Click Save. The settings are saved and ServiceDesk Plus tries to establish a connection with the Desktop Central server. When the connection is established, ServiceDesk Plus fetches the software details and scripts from DC.

ServiceDesk Plus automatically syncs with Desktop Central server for configured software packages day-to-day. So, if you need to fetch the configured software packages instantly, select click here link.

Step 2: Enabling access to Desktop Management Functionality
While enabling login permission to a technician, you can also provide the technician with Desktop Central
login access and DC Role. The two DC Roles are DC Admin and DC Guest. Select the check box **Enable to access Desktop Management Functionality** and provide either of the roles to the technician. When the technician logs into ServiceDesk Plus using his/her credentials, the technician can view the Desktop Management drop-down menu, from where, the technician can perform Desktop Management functions within the ServiceDesk Plus web console.

**NOTE:**

1. Selecting the check box **Enable to access Desktop Management Functionality** and a DC Role will create an user with same login credentials in the Desktop Central application.
2. You will be able to select **Enable to access Desktop Management Functionality** check box only when the connection between Desktop Central and ServiceDesk Plus is established successfully. If the integration is not successful, then this option is greyed.

Step 3: Enabling Template Actions for a Service Request

Apart from providing technicians with the privilege to perform Desktop Central operations, you need to enable Template Actions for a service item. The Template Action lists two options:-

1. Display Software Install/Uninstall option in Service Request 'Actions' menu.
2. Display Run Script option in Service Request 'Actions' menu.

Select the check boxes to provide these options in the Actions drop-down menu of the service request. Since all service requests do not require Desktop Central operations, this activity is limited by providing a Template Action check box in each service item form. The Template Action option is available under the **Work Flow** tab of a service item.
This functionality is available only when Desktop Central 70211 and above is integrated with ServiceDesk Plus. If the integration is not established, then this option is greyed.

Authentication mechanism between the two applications
The authentication between ServiceDesk Plus and Desktop Central is through an application level key that functions as a handshake mechanism between the two applications. A unique key is generated for a technician in ServiceDesk Plus application.

1. Click Admin -> Technicians icon under User block.
2. Click the edit icon beside the technician to generate the API key. Please note that the technician should be enabled with login permission.
3. Click Generate. If a key is already generated for the technician, a Regenerate link appears.

The generated key is specified as the Authentication Key under ServiceDesk Settings in Desktop Central application. So whenever Desktop Central contacts ServiceDesk Plus, the authentication key is passed. This key is validated against ServiceDesk Plus database and if found valid, the process continues, else an error is thrown.
Handling desktop management activities from ServiceDesk Plus

Since the whole idea of this Integration is to perform regular desktop management activities from ServiceDesk Plus application, the list of software and scripts are fetched from Desktop Central periodically and populated in ServiceDesk Plus database.

So when an end-user raises a service request for "installing software", the technician with Desktop Central role can log into ServiceDesk Plus application and perform the installation operation.

Performing desktop management activities

From the request details page of the service request, click Actions drop-down menu. The options **Install/Uninstall software** and **Run Script** are listed as shown below,

**Install/Uninstall Software**

Click **Install/Uninstall Software** option. The Install/Uninstall Software window pops up

**Package Settings**
1. Select the Installer Type, whether the software to be installed is of the format MSI or EXE.
2. The list of software under the selected Installer Type is listed under Package Name. Choose the software from the drop down.
3. Specify the name of the user for which the installation should run in Run As field.
4. Enter the Password of the specified user.
5. The type of operation, say Install or Uninstall is listed in Operation Type drop down. If the Installer Type is MSI, the operation type consists of Install, Advertise and Uninstall. For EXE, the operation type consists of Install and Uninstall.
6. If the execution file is in a network share, then the file or folder can be copied to the client machine by selecting the option from Copy Option drop down.

Deployment Settings
1. The domains available in ServiceDesk Plus are listed under the Domain drop down. Select the domain of the user/workstation.
2. The installation can be for a user or a workstation. Select the option from Install for drop down.
3. You can set and schedule the installation operation. If the Install for is selected as User, the installation can occur During or after Login into the machine, during login or after login. Similarly for a workstation, the installation can occur During Startup, After Startup, During or After Startup.
4. You can also schedule a time for the deployment operation by enabling the check box beside Schedule Operation check box. Select the Schedule Date and Time using the calendar icon.
5. Set the Reboot Policy from the drop down. You can either force a reboot when the user logs into the machine, force a shut down when the user has logged in or allow the users to skip the reboot/shut down.

Selecting Users/Workstations
1. You can select the Users/Workstations for the installation from the icon. The Users/Workstations under the selected domain is listed in a pop up window.

   **NOTE:** Selecting Users/Workstations depends on the Install for option under Deployment Settings. If you have selected Users, Select Users appears and vice versa.

1. Enable the check box beside the user/workstation.
2. Click Select User/Workstation button. The users/workstations are listed under Selected Users/Workstation. Click Select Users/Workstation and Close button to add the users/workstations to the list and close the pop up window.
3. Save the details.

Executing Scripts
To execute scripts on a computer account/user account,

1. Click Run Script option.
2. In the Run Script popup window, select the **Script Name** from the drop-down box. The scripts files are uploaded in Desktop Central, and ServiceDesk Plus will store these script files in SDP database. These script files are periodically updated in SDP database.
3. If required, specify the Script Arguments.
4. Select the Domain to which the user account/computer account belongs.
5. You can execute the script either for a computer account or user account. If you want to install the script for a computer account, select **Workstation** from the Install for drop-down box. The Select Workstation block is displayed. Click the icon to select workstations.
6. To execute the script for user accounts, select **Users** from the Install for drop-down box. The
Select Users window is displayed. Click Select user link. The list of users belonging to the selected domain is displayed. Select the check box beside the user(s). Click Select User button. Click Select user and close button to add the selected users and close the pop-up window.

7. Click Save button. On saving the Run Script Configuration, a task is created in Desktop Central.

Enabling Notification to Technician
Once the software installation/uninstallation task is performed and the status is updated by Desktop Central, you can enable notification to the concern technician regarding the update under Notification Rules.

1. Click Admin -> Notification Rules icon under Helpdesk block.
2. In the Request section, Enable "Notify Technician when a software Installation/Uninstallation task is updated" check box.
3. Save the details.

Integration when Desktop Central is running in HTTPS mode
If Desktop Central Server is running in HTTPS mode, then the following steps should be followed to establish connection between ServiceDesk Plus and Desktop Central servers.

1. Download the .zip file from the link given below and extract it to ManageEngineServiceDesk
   https://uploads.zohocorp.com/Internal_Useruploads/dnd/ServiceDesk_Plus/2016_02_03_11_25_23_o_1acd0du1tidbq1kni1llri9g1.tar.gz

2. Connect to the command prompt. Goto ManageEngineServiceDesk and run the batch file with following format:

C:>ManageEngineServiceDesk>gencert.bat dcservename:portnumber

3. On running the command, you will receive an exception PKIX and then it will ask you to enter a value. Provide value 1 which will generate a file named jssecacerts under ManageEngineServiceDesk.
4. Copy the jssecacerts file under ManageEngineServiceDeskjrelibsecurity folder and then restart the ServiceDesk Plus application.
Integrating with ADSelfService Plus

Integrate ServiceDesk Plus with ManageEngine ADSelfService Plus and allow your Active Directory users (both technicians and requesters) to self-service their Active Directory passwords and accounts easily. ManageEngine ADSelfService Plus is a secure, web-based, end-user password reset management program. This software helps domain users to perform password self service, account self service and self service of their personal details (e.g telephone number, e-mail id, etc.,) in Microsoft Windows Active Directory. If you have installed both of these products, you just have to provide the details of the computer where ADSelfService Plus is installed, along with its Port Number.

Steps to Install:

1. Download and Install ADSelfService Plus.

Steps to Configure:

1. Navigate to Configure Other ME Products page by selecting Admin tab --> and Configure Other ME products option from General block.
2. Click ADSelfService Plus option.
3. Decide to whom ADSelfService Plus menu should displayed [technicians or requesters or both] by Enabling/Disabling ADSelfService menu checkboxes for technicians/requesters.
4. Specify Server Name and Port Number.
5. Select the protocol (HTTP or HTTPs).
6. Click Test Connection and Save button. The connection will be established.
7. Once the connection is established, use the "Jump To" link to switch over to ADSelfService Plus server.

Note

1. ADSelfService Plus tab will be displayed to the technicians when the same has been enabled irrespective of the integration status between ServiceDesk Plus and ADSelfService Plus
2. ADSelfService Plus tab will be displayed to the requesters when the same has been enabled only if ServiceDesk Plus is integrated with ADSelfService Plus

Integrating with ADManager Plus

Integrate ServiceDesk Plus with ManageEngine ADManager Plus and manage your Active Directory user accounts easily. ADManager Plus is a simple, easy to use Windows Active Directory Management and Reporting Solution that facilitates bulk Active Directory User Creation/Management, Active Directory User/Group Modification. Active Directory Computer Management and more. If you have installed both these products, you just have to provide the details of the computer where ADManager Plus is installed along with its Port Number.

Steps to Install:

1. Download and Install ADManager Plus.
Steps to Configure:

1. Navigate to Configure Other ME Products page by selecting Admin tab --> and Configure Other ME products option from General block.
2. Click ADManager Plus option.
3. Specify Server Name and Port Number.
4. Select the protocol (HTTP or HTTPS).
5. Click Test Connection and Save button. The connection will be established.
6. Once the connection is established, use the "Jump To" link to switch over to ADManager Plus server.

Integrating with OpManager

Integrate ServiceDesk Plus with ManageEngine OpManager and monitor your network effectively. OpManager is a network and data center infrastructure management software that helps large enterprises, service providers and SMEs manage their data centers and IT infrastructure efficiently and cost effectively. Automated workflows, intelligent alerting engines, configurable discovery rules, and extendable templates enable IT teams to setup a 24x7 monitoring system within hours of installation. If you have installed both these products, you just have to provide the details of the computer where OpManager is installed along with its Port Number.

Steps to Install:

1. Download and Install OpManager.

Steps to Configure:

1. Navigate to Configure Other ME Products page by selecting Admin tab --> and Configure Other ME products option from General block.
2. Click OpManager option.
3. Specify Server Name and Port Number.
4. Select the protocol (HTTP or HTTPS).
5. Click Test Connection and Save button. The connection will be established.
6. Once the connection is established, use the "Jump To" link to switch over to OpManager server.

Integration with ME products running in HTTPS mode

In case ME product(s) is running in HTTPS mode, then the following steps should be followed to establish connection between ServiceDesk Plus and the respective ME product server.

1. Download the .zip file from the links given below and extract it to "ManageEngineServiceDesk".
For Linux:
https://uploads.zohocorp.com/Internal_Useruploads/dnd/ServiceDesk_Plus/o_1af3b3o2010mg10kbj961mdt18sq1/lincertgeneration.zip

For Windows:
https://uploads.zohocorp.com/Internal_Useruploads/dnd/ServiceDesk_Plus/o_1af360niepdjr7j1flk1o323fa1/wincertgeneration.zip

2. Connect to the command prompt. Go to "ManageEngineServiceDesk" and run the batch file with following format:

For Linux:
C:>ManageEngineServiceDesk>gencert.sh servername:portnumber

For Windows:
C:>ManageEngineServiceDesk>gencert.bat servername:portnumber

3. On running the command, you will receive an exception PKIX and will ask you to enter a value. Provide value 1 which will generate a file named jssecacerts under "ManageEngineServiceDesk".

4. Copy the jssecacerts file under "ManageEngineServiceDeskjrelib" security folder and then restart the ServiceDesk Plus application.

Note
1. To edit the configured settings, click edit icon available besides the respective application.
2. To remove the configured settings, click remove icon besides the respective application.
ADManager Plus Integration

ADManager Plus is a simple, easy-to-use Windows Active Directory Management and Reporting Solution that helps AD Administrators and Help Desk Technicians with their day-to-day activities. With a centralized and Intuitive web-based UI, the software handles a variety of complex tasks like Bulk Management of User accounts and other AD objects, delegates Role-based access to Help Desk Technicians, and generates an exhaustive list of AD Reports, some of which are an essential requirement to satisfy Compliance Audits.

- SDP-ADMP Integration
- Domain Configuration in SDP
- ADManager Plus- Server configuration in SDP
- ServiceDesk Plus Server configuration and Authentication in ADMP
- Create user in ADManager Plus from SDP
- Syncing Additional fields created in SDP with ADMP

SDP-ADMP Integration: SDP-ADManager Plus Integration offers ease of use for AD Administrators and Help Desk Technicians to do actions quickly in AD thus reducing the copying of data (Eg: Request form's data) from SDP into ADMP forms. Administrators can reset password, create, delete, unlock, enable and disable users in AD from ServiceDesk Plus. SDP-ADMP integration can be configured in Admin >> Configure other ME products >> ADManager Plus

Domain Configuration in SDP:
For SDP-ADMP integration, Domain creation for the user is necessary. For more details on domain configuration, click here.

- Domain for an existing user in SDP can be configured under Admin >> Technician >> Login Details >> Select Domain.
- New domain can be added in SDP using Admin->Discovery->Windows Domain Scan.

Note
Login name and Domain name of Help Desk Technician in ADMP should be same as that in SDP. Please click here to know more details about domain configuration.

ADManager Plus- Server configuration in SDP:
The first step in SDP-ADMP integration will involve entering the ADMP's server details in SDP and vice versa. This will ensure registration of the server details in both the applications.

- Enter the Server name and Server Port where the application is currently running and choose between http and https protocol settings.
- Click Test Connection and Save. This will check for an established connection between SDP and ADMP in their respective ports and save the settings.
- Click 'Remove' to remove the established connection between the two applications. Clicking 'Cancel'

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will cancel the entered settings that have not been saved and return back to the List view page.

After configuring the server settings, the general settings page with the list of ADManager Plus Actions and their description will be displayed along with option to edit corresponding actions.

On clicking 'edit', the 'Edit Action' page will be displayed. Enter/edit Action Name and provide suitable description.

- **Associate Roles**: Choose 'All Roles' or 'Select Role'. Choosing 'All Roles' will provide permission for all Technicians to perform that action. 'Select Role' displays the list of Roles and the Admin can
choose users with selected roles to perform that action. Eg: SDAdmin, SDSiteAdmin etc.,

- **Associate Templates**: Choose all Templates or All Incident/Service Request or few selected Request Templates in which the corresponding action should be displayed. Requests created using that Request Template will have that action displayed in the Request details page under 'Actions' tab.

**Note**
The Administrator can also choose the options (Eg: Create User in AD, Delete User in AD) to be displayed in 'Actions' tab, by selecting the Template Actions available under Admin >> Service Catalog >> Service category >> Select the desired template >> Workflow >> Template Actions >> Enable/Disable.
From the list of options, Enable/Disable the options to be listed in the 'Actions' tab of Request details page.

The enabled options to be displayed in 'Actions' tab will be displayed as follows for every Request created using that template. An entry in History will be added only when the menu is invoked from Request Details page.

Create user in ADManager Plus from SDP:
Based on Actions enabled for each Request Template, the Technician can perform the permitted actions. Eg: When 'Create user in AD' is invoked from 'Request Details page >> Actions tab', a pop-up with required fields will be displayed. Note that these fields have to be mapped exactly between the two applications. Provide all the details and click 'Create AD User'. To add more fields,
- Open the Admp.xml file available under [SDP_Home] >> integration >> resources >> admp >> conf.
- Edit "create_user" and include the desired additional fields. The field can be a text field/ date field/ date time field/ pick list field.

Note

To include the additional fields, it is necessary that the Id of the corresponding additional field in ADManager Plus is known. The Id values can be viewed here.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SDP Field Name</th>
<th>Field Id</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Request ID</td>
<td>WORKORDERID</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created By</td>
<td>CREATEDBY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td>SUBJECT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Template</td>
<td>REQUESTTEMPLATE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td>MODE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLA</td>
<td>SLA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asset</td>
<td>ASSET</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site</td>
<td>SITE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service Category</td>
<td>SERVICE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td>CATEGORY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SubCategory</td>
<td>SUBCATEGORY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>ITEM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technician</td>
<td>TECHNICIAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>STATUS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td>PRIORITY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level</td>
<td>LEVEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact</td>
<td>IMPACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact Details</td>
<td>IMPACTDETAILS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urgency</td>
<td>URGENCY</td>
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<tr>
<td>Request Type</td>
<td>REQUESTTYPE</td>
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<tr>
<td>Group</td>
<td>GROUP</td>
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<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>DESCRIPTION</td>
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<tr>
<td>Description Short</td>
<td>SHORTDESCRIPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requester</td>
<td>REQUESTER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department</td>
<td>DEPARTMENT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created Date</td>
<td>CREATEDDATE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DueBy Date</td>
<td>DUEBYDATE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For operations like Enable/Disable/Unlock/Delete Users(s) in ADMP, the value for searching the user in ADMP can be taken from SDP request data. Thus a Technician invoking these actions do not have to enter the value for search field manually.

ServiceDesk Plus Server configuration and Authentication in ADMP:
The following settings have to be entered and configured in ADManager Plus. The settings are available under ADMP >> Admin >> General Settings >>ServiceDesk.

- Enter the Server name and Server Port where the SDP application is currently running and choose the protocol settings.
- Enable the 'Enable tight integration with ServiceDesk Plus' checkbox. This will ensure Integration between the two applications and exchange related tasks from SDP.
- Click 'Test connection and Save'. This will check for an established connection between SDP and ADMP in their respective ports and saves the settings.
This integration will be available only for those Technicians in SDP configured as Help Desk Technicians in ADMP. To configure SDP Technicians who are AD Users:

- Go to AD Delegation >> Help Desk Delegation >> Help Desk Technicians >> Add New Technician.
- Select 'Help Desk Roles', Templates and groups for the Technicians and click 'Save'.
- Help Desk Technicians can also be added from Active Directory. Select the Domain, AD users, help desk roles and the Organizational Units. Enable 'Impersonate as Admin' checkbox, if that Technician can also be an Admin. Click 'Save'.

Sample Scenario:
Let us take a sample scenario where a new employee joins the organization and a new account has to be created in SDP and in AD. Instead of entering details twice, the Administrator can create a user in AD from SDP and also sync the additional information (such as 'Seating Location' and 'Extension Number') obtained in additional fields. Note that the resource fields cannot be synced between SDP and ADMP.

Syncing Additional fields created in SDP:
Additional fields added in a Request Template can be synced with AD Manager Plus by following the below steps:
1. Create the required additional fields 'Seating Location' and the 'Extension Number' from Admin >>
Helpdesk Customizer >> Incident- Additional Fields.

2. After creating the additional fields, open the Admp.xml file available under [SDP_Home] >> integration >> resources >> admp >> conf.

In the HTML fields, enter the name, type and value of the additional field added. The value of the field can be obtained from the Active Directory attributes file.

Eg: **Seating Location:**

```
<field>
  <name>Seating Location</name>
  <type>input</type>
  <value>info</value>
</field>
```

**Extension Number:**

```
<field>
  <name>Extension Number</name>
  <type>input</type>
  <value>otherTelephone</value>
</field>
```
3. After entering the HTML fields, enter the mapping fields with the exact name and value.

For eg:

**Seating Location:**

```xml
<field>
  <name>info</name>
  <value>Seating Location</value>
</field>
```

**Extension Number:**

```xml
<field>
  <name>otherTelephone</name>
  <value>Extension Number</value>
</field>
```
4. Create a new AD user account from Actions menu of the Request details. A pop-up containing the created additional fields will be displayed as follows. Enter the necessary details and click ‘Create AD User’.
5. The user will be successfully created in AD. You can check the added AD user in ADMP under AD Mgmt >> Modify Single User by filtering the domain of the user created.

6. Click on 'Modify User' drop-down button >> Modify User Properties to view the details of the added user (also includes details of the additional fields added). Make sure that additional fields added in SDP are available as default attribute fields in ADMP. You can check the default attributes available in ADMP in this file. If the created additional field and its details are not supported by default in ADMP, then create a new custom attribute under Custom Attributes >> Adding new field.
Adding new field

Attribute Name: Other Telephone Number
Attribute Value:

OK Cancel
SDP - ManageEngine Analytics Plus / Zoho Reports Integration

Integration of Zoho/ManageEngine Analytics Plus with SDP provides easy report generation, analysis and interpretation and has an advantage of timely-sync. ManageEngine Analytics Plus is for On premise integration while Zoho Reports is for On Cloud integration.

How to configure:

- SDP-Zoho Reports Integration (On Cloud)
- SDP-ME Analytics Plus Integration (On Premises)

This feature is available under Admin >> general >> Advanced Analytics >> Setup Advanced Analytics Integration.

ZOHO REPORTS FOR ON CLOUD:

Zoho Reports is an online reporting & business intelligence service that helps you easily analyze your business data and create insightful reports and dashboards for informed decision making. With Zoho Reports - SDP Integration, the data can be easily analyzed in Service Desk Plus. Zoho Reports intuitive drag-and-drop interface can quickly 'slice & dice' the service desk data, analyze key service metrics and provide informed decisions to optimize your business operation.

STEPS TO INTEGRATE SDP WITH ZOHO REPORTS:

The integration between SDP and Zoho Reports can be done as follows:
1. The configuration wizard with
   - 'Initial setup',

...
- "Additional setup" and
- "Remove" will be displayed.

2. In the 'Initial Setup', the credentials and initial data synchronization will be shown.
   - In the 'credentials', enter the Zoho E-mail ID and the Zoho AT key. (If you do not have a Zoho mail account, click 'Sign up')
   - Click provided next to the credentials field to obtain the Zoho AuthToken key or click on the following URL: https://accounts.zoho.com/apiauthtoken/create?SCOPE=ZohoReports/reportsapi
   - Click 'change proxy settings' to configure proxy settings and change proxy settings. Enter the details such as Host, Port, Username and Password. For further information about proxy settings, click here.
   - In 'Initial Data Synchronization', click on the calendar icon and choose the date from when the reports have to be synchronized. The data will be synchronized based on the interval specified in Additional setup>>Periodic Data Synchronization.

![Initial Setup](image)

**On clicking 'Save' Button:** On clicking 'save', the entered details will be saved and the credentials will be validated, without initializing data sync.

**On clicking 'Save and sync' Button:** On clicking 'save and sync', the entered details will be saved in the database and the data will get synchronized. It should be noted that the Requests, Service Requests and their Tasks, Worklogs will be synchronized. Service Request's resource's data will not be synchronized.

**On clicking 'Re-Sync':** The 'Re-Sync' button will be available after the 'Save and Sync' process is completed. On clicking 'Re-Sync', manual sync process can be initiated.
3. In the 'Additional Setup',

- **Periodic Data Synchronization** - Choose the day and time for scheduling the periodic data synchronization.

- **Instant Sync** - Instant sync allows you to sync the reports immediately with the database without any required scheduling. A maximum of 7 'Instant Sync's are allowed per day. Instant-sync done shows the number of times reports have been instant-synced.

- **Data Retention Policy** - Select the time duration for cleaning up the older data. The time period for which the data can be retained in Zoho Reports can be configured here.

- **Zoho Reports User Info** - In Zoho reports user info if no shared users are available in zoho reports configured database, an info message will be displayed. If shared users are available, then the zoho reports users available in SDP and not available in SDP will be displayed.

- **Zoho Reports License Information** - Displays the available records and license expiry date. Click renewal to renew the expired license.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initial Setup</th>
<th>Additional Setup</th>
<th>Remove</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Periodic Data Synchronization**

Schedule for periodic data synchronization

- Every Day
- Repeat Time
- Every 12 Hours

**Data Retention Policy**

CleanUp the data in Zoho Reports that is older than

- None

**Zoho Reports User Info**

- No shared users available in the configured database as in Zoho Reports. Please go through the Sharing and Collaboration in Zoho Reports Guide

**Zoho Reports License Information**

- Available Records: 499273

The security information provides detailed information about the data transfer and other precautions.
Note

- The details such as 'Zoho reports admin', 'sync status' and 'last successful sync time' will be available on top of the page.
- By default, the Synchronization frequency under Periodic Data Synchronization section will be set to "Repeat for Every 1 Hour". In case of failure in periodic synchronization, a failure message will be displayed and a detailed mail will be sent to admin user to resolve the problem.

4. Removing Integration:
Click 'Remove' button to remove all the configured settings and complete database in Zoho Reports. The default reports and the customized reports will also be removed.

The following will be synced with Zoho Reports/ManageEngine Analytics Plus:
Additional fields (Incident and common to both) created for a Request, Worklog and Task will be automatically populated in Zoho Reports and ManageEngine Advanced Analytics when 'Sync' or 'Re-sync' is done. Both Worklog and Task details will also be synced.

Note
On clicking 'Save and Sync', the data will start synchronizing. After successful completion of synchronization, a success message will be displayed. For periodic data synchronization, in case of failure in periodic data synchronization, a failure message will be sent to the mail account.

MANAGEENGINE ANALYTICS PLUS FOR ON PREMISES:
ManageEngine Analytics Plus is a business intelligence and reporting software from ManageEngine that helps generate detailed reports about your Help desk performance & metrics. With a variety of reporting functionalities, it helps you analyze your help desk and take control over your assets & tickets.

**STEPS TO INTEGRATE SDP WITH MANAGEENGINE ANALYTICS PLUS:**

After downloading and installing the ManageEngine Reports on a windows/linux machine, click Admin>>Advanced Analytics >>Initial Setup.

1. The configuration wizard with
   - 'Initial setup',
   - 'Additional setup' and
   - 'Remove' will be displayed.

2. In the Initial Setup, Credentials and initial data synchronization will be shown. In the 'credentials' field, enter the following details:
   - **Host Name/IP Address** - Enter the name of the proxy server of ME Analytics Plus or the IP Address.
   - **HTTPS Port Number** - Enter the port number of the server in which ME Analytics Plus is installed. (8443 by default).
   - **Username** - Enter the username of the user account in ManageEngine Analytic Plus. (administrator by default).
   - **Password** - Enter the password of the corresponding user account. (administrator by default)

Click 'change proxy settings' to configure proxy settings and change proxy settings. Enter the details such as Host, Port, Username and Password. For further information about proxy settings, click here.

In 'Initial Data Synchronization', click on the calendar icon and choose the date from when the reports have to be synchronized. The data will be synchronized based on the interval specified in Additional setup>>Periodic Data Synchronization.
On clicking 'Save' Button: On clicking 'save', the entered details will be saved and the credentials will be validated, without initializing data sync.

On clicking 'Save and sync' Button: On clicking 'save and sync', the entered details will be saved in the database and the data will get synchronized. It should be noted that the Requests, Service Requests and their Tasks, Worklogs and Additional fields (except multi select) will be synchronized.

On clicking 'Re-Sync': The 'Re-Sync' button will be available after the 'Save and Sync' process is completed. On clicking 'Re-Sync', manual sync process can be initiated.

3. In the Additional Setup,

- **Periodic Data Synchronization** - Choose the day and time for scheduling the periodic data synchronization.
- **Instant Sync** - Instant sync allows you to sync the reports immediately with the database without any required scheduling. A maximum of 7 'Instant Sync's are allowed per day. Instant-sync done shows the number of times reports have been instant-synced.
- **Data Retention Policy** - Select the time duration for cleaning up the older data. The time period for which the data can be retained in Analytics Plus can be configured here.
- **ManageEngine Analytics Plus User Info** - This info will display the shared users available in the ManageEngine Analytics Plus's configured Database.
- **ManageEngine Analytics Plus License Information** - Displays the available records and license expiry date.
The security information provides detailed information about the data transfer and other pre-cautions.

Security Information

- Data transfer between SDP and ManageEngine Analytics Plus is on https mode, hence the data transfer is encrypted.
- SDP Database password is encrypted and saved in a .xmr file which is accessed by ManageEngine Analytics Plus' Upload Tool. The encoding api is provided by ManageEngine Analytics Plus.
- ManageEngine user AT Key (which is received from ManageEngine Analytics Plus server using the given password) is encrypted using JBoss 3.2.6 - (SecurityIdentityLoginModule.encode) and stored in SDP database. Password will not be stored.
- While passing password from SDP client:. The data transfer from sdp client to sdp server is not encrypted when in http mode, but encrypted in https mode.
- Shared Users and DB Owners of the ManageEngine Analytics Plus account will be listed in SDP.
- SDP user having SAdmin role can configure the ManageEngine Analytics Plus configuration page.
- SDP will not have direct access to the data as in the ManageEngine Analytics Plus, but it will just push the data or delete the data using ManageEngine Analytics Plus' API.
- When deleting the ManageEngine user technician in ServiceDesk Plus, an error message will be shown like "The account is configured in ManageEngine Analytics Plus as admin account and cannot be deleted. Please configure new user account for ManageEngine Analytics Plus before deleting the user - Please contact ManageEngine Analytics Plus support team"
- All SDP-ManageEngine Analytics Plus integration related error will also be populated into ManageEngine Analytics Plus's (Integration Error DB). No data will be populated into this DB.

4. Removing Integration:
Click ‘Remove’ button to remove all the configured settings and complete database in ManageEngine Analytics Plus. The default reports and the customized reports will also be removed.

Advanced Analytics

To remove all configured settings and your complete database in ManageEngine Analytics Plus

How to view Reports after Integration:

Only Users having account either in ManageEngine Analytics Plus or Zoho Reports can view Advanced Analytics Reports.
After Integrating ServiceDesk Plus with Zoho Reports/ ME Analytics Plus, the Reports can be viewed from Reports >> Advanced Analytics.

Before integration, the Advanced Analytics Reports will be displayed as follows:

When 'Advanced Analytics' is clicked a pop-up directing to the Zoho Reports Database will be displayed incase of successful integration with Zoho Reports.

Incase of integration with ManageEngine Analytics Plus, the following pop-up will be displayed when 'Advanced Analytics' is clicked.
The help icon next to 'Advanced Analytics' will display the Last Successful Sync Time, License Expiry date and the available records.

**Note**

1. The entire 'Sync schedule' will be ceased in four days if the continuous sync fails.
2. The Retention Policy will run once in seven days.
3. The shared users list in Zoho Reports will be categorized as 'Zoho reports users available in SDP' and 'not available in SDP'. Each category will have users and DB owners.
4. Error log file related to 'Sync' process can be traced out from 'Logs' folder available SDP_Home >>Logs.
Proxy Settings:

To establish secure connection or interaction between your organization and other servers, the proxy server has to be configured.

In the **Network Proxy Configuration** wizard, the following details have to be provided while configuring the Proxy Settings:

**Host**: The name of the proxy server has to be entered. (example: servicedesk-1212)

**Port**: The port number of the proxy server has to be entered. (example: 8080)

**User Name**: The username for the proxy settings has to be specified. (example: servicedesk)

**Password**: The password for the proxy settings has to be specified.

After entering the details, click **Save**.

![Network Proxy Configuration](image)
Zoho Creator/External Links

Integrate with Zoho Creator/other Applications: Integrate ServiceDesk plus with zoho creator app to fill out forms or provide external links.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Name</th>
<th>Server protocol</th>
<th>Server name</th>
<th>Server port</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AOManager Plus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADSelfService Plus</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DesktopCentral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpManager</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Enabled/Disabled:** Click 'Enabled' to display the application name in the header along with the drop down. Disabling it will hide the name from the header.

**Manage application:** Click ‘Manage Application’ which will take you to a new window where the following have to be enabled and details have to be provided.

**Enable application:** Enabling the checkbox will display the application in the header along with the drop-down.

Allow requester to access: Enabling the checkbox will provide access to the external links for the requesters. Disabling the checkbox will hide the entire list of links and remain inaccessible to the requesters.
**View name:** Enter the name that you wish to display. If apps other than Zoho Creator is used, then the display name can be re-named accordingly.

**Link name:** Enter a prominent name for the link to the application. Proper description can be entered about the application in the space provided.

**URL:** Paste the URL to access the application. This URL will re-direct the user to the application.

Allow to requester: Allow to requester is different from Allow requester to access in the sense that, each individual link can be chosen to be exposed or concealed from the requester by choosing 'Yes' or 'No' from the drop-down.

Click 'Save' to save the settings and the same can be viewed by clicking the Application name in the header.

After saving, the App's display name will be updated.
You can now view the added external apps in the header pane.

![ManageEngine forums](image)

**Note:**

- Links can be added and deleted by clicking the '+-' options accordingly.
- The order in which the applications have to be displayed can be arranged by making use of the drag and drop option on mouse hover.

**Sample scenario:** External links useful to the organization can be listed under the applications tab. Purchase of assets for an organization is essential and the employees may require a common form to fill out their requirements. In such cases, a quick link to the form can be listed and shown to the requesters. The view name can be given as 'Asset booking form' and the creator link can be pasted in the URL space. The requesters can be allowed to access this form by choosing 'Yes' for 'Allow to requestor'.
REST API

- About REST API
- Generating API Key
- REST API Supported Operations

About REST API

Application Programming Interface (API) is used to integrate various applications and facilitate sharing of
data between them. The integration can be achieved with any third party (external) applications or web
services that are capable of sending the data via HTTP protocol.

With API, ServiceDesk Plus operations can be accessed from other applications or web services. In case of
request operations, it provides a convenient method to raise requests (other than the default e-mail or
web form) directly into ServiceDesk Plus without logging into the application. If required, you can also
have an option to create your own web form for using API.

*The purpose of REST API can be explained with the help of a scenario.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scenario:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Let's take the case of a network monitoring tool (external application) that is installed on
your network. In general, when an alarm is raised by the network monitoring tool, an e-
mail notification is sent as a ticket to ServiceDesk Plus application. The field values
(priority, level, impact, category and so on) should be filled by the technician manually in
ServiceDesk Plus. This mechanism is time-consuming and eventually results in a dip in
your helpdesk productivity chart.

With REST API, you can automate this ticketing process. When an alarm is triggered, the
network monitoring tool provides the field details and raises a ticket automatically in
ServiceDesk Plus via HTTP protocol. The ticket ID is sent back to the network monitoring
tool in order to perform any further operations over the request.

When the cause for the alarm is resolved, ServiceDesk Plus will invoke an URL (callback
URL) that was provided by the monitoring tool. The URL functions as a notification to the
external application indicating that the ticket is resolved. If this URL (callback URL) is not
provided, ServiceDesk Plus will not perform any additional operation on the ticket. When
ServiceDesk Plus invokes the callback URL, the network monitoring tool can perform
"any" internal operations based on the URL invocation. However, the expectation is that
the application will clear the alarm (which was raised as a ticket) at their end.

Note: Please note that the callback URL is applicable only while creating and editing
requests.

*The operations performed with REST API are based on the 'operation' parameter and is sent to the url via
HTTP POST method. The url format is as shown below,*

http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/<module>

Authentication to the ServiceDesk Plus application is key based i.e., an API key is sent along with the url
for every operation. This key is technician based and can be generate for technicians with login privilege.
The role given to the technician is also taken into consideration, so the key is valid only for the role given
to the technician. Once the key is generated, the key is manually transferred to the integrated application
so that the application can use the key for further API operations. If the key is invalid (key is expired or
the technician login is disabled), the operation fails and an error is propagated to the integrated
application.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Please note that the administrator alone has the privilege to generate the authentication key for technicians with login permission.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. If a login for the technician is disabled, then the technician key is deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The operations can be performed based on the Role provided to the technician.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Currently, XML is the supported input and output format. The input data is sent as an XML string along with the technician key and operation name, while the output is exposed as an XML string.

Generating API Key

The authentication between ServiceDesk Plus and integrated application is through an API key. A unique key is generated for a technician with login permission in ServiceDesk Plus application.

1. Click Admin -> Technicians icon under User block.
2. If you want to generate the API key to the existing technician, click the edit icon beside the technician.
3. If you want to generate the API key to a new technician, click Add New Technician link, enter the technician details and provide login permission.
4. Click Generate link under the API key details block. You can select a time frame for the key to expire using the calendar icon or simply retain the same key perpetually.

If a key is already generated for the technician, a Re-generate link appears.

The key in the above image is generated for an existing technician. A time frame for the key is selected which shows the date, month, year and the time (in hours and minutes) when the key will expire.
REST API supported operations

The REST API supports the following operations which can be separated into:

- Operations on request: adding a new request, picking up requests, assigning requests, get requests, obtain conversations, add attachments, get request notifications, and add/edit/get resolutions.
- Operations on a specific request:
  - editing, closing, deleting and viewing existing requests.
  - adding new notes to a request, editing, deleting and viewing existing notes.
  - adding worklog to a request, editing, deleting and viewing existing worklogs.
  - obtain conversations related to request
  - add attachments to request
  - add, edit, and get a resolution of a request.
  - pick up / assign request.
  - reply to request
  - get notifications related to a request
- Technician related operations: import technician profiles (of all technicians) and assign operations to them.
- Requester related operations: import requester profiles (of all requesters) and work on their requests.
- Admin related operations: import specific Category/ all Categories, specific Subcategory/ all Subcategories, specific Item/ all Items, specific Status/ all Status, specific Level/ all Level(s), specific Mode/ all Modes, specific Urgency (all Urgencies), specific Priority/ all Priorities, specific Request Template/ all Request Templates, and all Support Group(s)

Servlet API is no longer supported.
Request operations

The operations on request such as adding new request, updating, closing, deleting and viewing the existing request are discussed under this section.

To perform operations on the request, the following URL patterns should be used.

For adding request:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/

For operations on a specific request:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>

Contents

- Adding Request
- Editing Request
- Viewing Request
- Deleting Request
- Closing Request
- Get Conversations
- Get Conversation
- Add Attachment
- Adding Resolution
- Editing Resolution
- Get Resolution
- Pickup Request
- Assign Request
- Reply Request
- Add Conversation
- Get Requests
- Get Notification
- Get Notifications
- Get All Conversations
- Get Request Filters

Adding Request

Say, you are running ServiceDesk Plus with the server name "localhost" in the port "8080". You are creating a new request for the requester Shawn Adams, who is unable to browse the internet. The input and output XML formats for the above scenario are given below,

To add a new request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/

So for the scenario above, the URL is:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/

Key Points:

1. The operation name "ADD_REQUEST" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is an XML string sent as a "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input - Format 1 for Incident Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <parameter>
      <name>requester</name>
      <value>Shawn Adams</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>subject</name>
      <value>The subject of the request</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>description</name>
      <value>The description of the request</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>callbackURL</name>
      <value>http://localhost:8080/CustomReportHandler.do</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>requesttemplate</name>
      <value>Unable to browse</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>priority</name>
      <value>High</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>site</name>
      <value>New York</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>group</name>
      <value>Network</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>technician</name>
      <value>Howard Stern</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>level</name>
      <value>Tier 3</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>status</name>
      <value>Open</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>service</name>
      <value>Email</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Input - Format 2 for Incident Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <requester>Shawn Adams</requester>
    <subject>Specify Subject</subject>
    <description>Specify Description</description>
    <requesttemplate>Unable to browse</requesttemplate>
    <priority>High</priority>
    <site>New York</site>
    <group>Network</group>
    <technician>Howard Stern</technician>
    <level>Tier 3</level>
    <status>open</status>
    <service>Email</service>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Input - Format 1 for Service Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <parameter>
      <name>requesttemplate</name>
      <value>Request a CRM account</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>technician</name>
      <value>Howard Stern</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>level</name>
      <value>Tier 3</value>
    </parameter>
    <resources>
      <resource>
        <title>System Requirements</title>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the desktop model</name>
          <value>Dell</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the devices required</name>
          <value>iPhone</value>
          <value>Blackberry</value>
        </parameter>
      </resource>
      <resource>
        <title>Additional Requirements</title>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the additional hardware required</name>
          <value>Optical Mouse</value>
        </parameter>
      </resource>
    </resources>
    <parameter>
      <name>editor</name>
      <value>administrator</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>serviceapprovers</name>
      <value>administrator</value>
      <value>guest</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>Employee ID</name>
      <value>0217</value>
    </parameter>
    <!--Service Category Specific Additional Field-->
    <parameter>
      <name>RAM Size</name>
      <value>8 GB</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Output:
The Output format for the operation "Add Request" supports both the formats.

```xml
<operation name="ADD_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request added successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <workorderid>25</workorderid>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```
Editing Request
To edit a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>
Assume the Request ID to edit is 25, then the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25
Key Points:

1. The operation name "EDIT_REQUEST" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME"
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input - Format 1 for Incident Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <parameter>
      <name>level</name>
      <value>Tier 3</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Input - Format 2 for Incident Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <level>Tier 3</level>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Input - Format 1 for Service Request:

```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <resources>
      <resource>
        <title>System Requirements</title>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the desktop model</name>
          <value>Dell</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the devices required</name>
          <value>iPhone</value>
          <value>Blackberry</value>
        </parameter>
      </resource>
      <resource>
        <title>Additional Requirements</title>
        <parameter>
          <name>Choose the additional hardware required</name>
          <value>Optical Mouse</value>
        </parameter>
      </resource>
    </resources>
    <parameter>
      <name>editor</name>
      <value>administrator</value>
    </parameter>
    <!--Common Additional Field-->
    <parameter>
      <name>Employee ID</name>
      <value>0217</value>
    </parameter>
    <!--Service Category Specific Additional Field --!>
    <parameter>
      <name>RAM Size</name>
      <value>8 GB</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Output:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="EDIT_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request 25 successfully edited</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```
Viewing Request
To view a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>
Assume the Request ID to view is 24, then the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/
Key points:

1. The operation name "GET_REQUEST" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for viewing requests.

Deleting Request
To delete a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>
Assume the Request ID to delete is 21, then the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/21/
Key points:

1. The operation name "DELETE_REQUEST" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for deleting requests.

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="DELETE_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request deleted successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```

Close Request
To close a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>
Assume the Request ID to close is 25, then the URL is given as: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25
Key points:

1. The operation name "CLOSE_REQUEST" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. The input XML is optional. If specified, then the input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input - Format 1:
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <parameter>
      <name>closeAccepted</name>
      <value>Accepted</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>closeComment</name>
      <value>The Closing Comment</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>

Get Conversations
To get conversation of all requests, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/conversation/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/conversation/

Key points:

1. The operation name "GET_CONVERSATIONS " should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for Get Request Conversations
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output Format:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_CONVERSATIONS">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Conversation details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="conversation">
    <record URI="http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/conversation/1">
      <parameter>
        <name>CONVERSATION ID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDTIME</name>
        <value>1343844854421</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>MERGE</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/conversation/2">
      <parameter>
        <name>CONVERSATION ID</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDTIME</name>
        <value>1343844854421</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>MERGE</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```
Get Conversation

To get conversation of a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/conversation/<conversationId>

Assume the Request ID is 25 and the Conversation ID is also 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/conversation/25

Key points:

1. The operation name "GET_CONVERSATION " should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for Get Request Conversation
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output Format:
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8">
<operation name="GET_CONVERSATION">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Conversation details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="conversation">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>CONVERSATION ID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TITLE</name>
        <value>title</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>DESCRIPTION</name>
        <value>description</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TOADDRESS</name>
        <value>xyz@abc.com</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CCADDRESS</name>
        <value>xyz@abc.com</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
Add Attachment

To append attachments to requests, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/attachment

Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/attachment

Key points:

1. The operation name "ADD_ATTACHMENT" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Attachment Client Side Snippet:

The snippet provided below is an example of how you can append "Attachments to Requests" written in java.

```java
{
  /**
   * 1. Create a MultipartPostMethod
   * 2. Construct the web URL to connect to the SDP Server
   * 3. Add the filename to be attached as a parameter to the MultipartPostMethod with parameter name "filename"
   * 4. Execute the MultipartPostMethod
   * 5. Receive and process the response as required
   */
  HttpClient client = new HttpClient();
  String weblinkURL =
    "http://<SDPServer>:<PortNumber>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/attachment?OPERATION_NAME=ADD_ATTACHMENT&TECHNICIAN_KEY=<general technician API key>";
  MultipartPostMethod method = new MultipartPostMethod(weblinkURL);
  String fileName = "C:" + File.pathSeparator + "ManageEngine" + File.pathSeparator + "ServiceDesk" + File.pathSeparator + "a.csv";
  File file = new File(fileName);
  method.addParameter("filename", file);
  try {
    client.executeMethod(method);
    String response = method.getResponseBodyAsString();
    System.out.println(response);
  } catch (HttpException he) {
    System.out.println(he);
  } catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println(e);
  } finally {
    method.releaseConnection();
  }
}
```

Note: Please note that the Output XML format has been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ADD_ATTACHMENT">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Attachments added successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="attachment"/>
</operation>
```
Adding Resolution
To add new resolution to a request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request ID>/resolution
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/resolution
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Input Format:
```xml
<Details>
  <resolution>
    <resolutiontext>asd</resolutiontext>
  </resolution>
</Details>
```
Output Format:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ADD_RESOLUTION">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Resolution added Successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```

Editing Resolution
To edit a resolution to a request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request ID>/ resolution
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Input Format:
```xml
<Details>
  <resolution>
    <resolutiontext>asd</resolutiontext>
  </resolution>
</Details>
```
Output Format:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="EDIT_RESOLUTION">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Resolution edited Successfully for request<request ID></message>
  </result>
</operation>
```
Get Resolution
To get a resolution, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/ <requestid>/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_RESOLUTION">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Resolution details fetched Successfully for request<requestid></message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <resolution>resolution</resolution>
    <lastupdatedtime>1352100738881</lastupdatedtime>
    <resolver>301</resolver>
  </Details>
</operation>

Pickup Request
To pick up request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/ <requestid>/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="PICKUP_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request picked up Successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>

Assign Request
To assign request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/ <requestid>/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Details>
  <parameter>
    <name>technicianid</name>
    <value>4</value>
  </parameter>
</Details>
```

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ASSIGN_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request assigned Successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```

Reply Request

Reply request can be used to send reply to a request by a technician. Only technicians can use this to reply to a request.

To Reply to a request, the URL should be given as:
```
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<requestid>/
```

Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/
```

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input:
```xml
<Details>
  <parameter>
    <name>to</name>
    <value>abc@xyz.com</value>
  </parameter>
  <parameter>
    <name>cc</name>
    <value>abc@xyz.com</value>
  </parameter>
  <parameter>
    <name>subject</name>
    <value>subject text</value>
  </parameter>
  <parameter>
    <name>description</name>
    <value>description text</value>
  </parameter>
</Details>
```
Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="REPLY_REQUEST">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request assigned Successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>

**Adding Conversation:**
Adding Conversation lets the requester to reply to a request. Only Requesters can use this to reply to a request.
To add conversation the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/ <requestid>/
Assume the request id is 15, then the URL is given as:

```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/15/conversation/
```

The operation name "ADD_CONVERSATION" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".

The requester key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
Get Requests
To get request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/
Input:
<Details>
  <parameter>
    <name>from</name>
    <value>0</value>
  </parameter>
  <parameter>
    <name>limit</name>
    <value>25</value>
  </parameter>
  <parameter>
    <name>filterby</name>
    <value>All_Requests</value>
  </parameter>
</Details>
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_REQUESTS">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request replied Successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="GET_REQUESTS">
    <record URL="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/<requestid>"
      <parameter>
        <name>workorderid</name>
        <value><requestid></value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>requester</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>createdby</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>createdtime</name>
        <value>12313432432</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>duebytime</name>
        <value>1123432143245</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>subject</name>
        <value>subject</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>technician</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>priority</name>
        <value>High</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>status</name>
        <value>open</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isoverdue</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URL="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/<requestid>"
      <parameter>
        <name>workorderid</name>
        <value><requestid></value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>requester</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>createdby</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>createdtime</name>
        <value>12321432432432</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>duebytime</name>
        <value>11234321432544</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>subject</name>
        <value>subject</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>technician</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>priority</name>
        <value>High</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>status</name>
        <value>open</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isoverdue</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```
Get Notification
To get notifications of a request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/notification/<notificationId>
Assume the Request ID is 25 and the notification is 10, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/notification/10
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_NOTIFICATION">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Notification details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="GET_NOTIFICATION">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>NOTIFYID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREEATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1343844854421</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TITLE</name>
        <value>Re: [Request ID : ##1## ] : asdasd</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>DESCRIPTION</name>
        <value>
          Category :
          Description :
        </value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TOADDRESS</name>
        <value>abc@xyz.com</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CCADDRESS</name>
        <value>abc@xyz.com</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Notification</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>SUBTYPE</name>
        <value>REQREPLY</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Get Notifications

To get notifications of a request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/notification/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/ notification/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_NOTIFICATIONS">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Notification details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="GET_NOTIFICATIONS">
    <record URI="http://<servername>:_<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/notification/1">
      <parameter>
        <name>NOTIFYID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1343844854421</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Notification</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>SUBTYPE</name>
        <value>REQREPLY</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://<servername>:_<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/notification/2">
      <parameter>
        <name>NOTIFYID</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1343844834134</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Notification</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>SUBTYPE</name>
        <value>REQFORWARD</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```
Get All Conversations
To get notifications of a request, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/allconversation/
Assume the Request ID is 25, then the URL is given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/25/allconversation/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_ALL_CONVERSATIONS">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Notification details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="GET_ALL_CONVERSATIONS">
    <record URI="http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/allconversation/1343844854421">
      <parameter>
        <name>NOTIFYID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1343844854421</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Notification</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>SUBTYPE</name>
        <value>REQREPLY</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>DESCRIPTION</name>
        <value></value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/allconversation/1343844834134">
      <parameter>
        <name>NOTIFYID</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>administrator</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1343844834134</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Notification</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>SUBTYPE</name>
        <value>REQFORWARD</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>DESCRIPTION</name>
        <value></value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/<requestId>/allconversation/1357110660162">
      <parameter>
        <name>CONVERSATION_ID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>FROM</name>
        <value>guest</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>CREATEDDATE</name>
        <value>1357110660162</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TYPE</name>
        <value>Conversation</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>DESCRIPTION</name>
        <value></value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```
Get Request Filters
To fetch various filters associated with requests, the URL should be given as:
http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/request/

**Sample URL:**
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_REQUEST_FILTERS">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Request Filters fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <Filters>
      <parameter>
        <name>MyOpen_Or_Unassigned</name>
        <value>My Open Or Unassigned</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Unassigned_System</name>
        <value>Unassigned Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Open_User</name>
        <value>My Open Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Onhold_User</name>
        <value>My Requests On Hold</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>All_Pending_User</name>
        <value>All_Pending_Requests_User</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Due_Today_User</name>
        <value>My Requests Due Today</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>All_Completed_User</name>
        <value>All My Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>My_Pending_Approval</name>
        <value>Requests Pending My Approval</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>All_User</name>
        <value>All My Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Open_System</name>
        <value>Open Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Onhold_System</name>
        <value>Overdue Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Overdue_System_Today</name>
        <value>Requests Due Today</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Pending_Approval</name>
        <value>Requests Pending Approval</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Completed</name>
        <value>Completed Requests</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Conversation</name>
        <value>Conversation</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Waiting_Update</name>
        <value>Waiting for my update</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>Updated_By_Me</name>
        <value>Updated by me</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>All_Requests</name>
        <value>All Requests</value>
      </parameter>
    </Filters>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```
**Adding Conversation:**
Adding Conversation lets the requester to reply to a request. Only Requester can use this for replying to a request.
To add conversation the URL should be given as:

**Sample URL:**

```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/15/conversation/
```

The operation name "ADD_CONVERSATION" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".

The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
Input:

```xml
<Details>

<parameter>

  <name>subject</name>

  <value>subject text</value>

</parameter>

<parameter>

  <name>description</name>

  <value>description text</value>

</parameter>

</Details>
```
Notes related operations

The notes related operations on specific request such as adding new notes, updating, deleting and viewing the existing notes are discussed under this section.

To perform the notes related operations on an existing request, the following URL patterns should be used.

For adding notes to a request:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes

For operations on a specific note for a request:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes/<notes id>

Contents

- Adding Note
- Editing Note
- Viewing Note
- Viewing all the Notes
- Deleting Note

Adding Note

Say, you are running ServiceDesk Plus with the server name as "localhost" in the port "8080". You are adding a note for an existing request for which the input and output XML format is given below,

For adding a note to an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes

So for the above scenario, the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/

Key Points:

1. The operation name "ADD_NOTE" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME"
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Input - Format 1:
<Operation>
<Details>
<Notes>
>Note>
<parameter>
<name>isPublic</name>
:value>false</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>notesText</name>
:value>Text added to the note</value>
</parameter>
</Note>
</Notes>
</Details>
</Operation>
Input - Format 2:
<Operation>
<Details>
<Notes>
>Note>
<isPublic>false</isPublic>
<notesText>Text added to the note</notesText>
</Note>
</Notes>
</Details>
</Operation>
Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ADD_NOTE">
<result>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Note added successfully for request 24</message>
</result>
</operation>

Editing Note
To edit a note of an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes/<note id>
Assume the Note ID to edit the note is 301, then the URL is:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/301
Key Points:
1. The operation name "EDIT_NOTE" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME"
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".

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Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

**Input - Format 1:**
```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <Notes>
      <Note>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesText</name>
          <value>edited the subject</value>
        </parameter>
        </Note>
      </Notes>
    </Details>
  </Operation>
```

**Input - Format 2:**
```xml
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <Notes>
      <Note>
        <notesText>edited sub</notesText>
        </Note>
      </Notes>
    </Details>
  </Operation>
```

**Output:**
```
<operation name="EDIT_NOTE">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Note 301 successfully edited for request 24</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```

**Viewing Note**

To view one of the notes of an existing request, the URL is given as:
```
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes/<note id>
```

Assume the Note ID to view the note is 301, then the URL is:
```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/301
```

**Key Points:**

1. The operation name "GET NOTE" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME"
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is not required in this case.
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_NOTE">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Note details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <Notes>
      <Note>
        <parameter>
          <name>userid</name>
          <value>301</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>ispublic</name>
          <value>false</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesText</name>
          <value>Text added to the note</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>username</name>
          <value>Shawn Adams</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesid</name>
          <value>301</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesdate</name>
          <value>1275373443722</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workorderid</name>
          <value>24</value>
        </parameter>
      </Note>
    </Notes>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Viewing all the Notes

To view all the notes of a request, the URL is given as:

```
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes/
```

Assume the Request ID to view all the notes is 24, then the URL is:

```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes
```

Key Points:

1. The operation name "GET_NOTES" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key
"OPERATION_NAME"

2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is not required in this case.

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_NOTES">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Notes details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <Notes>
      <Note URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/302/">
        <parameter>
          <name>ispublic</name>
          <value>false</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesText</name>
          <value>Note added to the request</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>username</name>
          <value>Shawn Adams</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesdate</name>
          <value>1275373948835</value>
        </parameter>
      </Note>
      <Note URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/301/">
        <parameter>
          <name>ispublic</name>
          <value>false</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesText</name>
          <value>Text added to the note</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>username</name>
          <value>Shawn Adams</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>notesdate</name>
          <value>1275373443722</value>
        </parameter>
      </Note>
    </Notes>
  </Details>
</operation>
```
Deleting Note
To delete a note of an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/notes/<note id>
Assume the Note ID to delete the note is 301, then the URL is:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/notes/301
Key Points:

1. The operation name "DELETE_NOTE" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME"
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"
3. Input is not required in this case.

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="DELETE_NOTE">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Note deleted successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
Work log operations

The worklog related operations on specific request such as adding worklog, updating, deleting and viewing the existing worklogs are discussed under this section.

To perform worklog related operations the following URL patterns should be used.

For adding worklog to an existing request:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs

For operations on a specific worklog:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs/<worklog id>

Contents

- Adding Worklog
- Editing Worklog
- Viewing Worklog
- Viewing all the Worklogs
- Deleting Worklog

Adding Worklog

To add a worklog for an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs

So for the scenario above, the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/

Key Points:

1. The operation name "ADD_WORKLOG" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input - Format 1:
<Operation>
<Details>
<Worklogs>
<Worklog>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
:value>Adding a New Worklog</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>technician</name>
:value>Howard Stern</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>cost</name>
:value>25</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>workMinutes</name>
:value>20</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>workHours</name>
:value>6</value>
</parameter>
</Worklog>
</Worklogs>
</Details>
</Operation>

Input - Format 2:
<Operation>
<Details>
<Worklogs>
<Worklog>
<description>Adding a New Worklog</description>
<technician>Howard Stern</technician>
<cost>25</cost>
<workMinutes>20</workMinutes>
<workHours>6</workHours>
</Worklog>
</Worklogs>
</Details>
</Operation>

Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ADD_WORKLOG">
<result>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Work Log added successfully for request 24</message>
</result>
</operation>
Editing Worklog
To edit a worklog of an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs/<work log id>
Assume the Worklog ID to edit is 302, then the URL is:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/302

Key Points:

1. The operation name "EDIT_WORKLOG" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input - Format 1:
<Operation>
    <Details>
    <Worklogs>
        <Worklog>
            <parameter>
                <name>description</name>
                <value>Editing Worklog</value>
            </parameter>
        </Worklog>
    </Worklogs>
    </Details>
</Operation>

Input - Format 2:
<Operation>
    <Details>
        <Worklogs>
            <Worklog>
                <description>Editing Worklog</description>
            </Worklog>
        </Worklogs>
    </Details>
</Operation>

Output:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="EDIT_WORKLOG">
    <result>
        <status>Success</status>
        <message>Work Log 302 successfully edited for request 24</message>
    </result>
</operation>

Viewing Worklog
To view one of the worklog of an existing request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs/<work log id>
Assume the Worklog ID to view worklog is 302, then the URL is:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/302
Key Points:

1. The operation name "GET_WORKLOG" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required in this case.
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_WORKLOG">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Work log details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <Worklogs>
      <Worklog>
        <parameter>
          <name>dateTime</name>
          <value>1275375445281</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>executedTime</name>
          <value>1275375433484</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>cost</name>
          <value>21.6666666666667</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>WORKORDERID</name>
          <value>24</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workHours</name>
          <value>0</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workMinutes</name>
          <value>7800000</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>technician</name>
          <value>Howard Stern</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>description</name>
          <value>Worklog 2</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>requestCostID</name>
          <value>301</value>
        </parameter>
      </Worklog>
    </Worklogs>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Viewing Worklogs

To view all the worklogs of a request, the URL is given as:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs/
Assume the Request ID to view all the worklogs is 302, then the URL is: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/

Key Points:

1. The operation name "GET_WORKLOGS" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required in this case.
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

**Output:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_WORKLOGS">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Work log details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details>
    <Worklogs>
      <Worklog URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/301/">
        <parameter>
          <name>dateTime</name>
          <value>1275375445281</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>executedTime</name>
          <value>1275375433484</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>cost</name>
          <value>21.6666666666667</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>WORKORDERID</name>
          <value>24</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workHours</name>
          <value>0</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workMinutes</name>
          <value>7800000</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>technician</name>
          <value>Howard Stern</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>description</name>
          <value>Worklog 2</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>requestCostID</name>
          <value>301</value>
        </parameter>
      </Worklog>
      <Worklog URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/302/">
        <parameter>
          <name>dateTime</name>
          <value>1275375861188</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>executedTime</name>
          <value>1275375861188</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>cost</name>
          <value>25.0</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>WORKORDERID</name>
          <value>24</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workHours</name>
          <value>0</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>workMinutes</name>
          <value>22800000</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>technician</name>
          <value>Howard Stern</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>description</name>
          <value>Adding a New Worklog</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
          <name>requestCostID</name>
          <value>302</value>
        </parameter>
      </Worklog>
    </Worklogs>
  </Details>
</operation>
```

**Delete Worklog**

To delete a worklog from a request, the URL is given as:

http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/request/<request id>/worklogs/<work log id>

Assume the Worklog ID to delete is 301, then the URL is:

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/request/24/worklogs/301

**Key Points:**

1. The operation name "DELETE_WORKLOG" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required in this case.
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="DELETE_WORKLOG">
  <result>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Work Log deleted successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```
Change-related API operations

Perform Change-related operations Add, Update, Get, Get All, and Delete without logging into ServiceDesk Plus using REST APIs.

To get change related information use the following URL pattern:

http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/change/

Assuming you are going to work on changes available in the local server with port number 8080 the URLs should follow the following pattern:

http://<localhost>:<8080>/sdpapi/change/

Change related API operations

You can perform the following operations on Change using REST API.

- Change Parameters
- Supported Formats
- Add Change
- Update Change
- Get Change Details
- Get All Change Details
- Add Attachment
- Delete Change
### Change API parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Parameter Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>templatename</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Template Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>workflowname</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Workflow Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>stagename</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Stage (Submission, Planning, Implementation etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>statename</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Status (Requester for Information, Approval Pending, Planning In Progress etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>requestedby</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Requester for the Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>changemanager</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Manager for the Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>technician</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Technicians</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>category</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Category the Change belongs to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>subcategory</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Subcategory the Change belongs to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>item</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Risk Involved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>risk</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Risk Involved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>priority</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Priority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>changetype</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>reasonforchange</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Reason for Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sitename</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes SiteName to which Change belongs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>impact</td>
<td>Pick List</td>
<td>Denotes Change Impact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>title</td>
<td>Single Line</td>
<td>Denotes Change Title</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>description</td>
<td>Multi Line</td>
<td>Denotes Change Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>statuscomments</td>
<td>Multi Line</td>
<td>Denotes Status Comments (added for the particular stage in the Change)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>servicesaffected</td>
<td>Multi Valued Field</td>
<td>Denotes Services Affected (due to the Change)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>assets</td>
<td>Multi Valued Field</td>
<td>Denotes Assets Involved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scheduledstart</td>
<td>Date Time</td>
<td>Denotes Scheduled Start Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scheduledend</td>
<td>Date Time</td>
<td>Denotes Scheduled End Time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:**
- Numeric fields are included in User defined fields.
Supported formats

Contents

- xml format
- json format

XML Format
In this format Change Attributes are passed within `<parameter></parameter>` tags. The `<name>` & `<value>` tags specify the **Attribute Name and its value** respectively.
<Operation>
  <Details>
    <parameter>
      <name>scheduledstarttime</name>
      <value>26 Apr 2013, 10:11:11</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>numeric_field</name>
      <value>26</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>servicesaffected</name>
      <value>email</value>
      <value>hardware</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>title</name>
      <value>title of the change</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>priority</name>
      <value>high</value>
    </parameter>
    <parameter>
      <name>description</name>
      <value>description of the change</value>
    </parameter>
  </Details>
</Operation>
JSON Format
In this format neither `<parameter></parameter>` nor `<name><value></value></name>` tags are used. Instead Change Attribute and its value are declared in the following format: "change attribute"."value" within details and operation parenthesis.

```json
{
  "operation": {
    "details": {
      "scheduledstarttime": "26 Apr 2013, 10:11:11 ",
      "numeric_field": "100",
      "servicesaffected": ["Email", "Hardware"],
      "title": "Title of the change",
      "urgency": "Urgent",
      "description": "Due to change in services"
    }
  }
}
```
Operation add change

To add a Change use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/change/

Assuming you are adding a change in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://<localhost>:<8080>/sdpapi/change/

Contents

- Sample Input Format
- Sample Output Format

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "ADD" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.
Input Format
<Details>
<parameter>
<name>title</name>
<value>change subject</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
<value>description with tags</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>scheduledendtime</name>
<value>26 Apr 2013, 11:11:11</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>scheduledstarttime</name>
<value>26 Apr 2013, 10:11:11</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>requester</name>
<value>administrator</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>technician</name>
<value>vivin</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>category</name>
<value>Software</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>subcategory</name>
<value>Adobe Reader</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>item</name>
<value>Install</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>priority</name>
<value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>status</name>
<value>Requested</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>sitename</name>
<value> / </value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>urgency</name>
<value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>changetype</name>
<value>Major</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>impact</name>
<value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>servicesaffected</name>
<value>Email</value>
</parameter>
</Details>
The output format would be as follows:

```xml
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.
Output Format:
<API version="1.0">
<response>
<operation name="ADD">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>New Change Added Successfully with change ID :1</message>
</result>
<Details type="Change"/>
</operation>
</response>
</API>
```
Operation update change

To update a Change use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/change/<changeID>

Assuming you are about to update a change (with Change ID 1) in the local server with port number 8080, then the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/change/1

---

Contents

- Sample Input Format
- Sample Output Format

---

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "UPDATE" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.

Input Format
<Details>
<parameter>
<name>title</name>
/value>change subject</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
/value>description with tags</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>scheduledendtime</name>
/value>26 Apr 2013, 11:11:11</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>scheduledstarttime</name>
/value>26 Apr 2013, 10:11:11</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>completedtime</name>
/value>26 Apr 2013, 13:11:11</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>requester</name>
/value>administrator</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>technician</name>
/value>vivin</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>category</name>
/value>Software</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>subcategory</name>
/value>Adobe Reader</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>item</name>
/value>Install</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>priority</name>
/value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>status</name>
/value>Requested</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>sitename</name>
/value />
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>urgency</name>
/value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>changetype</name>
/value>Major</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>impact</name>
/value>High</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>servicesaffected</name>
/value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>assets</name>
/value>
</parameter>
</Details>
The **output format** would be as follows:

```
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.
Output Format:
<API version="1.0">
<response>
<operation name="UPDATE">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Change With ID : 1 updated successfully</message>
</result>
<Details type="Change"/>
</operation>
</response>
</API>
```
Operation get change details

Contents

- Operation Get Change
- Operation Get All Change

GET CHANGE DETAILS
To fetch details of a specific Change from the available Change list use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/change/<changeID>

Assuming you are about to fetch details of a change (with ID 10), in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://<localhost>:<8080>/sdpapi/change/10

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.

Output Format

```xml
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Change details fetched successfully</message>
    </result>
    <Details type="Change">
      <record>
        <name>changeid</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </record>
      <name>title</name>
      <value>vivin</value>
      <name>description</name>
      <value>description with tags</value>
      <name>scheduledendtime</name>
      <value>1366308840000</value>
      <name>scheduledstarttime</name>
      <value>1366222440000</value>
      <name>createdtime</name>
      <value>1366220289736</value>
      <name>completedtime</name>
      <value>0</value>
      <name>technician</name>
      <value>vivin</value>
      <name>category</name>
      <value>Software</value>
      <name>subcategory</name>
      <value>Adobe Reader</value>
      <name>item</name>
      <value>Install</value>
      <name>priority</name>
      <value>High</value>
      <name>status</name>
      <value>Requested</value>
      <name>approvalstatus</name>
      <value></value>
      <name>urgency</name>
      <value>High</value>
      <name>changetype</name>
      <value>Major</value>
      <name>impact</name>
      <value>High</value>
      <name>servicesaffected</name>
      <value>({Application Login, Communication, Data Management})</value>
      <name>assets</name>
      <value>({vivin-0415.cse>.zohocorpin.com.})</value>
    </record>
  </Details>
</response>
</API>
```
GET ALL CHANGE DETAILS
To get details of all changes available in the change list, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/change/

Assuming you are using local server with port number 8080, then the URL should be given as:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/change/

Key points:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL " should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

---------------------
Operation add attachment

Content

- **Add Attachment**

Add Attachment

To append attachments to changes, the URL pattern should be as follows:

http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/change/<change id>/attachment

Assuming Change ID is 25, then the URL is given as: http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/change/25/attachment

Key points:

1. The operation name "ADD_ATTACHMENT " should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

Note: Please note that the Output XML format has been changed.

Attachment Client Side Snippet:

```java
try {
    client.executeMethod( method );
    String response = method.getResponseBodyAsString();
    System.out.println( response );
} catch (HttpException he) {
    System.out.println( he );
} catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println( e );
} finally {
    method.releaseConnection( );
}
```

Output:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="ADD_ATTACHMENT">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Attachments added successfully</message>
  </result>
</operation>
```
**Operation delete change**

To delete a change, use the following URL format:

```
http://<servername>:<port-number>/sdpapi/change/<changeID>
```

Assume you have to delete a change (with ID 1) in local server with port number 8080, then the URL is given as:

```
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/change/1
```

Key points:

1. The operation name "DELETE " should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

---

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output:

```
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <operation name="DELETE">
      <result>
        <statuscode>200</statuscode>
        <status>Success</status>
        <message>Change With ID : 1 deleted successfully</message>
      </result>
    </operation>
  </response>
</API>
```
CMDB API

All the Configuration items present in the product can be accessed via CMDB API. If a Server is dependent on another server, relationship between two servers can be easily added using CMDB API. All the business critical items can be mapped using API. It helps us to build a complete CMDB relationship between the CIs in the product using external applications. A technician can easily add a relationship between a mobile device/workstation to an user.

**Modules supported for CMDB API Operation**

- CI (Configuration Item)
- CI Type (Configuration Item Type)
- CI Relationships (Relationship between Configuration Items)

Visit the following pages to know more about CMDB API:

- Add CIs
- Add CI Relationships
- Update CIs
- Get CIs
- Add CI Type
- Add CI Type Attributes
- Get CI Type Count
- Get CI Type Details
- Get CI Relationship Details
- Delete CI
- Delete CI Type
- Delete CI Relationship
- Status Codes
- Using Third-Party Tools
Add Configuration Item (CI)

To add CIs use the following URL format:

\[http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/\]

Assuming you are adding a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

\[http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci\]

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

**To know more about adding CIs, visit the following pages:**

- Add Workstation/Server CI
- Add Other Asset CI(s)
- Add Business Service CI
- Add Requester CI
- Add Software CI
- Add Support Group CI
- Sample Response
Add Workstation CI

To add CIs use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are adding a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- Product Names will get added dynamically in case they are not already available in the application. In the below example, the product Latitude Optimus will be created while adding this workstation CI (in case the product is not already available in the application).
- Technician with rights to adding assets (asset addition role) can perform add operations on assets CIs like workstations, printers etc.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
- CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
- Technicians can add more than one C(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
- CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
- All asset additional attributes can be added
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input for adding Workstation/Server
Add Other IT Asset(s) CIs

To add asset CIs (other than workstations) use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are adding a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

• Product Names will get added dynamically in case they are not already available in the application. In the below example, the product Cisco 123 ACC will be created while adding this workstation CI (in case the product is not already available in the application).
• Technician with rights to adding assets (asset addition role) can perform add operations on assets CIs like workstations, printers etc.
• Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
• CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
• Technicians can add more than one C(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
• CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
• All asset additional attributes can be added.
• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input for adding other IT Assets (Access Point):

Note:
• Refer the below xml for adding all IT assets like Firewall, Keyboard, Printer, Projector, Router, Scanner, Storage Device and Switch
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <records>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>Name</name><value>192.168.112.1</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Access Point</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Product Name</name><value>Cisco 123 ACC</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>High</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Asset Tag</name><value>MY RES TAG</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Resource Serial No.</name><value>KIJH-KPOJ-IOO9-IO98</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Bar Code</name><value>(empty)</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Cost</name><value>23.98</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Vendor</name><value>Zoho Corp</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Expiry Date</name><value>2010-08-23</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Warranty Expiry Date</name><value>2010-08-23</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Acquisition Date</name><value>2008-8-23</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Location</name><value>(empty)</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Asset State</name><value>in use</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Japan - AXL</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Barcode</name><value>101001100010101</value></parameter>

      <!-- Asset Additional parameters Start -->
      <multi-valued-parameter name="Assign Ownership">
        <record>
          <parameter><name>Associate to Asset</name><value>192.168.11.29</value></parameter>
          <parameter><name>Department’s site</name><value>Pleasanton,CA</value></parameter>
        </record>
      </multi-valued-parameter>
      <multi-valued-parameter name="Asset Lease Information">
        <record>
          <parameter><name>Start Date</name><value>2010-09-21</value></parameter>
          <parameter><name>End Date</name><value>2011-09-21</value></parameter>
        </record>
      </multi-valued-parameter>
      <!-- Asset Additional parameters Start -->
    </record>
  </records>
</API>
Add Business Service CI

To add non-IT asset CIs use the following URL format:

```
http://<servername>[:<portnumber>]/api/cmdb/ci/
```

Assuming you are adding a non-IT asset CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

```
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci
```

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- Technician having **SDAdmin role** can perform **add operations on admin** CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
- **CI-ID** of the newly added entry is **returned** along with the **CI Name** in the response.
- Technicians can **add more than one CI(s)** using the `<record> </record>` tags.
- **CI Attributes**, **Global Attributes** and **custom CI Attributes** for the **corresponding CI Type** can be added.
- **All asset additional attributes** can be added
- Parameter **Result Format - Optional** specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

**Attributes**

All the **default attributes** and **custom attributes** present in the **CI Type details** (specified below) can be added.

- Business Service
- Department
- Requester
- Software
- Support Group

**Note:** Attributes for other **default CI Types** like Cluster, Document, IT Service, Network, Switch Ports and Datacenter can be added by referring the CI Type details page.

**Sample Input for adding non-IT assets (Business Service):**
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <records>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>CI Name</name><value>Tomcat Server 8</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Business Service</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Site</name><value>China</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>High</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Domain Controller</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Availability Target(%)</name><value>200</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Service Support Hours</name><value>24X5</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Cost</name><value>8080</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Incident restoration target</name><value>90%</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Global Attr</name><value>Global attribute</value></parameter>
    </record>
  </records>
</API>
Add Department CI

To add non-IT asset CIs use the following URL format:
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/
Assuming you are adding a non-IT asset CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
• Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
• CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
• Technicians can add more than one CI(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
• CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
• All asset additional attributes can be added
• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Note: Attributes for other default CI Types like Cluster, Document, IT Service, Network, Switch Ports and Datacenter can be added by referring the CI Type details page.

Sample Input for adding non-IT assets (Department):

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <records>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>Name</name><value>Research and Development1</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Department</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>Medium</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Research and development</value></parameter>
    </record>
  </records>
</API>
```
Add Requester CI

To add requester CI use the following URL format:
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are adding a requester CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Technician with rights to adding assets (asset addition role) can perform add operations on assets CIs like workstations, printers etc.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
- CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
- Technicians can add more than one C(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
- CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
- All asset additional attributes can be added
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input for adding Requester:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
<records>
  <record>
    <parameter><name>Name</name><value>Prakash</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Requester</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>Medium</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Description</name><value>New user joined to ZOHO</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Employee ID</name><value>0658</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>E-mail</name><value>prakash_jp_4323@zoho.com</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Phone</name><value>9159840336</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Mobile</name><value>9159840336</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Department Name</name><value>Finance</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Department's site</name><value>Pleasanton,CA</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Job title</name><value>MTS</value></parameter>
  </record>
</records>
</API>
```
Add Software CI

To add software asset CI use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are adding an software asset CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

   Note:
   If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
   • Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
   • CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
   • Technicians can add more than one CI(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
   • CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
   • All asset additional attributes can be added
   • Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Note: Attributes for other default CI Types like Cluster, Document, IT Service, Network, Switch Ports and Datacenter can be added by referring the CI Type details page.

Sample Input for adding Software CI
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
<records>
  <record>
    <parameter><name>Name</name><value>zenity-1</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Database</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Adding a software instance</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Software</name><value>zenity</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Workstation</name><value>nprasanna-0157.csez.zohocorp.in.com</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Installation Path</name><value>C:AdventNetMESSLReports</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Version</name><value>1.0.0</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Installed On</name><value>2011-01-28</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>License Key</name><value>SADD-DSDS-SK90-KSAL</value></parameter>
  </record>
  <record>
    <parameter><name>Name</name><value>Accelerometer</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Web Server</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Site</name><value>China</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Adding a software instance</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Software</name><value>Apache Tomcat 6.0.18</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Workstation</name><value>nprasanna-0157.csez.zohocorp.in.com</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Installation Path</name><value>C:Program FilesApacheApacheTomcat</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Version</name><value>6.0.18</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Installed On</name><value>2013-01-28</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>License Key</name><value>SADD-DSDS-SK90-KSAL</value></parameter>
  </record>
</records>
</API>
Add Support Group CI

To add support group CI use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are adding a support group CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Technician with rights to adding assets (asset addition role) can perform add operations on assets CIs like workstaions, printers etc.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operations on admin CIs like Business Service, Department etc.
- CI-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
- Technicians can add more than one C(s) using the <record> </record> tags.
- CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be added.
- All asset additional attributes can be added
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format ( XML or JSON )

Note: Attributes for other default CI Types like Cluster, Document, IT Service, Network, Switch Ports and Datacenter can be added by referring the CI Type details page.

Sample Input for adding support group:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <user_key>B1263980-9435-4305-A42B-D783F9AAD44B</user_key>
  <records>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>Name</name><value>CART</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>CI Type</name><value>Support Group</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Customer Active Response Team</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>Low</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Owned By</name><value>nprasann</value></parameter>
    </record>
  </records>
</API>
Sample Output

XML Format

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API locale="en" version="1.0"> 
    <user_key>B1263980-9435-4305-A42B-D783F9AAD44B</user_key>

    <response>
        <result>
            <statuscode>200</statuscode>
            <status>Success</status>
            <message>Successfully Added</message>
            <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 10:58 AM</created-date>
            <records failed="0" success="1" total="1">
                <success>
                    &nbsp &nbsp <ci id="610">CART</ci>
                </success>
            </records>
        </result>
    </response>
</API>
```

JSON Format
{  
  "API":{  
    "locale":"en",  
    "response":{  
      "operation":{  
        "result":{  
          "created-date":"May 8, 2013 04:36 PM",  
          "records":{  
            "total":"1",  
            "failed":{  
              "1",  
              {  
                "ci":{  
                  "error":"Workstation [sdp-w2k3-12] is already exists.",  
                  "name":"sdp-w2k3-12"  
                }  
              },  
              "success":"0"  
            },  
            "message":"Unable to add the CI(s), please refer the error message.",  
            "status":"Failed",  
            "statuscode":"3016"  
          },  
          "name":"add"  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
Add CI relationships

To add relationship between CIs, use the following format:

http://<hostname>;<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Assuming you are adding relationship between CIs in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

To know more about adding CI relationships, visit the following pages:

- Add CI Relationship
- Sample Response
Add CI Relationships

To add relationship between CIs, use the following format:

```
http://<hostname>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships
```

Assuming you are adding relationship between CIs in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

```
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships
```

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Add relationship between two CIs
- Relate CI to multiple CI Types

**Note:**

If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- Parameter **Result Format - Optional.** specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Adding a relationship between a workstation and a access point with relationship attributes.
Sample Input XML for relating a CI to multiple CI Types:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <records>
    <relationships>
      <addrelationship>
        <toci>balaguru.zohocorpin.com</toci>
        <relationshiptype>Connected to</relationshiptype>
        <relatedcis>
          <citype>CPU Cores</citype>
          <ci>
            <name>rack-012W23</name>
          </ci>
        </relatedcis>
        <relatedcis>
          <citype>Disks</citype>
          <ci>
            <name>disk-01123</name>
          </ci>
        </relatedcis>
        <relatedcis>
          <citype>Processors</citype>
          <ci>
            <name>Dual-Core-Procesor-011212</name>
          </ci>
        </relatedcis>
      </addrelationship>
    </relationships>
  </records>
</API>
Sample Output

XML Format Format - Failed:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0"> <user_key>B1263980-9435-4305-A42B-D783F9AAD44B</user_key>
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>3024</statuscode>
      <status>Duplicate record found.</status>
      <message>Relationship 'Connected to' is already added to 'gemini.zohocorp.com'.</message>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
```

XML Format Format - Success:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0"> <user_key>B1263980-9435-4305-A42B-D783F9AAD44B</user_key>
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>3024</statuscode>
      <status>Duplicate record found.</status>
      <message>Relationship 'Connected to' is already added to 'gemini.zohocorp.com'.</message>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
```
JSON Output Format

```json
{
  "API": {
    "locale": "en",
    "response": {
      "operation": {
        "result": {
          "created-date": "Mar 22, 2013 04:03 PM",
          "message": "Relationship added successfully.",
          "status": "Success",
          "statuscode": "200"
        },
        "name": "add"
      }
    },
    "version": "1.0"
  }
}
```
Update configuration item (CI)

To update CIs use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are updating a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "update" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

To know more about adding CIs, visit the following pages:

- Update Workstation/Server CI
- Update Other Asset CI(s)
- Update Business Service CI
- Sample Response
Update workstation CI

To update a CI use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:/<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are updating a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "update" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

• Technician having Asset update role can perform these operations.
• CI-ID of the updated entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
• CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be updated
• All workstation additional fields can be updated for workstation/server.
• All asset additional attributes can be updated.
• If the field is non-english, same can be given in the xml to update the data.
• All asset additional attributes can be updated.
• Can use the filters with relational operations for updating assets.
• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON).

Sample XML input for updating Server: (Can update workstation using the same set of fields).
Update asset CIs (other than Workstation)

To update a CI use the following URL format:

\[http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/\]

Assuming you are updating a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

\[http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci\]

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "update" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- **Technician** having Asset update role can perform these operations.
- CI-ID of the updated entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
- CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be updated
  - All **workstation additional fields** can be updated for workstation/server.
  - All **asset additional attributes** can be updated.
  - If the field is non-english, same can be given in the xml to update the data.
  - All **asset additional attributes** can be updated.
  - Can use the **filters with relational operations** for updating assets.
- Parameter **Result Format - Optional.** specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

**Sample XML for updating Access Point:**

**Note:** Since, all **IT Assets share the same attributes as like of Access Point**, refer this xml to update other IT Assets as well.

**Note:** Since all **IT Assets share the attributes similar to that Access Point**, refer this xml to update other IT Assets as well.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
-API version="1.0">
<citype>
<criterias>
<criteria>
<parameter>
  <name compOperator="IS">CI Name</name>
  <value>192.168.112.33</value>
</parameter>
</criteria>
</criterias>
</citype>
</API>
Update business CI

To update a non-asset CI use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci/

Assuming you are updating a non-asset CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "update" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
• CI-ID of the updated entry is returned along with the CI Name in the response.
• CI Attributes, Global Attributes and custom CI Attributes for the corresponding CI Type can be updated
  • If the field is non-english, same can be given in the xml to update the data.
• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON).

Sample Input for updating Business Service
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
<cite>
  <name>Business Service</name>
  <criterias>
    <criteria>
      <parameter>
        <name compOperator="IS">Name</name>
        <value>Tomcat Server 8</value>
      </parameter>
    </criteria>
  </criterias>
  <newValue>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>Site</name><value>Japan</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Business Impact</name><value>Low</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Tokyo
!@#$%^*rnAXL-EXT</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Service Support Hours</name><value>12345678</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Owned By</name><value>Charles</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Cost</name><value>1234</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Incident restoration target</name><value>12345</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Availability Target(%)</name><value>500</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Technician</name><value>np</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Service Port</name><value>9090</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Cost Center</name><value>Finance</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Global Attr</name><value>Finance</value></parameter>
    </record>
  </newValue>
</cite>
</API>
Sample Output

XML Format

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">

</response>

<result>

<statuscode>200</statuscode>

<status>Success</status>

<message>Successfully Updated</message>

<created-date>Mar 22, 2013 10:58 AM</created-date>

<records updated ="1">

<ci id="7293">sdp-w2k3-13</ci>

</records>

</result>

</response>

</API>
```
Get CI details

To read details of CI(s) use the following format:

http://<hostname>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Assuming you are fetching relationship of all CIs in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

To know more about adding CI relationships, visit the following pages:

- Get All CI Details
- Get CI Details using filter
- Get CI Count
Get all configuration item (CI) details

To read (obtain) all CIs use the following URL format:

http://<hostname>[:<port>]/api/cmdb/ci/list/all/<Page Number>/

Assuming you want to read all CIs associated with the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/list/all

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in **JSON** format.
- To **fetch all CIs without CI Type details**, use **all**
- **Parameter-related:** To **fetch CI for a specific CI Type**, pass the CI Type value in the URL.
- **Parameter-related:** **Page Number - Optional**. Specifies the page or results to retrieve
- **Parameter-related:** **Result Format - Optional**. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample XML Output
Sample JSON Output
Get CI Details using criteria

To get (obtain) details of a CI using criteria use the following URL format:

```
http://<hostname>:<port>/api/cmdb/ci/
```

Assuming you want to read details of a CI - using some form of criteria - associated with the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

```
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/
```

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

**Note:**

- Parameter **Result Format** - Optional, specifies the return format (XML or JSON).
  
  If no result format specified then API will return output in **JSON** format.

**Sample Input XML using various conditions:**

1. Get CI Details using conditions with relational operator (OR)
2. Get CI Details using date criteria
   - Sample XML Response
   - Sample JSON Response

**Fetching CI Details using conditions with relational operator (OR)**
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
<citype>
  <name>Windows Workstation</name>
  <criterias>
    <criteria>
      <parameter>
        <name compOperator="START WITH">CI Type</name>
        <value>Windows Workstation</value>
      </parameter>
      <reloperator>OR</reloperator>
      <parameter>
        <name compOperator="CONTAINS">CI Name</name>
        <value>sdp</value>
      </parameter>
    </criteria>
  </criterias>
  <returnFields>
    <name>CI Name</name>
    <name>CI Type</name>
    <name>Business Impact</name>
    <name>Site</name>
    <name>Description</name>
  </returnFields>
  <sortparameters sortOrder="desc">
    <name>CI Name</name>
    <name>Site</name>
  </sortparameters>
</citype>
</API>
**Note:** If the CI Type is not mentioned then only the attributes pertaining to the common fields will be fetched and listed.

**Fetching CI Details using conditions with relational operator (OR)**
<API version="1.0">
  <citype>
    <name>Workstation</name>
    <criterias>
      <criteria>
        <parameter>
          <name compOperator="IS">Acquisition Date</name>
          <value>2011-12-30</value>
        </parameter>
      </criteria>
    </criterias>
    <returnFields>
      <!-- Syntax to return all available column(s). <name>*</name> -->
      <name>CI Name</name>
      <name>CI Type</name>
      <name>Owned By</name>
      <name>Site</name>
      <name>Description</name>
      <name>Acquisition Date</name>
      <name>Warranty Expiry Date</name>
      <name>Expiry Date</name>
      <name>Asset Tag</name>
      <name>Serial Number</name>
      <name>Barcode</name>
      <name>Product Name</name>
      <name>Resource State</name>
      <name>Vendor</name>
      <name>Location</name>
      <name>Mac Address</name>
      <name>WS UDF Date</name>
      <name>WS UDF Num</name>
      <name>WS UDF Multi</name>
      <name>WS UDF String</name>
      <name>Sites</name>
    </returnFields>
    <sortFields sortOrder="desc">
      <name>Product Name</name>
    </sortFields>
  </citype>
</API>
Sample XML Response (truncated)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">
  <response>
    <range>
      <startindex>40</startindex>
      <limit>50</limit>
    </range>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Successfully fetched.</message>
      <created-date>May 10, 2013 12:52 PM</created-date>
      <field-names>
        <name type="String">CI Name</name>
        <name type="String">CI Type</name>
        <name type="String">Site</name>
        <name type="String">Description</name>
      </field-names>
      <field-values totalRecords="14">
        <record>
          <value>21 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)</value>
          <value>Switch Ports</value>
          <value>(null)</value>
          <value>Created while scanning..</value>
        </record>
        <!--
        Truncated
        -->
        <record>
          <value>10 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)</value>
          <value>Switch Ports</value>
          <value>(null)</value>
          <value>Created while scanning..</value>
        </record>
        <record>
          <value>1 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)</value>
          <value>Switch Ports</value>
          <value>(null)</value>
          <value>Created while scanning..</value>
        </record>
      </field-values>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
Sample JSON Response

```json
{
"API": {
"locale": "en",
"response": {
"result": {
"created-date": "May 10, 2013 12:55 PM",
"field-names": {
"name": {
"type": "String",
"content": "CI Name"
},
"type": {
"String",
"content": "CI Type"
},
"site": {
"String",
"content": "Site"
},
"description": {
"String",
"content": "Description"
}
},
"message": "Successfully fetched.",
"field-values": {
"record": [
{
"value": [
"21 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"20 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"19 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"18 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"17 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"16 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"15 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"14 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"13 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"12 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"11 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"10 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"9 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"8 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"7 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"6 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"5 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"4 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"3 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"2 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
},
{
"value": [
"1 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)",
"Switch Ports", 
"(null)",
"Created while scanning.."]
}]
,"totalRecords": 14,
"status": "Success",
"statuscode": 200,
"range": {
"limit": 50,
"startindex": 40,
"name": "read"}
,"version": "1.0"
}}
```
Get all CI(s) count

To read (obtain) the number of CIs available in your organization use the following URL format:

http://<hostname>[:<port>]/api/cmdb/ci/count/all/

Assuming you want to read the number of CIs associated with the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/count/all

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- To read CIs count of a specific CI Type, give the CI Type's name in the URL instead of all.
- Parameter Result Format - Optional, specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample XML Output for Get All CI(s) Count:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API version="1.0">
<response>
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Successfully fetched.</message>
<created-date>Mar 13, 2013 05:10 PM</created-date>

<field-names>
  <name type="Integer">Count</name>
</field-names>

<field-values totalRecords="1">
  <record>
    <value>30</value>
  </record>
</field-values>

</result>
</response>
</API>
```

Sample JSON Output for Get All CI(s) Count:
{  
  "API": {  
    "response": {  
      "result": {  
        "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 12:11 PM",
        "field-names": {  
          "name": {  
            "content": "Count",
            "type": "Integer"
          }
        },  
        "field-values": {  
          "record": {  
            "value": "1"
          },  
          "totalRecords": "1"
        },  
        "message": "Successfully fetched.",  
        "status": "Success",
        "statuscode": "200"
      }
    }
  },  
  "version": "1.0"
}
Add CI type

To add a CI Type, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/change/

Assuming you are adding a new CI Type in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/change/

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

To know more about adding CI Types, visit the following pages:

- Sample XML Input for Adding Asset CI Type
- Sample XML Input for Adding Child CI Type
- Sample XML Input for Adding Non-Asset CI Types
- Sample XML Response
Add asset CI type

To add a CI Type, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/change/

Assuming you are adding a new CI Type in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/change/

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- CIType-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Type in the response.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can add CI Type(s).
- CI Attributes can be added separately
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input xml for adding Asset CI Type
While adding CI Types, if the CI Type being added is asset, this has to be specified using IsAsset tag as specified below:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <records>
    <record>
      <parameter><name>Name</name><value>Sensors</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>IsAsset</name><value>True</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Type</name><value>Asset</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Category</name><value>IT</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Parent</name><value>(empty)</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Added via automation script</value></parameter>
      <parameter><name>description</name><value>Added via automation script</value></parameter>
    </record>
  </records>
</API>
Add child CI type

To add a CI Type, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/change/

Assuming you are adding a new CI Type in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/change/

Keypoints:

1. TInput is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
• CIType-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Type in the response.
• Technician having SDAdmin role can add CI Type(s).
• CI Attributes can be added separately
• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input for Adding Child CI Type:
While adding CI Types, if the CI Type being added is asset and has a parent, then parent tag should be used instead of IsAsset tag.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API version="1.0" locale="en">
<records>
  <record>
    <parameter><name>Name</name><value>Thermal Sensors</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Parent</name><value>Sensors</value></parameter>
    <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Adding a child CI Type for Sensor</value></parameter>
  </record>
</records>
</API>
Add non-asset CI type

To add a CI Type, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/change/

Assuming you are adding a new CI Type in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/change/

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- CIType-ID of the newly added entry is returned along with the CI Type in the response.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can add CI Type(s).
- CI Attributes can be added separately
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format ( XML or JSON )

Sample Input XML for adding non-asset CI Types

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API version="1.0" locale="en">
    <records>
        <record>
            <parameter><name>Name</name><value>VOIP Phone</value></parameter>
            <parameter><name>IsAsset</name><value>False</value></parameter>
            <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Creating a non-asset CI Type</value></parameter>
            <parameter><name>Parent type</name><value>(empty)</value></parameter>
        </record>
    </records>
</API>
```
Sample XML response

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API locale="en" version="1.0">
<response>
<result>
  <statuscode>200</statuscode>
  <status>Success</status>
  <message>Successfully added</message>
  <created-date>Mon Jul 05 18:18:39 GMT+05:30 2010</created-date>
  <records failed="0" success="1" total="1">
    <success>
      <citytype typeid="909">UPS</citytype>
    </success>
  </records>
</result>
</response>
</API>
```
Add configuration item (CI) attributes

To add CI Attributes to a CI Type, use the following URL format:

http://<hostname>:<port>/api/cmdb/ci/citytypeattributes

Assuming you want to add CI Attributes to a CI Type in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/citytypeattributes

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "add" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Input
- Sample XML Response

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Technician having SDAdmin role can perform add operation on CI Type.
- Can add more than one attribute at a time, but only one single CI Type can be added.
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample Input XML for adding CI Type Attributes to CI Type Access Point
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <addattribute>
    <tocitype>Access Point</tocitype>
    <attributes>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Cost Center</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Access Point coverage area in meters</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>single-line</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Account Number</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Issues in business service for multi line</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>single-line</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Resolution</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Issues in business service for multi line</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>multi-line</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Bank Account</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Number of issues while creating business service</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>number</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Depreciation Amount</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Number of issues while creating business service</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>number</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Renewal Date</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Dated issues while creating business service</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>datetime</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
      <attribute>
        <parameter><name>Attribute Name</name><value>Pick Service Type</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Description</name><value>Types of services while creating business service</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>Type</name><value>pick-list</value></parameter>
        <parameter><name>List Item</name><value>Switch-1,Switch-2,Switch3</value></parameter>
      </attribute>
    </attributes>
  </addattribute>
</API>
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Relationship added successfully.</message>
      <created-date>Mon Jul 05 18:18:39 GMT+05:30 2010</created-date>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
Get all CI(s) type count

To get (obtain) the number of CI types available in your organization use the following URL format:

http://<hostname>:<port>/api/cmdb/citype/count/

Assuming you want to get the number of CI types associated with the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/citype/count/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note:

If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- To get the count of all CIs, use all keyword in the URL
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format ( XML or JSON )

Sample JSON Output for Get All CI(s) Count:
{  
  "API": {  
    "response": {  
      "result": {  
        "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 01:01 PM",
        "field-names": {  
          "name": {  
            "type": "Integer",
            "content": "Count"
          }
        },  
        "message": "Successfully fetched.",
        "field-values": {  
          "record": {  
            "value": "1"
          },  
          "totalRecords": "1"
        },  
        "status": "Success",
        "statuscode": "200"
      }
    },  
    "version": "1.0"
  }
}
Get CI type details

To read a CI Type's details, use the following url format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/citype/<CI Type>

Assuming you are fetching a CI Type's details available in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb<CI Type>

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- CI Type - Mandatory. CI Type name. (Can be case insensitive).
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample XML Output:
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Successfully fetched.</message>
      <created-date>Sep 2, 2013 01:02 PM</created-date>
      <field-names>
        <name type="String">Attribute Name</name>
        <name type="String">Data Type</name>
      </field-names>
      <field-values totalRecords="10">
        <record>
          <value>Availability Target(%)</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
        <record>
          <value>Service Support Hours</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
        <record>
          <value>Cost</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
        ..................................
        ..................................
        ..................................
        ..................................
        <record>
          <value>Incident restoration target</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
        <record>
          <value>Site</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
        <record>
          <value>Description</value>
          <value>String</value>
        </record>
      </field-values>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
```
Sample JSON Output:
"API": {
  "response": {
    "result": {
      "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 01:02 PM",
      "field-names": {
        "name": [
          {
            "type": "String",
            "content": "Attribute Name"
          },
          {
            "type": "String",
            "content": "Data Type"
          }
        ],
        "message": "Successfully fetched.",
        "field-values": {
          "record": [
            {
              "value": [
                "Availability Target(%)",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Service Support Hours",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Cost",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Incident restoration target",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Owned By",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Business Impact",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "CI Name",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Site",
                "String"
              ]
            },
            {
              "value": [
                "Description",
                "String"
              ]
            }
          ],
          "totalRecords": "10"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

Get CI relationship

To read relationship between CIs use the following URL format:

http://{servername}:{portnumber}/api/cmdb/cirelationships/CI Name/

Assuming you are fetching relationship between two CIs available in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships/CI Name/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

To know more about fetching CI relationships, visit the following pages:

- Read CI Relationship Details
- Read Specific Relationship for a CI
- Read Relationship between two CIs
Get CI relationship details

To read relationship between CIs use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships/CI Name/

Assuming you are fetching relationship between two CIs available in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships/CI Name/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

• Sample XML Output
• Sample JSON Output

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

• Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Sample XML Output for Read CI Relationship
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Successfully fetched.</message>
      <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 12:10 PM</created-date>
      <relationships for="sdpvm-w2k8.zohocorpin.com.">
        <relationship>
          <name>Managed by</name>
          <ci>
            <type>Technician</type>
            <name>Charles</name>
            <relattributes/>
          </ci>
        </relationship>
        <relationship>
          <name>Runs</name>
          <ci>
            <type>Operating System</type>
            <name>Microsoft® Windows Server® 2008 Standard (sdpvm-w2k8.zohocorpin.com.)</name>
            <relattributes/>
          </ci>
        </relationship>
        <relationship>
          <name>Uses</name>
          <ci>
            <type>Storage Device</type>
            <name>san-1</name>
            <relattributes/>
          </ci>
        </relationship>
        <relationship>
          <name>Hosts</name>
          <ci>
            <type>IT Service</type>
            <name>E-mail</name>
            <relattributes/>
          </ci>
        </relationship>
      </relationships>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
Sample JSON Output for Read CI Relationship
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed.

```xml
{
  "API": {
    "response": {
      "result": {
        "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 01:09 PM",
        "message": "Successfully fetched.",
        "status": "Success",
        "statuscode": "200",
        "relationships": {
          "relationship": {
            "ci": {
              "type": "Operating System",
              "relattributes": {
                "attribute": [
                  {
                    "value": "",
                    "name": "Installed On"
                  },
                  {
                    "value": "",
                    "name": "Version"
                  },
                  {
                    "value": "",
                    "name": "Installation Location"
                  }
                ]
              },
              "name": "Microsoft® Windows Server® 2008 Standard (sdpvm-w2k8.zohocorpin.com.)"
            },
            "name": "Runs"
          },
          "for": "sdpvm-w2k8.zohocorpin.com."
        }
      },
      "operation": {
        "name": "read"
      },
      "version": "1.0"
    }
  }
}
```
To read a specific relationship of a CI, use the following URL:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships/<CI Name>/<Relationship Type>

Assuming you are to fetch a specific relationship of a CI - example: server being used by a technician - available in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships/<CI Name>/Charles/Uses

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

Sample XML Output

Sample JSON Output

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.

- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Mandatory Parameters:
- CI Name - Mandatory. CI Name can be case insensitive
- Relationship Type - Mandatory. Relationship type name can be case insensitive.

Sample XML Output for Read Specific Relationship for CI
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Successfully fetched.</message>
      <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 12:57 PM</created-date>
      <relationships for="Charles">
        <relationship>
          <name>Uses</name>
          <ci>
            <type>Server</type>
            <name>opman-solaris1.csez.zohocorpin.com</name>
          </ci>
        </relationship>
      </relationships>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>

Sample JSON Output for Read Specific Relationship for CI
{
    "API": {
      "response": {
        "result": {
          "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 02:59 PM",
          "message": "Successfully fetched.",
          "status": "Success",
          "statuscode": "200",
          "relationships": {
            "relationship": {
              "ci": {
                "type": "Mac Workstation",
                "relattributes": {},
                "name": "sdp-imac.csez.zohocorpin.com"
              },
              "name": "Uses"
            },
            "for": "Charles"
          }
        }
      }
    },
    "operation": {
      "name": "read"
    },
    "version": "1.0"
}
Get relationship between two CIs

To read a specific relationship of a CI, use the following url:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships/CI Name 1<->CI Name 2/

Assuming you are to read a specific relationship of a CI - example: server being used by a technician - available in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:


Keypoints:

1. The operation name "read" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY"

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Mandatory Parameters:
- Symbol between the two CIs is mandatory
- CI Name1 - Mandatory. CI Name can be case insensitive.

Sample XML Output for Relationship between two CIs: Here the webserver connector.iad8.amazon.com is connected with the dlf-1w.printer-1 printer.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>Successfully fetched.</message>
      <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 12:51 PM</created-date>

      <relationships for="connector.iad8.amazon.com">
        <relationship>
          <name>Connected to</name>
          <ci>
            <type>Printer</type>
            <name>dlf-1w.printer-1</name>
          </ci>
          <relattributes />
        </relationship>
      </relationships>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>

Sample JSON Response:
{  
  "API": {  
    "response": {  
      "result": {  
        "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 03:05 PM",
        "message": "Successfully fetched.",
        "status": "Success",
        "statuscode": "200",
        "relationships": {  
          "relationship": {  
            "ci": {  
              "type": "Switch Ports",
              "name": "connector.iad8.amazon.com"
            },
            "name": "Connected to"
          },
          "for": "DLF11thFloor-I.csez.zohocorpin.com"
        }
      }
    },
    "operation": {  
      "name": "read"
    },
    "version": "1.0"
  }
}
Delete configuration item (CI)

To delete a CI use the following URL format:

http://<servername>[:<portnumber>]/api/change/cmdb/ci/CI Type:CI Name/delete/

Assuming you deleting a requester CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as:


Keypoints:

1. The operation name "delete" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- It is mandatory to give colon between CI Type and CI Name, so as to delete the CI uniquely.
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON).

Sample XML Output:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statusCode>200</statusCode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>1 records removed successfully.</message>
      <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 10:58 AM</created-date>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
```

Sample JSON Output:
{  
  "API": {  
    "response": {  
      "result": {  
        "created-date": "Sep 2, 2013 03:10 PM",  
        "message": "1 records removed successfully.",  
        "status": "Success",  
        "statuscode": "200"  
      }  
    }  
  },  
  "version": "1.0"  
}
Delete CI using criteria

To delete CI using a filter use the following URL format:
```
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/ci
```
Assuming you are deleting a CI in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::
```
http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci
```

**Keypoints:**

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "delete" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Parameter **Result Format - Optional** specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

**Mandatory Parameters:**
- All CIs can be deleted using this API; to delete unique records, use the tag `<CI Type>` to specify the CI Type.
- CI Name1 - Mandatory. CI Name can be case insensitive.
- Only CIs and CI Relationships can be deleted.
- CI Type tag is optional.

**Sample Input XML**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

<API version="1.0"/>

<citype>
  <name>Switch Ports</name>
  <criterias>
    <criteria>
      <parameter>
        <name compOperator="CONTAINS">CI Name</name>
        <value>1 (hp2650.csez.zohocorpin.com)</value>
      </parameter>
    </criteria>
  </criterias>
</citype>
<API>
```

**Sample XML to delete a workstation CI using CI Type**
Sample Response: Success
Sample Response: Failure

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>3018</statuscode>
      <status>No row matched to delete</status>
      <message>No row matched to delete</message>
    </result>
    </response>
</API>
JSON Response for deleting Printer CIs
[ServiceDesk Plus Help]

Delete CI

{
"API": {
"response": {
"result": {
"created-date": "May 10, 2013 03:41 PM",
"records": {
"deleted": "6",
"ci": [
{
"content": "192.168.11.2",
"id": "1224"
},
{
"content": "192.168.11.23",
"id": "1220"
},
{
"content": "192.168.11.24",
"id": "1221"
},
{
"content": "192.168.11.25",
"id": "1222"
},
{
"content": "192.168.11.26",
"id": "1223"
},
{
"content": "192.168.11.29",
"id": "2401"
}
]
},
"message": "Deleted successfully.",
"status": "Success",
"statuscode": "200"
},
"name": "delete"
}
},
"version": "1.0"
}

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Delete CI type

To delete a CI Type use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/citype/CI Type Name/delete

Assuming you are deleting a CI Type Server of the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/citype/My Server/delete/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "delete" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Output
- Sample JSON Output

**Note:**
If no result format specified then API will return output in **JSON** format.

- Parameter **Result Format - Optional** specifies the return format ( XML or JSON )

Sample XML Output Format

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API version="1.0">
  <response>
    <result>
      <statuscode>200</statuscode>
      <status>Success</status>
      <message>1 records removed successfully.</message>
      <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 10:58 AM</created-date>
    </result>
  </response>
</API>
```

Sample JSON Output Format
{'API': {'response': {'result': {'created-date': 'Sep 2, 2013 03:23 PM', 'message': '1 records removed successfully.', 'status': 'Success', 'statuscode': '200'}}}, 'version': '1.0'}
Delete CI relationship

To delete a CI Relationship, use the following URL format:

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Assuming you are adding a change in the local server with port number 8080, the URL should be given as::

http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships

Keypoints:

1. Input is an XML string sent as "POST attribute" with key "INPUT_DATA".
2. The operation name "delete" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
3. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

- Sample XML Input
- Sample Output: Success
- Sample Output: Failures

Note:
If no result format specified then API will return output in JSON format.
- Parameter Result Format - Optional. specifies the return format (XML or JSON)

Mandatory Parameters:
- Deleting CI relationships for a CI
- Use * to delete all relationships with a CI, but this can be used by specifying the relationship type.

Sample Input XML
<API version="1.0" locale="en">
  <relationships>
    <deleterelationship>
      <fromci>sd-test5.zohocorpin.com</fromci>
      <relationships type="runs">
        <relatedcis>
          <ci>SSL_Reports_sd-test5.zohocorpin.com</ci>
          <!--Syntax to delete all ci <ci>*</ci> -->
        </relatedcis>
      </relationships>
    </deleterelationship>
  </relationships>
</API>

Sample Output: Success
Sample Output: Success

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">
    <result>
        <statuscode>200</statuscode>
        <status>Success</status>
        <message>1 records removed successfully.</message>
        <created-date>Mar 22, 2013 10:58 AM</created-date>
    </result>
</API>
```

Sample Output: Failure

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<API locale="en" version="1.0">
    <response>
        <result>
            <statuscode>200</statuscode>
            <status>No rows matched to delete.</status>
            <message>No relationship is defined for the CI(s) [SSL_Reports_sd-test5.zohocorp.com] </message>
        </result>
    </response>
</API>
```
## API status codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status Code</th>
<th>Status Message</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>Success</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>No rows found for the specified criteria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2001</td>
<td>Unknown error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2002</td>
<td>Partially added.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>No XML data specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>Invalid XML/request Format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>API key is not found in XML/request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>Invalid operation name.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>Unable to authenticate, invalid user key is specified in the XML/request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2008</td>
<td>Key received from the XML/request is expired. Cannot use the key for further API requests.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>API key received is not associated to any technician. Authentication failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>Invalid URL for the requested operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Maximum rows limit exceeded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Input xml cannot be empty or null.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Delete operation cannot be performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>Invalid output format.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>Access is denied.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>Unable to perform the requested operation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>API is disabled. Operation not performed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>No rows matched to delete.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>No rows matched to update.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3020</td>
<td>Invalid data provided for the input.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3021</td>
<td>Mandatory input is empty or not found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3022</td>
<td>Date cannot be altered or deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3023</td>
<td>SQL Syntax error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3024</td>
<td>Duplicate record found.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3025</td>
<td>Invalid column(s) specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3026</td>
<td>Syntax error.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3027</td>
<td>Operation not supported.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
How to access API using third party tools?

- Java using Apache Client
- Python using HTTP for request
- Browser Plugins
/*
 * Other URL
 * ciURL = "http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/"
 * ciTypeURL = "http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/citype/"
 * ciRelationshipsURL = "http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/cirelationships/"
 *
 * OPERATION_NAME : ["add", "update", "read", "delete"]
 * format : ["json", "xml"] If format not specified, json is the default.
 *
 * Dependency jars : httpcore-4.0.1.jar, httpclient-4.0.1.jar : This can be available http://hc.apache.org/downloads.cgi
 *
@author: nprasanna
*/

package api;
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileInputStream;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import org.apache.http.NameValuePair;
import org.apache.http.client.entity.UrlEncodedFormEntity;
import org.apache.http.message.BasicNameValuePair;

public class PostAPIRequest {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        HttpClient client = new DefaultHttpClient();
        String postURL = "http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/citypeattributes/";
        HttpPost post = new HttpPost(postURL);
        String fileName = "D:\Downloads\API-INPUT-XML\ADD_ATTRIBUTE\pick-list.xml";
        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(new FileInputStream(fileName), "UTF8"));
        String str;
        StringBuilder strContent = new StringBuilder();
        while ((str = in.readLine()) != null) {
            strContent.append(str);
        }
        String fileContents = strContent.toString();
        try {
            List<NameValuePair> nameValuePairs = new ArrayList<NameValuePair>(1);
            nameValuePairs.add(new BasicNameValuePair("TECHNICIAN_KEY", "31F022AE-4AAC-4F53-A519-193727C8B2BB"));
            nameValuePairs.add(new BasicNameValuePair("format", "xml"));
            nameValuePairs.add(new BasicNameValuePair("OPERATION_NAME", "add"));
            nameValuePairs.add(new BasicNameValuePair("INPUT_DATA", fileContents));
            post.setEntity(new UrlEncodedFormEntity(nameValuePairs));
            HttpResponse response = client.execute(post);
            BufferedReader rd = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(response.getEntity().getContent()));
            String line = "";
            while ((line = rd.readLine()) != null) {
                System.out.println(line);
            }
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}

Python using HTTP for request
#requests is a python module used for Posting HTTP requests.
#module can be downloaded from https://pypi.python.org/pypi/requests

#Getting the input xml file as argument and post the xml contents in the INPUT_DATA attribute

```python
import requests, codecs, sys, pprint

url = 'http://localhost:8080/api/cmdb/ci/'
fileName = sys.argv[1]
xmlcontent = open(fileName, 'r').read()
args = {'OPERATION_NAME': 'add', 'TECHNICIAN_KEY': '398DA976-0242-47AF-BE43-F6377AEC3EBA', 'format': 'xml', 'INPUT_DATA': xmlcontent}
response = requests.post(url, params=args)
print response.text
```

**Browser Plugins:**

Technician operations

To get technician related information regarding all Technicians, use the following URL pattern:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/technician/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/technician/
Contents:

- Get All Technician

Get All Technician

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input Format:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Details>
<siteName></siteName>
<groupid></groupid>
</Details>
</operation>
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" >
<operation name="GET_ALL">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Details fetched successfully for Technician in group: null of site: null</message>
</result>
<Details type="technician">
<record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/technician/4/">
<parameter>
<name>technician id</name>
[value>4</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>technicianname</name>
[value>administrator</value>
</parameter>
</record>
<record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/technician/5/">
<parameter>
<name>technician id</name>
[value>5</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>technicianname</name>
[value>Shawn Adams</value>
</parameter>
</record>
</Details>
</Operation>
Requester operations

To get requester related information regarding all requesters, use the following URL pattern:
http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/requester/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/requester/

Get All Requesters

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The input values are case sensitive
3. AND Operation is applied incase you give more than parameter.
4. For contact number parameter, all the numbers associated with the requester (office/mobile) will be fetched.
5. Values fetched (the result) would be based on the exact value provided; for example, you are searching for requester John, and there exists a requester by name Johnathan, then he would not be fetched; if you desire to fetch the requester Johnathan as well, you have to append "*" as suffix to John. Eg: <value>john*</value>. The same rule applies for prefix as well.
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Input Format
<Operation>
<Details>
<parameter>
<name>loginname</name>
<value>guest</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>domainname</name>
<value></value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>department</name>
<value>administration</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>sitename</name>
<value>asd</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>contactnumber</name>
<value>1234567890</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>employeeid</name>
<value>888</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>name</name>
<value>GUEST</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>email</name>
<value>asd@asd.com</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>jobtitle</name>
<value>job title</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>noofrows</name>
<value>10</value>
</parameter>
</Details>
</Operation>
Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.

Output Format
<Operation>
<Details type="Requester">
<record URI="http://vivin-0415:8080/sdpapi/requester/3/">
<parameter>
<name>userid</name>
[value>3</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>username</name>
[value>guest</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>emailid</name>
[value>asd@asd.com</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>department</name>
[value>Administration</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>sitename</name>
[value>asd</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>domainname</name>
[value>-</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>employeeid</name>
[value>888</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>jobtitle</name>
[value>job title</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>landline</name>
[value>8888</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>mobile</name>
[value>1234567890</value>
</parameter>
</Details>
</Operation>
Admin related operations

To fetch information pertaining to Requests based on entities like Category, Status, Impact, Priority, Request Template etc., use the following URL pattern:

http://<servername>:<port number>/sdpapi/admin/attribute/<respective-id>/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/category/<Category-ID>

Contents:

- Category
- Subcategory
- Item
- Status
- Level
- Mode
- Impact
- Urgency
- Priority
- Request_Template
- Support Group

Category Operations

GET Category

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/category/<Category ID>

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/category/25

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" category operation.
Output Format: (for "GET" category)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Details fetched successfully for Category ID: 1</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="category">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>General</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>description</name>
        <value>General Problems</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

**GET_ALL Category**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/category/

**Example:**

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/category/

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" category operation.

Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" category)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Category details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="category">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/category/2/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Desktop Hardware</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/category/1/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>General</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

Sub-Category Operations

**GET SubCategory**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/<subcategory ID>
Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/25

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" subcategory operation.
Output Format: (for "GET" subcategory)
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Details fetched successfully for SubCategoryID: 1</message>
</result>
<Details type="subcategory">
<record>
<parameter>
<name>id</name>
<value>1</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>name</name>
<value>New Joinee</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>isdeleted</name>
<value>false</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
<value>A New employee joining to the company</value>
</parameter>
</record>
</Details>
</Operation>

GET_ALL SubCategory
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/category/<category-id>

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/category/25

Keypoints:
1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" subcategory operation.
Output Format: (for "GET ALL" subcategory)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>SubCategory details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="subcategory">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/2/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Employee Leaving</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/4/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>4</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Move Employee</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/1/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>New Joinee</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/subcategory/3/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>3</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Password Reset</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>

Item Operations

GET Item
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/item/<item ID>
Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/item/25

Keypoints:
1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" item operation.

Output Format: (for "GET" item)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
    <result>
        <statuscode>200</statuscode>
        <status>Success</status>
        <message>Details fetched successfully for ItemID: 1</message>
    </result>
    <Details type="item">
        <record>
            <parameter>
                <name>id</name>
                <value>1</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>name</name>
                <value>Install</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>isdeleted</name>
                <value>false</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>description</name>
                <value>MS Office install</value>
            </parameter>
        </record>
    </Details>
</Operation>
**GET_ALL Item**

`http://servername:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/item/subcategory/subcategory ID/`

**Example:**

`http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/item/subcategory/25/`

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Item operation.
Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" Item)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Item details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="item">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/item/6/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>6</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Install</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/item/7/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>7</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Uninstall</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>

Status Operations

GET Status
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/status/<status ID>

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/status/25/

Keypoints:
1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Status operation.

Output Format: (for "GET" status)
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Details fetched successfully for StatusID: 1</message>
</result>
<Details type="status">
<record>
<parameter>
<name>id</name>
[value>1</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>name</name>
[value>Open</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
[value>Request Pending</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>is pending</name>
[value>true</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>stopclock</name>
[value>false</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>isdeleted</name>
[value>false</value>
</parameter>
</record>
</Details>
</Operation>

GET_ALL Status
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/status/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/status/
Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Status operation.

Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" Status)
```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Status details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="status">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/status/301/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>301</value>
      </parameter>
      <name>name</name>
      <value>asd,asd</value>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/status/3/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>3</value>
      </parameter>
      <name>name</name>
      <value>closed</value>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```

Level Operations

GET Level
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/level/<level ID>

**Example:**

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/level/25/

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Status operation.
Output Format: (for "GET" level)
<xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Details fetched successfully for Level ID: 1</message>
</result>
<Details type="level">
<record>
<parameter>
<name>id</name>
<value>1</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>name</name>
<value>Tier 1</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>isdeleted</name>
<value>false</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
<value>info</value>
</parameter>
</record>
</Details>
</Operation>

GET_ALL Level
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/level/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/level/

Keypoints:
1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Level operation.
Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" level)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Level details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="level">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/level/1/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Tier 1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/level/2/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Tier 2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>

Mode Operations

GET Mode
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/mode/<mode ID>
Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin(mode/25/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Mode operation.

Output Format: (for "GET" mode)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
<result>
<statuscode>200</statuscode>
<status>Success</status>
<message>Details fetched successfully for ModeID: 1</message>
</result>
<Details type="mode">
<record>
<parameter>
<name>id</name>
<value>1</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>name</name>
<value>E-Mail</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>isdeleted</name>
<value>false</value>
</parameter>
<parameter>
<name>description</name>
<value>Request through mail</value>
</parameter>
</record>
</Details>
</Operation>
GET_ALL Mode
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/mode/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/mode/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Mode operation.
Impact Operations

**GET Impact**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/impact/<impact ID>

**Example:**

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/impact/25

**Keypoints:**
1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Impact operation.

Output Format: (for "GET" impact)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Details fetched successfully for Impact ID: 1</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="impact">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>High</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>description</name>
        <value>The impact is high so that it could affect the business</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>

**GET_ALL Impact**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/impact/

**Example:**
http://localhost:8080/sdapi/admin/impact/

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Impact operation.

```xml
<operation name="GET_ALL">
<result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Impact details fetched successfully</message>
</result>
<Details type="impact">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdapi/admin/impact/1/">
        <parameter>
            <name>id</name>
            <value>1</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <name>name</name>
            <value>High</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <name>isdeleted</name>
            <value>false</value>
        </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdapi/admin/impact/3/">
        <parameter>
            <name>id</name>
            <value>3</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <name>name</name>
            <value>Low</value>
        </parameter>
        <parameter>
            <name>isdeleted</name>
            <value>false</value>
        </parameter>
    </record>
</Details>
</Operation>
```

Urgency Operations
GET Urgency
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/urgency/<urgency ID>

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/urgency/25/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Urgency operation.
Output Format: (for "GET" urgency)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Details fetched successfully for Level ID: 1</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="urgency">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>URGENCYID</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>NAME</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>ISDELETED</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>description</name>
        <value>DESCRIPTION</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>

**GET_ALL Urgency**
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/urgency/

**Example:**
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/urgency/

**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Urgency operation.

Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" Impact)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Urgency details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="urgency">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/urgency/2/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>High</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/urgency/4/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>4</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Low</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```

Priority Operations

**GET Priority**

http://<servername>::<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/priority/<priority ID>

**Example:**

http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/priority/25/
**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Priority operation.

```
Output Format: (for "GET" priority)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Details fetched successfully for Priority ID: 1</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="priority">
    <record>
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>PRIORITYID</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>PRIORIYNAME</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>ISDELETED</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>description</name>
        <value>PRIORITYDESCRIPTION</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```

**GET_ALL Priority**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/priority/
Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/priority/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Priority operation.
Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" Priority)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Priority details fetched successfully</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="priority">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/priority/4/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>4</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>High</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>color</name>
        <value>#ff0000</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/priority/1/">
      <parameter>
        <name>id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>name</name>
        <value>Low</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>isdeleted</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>color</name>
        <value>#666666</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</operation>
```

Request Template Operations
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/request_template/<templateID>

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/request_template/25/
**Keypoints:**

1. The operation name "GET" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET" Request Template Details operation.
Output Format: (for "GET" Request Template Details)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET">
    <result>
        <statuscode>200</statuscode>
        <status>Sucess</status>
        <message>Details fetched successfully for Request Templates</message>
    </result>
    <Details type="request_template">
        <record>
            <parameter>
                <name>Templateid</name>
                <value>1</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Templatename</name>
                <value>Mail fetching</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Status</name>
                <value>Open</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Mode</name>
                <value>Phone Call</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Level</name>
                <value>Tier 1</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Priority</name>
                <value>Normal</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Technician</name>
                <value>Shawn Adams</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Group</name>
                <value>Printer Problems</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Category</name>
                <value>General</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Subcategory</name>
                <value/></value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Item</name>
                <value></value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Subject</name>
                <value>Unable to fetch mails</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Description</name>
                <value>I am unable to fetch mails from the mail server</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Requester Details</name>
                <value></value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>E-mail Id(s) To Notify</name>
                <value></value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Service Category</name>
                <value>User Management</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Requester Type</name>
                <value>Request for Information</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Impact</name>
                <value>Medium</value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Impact Details</name>
                <value></value>
            </parameter>
            <parameter>
                <name>Urgency</name>
                <value>Urgent</value>
            </parameter>
        </record>
    </Details>
</operation>
```
GET_ALL Request Template Details
http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/request_template/

Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/request_template/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".
3. Input is not required for "GET_ALL" Request Template Details operation.
Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" Request Template)
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
  <statuscode>200</statuscode>
  <status>Success</status>
  <message>Details fetched successfully for Request Templates</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="request_template">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/request_template/1">
      <parameter>
        <name>TEMPLATEID</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TEMPLATENAME</name>
        <value>Mail fetching</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>comments</name>
        <value>This template is used to create request when there is problem in mail fetching</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>ISDELETED</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/request_template/2">
      <parameter>
        <name>TEMPLATEID</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>TEMPLATENAME</name>
        <value>Unable to browse</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>comments</name>
        <value>This template is used to create request when user is not able to browse internet</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>ISDELETED</name>
        <value>false</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>

Support Group Operations

**GET_ALL Support Group Details**

http://<servername>:<portnumber>/sdpapi/admin/supportgroup/
Example:
http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/supportgroup/

Keypoints:

1. The operation name "GET_ALL" should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "OPERATION_NAME".
2. The technician key should be sent as a "POST attribute" with key "TECHNICIAN_KEY".

Note: Please note that the Input and Output XML formats have been changed. But for compatibility reasons, the Input operation will support both the formats.
Input:
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
<Details>
<siteName></siteName>
</Details>
</operation>
Output Format: (for "GET_ALL" SupportGroup)

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<operation name="GET_ALL">
  <result>
    <statuscode>200</statuscode>
    <status>Success</status>
    <message>Details fetched successfully for Technician groups in site:null</message>
  </result>
  <Details type="supportgroup">
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/supportgoup/1/">
      <parameter>
        <name>group id</name>
        <value>1</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>group name</name>
        <value>Hardware Problems</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/supportgoup/2/">
      <parameter>
        <name>group id</name>
        <value>2</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>group name</name>
        <value>Network</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
    <record URI="http://localhost:8080/sdpapi/admin/supportgoup/3/">
      <parameter>
        <name>group id</name>
        <value>3</value>
      </parameter>
      <parameter>
        <name>groupname</name>
        <value>Shawn Adams</value>
      </parameter>
    </record>
  </Details>
</Operation>
```
External action plug-in

The following topics are discussed in this document:

- About External Action Plugin
- Integration with Third Party Applications
- Configuring your Integration
- Request Operations Supported By Default
- Default Integration (Integration with JIRA)

Purpose of this Document

This document provides procedural information for developers to create a plug-in and establish integration between ServiceDesk Plus and various other third party applications.

About External Action Plugin

A complete request workflow requires different tasks to be performed by the Support team. Occasionally, the Support team might involve third party applications to accomplish certain tasks by accessing the concerned applications, which may exceed the application limit.

Thus, to overcome the tedious process of bringing in the third party applications to perform the tasks, such as issue tracker integration, active directory account creation and new mail account creation, you can avail the External Action Plug-in option in ServiceDesk Plus. This option aids the Support team in performing various third party related operations right from the 'Requests' page just by clicking the 'Actions' menu.

Scenario:
Consider an organization using ServiceDesk Plus for their customer support and JIRA for bug tracking. Here is where the external action plug-in framework comes into play, using which they can build integration between ServiceDesk Plus and JIRA. As a result, they can create JIRA issues from the 'Actions' menu of 'Requests' page.

External Action Plugin

Skills Required to Develop the External Action Plugin

Knowledge in the following areas is required to work on the plug-in:

- Extensible Markup Language (XML)
- JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)
- Java (specifically Interface and Implementation concepts)
Setting Up the Plug-in

The plug-in is designed to have an implementation class and can be invoked through a menu. The menu can be configured under the 'Admin' module of ServiceDesk Plus.

- Implementation Class
- Menu Configuration

Implementation Class

The Java class should extend the 'DefaultActionInterface' and provide the implementation through the 'execute' method. The required import classes are available in 'AdventNetHelpDesk.jar' and 'AdventNetServiceDeskCommon.jar' found under: 
"[SCP_HOME]applicationsexcertAdventNetSupportCenter.earAdventNetHelpDesk.ear".

```java
package com.manageengine.servicedesk.actionplugin.sample;
import com.manageengine.servicedesk.actionplugin.executor.ActionInterface;
import com.manageengine.servicedesk.actionplugin.executor.ExecutorData;
public class SampleActionImplementation extends DefaultActionInterface {
    public JSONObject execute(ExecutorData executorData) throws Exception {
        ExecutorData data = executorData;
        ActionMenuData menuData = data.getActionMenuData();
        String menuName = (String) menuData.getMenuName();
        JSONObject scpValuesObj = data.getDataJSON();
        //You can have your implementation here

        //Return type should be JSON
    }
}
```

The Execute Method:

The implementation will be defined on the execute method with the parameter ExecutorData Object:

- Method: Execute (ExecutorData)
- Returns: JSONObject

Executor Data:

The ExecutorData object is a parameter to the Execute method. Using this, we can get the details about the menu that is invoked using the getActionMenuData() method. This returns an object called ActionMenuData:

i) ActionMenuData - This provides information about the menu from which the action is invoked.

- Method: getActionMenuData()
- Returns: ActionMenuData

Below are the methods available to extract values and their respective data types:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Return Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Return Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Return Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getMenuName</td>
<td>Returns the name of the action menu that is invoked.</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getDisplayText</td>
<td>Returns the display name of the menu that is invoked.</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getExecutorClass</td>
<td>Returns the name of the Java execution class specified for this menu.</td>
<td>String</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getAllowedRoles</td>
<td>Returns the list of roles that are allowed to use this menu.</td>
<td>ArrayList</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getAllowedTemplates</td>
<td>Returns the list of templates in which this menu will be available.</td>
<td>ArrayList</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ii) **JSON Data** - The details of the request from which the menu has been triggered can be obtained by invoking the `getDataJSON` method in `ExecutorData`. This will return the details as a JSON object:

- Method: `getDataJSON()`
- Returns: `JSONObject`

A sample data would look like below:
Request Operations Supported By Default

With this information customers can write their own implementation code for perform the necessary operation. Now, there are two ways to update a ticket. The first option is to use the REST API support
available in SDP and update the request or perform operations like adding a worklog, notes, resolution etc., The second is to use the **default return functionality supported by action plugin framework.** The execute method returns a JSON Object. By default, **adding of notes and updating a request** is supported if the returned JSON complies with the supported format.

**a. Adding Notes to a Request**

```json
{
  "message": "Request Added Successfully",
  "result": "success",
  "operation":[
    {
      "INPUT_DATA": [
        {
          "notes": {
            "notestext": "Ticket has been created in JIRA and information populated in SDP"
          }
        }
      ],
      "OPERATIONNAME": "ADD_NOTE"
    }
  ]
}
```

**b. Updating a Request**

```json
{
  "message": "Request Added Successfully",
  "result": "success",
  "operation":[
    {
      "INPUT_DATA": [
        {
          "Jira ID": "35",
          "Jira Key": "SDP-3",
          "self": "http://jira-server/rest/api/2/issue/35"
        }
      ],
      "OPERATIONNAME": "UPDATE_REQUEST"
    }
  ]
}
```

Default Integration (integration with JIRA)

**For configuring Request Actions Menu**
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<menus>
  <menu name=""JiraIntegration"" refresh="true">
    <displaytext>SCP to Jira Integration</displaytext>
    <roles>
      <role>ModifyRequests</role>
    </roles>
    <template>
      <template>System Defined Template</template>
    </template>
    <invoke>
      <class>com.manageengine.supportcenter.integrations.jira.action.JiraActionImplementation</class>
    </invoke>
  </menu>
  <menu name=""SDP Integration"" refresh="true">
    <displaytext>SCP to SDP Integration</displaytext>
    <roles>
      <role>ModifyRequests</role>
    </roles>
    <templates>
      <template>System Defined Template</template>
      <template>testing</template>
    </templates>
    <invoke>
      <class>com.manageengine.supportcenter.integrations.jira.action.SDPACTIONImplementation</class>
    </invoke>
  </menu>
</menus>

For JIRA Integration
Note: We will be providing a default implementation for JIRA. For this customers needs to define another xml which will have the JIRA specific implementations.
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<menus>
<!-- The menu name should match the one specified in the ActionMenu xml -->
<menu name="JiraIntegration">
<!-- Specifies the input parameters that should be passed to JIRA -->
<request>
<!-- Credentials need to login to JIRA -->
<username>administrator</username>
<password>administrator</password>
<!-- URL to invoke to perform the operation -->
<url>http://localhost:8080/rest/api/2/issue/</url>
<!-- Params to be passed to the URL -->
<param>
<name>project</name>
<!-- Dynamic parameters can be specified by a $ prefix. In this case, the value for the variable will be taken from SDP and passed. -->
<type>projectpicker</type>
<value>$SCP</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>Issuetype</name>
<type>select</type>
<value>Bug</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>summary</name>
<type>textfield</type>
<value>$subject</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>priority</name>
<type>select</type>
<value>$priority</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>description</name>
<type>textarea</type>
<value>$description</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>labels</name>
<type>labels</type>
<value>$JIRA_ISSUE_ID</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>environment</name>
<type>textarea</type>
<value>$description</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>duedate</name>
<type>datepicker</type>
<value>$dueByTime</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10002</name>
<type>url</type>
<value>$Company Website</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10100</name>
<type>url</type>
<value>$JIRA_SelectList</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10200</name>
<type>float</type>
<value>$Jira Numeric Field</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10300</name>
<type>textfield</type>
<value>$Jira_Text Field</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10301</name>
<type>datetime</type>
<value>$Jira Date Time</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10302</name>
<type>datepicker</type>
<value>$Jira_Date Picker</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10303</name>
<type>userpicker</type>
<value>$Jira_User Picker</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10304</name>
<type>grouppicker</type>
<value>$Jira_Group Picker</value>
</param>
<param>
<name>customfield_10305</name>
<type>textarea</type>
<value>$Jira_Free Text Field</value>
</param>
</request>
<success>Successfully Integrated with Jira and the Jira id is : $id</success>
<failure>Failed to Integrate to jira</failure>
<!-- Specifies the fields that are to be updated after the action is executed -->
<br><success>
</success>
<br><failure>
</failure>
<br>
<br>
<notes>
</notes>
</menus>
# How to migrate to V3 API

This document lists the changes that have been done in V3 API.

- General differences between V2 and V3 APIs
- Changes in TASK API
- Changes in WORKLOG API
- Changes in ATTACHMENT API
- Changes in SOLUTION API

## General differences between V2 and V3 APIs:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Change</th>
<th>V2</th>
<th>V3</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>URL change</td>
<td>/sdpapiv2</td>
<td>/api/v3</td>
<td>Access the mentioned URLs to make use of the different versions. Refer the changes made in URL for each module under their corresponding headings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Note the format in which the output fields have been encoded in V3. “id”’s provided in Integer format will now be string encoded in V3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refer changes done in Task and Worklog API for more details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All the output fields will be string encoded except boolean.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The position and structure of "fields_required" has been modified.

```
{
    "list_info":{
        "fields_required": "[id,name,title]",
        "row_count": "10",
        "start_index": "1"
    }
}
```

"fields_required" should be used only for "Read" (GET and GET_ALL) operations.

```
{
    "list_info": {
        "fields_required": "[get_all]",
        "row_count": "10",
        "start_index": "1"
    }
}
```

In V2, "get_all" would fetch all the fields. In V3, "get_all" attributes will not be supported. Hence, the list of all the attribute names should be provided under "fields_required".

```
{
    "list_info": {
        "fields_required": "[id,name,title]",
        "row_count": "10",
        "start_index": "1"
    }
}
```

Previously, both get and "get_all" will provide all the default fields and fields required. Now, get will provide the same, while "get_all" will provide only the fields mentioned in the "fields_required".

"has_more_rows" indicates whether the entity has more data than the currently fetched set. For ex., if the user has given the row_count as 10 and the list contains more than 10 entries, then the "has_more_rows" will be true.

```
{
    "list_info": {
        "has_more_rows": true/false
    }
}
```

"has_more_rows" will be available in "list_info" in V3.

Behaviour of "fields_required" has been changed in V3.

"get_all" notation will not be supported in "fields_required" from V3.

For get and get_all : default fields + fields_required
For get : default fields + fields_required
For get_all : fields_required alone
In "get_all" operation, the position if the filter attribute has been changed.

```
{
  "subentity":{
    "filter": "OPEN"
    "associated_entity": "parent",
    "associated_entity_id": 1
  },
  "list_info":{
    "start_index": 1,
    "row_count": 10
  }
}
```

The filter attribute, which was available inside the entity object in V2, has been moved to "list_info" in V3.

```
{
  "subentity":{
    "parent":{
      "id": "1"
    },
    "list_info":{
      "start_index": "1",
      "row_count": "10",
      "filter": "OPEN"
    }
  }
}
```

Words starting with upper cases have been converted to lower cases.

```
"success", "warning", "info", "failed",
"status_code"
```

Henceforth, "id" will be mentioned in the response status only for bulk operations.

```
"response_status":{
  "id": 1,
  "status": "Success",
  "messages":[]
}
```

```
"response_status":{
  "status": "success",
  "messages":[]
}
```

```
"task":{
  "scheduled_start_time":{
    "value": "1428477452973"
  },
  "scheduled_endtime":{
    "value": "14284778452500"
  }
}
```

```
"task":{
  "scheduled_start_time":{
    "value": "1428477452973"
  },
  "scheduled_endtime":{
    "value": "14284778452500"
  }
}
```

Earlier, the date fields in input were provided as direct values. Now, the input for date fields will be provided as json object.

**Changes in TASK API:**

Following Attribute name changes and structure changes have been added in V3.

**Attribute name changes:**

Below table lists the changes done in V3 with respect to Attribute names.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V2</th>
<th>V3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Removed attributes:

- entity
- associated_entity_id
- milestoneid
- projectid

### New attributes:

- overdue : Boolean value (read-only)
- email_before : given in milliseconds

The following format has been followed in order to mention the parent entity while adding a Task:

```
"parent entity":
```

```
{
  "id": "1"
}
```

where a parent entity should be a project / milestone / request / change / problem. The same structure will be followed in output as well.

**Structure Change**:

Following structure change has been done for "comment" in V3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V2</th>
<th>V3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>scheduled_starttime</td>
<td>scheduled_start_time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>scheduled_endtime</td>
<td>scheduled_end_time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>actual_starttime</td>
<td>actual_start_time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>actual_endtime</td>
<td>actual_end_time</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Changes in WORKLOG API:

**Removed attributes**:
The following attributes have been removed in WORKLOG API.

- task_id
- associated_entity
- associated_entity_id

**New Attributes added**:
The following format has been followed inorder to mention the parent entity while adding a Worklog:

> "parent entity":

```json
{
  "id": "1"
}
```

where the parent entity should be task / request / change / problem. The same structure will be followed in output as well.

**URL change**:
Refer the following URL change for the new form operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V2</th>
<th>V3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><code>/sdpapiv2/worklog/worklog_newform</code></td>
<td><code>/api/v3/worklog_newform</code></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Changes in ATTACHMENT API**:

**Attribute name changes** (only in output)

Few attribute names have been changed / replaced as follows in the output side of V3.
**New Attribute : (only in output)**
"content_url" attribute has been added in V3.
Example: "content_url": "/api/v3/attachments/3"

**Changes in SOLUTION API:**
"key_words" was returned as string in v2 get_all solution operation. In V3, it will be returned as a JSON array of string.

```json
V2
{
  "solutions": [
    {
      "id": 3,
      "title": "Modify Login screens and Logout screens",
      "key_words": ["modify login screen", "modify logout screen"]
    }
  ]
}

V3
{
  "solutions": [
    {
      "id": 3,
      "title": "Modify Login screens and Logout screens",
      "key_words": ["modify login screen", "modify logout screen"]
    }
  ]
}
```
Reports

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus gives you a set of preset help desk, problem/change and asset reports and so on generated from the data available in the application.

To view the various reports available in application

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Reports tab in the header pane. The next page lists the various reports grouped under different heads. Along with the default reports you also create New Custom Reports, New Query Reports, New Scheduled Report.

The following sections explain the various reports and the kind of data that each of these reports represents.

- About ServiceDesk Plus
- New Custom Report
- New Query Report
- Flash Report
- New Scheduled Report
- Custom Settings
Pre-defined ServiceDesk Plus Reports

ServiceDesk Plus provides you with pre-defined reports that can be classified as Helpdesk, Problem/Change, Request Timespent, Survey, Asset, Audit, Resources, Purchase, Contracts reports. Technicians with administrator privilege and Full access permission over Reports module can edit these pre-defined reports to suit their needs.

Helpdesk Reports

Helpdesk Reports includes all request related reports such as, Reports on Incident Requests, Reports on Service Requests, Reports by All Requests, Reports by Completed Requests, Reports by Pending Requests and Summary Requests.

Reports on Incident Requests
These reports consists of all the open, closed and SLA violated Incident Requests based on parameters such as, category, priority, request date, due date, technician and group.

Reports on Service Requests
These reports consists of all the open, closed and SLA violated Service Requests based on parameters such as, category, priority, request date, due date, technician and group.

Reports by all requests
These reports provide you with graphical view of all open and closed requests by category, group, created date, department, due date, level, priority, status, technician, status by category, status by level, status by priority, status by technician.

Reports by completed requests
These reports show the distribution of completed and closed requests. Similar to Report by all request, these reports are also generated based on various parameters such as category, group, department, due date, level, mode, priority and request date.

Reports by SLA Violated requests
These reports display the distribution of the requests that have violated the SLA that was applicable on them. You can view these violations based on the request category, group, the department from which the request was generated, and the technician who handled the request and so on.

Reports by pending requests
This shows the distribution of all pending requests for a specific period of time, based on different parameters, such as priority, department, technician, category, due date, request date and so on.

Request Summary Reports
These reports provide you with a high level view of the requests received and closed during a particular period, date-wise. The summary reports available are the received request summary reports by date and closed request summary reports by date. These reports are generated on the parameters of request received or closed by technicians, request received or closed in a specific category, priority, and mode.

Problem/Change Reports
Problem/Change Reports includes all problem and change related reports such as, Reports by All Problem, Reports on Pending Problems, Reports on Completed Problems, Reports by All Changes, Reports on
Pending Changes and Reports on Completed Changes.
Reports by All Problems
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all open, closed, on-hold and resolved problems based on different parameters such as category, status, priority, impact, technician and urgency.
Reports on Pending Problems
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all open and on-hold problems based on different parameters such as, category, priority, urgency and incidents counts.
Reports on Completed Problems
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all closed problems based on different parameters such as, category, priority, urgency, cost and incident counts.

Reports by All Changes
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all approval, approved, completed, implementation, planning, rejected, release, requested, review and testing changes based on different parameters such as, category, impact, status, change type, technician, time spent on change and priority.
Reports on Pending Changes
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all pending changes such as approval, approved, implementation, planning, release, requested, review and testing changes based on different parameters such as, category, priority, change type, urgency, incident counts and problem counts.
Reports on Completed Changes
You get a graphical view as well as tabular view of all completed changes based on different parameters such as, category, change type, priority, urgency, cost, incident counts and problem counts.

Request Timespent Reports

These reports provide information on the technician's time spent on requests and the cost per technician based on the time spent. You can group the report information based on category, department, requester and technician attending to the request. The time spent report by requester, gives you an idea on the cost per requester and the number of request.

By default, the help desk reports will be created for the current week. You can choose any custom period of your choice or choose to create reports for last week, or this month, or for just this day. All these reports can be used for analysis purposes. For example, the reports mapped against the parameter technician can be used to measure the technician responsiveness and load handling capability.

Survey Reports

These reports provide you with the summary details on the survey results based on various parameters.
All these reports help in measuring the efficiency and effectiveness of the support team and take respective corrective actions.

Under Survey reports you have,

- Survey Overview Report which gives you the overall ratings of each of the questions in the survey based on the feedback of the users who took the survey. The ratings give you an idea about the value that is associated with the corresponding question. This report provides both tabular and a graphic representation of the results.
- Survey Results by Category report has the survey information grouped based on the category. Against each category, the points gained by each of the survey questions will be tabulated. Depending on the kind of survey questions, this report will provide valuable information based on individual request categories.
- Survey Results by Department has the survey information grouped based on the department from which the requests originated. The points for each question of the survey are mapped against the department name from where the request originated.
- Survey Results by Level has the survey information grouped based on the level of the requests. The points for each question of the survey are mapped against the level of the request for which the survey was sent.
- Survey Results by Mode has the survey information grouped based on the mode of the requests. The points for each question of the survey are mapped against the mode of the request for which the survey was sent. This also gives you an idea on the mode of request that is most frequently used to create a new request.
- Survey Results by Priority has the survey information grouped based on the priority of the requests. The points for each question of the survey are mapped against the priority of the request for which the survey was sent.
- Survey Results by Requester has the survey information grouped based on individual requester. This helps you in finding out which requester has sent the maximum number of requests and any other information based on your survey questions. This will give you an idea of the users perspective and help you in deciding about the corrective actions that need to be taken to make the support team more efficient and effective.
- Survey Results by Technicians has the survey information grouped based on individual technicians. Each of the survey questions will carry some value and based on this value, the average value for the questions will be marked against the technicians. These points will enable you to objectively measure the technicians efficiency and effectiveness from the users perspective and take any corrective measures, if required.

Asset Reports

All Computers ( Workstation and Servers )

The workstation reports give you information about the various workstation-related metrics.

- Computers by Domain report tells you the computers grouping based on domains. Thus you get to know the number of computers in each of the domains in your organization network.
- Computers by Manufacturer report gives you a high-level distribution view of the computers used from different manufacturers.
- Computers by OS report gives you an overview on the percentage of computers belonging to each type of operating system. Thus you will also know the different types of Operating Systems in use in your organization.
• **Computers by Processor Manufacturer** report gives you the graphical view as well as the tabular view of the computers by processor manufacturer. Thus it gives a count of all computers with processor vendor name used in your organization.

• **Computers by Processor Type** report will give a tabular view of all processor type in each computers used in your organization.

• **Computers by Vendor** report gives a graphical as well as the tabular view of all vendors for each the computers in your organization.

• **Computers with less than 256MB RAM and more than 256MB RAM** gives the report of all computers in your organization with more than 256MB RAM and less than 256MB RAM.

• **Operating System by Region** gives you the list of workstations that are grouped under a particular region but are not yet assigned to any user or department. The list of computers is also displayed in the tabular form just below the graph.

• **Unassigned workstations by Domain** gives you the number of computers that are connected to the domains but are not assigned to any user or department or computer. The list of computers is also displayed in the tabular form just below the graph.

**Server**

• **Server with less than 10% Free Disk space** gives the report of all the servers in your organization with less than 10% free Disk space.

• **Servers with less than 512MB RAM** gives the report of all the servers in your organization with less than 512MB RAM.

**Software**

Under software reports you have, Software Reports - Purchased Vs Installed software, Software by Category and Software by Manufacturer. Under software reports - purchased Vs Installed software you can view the list of all software purchased vs installed in each of the workstation in your organization. Under software by category you can view the list of all software classified under default software category. Under Software by Manufacturer you can have the tabular view of all software used in your organization listed based on the manufacturer of the software.

**Workstation Summary Reports**

Under workstation summary reports you have, Software Summary Report and Hardware Summary Report. Software summary report provides you with the tabular view of all the software installed in each workstation. This includes all managed, unmanaged software. Hardware summary report provides you with all the hardware details of an workstation such as, memory details, drive information, hard disk information, physical drive information, network adapters and so on. Thus it gives a complete overview of all the software installed and hardware details of an workstation.

**Audit Reports**

Under audit reports you have audit history by workstation, audit history by time line, audit history by changes. The updated audit reports are available only by scanning the workstation. Audit history by workstation gives a complete report on the account of all actions taken place in a workstation. This provides detail report on both hardware and software details. Audit history by time line gives a detail overview of all actions taken place in a workstation for a specific time period. By default you can get only the current week report. Audit history by changes gives a complete report on all changes taken place in a
workstation for the current week.
To get the audit report for previous weeks,

1. Click the Edit button. This opens the Custom Reports.
2. From the Date Filter block-> select the Scan Date option from the combo box -> select the duration by clicking During combo box which provides you with the last week, last month, this month, this quarter, last quarter or yesterday options to generate reports. (OR) if you wish to generate reports for a specific time period then select the From and To radio button and select the dates from the calendar button.
3. Click Run Report button. You can get report for the specified time period.

Resources Reports

Under resources reports you have, resources by product type, resources by vendor, resources types by site. Resources by product types give the graphical view as well as the tabular view of all the resources (assets) available for all default and newly added product types. Resources by Vendor give the graphical and tabular view of all the resources in the organization based on the vendor name. The name of the vendor will be in X-axis and the resource count will be in Y-axis. Resource Types by Site lists all the available resources in your organization distributed across each sites of your company.

Contract Reports

Under contracts reports you have reports based on Active contracts, Contracts by Max value, Contracts by status, Contracts by vendor and Expired contracts. Active Contracts shows all the open contracts in your organization in a graphical and tabular view. Contracts by Max Value shows all the contracts which costs above 1000$ will be displayed in both graphical and tabular view. Contracts by Status show the list of all contracts with its status level such as, open contracts, expired, expired in the last 30 days, expiring in next 7 days and expiring in next 30 days in a graphical and tabular view. Contracts by Vendor shows all the contracts with all status level but classified based on the vendor. Expired Contracts shows the list of all the expired contracts in your organization.

Purchase Reports

Under purchases you have reports based on PO Vendors, PO by Ordered Date, PO by Required Date, PO by Status. Purchase orders by vendors gives the graphical view and tabular view of all the approved, pending for approval, partially approved, closed, overdue, POs due in next 7 days, POs due in next 30 days purchase orders classified based on the vendor name. Purchase orders by ordered date gives the graphical view and tabular view of all the approved, pending for approval, partially approved, closed, overdue, POs due in next 7 days, POs due in next 30 days purchase orders classified based on the ordered date. Purchase orders by required date gives the graphical view and tabular view of all the approved, pending for approval, partially approved, closed, overdue, POs due in next 7 days, POs due in next 30 days purchase orders classified based on the required date.
Custom Reports

ServiceDesk Plus enables you to create reports that meet your need if you are unable to find them from the list of out-of-the-box reports already available. To create your custom reports,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application with your user name and password.
2. Click Reports tab in the header pane.
3. Click New Custom Report button in the reports home page. This opens the Custom Report page that will help you navigate through the various steps involved in the creation of a custom report.
4. Specify the relevant Report Title in the given text field. This is a mandatory field.
5. Choose the Report Type by selecting the radio buttons. You can create Tabular Reports, Matrix Reports, Summary Reports, Audit Reports.
6. Choose the module (Request, TimeSpent, Problem, Change and so on) for which you wish to create the report. The audit History module will be enabled only for audit reports. This is applicable only for the tabular and matrix reports. For summary reports, audit reports default modules will be selected.
7. Click Proceed to Report Wizard >> button. This opens the Display Columns page. This page differs for each report type. Each report type has to go through various steps before generating it as a customized report.

To generate Tabular Reports

Tabular reports are simple reports that allow you to list your data based on certain criteria. If you had selected the Tabular Reports option then you have five steps to create a complete customized tabular report. If you wish to skip a particular option then click the next tab and move to the next step.

Display Columns

The first step to create tabular reports is to select the display columns which need to be displayed in the tabular report. Select the columns from the Available Columns list box and click >> button to move them to Display Columns list box. Click the << button if you want to remove any column from the Display Columns list box.

Click Next button. This leads you to the grouping of columns, where you can choose two levels of grouping.

Filter Options

1. If you are using the date/time filter criteria, select the date column name from the Select Column combo box.
2. Select the period for which you want to generate the report. If you would like to generate report during this week, last week, this month, last month, this quarter, last quarter or today, yesterday then select the During radio button and select the time period from the combo box. (OR) If you wish to provide a custom period, then select the From and To date using the calendar button.
3. To use Advanced Filtering, select the column name such as, Requester name, region site and so on from the combo box. Select the criteria (is, is not, contains and so on) from the combo box. You can pick a value by invoking the icon 🕒. Select AND or OR option from the combo box to add more than
one criteria. You can delete a criteria by clicking the delete icon.
4. Click the Choose button and select the value for the column to add as a filter condition.
5. Click as Add to Filter button to add the filter condition to the filter set which gets listed under the Filter Set title.
6. Click Next button to go to the grouping of data.

Grouping Data

From the Group by combo box, select the column based on which you wish to group the data.
Select the Order by from the combo box.
Click the Next button to go to the next stage.

Column Summary

You can get the column summary for all the columns in the report. If you wish to have the column summary displayed in the report, select the column summary options available for each column. The summary options differs for each column you have selected.
Click the Next button to go the next option.

Charts

In addition to the tabular chart, if you wish to have a chart displayed for a particular column then, or you can skip this option and directly run the report.

1. Select the chart type to be displayed from the combo box.
2. Select the Axis column from the combo box to be displayed in the chart. This is a mandatory field.
   The data will be grouped in the chart based on the column selected.
3. Select the Display Format from the combo box. For ex: in numbers or in percentage.
4. Click Run Report button.

On running the report you get a tabular report as well as the graphical view for the selected column data.

To generate Matrix Reports
Matrix reports provide the data in a grid manner (m x n format). It allows you to study different scenarios based on the chosen criteria. If you have selected matrix reports you have two steps to generate a complete matrix report. Click the Proceed to Report Wizard button to go to next page.

Grouping Data
You have simple grouping and advanced grouping option for matrix reports.

Simple Grouping

1. Click the Simple grouping tab. You have two options Top column information and left column information. Select the top column information from the combo box. This is a mandatory field.
2. Select the left column information from the combo box. This is a mandatory field.
3. Select the summarize column count from the combo box to get the column summary.
Normal Grouping

1. Click the Advanced grouping tab. You have two options Column grouping and Group by.
2. Select the Columns and Date format to be displayed from the combo box. Select the group by from the combo box. You have three options for group by to be displayed in the report. This is a mandatory field.
3. Select the summarize column from the combo box.
4. Select the period for which you want to generate the report. If needed you can also provide a custom period by choosing the from and to date manually.
5. Click Next.
6. To use Advanced Filtering, you first need to select the radio button for matching all the selected criteria or any one of them. Then from the column listing, select the various columns and set the match operator and mention the values for matching.

Filter Options

1. If you are using the date/time filter criteria, select the date column name from the Select Column combo box.
2. Select the period for which you want to generate the report. If you would like to generate report during this week, last week, this month, last month, this quarter, last quarter or today, yesterday then select the During radio button and select the time period from the combo box. (OR) If you wish to provide a custom period, then select the From and To date using the calendar button.
3. To use Advanced Filtering, you first need to select the radio button for matching all the selected criteria or any one of them. Then from the column listing, select the various columns from the list and set the match operator and mention the values for matching the column as (is, is not, contains and so on) from the combo box.
4. Click the Choose button and select the value for the column to add as a filter condition.
5. Click as Add to Filter button to add the filter condition to the filter set which gets listed under the Filter Set title.

Request Summary Reports
Summary reports are detailed reports that allow you to list your data based on certain criteria. To create a Request Summary Report, Choose the Summary Report and Click the Proceed to Report Wizard button to go to next page. You have two steps to generate a complete request summary report.

Display Columns

The first step to create request summary reports is to select the display columns which need to be displayed in the request summary report. Select the columns from the Available Columns list box and click >> button to move them to Display Columns list box. Click the << button if you want to remove any column from the Display Columns list box.

Click Next button. This leads you to the grouping of columns, where you can choose two levels of grouping.

Filter Options
1. If you are using the date/time filter criteria, select the date column name from the Select Column combo box.

2. Select the period for which you want to generate the report. If you would like to generate report during this week, last week, this month, last month, this quarter, last quarter or today, yesterday then select the During radio button and select the time period from the combo box. (OR) If you wish to provide a custom period, then select the From and To date using the calendar button.

3. To use Advanced Filtering, you first need to select the radio button for matching all the selected criteria or any one of them. Then from the column listing, select the various columns from the list and set the match operator and mention the values for matching the column as (is, is not, contains and so on) from the combo box.

4. Click the Choose button and select the value for the column to add as a filter condition.

5. Click as Add to Filter button to add the filter condition to the filter set which gets listed under the Filter Set title.

6. Click Next button to go to the grouping of data.

Audit Reports

Audit reports are detailed history reports that allow you to list your inventory history data based on scan time criteria. Click Proceed to Report Wizard button to go to the next page. This opens the Audit History Report page.

You have three audit history reports options, on scanning the workstation you get the updated version of all the audit reports.

- Audit history by workstation.

Audit history by workstation gives a complete audit report of the hardware and software details of the workstation.

- Audit history by time line.

Audit history by time line gives a detail overview of all the actions taken place in a workstation for a specific time period.

- Audit history by changes.

Audit history gives a complete report on all changes taken place in a workstation.

Select any of the three audit history report options. Specify the scan date from the combo box. Click Run Report button. You get the audit history report.
Creating New Query Reports

1. Click on the Reports tab. This opens the All Reports page.
2. Click New Query Report button. This opens the Query Editor page.
3. Select the Table Schema from the combo box say, requests, timespent and so on. Click Get to view the table schema for the selected option.
4. Specify the title of the report in the Report Title field. This is a mandatory field.
5. Specify the query to be executed for getting reports in the Query field. This is a mandatory field.
6. The logs will display all error messages on providing any wrong query.
7. Click Run Report to run query report.

Tips

1. Date Formulae: DATE_FORMAT (FROM_UNIXTIME (COLUMN_NAME/1000),'%d-%m-%Y %k: %i') 'Column Alias'.
2. Minutes Formulae: ROUND (((COLUMN_NAME/1000)/60) % 60) 'Minutes'.
3. Hours Formulae: ROUND (((COLUMN_NAME/1000)/3600)) 'Hours'.
4. Compare Date: COLUMN_NAME >= (UNIX_TIMESTAMP (DATE ('2006-07-24 00:00:00')) * 1000).
5. Convert Memory in GB: (((MEMORY_COLUMN)/1024)/1024)/1024
6. Default Value For Null Data: COALESCE (COLUMN_NAME, 'Unassigned')
7. Group by: Query statement will be ends with order by <column_index>

Additional Field tables

1. Request Additional Fields - WorkOrder_Fields
2. Requester Additional Fields - Requester_Fields
3. Technician Additional Fields - Technician_Fields
4. Asset Additional Fields - Asset_Fields
5. Workstation Additional Fields - Workstation_Fields
6. Problem Additional Fields - Problem_Fields
7. Change Additional Fields - Change_Fields
Flash Report

Flash Reports help to get a quick and customizable overview of reports. Using Flash Reports we can generate a high level picture on the status of the requests based on the selected criteria. It tells us the number of requests that are present for a given condition.

To configure and view flash reports,

1. Login to ServiceDesk Plus application with your user name and password.
2. Click Reports tab in the header pane.
3. Click Flash Reports button in the reports home page. This opens the Flash Reports page.
4. Select the filter parameters:
   - Select Created/Responded/Due-by/Completed time from the drop down box.
   - Select pre-defined time period from the drop down box by choosing During option or customize the time period by selecting the From and To dates from the calendar.
5. Click OK.
6. The report is loaded in the same page.

The report shows information pertaining to requests in the mentioned time period under conditions such as Total requests, Pending Requests, Completed Requests and SLA Violated Requests. Based on parameters such as SLA, Technicians, Priority, Category, Site, Level, Type, Urgency, Impact, Mode and Status, the reports can be further scrutinized. These parameters can be viewed by clicking on the button.

For example,

If you need to know the number of requests that have violated the SLA, then click on "SLA" option. This shows number of violated/non-violated requests. For further information on the requests, click on the downward arrow and choose from one of the given parameters. Say, you need to know technicians handling the SLA violated requests, and then click on downward arrow and choose "Technician" from the drop down list. The technicians along with the number of requests handled by them are displayed in the next branch. Further if you want to know the priority of requests handled by a particular technician, then click on downward arrow next to the technician name and select "Priority". This displays the number of requests that have normal, high and low priorities.
If you click on the number that is displayed along with the report, the list of requests will be displayed in a new window. By clicking on the title of the request, you can view the request details in the space below. The request details cannot be edited/modified in this screen.
Scheduling Report Settings

1. Click Reports tab. This opens the All Reports page.
2. Click New Scheduled Report button. This opens Schedule Report Settings page.
3. To generate report once click Generate Once radio button. Specify the date using the calendar button and Time from the combo box on which the report has to be generated.
4. Select the report to schedule from the combo box. The list will display all the available reports such as, Reports by All requests, Reports by Completed requests, Reports by SLA Violated reports and so on. This is a mandatory field.
5. Specify the E-mail ID of the person to whom the generated report has to be sent.
6. Save the details. Scheduled reports get displayed in the Schedule Reports page.
7. To generate reports on a daily basis click Daily Report radio button and specify the From Date, Time, report to be scheduled and the e-mail address of the person to whom the report has to be sent. Save the details.
8. To generate weekly report click Weekly Report radio button. Specify the days of the week on which you want to generate reports by selecting the check box. Or select Everyday check box to generate reports on daily basis. Also specify the time, report to schedule, and E-mail ID of the person to whom the generated report has to be sent. Save the details.
9. To generate reports on a monthly basis click Monthly Report radio button. Specify the month on which the report has to be generated by enabling the check box. Or select Every Month check box to generate reports on monthly basis. Also specify the time, report to schedule, and E-mail ID of the person to whom the generated report has to be sent. Save the details.

NOTE: If a technician is deleted or the login credentials are removed from the application, then the ownership of the scheduled reports created by that technician is transferred to the technician who has performed the delete/unassigned login credentials action.
Custom Settings

The custom settings wizard helps you to customize the report column size. This helps to increase or decrease the tabular column size, matrix column size and modify the date and time format of your custom reports.

1. Click Reports tab. This opens the All Reports page.
2. Click the Custom Settings button. The Report Settings dialog pops up.
3. If you wish to customize the Tabular column size, specify the size of the small text, large text, number size and date and time text. And update the changes.
4. If you wish to customize the Matrix column size, specify the size of the cell width and cell height and update the changes.
5. To disable the links in reports enable the check box beside Disable links in report under General Settings block. To view one Group per page, enable the check box beside the same.
6. For empty values, enter the value to be shown in the report, such as Not Assigned, Null and so on.
7. For better stability and performance of the ServiceDesk Plus application we recommend you to use Stability Settings.

Use the Stability settings to limit the row counts for,
- Request module reports containing Description/Resolution Column.
- Request module reports containing text additional fields.
- Anyother tabular reports.
You can also use Stability Settings to limit maximum number of simultaneous report users and configure report time out minutes.
### Stability Settings

**Row limit for Request module reports containing Description/Resolution Column:** 5000
(Recommended: 5000)

**Row limit for Request module reports containing text additional fields:** 30000
(Recommended: 30000)

**Row limit for any other tabular reports:** 50000
(Recommended: 50000)

**Maximum total number of simultaneous report users:** 15
(Recommended: 15)

(1/4th of max users limit for Description based Request reports For e.g only 3 users can take Description based Request reports when max users is set to 15)

**Report time out in minutes:** 20
(Recommended: 20)

---

**Note** If the recommended values are exceeded, server might face stability issues.

8. Click the Update button to update the changes.
Viewing Asset Reports

To view asset reports

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Reports tab in the header pane. The asset reports are listed below the helpdesk reports.
3. Click any of the asset reports.

You can generate Assets by Acquisition Date and Assets by Expiry Date reports for the time duration you want.

To choose the time period

1. Click the report name to view the default report generated for the current month.
2. Once you enter into the individual report view, on the right side you will see a Time Period block.
   By default, This Month is selected in the Choose a time period combo box.
3. From the **Choose a time period** combo box, select your time period. The various options available are **This Week, Last Week, This Month, This Quarter, Last Quarter,** and **Ever Opened**.

If you do not want the predefined periods, then you can choose your own custom period.

1. In the **Time Period** block, click the calendar icon beside the **From** field under **Custom Period**.
2. Choose a start date from which the report needs to be generated.
3. Similarly, choose an end date for the report in the **To** field.
4. Click **Generate**.

The report is generated for the custom period that you have chosen.
You can view the report either as a bar graph or as a pie chart. By default, the report is displayed as a bar graph as shown below:

![Graph Types](image)

To view the report as a pie chart, click the 🌓 icon. To view it as a bar chart, click the 🌡️ icon.
Exporting Report as PDF

You can export the report as PDF and save the PDF version of the report for future reference.

To export a report as PDF

1. Generate the report that you want. To know how to generate a report, refer to the Viewing Helpdesk Reports and the Viewing Asset Reports topics.
2. In the report view, click the **Export as PDF** link available at the top right corner of the report block.
3. If you have a PDF reader (Acrobat Reader), you will be asked if you want to open the document in your default PDF reader. Or else, you can choose to save the PDF document to your disk by selecting the **Save to Disk** radio button. If you want to open the PDF in a PDF reader, then leave the default selected option as is.
4. Click **OK**. The PDF document is opened in your default PDF reader.
5. Save the PDF document for future reference.
Viewing Purchase Reports

To view purchase reports

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Reports tab in the header pane. The purchase reports are listed below the survey reports.
3. Click any of the purchase reports.

You can generate the purchase reports for the time duration you want.

To choose the time period

1. Click the report name to view the default report generated for the current month.
2. Once you enter into the individual report view, on the right side you will see a Time Period block. By default, This Month is selected in the Choose a time period combo box.
1. From the **Choose a time period** combo box, select your time period. The various options available are **This Week**, **Last Week**, **This Month**, **This Quarter**, **Last Quarter**, and **Ever Opened**.

2. If you do not want the predefined periods, then you can choose your own custom period.

   1. In the **Time Period** block, click the calendar icon beside the **From** field under **Custom Period**.
   2. Choose a start date from which the report needs to be generated.
   3. Similarly, choose an end date for the report in the **To** field.
   4. Click **Generate**.

3. The report is generated for the custom period that you have chosen.
You can view the report either as a bar graph or as a pie chart. By default, the report is displayed as a bar graph as shown below:

1. To view the report as a pie chart, click the ☀️ icon. To view it as a bar chart, click the ☣️ icon.
Viewing Helpdesk Reports

To view helpdesk reports

1. Log in to ServiceDesk Plus using the user name and password of an admin user.
2. Click the Reports tab in the header pane. First, the help desk reports are listed, followed by the assets reports.
3. Click any of the helpdesk reports.

For all the helpdesk reports, you can choose the time period for which the report can be generated. To choose the time period, follow the steps given below:

1. Click the report name to view the default report generated for the current week.
2. Once you enter into the individual helpdesk report view, on the right side you will see a Time Period block. By default, This Week is selected in the Choose a time period combo box.

3. From the Choose a time period combo box, select your time period. The various options available are Today, This Week, Last Week, This Month, and Ever Opened.

   Note: For the summary reports, you will not find the Ever Opened option in the time period combo box.

If you do not want the predefined periods, then you can choose your own custom period.

1. In the Time Period block, click the calendar icon beside the From field under Custom Period.
2. Choose a start date from which the report needs to be generated.
3. Similarly, choose an end date for the report in the To field.
4. Click Generate.

The report is generated for the custom period that you have chosen.

You can view the report either as a bar graph or as a pie chart. By default, the report is displayed as a bar graph as shown below:
To view the report as a pie chart, click the 🍳 icon. To view it as a bar chart, click the 🔼 icon.

In case of the time spent reports, you can also select the requester / technician / department / category for which you wish to generate the report, depending on the report type. This will give you the report for only the selected value.
Mobile client

ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus Mobile Client improves the efficiency and productivity of your help desk system by providing technicians with the ability to instantly access their requests while they are away from their desk through their mobile devices.

It is a complete browser based web application supporting various request features like viewing requests, adding requests, closing resolved requests, assigning request, adding work log, adding resolution and deleting requests.

ServiceDesk Mobile Client is compatible with mobile devices such as Blackberry and iPhone, and is accessed through the mobile browser on typing the URL http://<machine-name>:<port-number>, which redirects to the 'mc' context.

Features

- A browser based web application to access tickets from any location.
- Supports request module features such as, creating incident request, viewing request details, adding resolution to a request, adding work log, assigning technician to a request, closing completed requests and deleting requests.
- Any actions performed on the requests are based on the Roles assigned to the technicians.

Limitations

- Currently, ServiceDesk Plus Mobile Client supports only request module.
- Editing/Modifying requests cannot be performed.
- Compatible with mobile devices such as Blackberry and iPhone.

Logging into ServiceDesk Plus

On connecting your mobile device to http://<machine-name>:<port-number>/mc, the screen opens to displays the login page.

- Username: Username of the technician.
- Password: Password of the technician.
- For Domain: Choose the domain of the logged in technician. If the domain is not selected then it is considered as 'Not in any domain'.
- Is AD Auth: Select the check box for AD authentication.

Note: ServiceDesk Plus Mobile Client does not support Single Sign-On (SSO)
Click **Login** button.

On logging into the application from your mobile device, the home page displays the **Dashboard**, **Requests** and **Log out** options.

- **Dashboard**: Displays the number of **Overdue Requests**, **Requests Due Today** and **Pending Requests** of the logged in technician.
- **Requests**: Displays the request list view with options to select, **My Pending Requests**, **All Pending Requests** and **Incident/Service Requests**.
• Log out: To log out from the mobile client.

Dashboard
The dashboard of the logged in technician comprises of the number of all overdue requests, requests due to be completed today and the pending requests. Click an option to display the list of request under it.

To revert back to the Home page click Home link on the top right corner of the page.

Requests
Selecting Requests from the dashboard takes you to My Pending requests by default. The requests view options comprises of My Pending Requests, All Pending Requests and Incident/Service Requests. 

Note: The request list view and the actions performed on the requests are based on the roles assigned to the logged in technician.

Request List View
Request List View displays the title of the request, requester, status of the request, created date and time, technician assign icon, priority color code, first response time overdue flag, request overdue flag, and first response and resolution overdue flag.
Representation of icons from the Request List View

- ○ - Indicates that the First Response Time is overdue
- ▶ - Indicates that the request is overdue
- ○▶ - Indicates that the First Response Time and the Resolution Time are overdue
- 🏡 - Indicates unassigned requests i.e., technician is not assigned to the request
- 📄 - Indicates technician is assigned to the request.
- 🌟 - Indicates request assigned to the logged in technician

Operations performed from the Request List View

- **Search Requests based on Request ID:** Search for requests instantly by entering the Request ID in the Search field
- **New:** Option to create new incident requests
- **Pick:** Option to pick up unassigned requests
- **Assign:** Option to assign requests to other technicians
- **Close:** Option to close completed requests

The request list view displays a total of five requests in a page. You can navigate to other pages using the navigation options below the page. To revert back to the Home page, click the **Home** link on the top right corner of the page.

Creating Incident Request

Creating incident requests is simple and instant. All you need to do is enter the **Requester Name**, **Request Title** and **Description** of the issue. To create new request, click **New** button from the Request List View.
- **Requester Name**: Enter the name of the requester raising the request. To select and search for available requesters, click Select.
- **Request Title**: Enter a brief summary of the request
- **Description**: Enter detailed description of the request

Click Add to save and add the request in the request list view.

**Note:**

- Requests cannot be created through Request Template though templates are configured in the server.
- Request details such as request type, priority, urgency, group, category, sub category and item cannot be added while creating a new request.

**Viewing Request Details**

Click the request you want to view from the request list view page. The request details page displays the **Request ID, Requester, Status** of the request along with the overdue flag, **Technician** assigned to the request, **Priority** along with color code, **Due by Time** of the request, **Subject** and **Description**.
Click More details... link to get the entire detail of the request such as, request type, impact, status, due by time, response due by time and so on. If the description exceeds 250 characters then (More...) link appears. Click the link to view the entire description. Click More.. button to Add Resolution and Work Log. If the request is resolved, click Close. Click Delete to discard the request completely from the application.

**Assigning requests to technicians**
If you are assigning requests to technicians using your mobile device, then the list of all the available technicians are displayed. Requests can be assigned to technicians provided the technician is associated to the site where the issue exists.

1. Select the check box beside the request.
2. Click Assign. Select the radio button beside the technician.
3. Click Assign.
Note: Please note that an error message does not occur if a request is assigned to a technician with restricted access permission and if the technician is not associated to the site. Instead the request is not assigned to the technician.

Adding Resolution to a request

1. From the request details page, click More..
2. Click Add beside Resolutions. Enter the resolution in the text field.
3. You can also change the status of the resolution from Change State to drop down list.
4.

Click Save.

**Note:**

- Resolutions can be added only as plain text.
- Resolutions cannot be created through resolution templates though the templates are configured in the server.
- Resolutions cannot be searched from Solutions module.

**Viewing/Editing Resolutions for a request**

1. Click More.. from the request details page.
2. If the resolution is added to the request then the Edit and View link appears.
3. Click View to view the resolution. The resolution along with the technician submitted the resolution is displayed.
4. From the view resolution page, click Edit to modify the resolution. You can edit the request from More.. -> Edit link.
5. Edit the content and if necessary change the status.
6. Click Save.

**Adding Work Log for a request**

You can add the time spent details for a request from your mobile device. Click More.. from the request details page.
• **Technician**: The name of the logged in technician is displayed in a non-editable text by default.

• **Time Taken**: Enter the time taken to resolve the request in hours and minutes.

• **Incident Cost**: Enter the Incident Cost. The Incident Cost is Time Taken x Technician's cost per hour. The Technician Cost per hour is mentioned while adding a technician under Admin -> Technician.

• **Execution Time**: By default, the execution time displays the current date. Select the date and month from the drop down box.

• **Description**: Enter description about the time spent entry.

Click Save. The name of the technician along with the time taken to resolve the request and the cost is displayed. To know more on Adding Work Log refer Cost of Request.

**Note:**

• Work Log cannot be added for other technicians.

• The logged in Technician's Cost per hour should be configured in the server.
ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App

Introduction

The dynamic business space today requires your customers to have access to the right information on the move. With the need to have key information on the fingertips today, smartphones like iPhones have become inevitable for businesses worldwide.

The ServiceDesk iPhone App is intended to help you interact with the ServiceDesk Plus application more quickly and efficiently. By using the app you can extend support to your customers anytime, anywhere. In short, you can have a bird`s eye view of the complete details of your tickets in a single pane.

Once you have installed the iPhone app in your phone, you will be able to do the following:

- Add request
- Edit requests
- Assign requests to Technicians
- Reply to requests
- Add resolutions and work logs
- Close the completed requests

Features

- Access your tickets from any location.
- Be available for your end users anytime.
- Allow your end users to quickly log in tickets from their mobile app.
- Have the advantage of making live conversations with your end users.
- Respond to the end user queries from within the ticket.
- Create, edit, pick up, assign, and resolve tickets in a quick manner.
- Notify Technicians of request and task assignments, replies from end users, and request approvals, etc, on the go.
- Create custom views and save them for later use.
- Keep track of your response and resolution SLAs with the SLA status flags.
- Converse with the end users through emails from within the mobile app.
- Keep track of all tasks associated with tickets and track progress from your device.
- View all your pending tickets as events on your mobile calendar app.

This document walks you through the following topics:

1. Downloading the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App
2. Logging into the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App
3. Configuring the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App Settings
4. Requests List View
5. Add Request
6. Viewing Request Details
   1. Request Options
   2. Actions on Request
   7. Tasks List View
   8. Notifications
   9. Attachments
   10. Logging out of the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App

I Downloading the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App

Download the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app from the iPhone app Store. Search for the term 'ServiceDesk Plus' and you will find the ServiceDesk Plus - IT Helpdesk iPhone app in the search results displayed. It is a free app and does not require any license to be purchased. Proceed installing the app in your iPhone.

II Logging into the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app

After installing the app, a ServiceDesk Plus icon is displayed in the Home screen of your iPhone. Tap the icon to view the Take a tour screen. You can view the tutorials if you wish, or Skip directly to the Server Details screen (shown in the below image), where you need to enter the Server Address for the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app. By default, the address 'http://demo.servicedeskplus.com:80' is shown. You can change the URL if required. Click Save.
Once you click Save, the **Login** screen is displayed. Enter the **Username** and **Password** (say, **admin/admin**) and tap **Login**.

![Login screen](image)

**Note:**

1. Please note that the Technician should be enabled with the respective login permissions.
2. If AD Authentication is enabled in ServiceDesk Plus, then the Technician should login to the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app using the corresponding AD credentials.

### III Configuring the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App Settings

Tap the **Settings** icon to view and modify the app settings. You can configure the following details:

- Choose on how you want the request details to be displayed.
- Choose to add the requests to calendar, so that "My Pending Requests" gets automatically added to the Calendar app, provided due date for the requests is set.
- Change the theme of the app.
IV Requests List View

1. The Requests List View displays the My Open or Unassigned requests, by default. There are also other views, such as My Open Requests, All My Requests, My Overdue Requests, etc.
2. The Requests List View displays a maximum of 250 requests and each page displays a total of 50 requests.
V Add Request

From the Requests List View, you can add new requests by clicking the + icon. The Add Request form is displayed.

1. Configure the following:
   1. Enter the name of the Requester in the field provided.
   2. Enter a Title for the request.
   3. Select a Site.
   4. Write a Description.
   5. You can also add attachments, if required.
2. Tap the tick icon at the top. The Request is saved and displayed in the Requests List View along with the Requester’s Name and the Due by Date.

VI Viewing Request Details

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request, which include Request Title, Status, Requester Name, Due by Date, Priority and Description.
VI 1 Request Options

Click the ⋮⋯ icon to view the following options: Request Details, Resolution, Solutions, Work Logs, Tasks and Notes.

VI 1.1 Request Details:

i. Click Request Details.
ii) More details about the request will be displayed as shown in the below screenshot.
VI 1.2 Resolution:

Using Resolution option, you can enter resolution for a request, view existing resolution and edit them if required.

Note:

- Resolutions cannot be created through resolution templates though the templates are configured in the server.
- Resolutions cannot be searched from Solutions module.

VI 1.2.1 Adding Resolution

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the icon and tap Resolution.
2. Enter the Resolution in the field provided.
3. Tap Save.
4. A message appears stating that the resolution is saved successfully.
5. Tap Close to go back to Request Details page.

VI 1.2.2 Editing Resolution

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the icon and tap Resolution.
2. Tap the Edit icon. The edit option is available only if a resolution is added to the request. Edit the resolution and tap the tick icon.
3. A message appears stating that the resolution is saved successfully.
4. Tap Close to go back to Request Details page.

VI 1.3 Solutions

The Solution option lists the pre-recorded solutions that are relevant to a selected request. You can further narrow down the search and look for a specific solution by entering the relevant keyword in the available Search box. Click the required solution from the available list to view the details.

Note: Using ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app, you can only view the solutions related to a request. You cannot add a new solution or edit the solutions.
VI 1.4 Work Logs

Using Work Log option, you can record the total time spent on resolving a request. In ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app, you can Add Work Log, Edit Work Log and Delete Work Log.

VI 1.4.1 Adding Work Logs for a request

i. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the icon and tap Work Log.

ii. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the work logs added for the request. If no work logs are added to the request, then a No Work Log Found message is displayed.
iii. Tap the + icon to add a work log. The **Add Work Log** form is displayed.
1. Enter the **Technician** name who had resolved the request.
2. Enter the **Time Taken to Resolve** (in hrs and mins) the request in Hours and Minutes.
3. Enter the **Other Charges** of the request.
4. Choose the **Start Time** and **End Time** taken to complete the request.
5. Enter any relevant information about the time spent in the **Description** field.
6. Tap the tick icon. The Work Log is added to the All Work Logs List view.

### VI 1.4.2 Viewing Work Logs of a request

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request.
   From the resulting page, click the *** icon and tap **Work Log**.
2. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the available work logs of the request.
3. The work logs are displayed along with the name of the Technician who had resolved the request and the Time taken to Execute the request.
4. Select a work log to view the details. The work log details page is displayed.

### VI 1.4.3 Editing a Work Log

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request.
   From the resulting page, click the *** icon and tap **Work Log**.
2. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the available work logs of the request.
3. The work logs are displayed along with the name of the Technician who had resolved the request and the Time taken to Execute the request.
4. Select a work log to view the details. The work log details page is displayed.
5. Tap the **Edit** icon. Modify the required details.
6. All the fields in the form are editable. You can modify the **Technician**, edit the **Time Taken To Resolve** the request, edit the **Other Charges**, modify the **Start Time** and **End Time** and edit the **Description** of the Work Log.
7. Tap the tick icon. The details are saved and listed in the All Work Logs List view.

**VI 1.4.4 Deleting a Work Log**

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ⋮ icon and tap **Work Log**.
2. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the available work logs of the request.
3. Tap the **Delete** icon. The Work Log is deleted from the All Work Log List view.

**VI 1.5 Tasks**

Certain requests might involve multiple Technician work. In that case, the request can be divided into several tasks and each task can be assigned to a Technician/Group.

**VI 1.5.1 Adding Tasks for a request**

i. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ⋮ icon and tap **Tasks**.
ii. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the tasks added under the request. If no tasks are added to the request, then a **No Task Found** message is displayed.
iii. Tap the + icon to add a task. The **Add Task** form is displayed.
1. Enter a **Title** for the task.
2. Choose the **Priority** and **Status** of the task.
3. Choose the **Task Type**.
4. Select the **Percentage Completion** of the task.
5. Select the **Group** and **Owner** of the task
6. Tap the tick icon. The task is added to the All Tasks List view.

**VI 1.5.2 Viewing Tasks of a Request**

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ... icon and tap **Tasks**.
2. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the available tasks of the request.
3. Select a task to view the details. The Task details page is displayed.

**VI 1.5.3 Editing a Task**

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ... icon and tap **Tasks**.
2. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the available tasks of the request.
3. Select a task to view the details. The Task details page is displayed.
4. Tap the **Edit** icon. Modify the required details of the task.
5. Tap the tick icon. The details are saved and listed in the All Tasks List view.

**VI 1.5.4 Deleting a Task**

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ... icon and tap **Tasks**.
2. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the available tasks of the request.
3. Select a task to view the details. The Task details page is displayed.
4. Tap the **Delete** icon. The task is deleted from the All Tasks List view.

**VI 1.6 Notes**

You might require to add some additional information, including technical information, to a particular request based on your observations. In that case, you can use the Notes option. You can also use notes to update the status of a request.

**VI 1.6.1 Adding Note**

i. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the ... icon and tap **Notes**.
ii. The All Notes List view is displayed listing all the notes added under the request. If no notes are added to the request, then a **No Notes Found** message is displayed.

![Image of notes](image)

iii. Tap the + icon to add a note.

iv. Enter your content in the text field.

v. There are two types of notes that can be added to the request namely, Public Notes and Private Notes:

- **Public Notes**: Public notes can be viewed by both the Requesters and Technicians.
  
  - If you want the notes to be visible to all the requesters, then select the **Show to Requester** check box.
  
- **Private Notes**: Private notes can be viewed only by the Technicians (all the technicians).
  
  - If you want to notify the technician about the addition of the note, then select the **Mail to Technician** check box.

vi. Tap the tick icon. The note is added at the bottom of the request along with a date and time stamp. The name of the person who added the note is also displayed.

You can add any number of notes to a request. The added notes will be displayed in the descending order with recently added note first. You can also edit or delete the notes that have been added.

**VI 2 Actions on Request**

Click the 📝 icon to view the list of actions that can be performed on the request.
1. **Edit**: You can edit all the available details of the request. To edit a request:
   1. Tap **Edit**. The Edit Request form is displayed.
   2. Edit the request fields in the form and tap the tick icon at the top to save the changes.

2. **Pick up**: You can self-pickup requests from the Request details view. To pick up requests:
   Tap **Pick up**. The request will be assigned to you.

3. **Assign**: You can assign Technicians to requests:
   1. Tap **Assign**. The Technician Groups are listed.
   2. Select a Technician Group that lists all the technicians associated with that group.
   3. Choose the **Technician** you want to assign the request. Tap the tick icon at the top.
   4. A message appears stating the request is successfully assigned to the selected technician.

4. **Reply**: You can reply to Requesters. To reply:
   1. Tap **Reply**.
   2. Enter the **To** address of the requester.
   3. If you want to send the same information to multiple persons then enter the relevant e-mail addresses in the **CC** field with commas as a separator.
   4. The **Subject** is pre-populated. You can edit the subject if required.
   5. Enter a **Description**.
   6. Tap the tick icon at the top. The e-mail is sent to the requester.

5. **Close**: When a requester is completely satisfied with the support provided and the reported problem
has been perfectly resolved, the request can be moved to closed status. To close a request:

1. Tap **Close**.
2. Enter **Comments**.
3. If the requester has acknowledged the resolution, enable the checkbox. Tap the tick icon at the top.

**Note:** In ServiceDesk Plus Server:

- If you have enabled user's acknowledgement in ServiceDesk Plus server, then the **Close Request** page is displayed.
- If you have selected the mandatory fields to be filled while closing the request in **Request Closing Rules**, then enter the mandatory field and close the request. Else an error message appears and the request cannot be closed unless the field value is entered.
- If you have enabled the option "**Yes, prompt a message**" to confirm a user's acknowledgement in **Request Closing Rule**, then a **Close Request** page appears.

6. **Delete**:

   1. Tap **Delete**.
   2. Tap **Delete Request**. The request is deleted from the list.

### VII Tasks List View

1. The Tasks List view displays the different categories of tasks that includes **My Open Tasks**, **My Overdue Tasks**, **My All Tasks**, **Unassigned Pending Tasks**, etc.
2. You can add, edit and delete tasks.

VIII Notifications

Similar to the email and sms notification alerts, the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone app provides the Technicians with Notifications Alerts. These alerts designated by a specific icon alarms the Technicians about the vital aspects associated with a request and facilitates prompt action on their part, thereby increasing the overall productivity of your helpdesk.
You can view the **notifications icon** 🔄 in the The Requests List View that alerts the Technicians about the following events:

- When a **request is assigned** to them.
- When a **task is assigned** to them.
- When **notes are added to the request** assigned to them.
- When a **requester replies to a request** assigned to them.
- When **approval is required for a request** for which they have been assigned as **approvers**.
- When a requester/higher authority **approves/rejects the resolution** provided by them.

**Note:**

- A **red mark** with a number over the notifications Icon 🔄 indicates the number of **unopened notifications**.
- **Self-assigned or self-approved technician requests** will not be listed/recorded under the technician space.

**IX Attachments**

Attachments are files or images that can be appended to requests. You can attach multiple files to a request.
To add an attachment to a request do the following:

1. From the Requests List View click an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, click the 📊 icon.
2. The Attachments page is displayed that lists the existing attachments. A 'No Attachments' message is shown in case of NIL attachments.
3. Click the + icon to add an attachment. You can either take a photo or choose from the existing images in your phone.

Note:

- To add the attachments you need to first give access to the app, to your camera and photos.
- You can add attachments of size maximum upto 10 MB.

**X Logging out of the ServiceDesk Plus iPhone App**

To logout of the ServiceDesk iPhone app, do the following:

1. Go to the Settings page.
2. Tap the ☑ icon. You will be logged out of the app.
ServiceDesk Plus Android app

Introduction

ServiceDesk Plus, your IT helpdesk expert, is now available for quick access in your android mobile devices. You can tackle your tickets while on the go.

The ServiceDesk android App is intended to help you interact with the ServiceDesk Plus application more quickly and efficiently. By using the app you can extend support to your customers anytime, anywhere. In short, you can have a bird’s eye view of the complete details of your tickets in a single pane.

Once you have installed the android app in your phone, you will be able to do the following:

- Add requests
- Edit requests
- Assign requests to Technicians
- Reply to requests
- Add resolutions
- Add Worklogs
- Close the completed requests

Features

- Access your tickets from any location.
- Be available for your end users anytime.
- Allow your end users to quickly log in tickets from their mobile app.
- Have the advantage of making live conversations with your end users.
- Respond to the end user queries from within the ticket.
- Create, edit, pick up, assign, and resolve tickets in a quick manner.
- Notify Technicians of request and task assignments, replies from end users, and request approvals, etc., on the go.
- Create custom views and save them for later use.
- Keep track of your response and resolution SLAs with the SLA status flags.
- Converse with the end users through emails from within the mobile app.
- Keep track of all tasks associated with tickets and track progress from your device.

This document walks you through the following topics:

1. Downloading the ServiceDesk Plus Android App
2. Logging into the ServiceDesk Plus Android App
3. Configuring the ServiceDesk Plus Android App Settings
4. Requests List View
5. Add Request
6. Viewing Request Details
   1. Request Options
   2. Attachments for a Request
   3. Actions on Request
7. Tasks List View
8. Logging out of the ServiceDesk Plus Android App
I Downloading the ServiceDesk Plus Android App

Download the ServiceDesk Plus Android app from the Play Store of your Android phone. Search for the term 'ServiceDesk Plus' and you will find the ServiceDesk Plus - IT Helpdesk Android app in the search results displayed. It is a free app and does not require any license to be purchased. Proceed installing the app in your Android phone.

II Logging into the ServiceDesk Plus Android app

After installing the app, a ServiceDesk Plus icon is displayed in the Home screen of your phone. Tap the icon to view the the Login screen. Enter the Username and Password and tap Login. The Requests List View page is displayed.

II 1 Server Details Page

Tap the icon in the Login screen. The Server Details screen (shown in the below image), where you need to enter the Server Address for the ServiceDesk Plus Android app. By default, the address 'http://demo.servicedeskplus.com:80' is shown. You can change the URL if required. Enable the Use https checkbox, if you wish to run the server in https mode. Tap Save.
II 2 About Page

Tap the \( \text{\textbullet} \) icon to view the About page, where you can view few important information about the ServiceDesk Plus application like, Version, URL to the website of ServiceDesk Plus application, Contact number, etc.
Note:

1. Please note that the Technician should be enabled with login permissions.
2. If AD Authentication is enabled in ServiceDesk Plus, then the technician should login to the ServiceDesk Plus Android app using his AD credentials.

III Configuring the ServiceDesk Plus Android App Settings

1. Tap the icon from the Requests List View page to view and modify the app Settings.
2. You can configure the following details:

- Choose the **Theme**. You can choose between the colors, **Blue (default), Green, Red and Dark Grey**.
- View the details **About** the app and read the **Acknowledgement**.
- **Share** the app.
IV Requests List View

1. The Requests List View displays the **My Open or Unassigned requests**, by default. There are also other views, such as **My Open Requests, All My Requests, My Overdue Requests**, etc.
2. The Requests List View displays a maximum of 250 requests and each page displays a total of 50 requests.
V Add Request

From the Requests List View, Tap the icon and select Add Request [OR] tap the green + icon. The Add Request form is displayed.

1. Enter the below details:

   1. Enter the name of the Requester in the field provided.
   2. Enter a Title for the request.
   3. Select a Site.
   4. Write a Description.
   5. You can also add attachments, if required.

2. Tap the tick icon at the top. The Request is saved and displayed in the Requests List View along with the Requester’s Name and the Due by Date.

VI Viewing Request Details

From the Requests List View tap an individual request. The Request details page is displayed. You can view the relevant details of the request such as, Request Title, Status, Requester Name, Due by Date, Priority and Description.
VI 1 Request Options
From the Request details page, you can view the following options as icons. Tap the respective icon to view the relevant details.
1 - Request Details
2 - Conversations
3 - Work Logs
4 - Resolution
5 - Notes
6 - Solutions
7 - Tasks
VI 1.1 Request Details:

More details about the request will be displayed as shown in the below screenshot. Tap the green icon to edit the request.
VI 1.2 Conversations:

The email transactions happening between the Technician, handling the request, and the Requester are listed here as conversations. At times, the Technicians can converse with other Technicians regarding the request and those conversations also get listed under the Conversations block.
VI 1.3 Work Logs

Using Work Logs option, you can record the total time spent on resolving a request. In ServiceDesk Plus Android app, you can Add Work Log, Edit Work Log and Delete Work Log.

VI 1.3.1 Adding Work Logs for a Request

1. Tap the Work Logs icon. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the work logs added for the request. If no work logs are added to the request, then a No Work Logs message is displayed.
iii. Tap the + icon to add a work log. The Add Work Log form is displayed.

1. Enter the Technician name who had resolved the request.
2. Choose the Start Time and End Time taken to complete the request.
3. Enter the **Time Taken** to resolve (in hrs and mins) the request.
4. Enter any relevant information about the time spent in the **Description** field.
5. Enter the **Other Charges** of the request.
6. Tap the tick icon. The Work Log is added to the All Work Logs List view.

**VI 1.3.2 Viewing Work Logs of a request**

1. Tap the Work Logs icon. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the work logs added for the request.
2. The work logs are displayed along with the name of the Technician who had resolved the request and the Time taken to Execute the request.
3. Select a work log to view the details. The work log details page is displayed.

**VI 1.3.3 Editing a Work Log**

1. Tap the Work Logs icon. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the work logs added for the request.
2. The work logs are displayed along with the name of the Technician who had resolved the request and the Time taken to Execute the request.
3. Select a work log to view the details. The work log details page is displayed.
4. Tap the **Edit** icon. Modify the required details.
5. All the fields in the form are editable. You can modify the **Technician**, edit the **Time Taken To Resolve** the request, edit the **Other Charges**, modify the **Start Time** and **End Time** and edit the **Description** of the Work Log.
6. Tap the tick icon. The details are saved and listed in the All Work Logs List view.

**VI 1.3.4 Deleting a Work Log**

1. Tap the Work Logs icon. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the work logs added for the request.
2. The All Work Logs List view is displayed listing all the available work logs of the request.
3. Tap the **Delete** icon. The Work Log is deleted from the All Work Log List view.

**VI 1.4 Resolution:**

Using Resolution option, you can enter resolution for a request, view existing resolution and edit them if required.

**Note:**

- Resolutions cannot be created through resolution templates though the templates are configured in the server.
- Resolutions cannot be searched from Solutions module.

**VI 1.4.1 Adding Resolution**
1. Tap the Resolution icon. The All Resolutions List view is displayed listing all the resolutions added for the request. If no resolutions are added to the request, then a No Resolution message is displayed.
2. Tap the + icon to add a resolution. The Add Resolution form is displayed.
3. Enter the Resolution in the field provided.
4. Tap the tick icon. A message appears stating that the resolution is saved successfully.

VI 1.4.2 Editing Resolution

1. Tap the Resolution icon. The All Resolutions List view is displayed listing all the resolutions added for the request.
2. Tap the Edit icon. The edit option is available only if a resolution is added to the request. Edit the resolution and tap the tick icon.
3. A message appears stating that the resolution is saved successfully.

VI 1.5 Notes

You might require to add some additional information, including technical information, to a particular request based on your observations. In that case, you can use the Notes option. You can also use notes to update the status of a request.
VI 1.5.1 Adding Note

i. Tap the Notes icon. The All Notes List view is displayed listing all the notes added for the request. If no notes are added to the request, then a **No Notes** message is displayed.

![Note Example](image)

ii. Tap the + icon to add a note.

iii. Enter your content in the text field.

iv. There are two types of notes that can be added to the request namely, Public Notes and Private Notes:

   - **Public Notes**: Public notes can be viewed by both the Requesters and Technicians.
     If you want the notes to be visible to all the requesters, then select the **Show to Requester** check box.

   - **Private Notes**: Private notes can be viewed only by the Technicians (all the technicians).
     If you want to notify the technician about the addition of the note, then select the **Mail to Technician** check box.

v. Tap the tick icon. The note is added at the bottom of the request along with a date and time stamp. The name of the person who added the note is also displayed.

You can add any number of notes to a request. The added notes will be displayed in the descending order...
with recently added note first. You can also edit or delete the notes that have been added.

**VI 1.6 Solutions**

The Solution option lists the pre-recorded solutions that are relevant to a selected request. You can further narrow down the search and look for a specific solution by entering the relevant keyword in the available Search box. Tap the required solution from the available list to view the details.

**Note:** Using ServiceDesk Plus Android app, you can only view the solutions related to a request. You cannot add a new solution or edit the solutions. Anyway, you can edit the resolutions by tapping the Resolution icon present in the Solution details page.
VI 1.7 Tasks

Certain requests might involve multiple Technician work. In that case, the request can be divided into several tasks and each task can be assigned to a Technician/Group.

VI 1.7.1 Adding Tasks for a request

i. Tap the Tasks icon. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the tasks added for the request. If no tasks are added to the request, then a No Tasks message is displayed.

Either access denied for the user or the remote DCOM option might be disabled in the workstation.

This error will occur if the login credentials provided for scanning is invalid or the Remote DCOM is not properly configured in the target workstation.

Given below is the procedure to troubleshoot the above mentioned error:

For forums post refer:

Step 1:
For Windows workstations 'Windows Domain Scan'
ii. Tap the + icon to add a task. The Add Task form is displayed.

1. Enter a Title for the task.
2. Choose the Priority and Status of the task.
3. Choose the **Task Type**.
4. Select the **Percentage Completion** of the task.
5. Select the **Group** and **Owner** of the task.
6. Tap the tick icon. The task is added to the All Tasks List view.

**VI 1.7.2 Viewing Tasks of a Request**

1. Tap the Tasks icon. The All Tasks List view is displayed listing all the tasks added for the request.
2. Select a task to view the details. The Task details page is displayed.
3. Tap the + icon to view different options:

```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REQUEST ID #117</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Do it now</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Please do</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Task Type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage Completion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delete -&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work Logs -&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ROV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scheduled Start Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actual Start Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Assigned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close -&gt;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
```

**VI 1.7.3 Deleting a Task**

1. Tap the Delete icon (shown in the above image).
2. The task is deleted from the All Tasks List view.

**VI 1.7.4 Work Logs for Task**

1. Tap the **Work Logs** icon (shown in the above image).
2. Follow the similar steps as in Request to add, view, edit and delete work logs.
VI 1.7.5 Attachments for a Task
Attachments are files or images that can be appended to tasks. You can attach multiple files to a task.
To add an attachment to a task do the following:

1. Tap the **Attachments** icon (shown in the above image).
2. The Attachments page is displayed that lists the existing attachments. A 'No Attachments' message is shown in case of NIL attachments.
3. Tap the + icon to add an attachment. You can either take a photo or choose from the existing images in your phone.

**NOTE:**
- To add the attachments you need to first give access to the app, to your camera and photos.
- You can add attachments of size maximum upto 10 MB.

VI 1.7.6 Editing a Task

1. Tap the **Edit Task** icon (shown in the above image).
2. Modify the required details of the task.
3. Tap the tick icon. The details are saved and listed in the All Tasks List view.

VI 1.7.7 Closing a Task
Tap the **Close Task** icon (shown in the above image). The task gets closed.

VI 2 Attachments for a Request
Attachments are files or images that can be appended to requests. You can attach multiple files to a request.

To add an attachment to a request do the following:

1. From the Requests List View tap an individual request to view the relevant details of the request. From the resulting page, tap the 😍 icon.
2. The Attachments page is displayed that lists the existing attachments. A 'No Attachments' message is shown in case of NIL attachments.
3. Tap the + icon to add an attachment. You can either take a photo or choose from the existing images in your phone.

**Note:**
- To add the attachments you need to first give access to the app, to your camera and photos.
- You can add attachments of size maximum upto 10 MB.
VI 3 Actions on Request
Tap the icon at the top right corner of the page to view the list of actions that can be performed on the request.

1. **Edit**: You can edit all the available details of the request. To edit a request:
   1. Tap **Edit**. The Edit Request form is displayed.
   2. Edit the request fields in the form and tap the tick icon at the top to save the changes.

2. **Pick up**: You can self-pickup requests from the Request details view. To pick up requests:
   Tap **Pick up**. The request will be assigned to you.

3. **Assign**: You can assign Technicians to requests:
   1. Tap **Assign**. The **Technician Groups** are listed.
   2. Select a Technician Group that lists all the technicians associated with that group.
   3. Choose the **Technician** you want to assign the request. Tap the tick icon at the top.
   4. A message appears stating the request is successfully assigned to the selected technician.

4. **Reply**: You can reply to Requesters. To reply:
   1. Tap **Reply**.
   2. Enter the **To** address of the requester.
   3. If you want to send the same information to multiple persons then enter the relevant e-mail addresses in the **CC** field with commas as a separator.
   4. The **Subject** is pre-populated. You can edit the subject if required.
   5. Enter a **Description**.
   6. Tap the tick icon at the top. The e-mail is sent to the requester.
5. **Close**: When a requester is completely satisfied with the support provided and the reported problem has been perfectly resolved, the request can be moved to closed status. To close a request:

1. Tap **Close**.
2. Enter **Comments**.
3. If the **requester has acknowledges the resolution**, enable the checkbox. Tap the tick icon at the top.
Note: In ServiceDesk Plus Server:

- If you have enabled user’s acknowledgement in ServiceDesk Plus server, then the Close Request page is displayed.
- If you have selected the mandatory fields to be filled while closing the request in Request Closing Rules, then enter the mandatory field and close the request. Else an error message appears and the request cannot be closed unless the field value is entered.
- If you have enabled the option "Yes, prompt a message" to confirm a user’s acknowledgement in Request Closing Rule, then a Close Request page appears.

6. Delete:

1. Tap Delete.
2. Tap Delete Request. The request is deleted from the list.

VII Tasks List View

1. The Tasks List view displays the different categories of tasks that includes My Open Tasks, My Overdue Tasks, My All Tasks, Unassigned Pending Tasks, etc.
2. Tap the icon from the Requests List View page and tap Tasks.
3. The Tasks List View displays the **My Open Tasks**, by default. There are also other views, such as **My Overdue Tasks**, **My All Tasks**, **Pending Tasks**, etc.

4. Tap the required task to view the relevant details.

5. You can add, edit and delete tasks.

**VIII Logging out of the ServiceDesk Plus Android App**

To logout of the ServiceDesk Android app, do the following:

1. Go to the Settings page.
2. Tap Logout.
3. Click Logout in the confirmation window displayed.
Appendix

This topic explains the various features that are not grouped under any of the modules but can be used from the application.

- System Log Viewer
- Performance Monitoring Tool
- Backup Process
- Restore Process
- Change Web Server Port
- Feedback
- Performance Guide
- Troubleshooting
System Log Viewer

You can view the error logs generated by the ServiceDesk Plus application online.

**Note:** To view performance logs and to schedule performance monitoring click on performance monitoring tool

**To view the error logs,**

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password. If you have the permissions to view the support information, you will see a Support tab in the header.
2. Click the **Support** tab in the header pane.
3. Click the System Log Viewer link available in the Support page.

**To view the individual error details,**

1. In the **Error Log** list view page, click the hyper linked **Error Message.** An error log window with the details of the error is opened.
2. The **Error Message** field contains the complete error message.
3. The **Module** field indicates the module in which the error occurred.
4. The **Occurred At** field indicates the date and time when the error occurred.
5. If the probable cause of the error is known, then the cause is displayed in the **Probable Cause** field.
6. The **Performed By** field indicates the origin of the error. For example, if it is a system-generated error, then the Performed By field contains System as its value.
7. Click **Close** after viewing the details of the error message.

None of these fields are editable. You can also search for a specific error log details with the help of the Search in feature.

**To search for error logs,**

1. In the left menu, the search block is found at the bottom. If you are in the Error Log list view page, then by default, the System Log option is chosen in the Search in combo box. If not, then choose System Log.
2. In the Enter Keyword text field, enter the search string.
3. Press Enter on your keyboard or click Go. The search results will display all the error logs that match the search string.
4. Click the error log of your choice to view the same.

You can delete these error logs.

**To delete individual error logs**

1. In the **Error Log** list view, select check boxes beside the **Error Messages** that you wish to delete.
2. Click **Delete.**

If you want to delete all the existing error messages, then click the **Delete All** button.
Back up Process

- Back up Process in Windows
  - Back up Process in Windows without file attachments
- Back up Process in Linux
  - Back up Process in Linux without file attachments

Back up Process in Windows

1. Shut down ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus server before you perform a back up of your data.
2. Click **Start -> Programs -> ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus -> Backup Data.** [OR]

   From command prompt, go to `<ServiceDesk>bin` directory and execute the `backUpData.bat` as shown below,
   
   ```
   C:\ManageEngineServiceDesk\bin\backUpData.bat
   ```

2. A backup of the data in the database and the file attachments that have been added in the application is created in `<ServiceDesk>backup` directory. The backup file has to be a `.data` file.
3. The file name for the backup file will be of the pattern `backup_servicedesk_[build number]_fullbackup_month_date_year_hr_min.data`. For example, a back up taken in Version 8.0 of ServiceDesk Plus looks like this,

   `backup_servicedesk_8000_fullbackup_01_18_2011_15_28.data`

ServiceDesk Plus is designed in such a way that the file attachments are not stored in the database. The attachments are stored in the file attachments folder of the installation directory (C:\ManageEngineServiceDesk). If you are upgrading the server, then you can save time by performing a back up without file attachments i.e., back up of the database alone.

Back up Process in Windows without file attachments

1. From command prompt, go to `<ServiceDesk Plus>bin` directory and execute `backUpData.bat -- trimmed` command to start the database back up.

   ```
   C:\ManageEngineServiceDesk\bin\backUpData.bat --trimmed
   ```

2. Once the back up is complete, a backup file with `.data` extension is placed in the Trimmed Backup folder under ServiceDesk Plus Home directory.
3. The backup file contains information such as, the Build number of ServiceDesk Plus, and date and time when the back up was performed. Here is the format of the backup file.

   `backup_servicedesk_[build number]_database_month_date_year_hour_minutes`

   For example, a trimmed backup taken in Version 8.0 of ServiceDesk Plus looks like this,
Back up Process in Linux

Follow the steps given below to take a back up of the ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus data:

1. Shut down ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus server before you perform a back up of your data.
2. Go to <ServiceDesk>/bin directory from the command prompt.
3. Execute the backUpData.sh file as given below:

   $ sh backUpData.sh

The backup file is created in the <ServiceDesk>/backup directory. The backup file has to be a .data file

3. The file name for the backup file is of the pattern backUp_servicedesk_[build number]_fullbackup_month_date_year_hr_min.data.

For example, a back up taken in Version 8.0 of ServiceDesk Plus looks like this,
backup_servicedesk_8000_fullbackup_01_18_2011_15_28.data

Back up Process in Linux without file attachments

1. From command prompt, go to <ServiceDesk Plus>bin directory and execute backUpData.sh --trimmed command to start the database back up.

   $ sh backUpData.sh --trimmed

2. Once the back up is complete, a backup file with .data extension is placed in the Trimmed Backup folder under ServiceDesk Plus Home directory.
3. The backup file contains information such as, the Build number of ServiceDesk Plus, and date and time when the back up was performed. Here is the format of the backup file.

   backup_servicedesk_[build number]_database_month_date_year_hour_minutes.

For example, a trimmed backup taken in Version 8.0 of ServiceDesk Plus looks like this, backup_servicedesk_8000_database_01_18_2011_15_28.data
Restore Process

- Restore Process in Windows
- Restore Process in Linux

Restore Process in Windows

1. Shut down ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus Server before you restore the data.
2. From the command prompt, go to `<ServiceDesk>bin` directory.
3. Execute the file `restoreData.bat` as shown below:

   ```
   C:\ManageEngineServiceDeskbin\restoreData.bat
   ```

4. The Restore Data dialog pops-up. Browse the backed up file and click OK.

4. The data begins to restore. While restoring the existing data is rewritten with the backed up file.
5. Close on successful installation.

Restore Process in Linux

1. Shut down ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus Server before you restore the data.
2. Go to <ServiceDesk>/bin directory from the command prompt.
3. Execute the file restoreData.sh as shown below:

$ sh restoreData.sh <backup file name>
The back up file name has to be the .data file from which you wish to restore the data. This will restore the data from the back up file.
Change Web Server Port

- Change Web Server Port on Windows
- Change Web Server Port on Linux

Change Web Server Port on Windows

Follow the steps given below to change the web server port where the ServiceDesk Plus server will be running:

1. Go to <ServiceDesk>\bin directory.
2. Execute the file changeWebServerPort.bat at command prompt as shown below:

   C:\[ServiceDesk Plus Home]\bin>changeWebServerPort.bat <new port number> <http or https>

1. The web server port will be reset to the new port number that you have specified.
   - HTTPS - To start the ServiceDesk Plus server in HTTPS mode.
   - HTTP  - To start the ServiceDesk Plus server in HTTP mode. By default, executing the file as changeWebServerPort.bat <new port number> will start the server in HTTP mode.
2. If the port number is occupied, you will be prompted to enter a different port number. If you do not wish to enter a different port number then press N on your keyboard to exit the application. Else press Y and enter a different port number that is unoccupied.

This change will be effected only when you restart the server. To connect to the ServiceDesk Plus server after restarting, the new port number must be used.

Change Web Server Port on Linux

Follow the steps given below to change the web server port where the ServiceDesk Plus server will be running:

1. Go to <ServiceDesk>/bin directory.
2. Execute the file changeWebServerPort.sh at command prompt as shown below,

   $ sh changeWebServerPort.sh <new port number> <http or https>

1. The web server port will be reset to the new port number that you have specified.
   - HTTPS - To start ServiceDesk Plus server in HTTPS mode.
   - HTTP  - To start ServiceDesk Plus server in HTTP mode. By default, executing the file as changeWebServerPort.bat <new port number> will start the server in HTTP mode.
2. If the port number is occupied, you will be prompted to enter a different port number. If you do not wish to enter a different port number then press N on your keyboard to exit the application. Else press Y and enter a different port number that is unoccupied.

This change will be effected only when you restart the server. To connect to the ServiceDesk Plus server after restarting, the new port number must be used.
Activating Service Monitoring Service for ServiceDesk Plus

ServiceDesk Plus lets users monitor its server performance by activating a cloud-based self-monitoring service right from the application. Site 24 * 7, the cloud based monitoring service, when activated monitors ServiceDesk Plus server to ensure it is being used effectively and thereby boosts productivity. Site 24*7 is an agent based monitoring solution which uses WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) protocol for scanning purposes. Do the following to proceed with the agent installation.

**Activating Site 24 * 7 for monitoring ServiceDesk Plus server**

1. Provide your *[Email ID]* to proceed with the *[Agent Installation]*
2. Type in the *[verification text]* provided
3. Click *[Proceed]*

Navigating to **Configure Self-Monitoring Service for ServiceDesk Plus**: Click *[Admin --> General --> Self monitoring service for SDP]*

Once activated, Site 24*7 will begin monitoring the ServiceDesk Plus server and provides you with critical information like server uptime/downtime, CPU usage, memory usage, disk usage etc., which is essential to keep your server up and running.

To know more about Site 24 * 7 and to configure additional alerts that will help monitor ServiceDesk Plus effectively, please visit: *[http://site24x7.com/](*
Performance Guide

Your help desk application may have the facility to store large amount of data but this can also hinder the performance of your help desk tool. This guide provides certain queries to improve the performance of ManageEngine ServiceDesk Plus.

To execute the query, you need to access the MySQL database. Click the respective OS link (Windows or Linux) to know how to access the MySQL database.

**NOTE:** Please restart ServiceDesk Plus after executing the query for the changes to get applied.

The list of performance tips discussed in this guide is,

- Java Tuning
- Enabling MSSQL Snapshot Mode
- Distributed Asset Scan
- Disable Request Count
- Disable Request Refresh Timer
- Disable All Requests filter
- Decrease the number of requests in List View
- Disable Short Description Search
- Cleanup Recent Item Limit
- Cleanup Error Log Limit
- Cleanup ACC Session
- Delete System Generated Notifications
- Increase User Cache Count
- Increase Technician Cache Count
- Increase Message IDs Cache Count
- Increase E-mail IDs / User IDs Cache Count

---

**Java Tuning**

It is required to have a 64bit server machine. The default configuration set in wrapper.conf is sufficient. However, in a larger environment, set the max heap size as follows,

```bash
# Maximum Java Heap Size (in MB)
wrapper.java.maxmemory=4096
```

**Enabling MS SQL Snapshot Mode**

We can enable the Read committed Snapshot in the MSSQL environment to increase the performance of the application. It creates a snapshot or read-only database of your current results that is separate from
your live database. So when you run a SELECT statement, to read your data, you are reading from a read-
only copy of your database. When you change your database, it happens on the live database, and then a
new copy or snapshot is created for reading against.

Benefits of enabling MS SQL Snapshot Mode:

- **Simultaneous user querying** of database will be possible without any delay or disruption (although
  load on application might exceed the usual limits)
- **User querying records** will be maintained in a separate **tempdb** which will not be affected by other
  user queries **occurring parallely** or **subsequently**
- **Database Tables** will be uploaded only after a transaction reaches completion.

Please follow the instructions given below to enable the same:

1. Shut down the ServiceDesk Plus service.

2. Please login to SQL Management studio, Please execute the below queries one by one.

   ALTER DATABASE <db_name> SET ALLOW_SNAPSHOT_ISOLATION ON

   ALTER DATABASE <db_name> SET READ_COMMITTED_SNAPSHOT ON

3. If you get a error message after executing the above queries, please

   execute the below query

   ALTER DATABASE <db_name> SET OffLine WITH ROLLBACK IMMEDIATE
To bring the DB Back Online:

```
ALTER DATABASE [DBNAME] SET ONLINE
```

4. Still if this is not done, then execute the sp_who2()

You will get the list of blocking queries, then kill each of them using the command:

```
kill <pid>
```

pid : is the processid of the each blocking query.

5. Once the process is killed, please proceed with step 2.

This will improve the performance of the system.

To verify:

```
SELECT snapshot_isolation_state,snapshot_isolation_state_desc,is_read_committed_snapshot_on FROM sys.databases WHERE name='<DatabaseName>'
```
If you have many nodes say, more than 1000, then scanning these nodes at regular intervals would hinder the performance of ServiceDesk Plus. To reduce the load on the server, you could scan these nodes using Distributed Asset Scan. All you need to do is install remote ServiceDesk Plus servers across departments. These remote servers scan the nodes at regular intervals and export the data to the central ServiceDesk Plus server.

**Disable Request Count**
The Request Count displays the total number of requests in the request list view page. Larger the request count value, the longer it takes to display the requests in the list view page.

The request count value cannot be removed. Instead you can choose to view the request count, by clicking a **Row Count** button in the request list view page.

To show the Row Count button, use the query,
```
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='FALSE' where CATEGORY='PERFORMANCE' and PARAMETER='SHOW_REQUEST_COUNT';
```

**Disable Request Refresh Timer**
The Refresh Timer refreshes the request list view page at regular intervals. But this can slow down the
You can disable the Refresh Timer option by using the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='FALSE' where CATEGORY='PERFORMANCE' and PARAMETER='SHOW_WO_REFRESH_TIME';

**Disable All Requests filter**
The 'All Requests' filter in the request list view displays all the requests that have been created so far, irrespective of the status. But as the number of requests increases, the performance of ServiceDesk Plus gradually slows down.

In this case, you can remove the 'All Requests' option from the filter drop-down using the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='FALSE' where CATEGORY='PERFORMANCE' and PARAMETER='SHOW_ALL_REQUEST_VIEW';

**Decrease the number of requests in List View**
In this case, you can remove the 'All Requests' option from the filter drop-down using the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='FALSE' where CATEGORY='PERFORMANCE' and PARAMETER='SHOW_ALL_REQUEST_VIEW';

**Disable Short Description Search**
Short Description refers to the description which appears when you hover over the subject link of the request in the request list view. By default, while performing a search operation, the short description of a request would be searched. But when you have large amount of data, the performance of ServiceDesk Plus eventually decreases.
You can disable this feature by using the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='false' where CATEGORY='SearchShortDescription' and PARAMETER='Status';

**Cleanup Recent Item Limit**
By default, the recent items list is deleted once in every 15 days. But you can improve ServiceDesk Plus's performance by increasing the cleanup frequency.
*Example:* If you want to cleanup the Recent Item list every 5 days, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE=5 where CATEGORY='CLEANUP_TASK' and
PARAMETER='CLEANUP_RI_LIMIT';
The maximum limit for cleaning up recent item list is 90. If you want to disable the cleanup, then set the parameter value as -1.

**Cleanup Error Log Limit**
By default, the error log list is deleted once in every 180 days. But you can increase the cleanup frequency to accelerate the backup process.

**Example:** If you want to cleanup the Error Log list every 30 days, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE=30 where CATEGORY='CLEANUP_TASK' and PARAMETER='CLEANUP_ERROR_LOG_LIMIT';
The maximum limit for cleaning up error log list is 365. If you want to disable the cleanup, then set the parameter value to -1.

**Cleanup ACC Session**
It is a table containing the session details i.e., the logged in and logged out information. These entries are not used by the application and can be removed periodically for better database performance. By default, the session details are deleted once in every 90 days but for better performance, you can increase the cleanup frequency.

**Example:** If you want to cleanup the ACC Session every 30 days then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE=30 where CATEGORY='CLEANUP_TASK' and PARAMETER='CLEANUP_ACC_SESSION_LIMIT';
The maximum limit for cleaning up the ACC session details is 365. If you want to disable the cleanup, then set the parameter as -1.

**Delete System Generated Notifications**
System Generated Notifications are notifications generated and sent by the system. You can either delete all the system notifications or manually check the notifications to delete.

If you want to delete all the system notifications then execute the query,
delete from notification where senderid=1;
To get the list of notification titles to delete unwanted notifications, execute the query,
select notificationtitle from notification limit 100;

**Example:** If the notificationtitle is 'has been added to the group', then use the query to delete notifications under this title,
delete from notification where notificationtitle like '%has been added to the group%';

**Increase User Cache Count**
By default, the number of user data objects that would be cached is 500. But in case of high-end machines with better RAM configurations, this value can be increased to cache more data for quick response.

**Example:** If you want to increase the cache count to 1000, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='1000' where PARAMETER='USER_CACHECOUNT';

**Increase Technician Cache Count**
By default, the number of technician data objects that would be cached is 300. But in case of high-end machines with better RAM configurations, this value can be increased to cache more data for quick response.

**Example:** If you want to increase the cache to 1000, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='1000' where PARAMETER='TECHNICIAN_CACHECOUNT';
Increase Message IDs Cache Count
By default, the number of Message IDs that would be cached is 1000. But in case of high-end machines with better RAM configurations, this value can be increased to cache more data for quick response.

**Example:** If you want to increase the cache count to 2000, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='2000' where PARAMETER='MESSAGEID_CACHECOUNT';

Increase E-mail IDs / User IDs Cache Count
By default, the number of E-mail IDs / User IDs that would be cached is 1000. But in case of high-end machines with better RAM configurations, this value can be increased to cache more data for quick response.

**Example:** If you want to increase the cache count to 2000, then use the query,
update GlobalConfig set PARAMVALUE='2000' where PARAMETER='EMAIL_USERID_CACHECOUNT';
Feedback

If you are connected to the network you can send your feedback about ServiceDesk Plus immediately to our support team.

To send your feedback,

1. Log in to the ServiceDesk Plus application using your user name and password.
2. Click Help drop-down link at the top left corner of the page.
3. Click Feedback option. The Feedback form opens in a pop up window.
4. The To address will be in non-editable format to our support team. Specify Your Name, Your email ID, Subject of the mail and Message mail content in their corresponding fields.
5. Click Submit button to send the mail.
Lucene Search

ServiceDesk Plus uses Lucene Search for implementing its search mechanism and allowing application users to perform all kinds of searches.

Table below lists the fields which can be searched (along with sections under which they appear in the application):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Request Module</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Request ID</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incident text field</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subject</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mode</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub Category</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technician</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Line</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urgency</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search Fields</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact Details</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multi Line</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Impact</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Request Type</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Requester</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pick - List</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solution Module</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Solution ID</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution Title</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution Topic</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution Keyword</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution Comments</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solution content</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using Lucene search, the user can search for results with:

- **Exact Words:** The user can also search within double quotes. Eg: Search for "Server crash"
- **Multiple words:** By default, the application will search with OR function. If the user requires AND function, then he/she has to search the same keyword within double quotes. This can also be done using Advanced Search. Eg: Search for Mac Headphones and Mac monitor
- **Numerical ranges:** This can be done only using Advanced search. Eg: Search for all tickets between 30000 and 30050

- **Specific values in tickets:** This can be done only using Advanced search. Eg: Search for Requests containing Software upgrade and maintenance

**Tips:**

- Avoid entering common words like "is", "was", "for", "as", etc.. in the search box, to obtain precise results.
- Higher the number of times 'the term' you search for occurs in the Solution, higher is the precision of your search results.

**Points to remember about search mechanism:**

- **Special characters** cannot be searched
- Request(s) whose **description exceeds/or is equal to 64k** cannot be searched
- Search performed by **Technicians with SDAdmin role** will fetch **500 results**
- Search performed by **Technicians with roles other than SDAdmin role** will fetch **2500 results**
- Newly added/updated records can be searched only after an **interval of 2 mins**

**Note:** In case, the lucene folder gets corrupted, execute the file **reindex.bat** available under: servicedesk/bin to sort out the records.
Generating and Merging Self-signed Certificates

1. Generating Self-signed Certificate to Connect to Secured Servers

Whenever a product is running in secured (HTTPS/IMAPS/POPS/LDAPS) mode, it is required to generate a self-signed certificate, in order to connect ServiceDesk Plus with the respective secured server.

Steps Required:

The following steps should be followed to establish connection between ServiceDesk Plus and the corresponding secured server.

1. Download the .zip file from the links given below and extract it to "ManageEngineServiceDesk".
   - **For Linux:**
     - https://uploads.zohocorp.com/Internal_Useruploads/dnd/ServiceDesk_Plus/o_1af3b3o2010mg10kbj961mdt18sq1/lincertgeneration.zip
   - **For Windows:**
     - https://uploads.zohocorp.com/Internal_Useruploads/dnd/ServiceDesk_Plus/o_1af360niepdjr7j1flk1o323fa1/wincertgeneration.zip

2. Connect to the command prompt. Go to "ManageEngineServiceDesk" and run the batch file with following format:
   - **For Linux:**
     - `C:>ManageEngineServiceDesk>gencert.sh servername:portnumber`
   - **For Windows:**
     - `C:>ManageEngineServiceDesk>gencert.bat servername:portnumber`

3. On running the command, you will receive an exception **PKIX** and will ask you to enter a value. Provide value 1 that will generate a file named **jssecacerts** under "ManageEngineServiceDesk".

4. Copy the jssecacerts file under "ManageEngineServiceDeskjrelib" security folder.

Now, restart the ServiceDesk Plus application for the connection with the secured server to work.

2. Merging Certificates When Multiple Products are Configured in Secured Mode

It is possible to merge the certificates of two or more products running in secured mode. You can merge the certificates during the following situations:

- When both incoming and outgoing mail servers are in secured mode.
- When you try to connect two or more ME products running in secured mode.
When you try to connect secured ME products and secured mail server.

Let us consider a Mail server running in secured mode. You have to generate certificate for the Mail server by using these steps, which provides you with a jssecacerts file. If you wish to connect another ManageEngine (ME) product, say Desktop Central (DC) running in HTTPs mode, then you need to create a certificate for that product too using the same steps, which provides you with another jssecacerts file. Now, there are 2 jssecacerts files, which can be merged.

**Important!**: Always remember, whenever you merge the certificates, the "alias" has to be different. If the alias are same, overwriting occurs.

For example, if Mail server and DC are running in the same machine, then when generating certificate using "gencert.bat", give Hostname as machine name for the former and FQDN as machine name for the latter.

### 3. Example

The following is an example for creating and merging certificates for Mail server and Desktop Central.

**Generating Certificates:**
Consider, the Mail server and the DC are installed in a win7-test machine. Now, create separate certificates for both by using the below commands:

**For Mailserver > gencert.bat win7-test:9443**
At the end of the certificate generation, a message is shown as "Added certificate to keystore 'jssecacerts' using alias 'win7-test-1'"

It automatically gets saved as "jssecacerts".

**For DC > gencert.bat localhost:8383**
At the end of the certificate generation, a message is shown as "Added certificate to keystore 'jssecacerts' using alias 'localhost-1'"

It automatically gets saved as "jssecacerts". Rename it to "jssecacerts-dc".

**Merging Certificates:**
Once the certificates are generated, copy thems under the ServiceDeskjrelibsecurity folder. Execute the below command:

`>keytool -importkeystore -noprompt -srckeystore jssecacerts-dc -destkeystore jssecacerts`
Now, restart Servicedesk Plus for both the Mail server and DC connections to work.
Troubleshooting

This section gives you solutions for the problems faced while scanning for workstations in ServiceDesk Plus Inventory module.

1. Either access denied for the user or the remote DCOM option might be disabled in the workstation.
2. User does not have the access privileges to perform this operation.
3. Remote DCOM option is disabled in the Server machine.
4. Connection to RPC server in the workstation failed.
5. One of the WMI components is not registered properly.
6. Execution failure in the WMI Service of workstation.
7. WMI Service is disabled in the workstation.
8. Request for scan operation rejected by the workstation.
9. Connection to Telnet Service in the workstation failed.
10. Either Username or Password is incorrect in the workstation.
11. Scan operation Timed out.
12. The operation invoked is not supported in the current platform.
13. General failure while performing the operation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Message</th>
<th>Cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Either access denied for the user or the remote DCOM option might be disabled in the workstation | This error message is shown when scanning of a Windows workstation fails due to any of the following reasons:  
1. The login name and password provided for scanning might be invalid in the workstation.  
2. Remote DCOM option might be disabled in the remote workstation.  
1. Check if the login name and password are entered correctly.  
2. Check if Remote DCOM is enabled in the remote workstation. If not enabled, then enable the same. |

Resolution

To enable DCOM in Windows 2000 Computers:
1. Select Start > Run
2. Type DCOMCNFG in the text field
3. Click OK.
4. Select Default Properties tab
5. Check the box "Enable Distributed COM in this machine"
6. Press OK

To enable DCOM in Windows XP Computers:
1. Select Start > Run
2. Type DCOMCNFG in the text field
3. Click OK
4. Right Click on Component Services > Computers > My Computer
5. Click Properties
6. Select Default Properties tab in the frame that pops
7. Check the box "Enable Distributed COM in this machine"
8. Press OK

3. Check if the user account is valid in the target workstation. For this execute the following commands in the command prompt (of the server machine).

```
net use \<RemoteComputerName>C$ /u:<DomainNameUserName> "<password>"
net use \<RemoteComputerName>ADMIN$ /u:<DomainNameUserName> "<password>"
```

Replace the relevant value within <> . Supply password within the quotes. If these commands show any error message, then the provided user account is not valid in that remote computer.
**Error Message**
User does not have the access privileges to perform this operation

**Cause**
Such error messages are shown, if the User ID provided for scanning does not have sufficient access privileges to perform the scanning operation. Probably, this user does not belong to the Administrator group of the workstation.

**Resolution**
Move the user to the Administrator Group of the workstation (or) Scan with an administrator (preferably a Domain Administrator) account.

---

**Error Message**
Remote DCOM option is disabled in the Server machine

**Cause**
Remote DCOM option might be disabled in the machine running ServiceDesk Plus Server. ServiceDesk uses Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) to scan the remote workstations. WMI works over Remote DCOM and hence this option must be enabled for scanning the remote machines.

**Resolution**
To know how to enable DCOM in Windows system refer to resolution of the error message
Either access denied for the user or the remote DCOM option might be disabled in the workstation.

---

**Error Message**
Connection to RPC server in the workstation failed

**Cause**
This message is shown when a firewall is configured on the remote computer. Such exceptions mostly occur in Windows XP (SP-2), when the default Windows Firewall is enabled.
Disable the default Firewall in the workstation. To disable the Firewall in Windows XP (SP2)
1. Select Start -> Run
2. Type Firewall.cpl
3. Click OK.
4. In the General tab, click Off.
5. Click OK.
If Firewall cannot be disabled then, we can launch Remote Administration feature for administrators in the remote computer. The following command when executed in the target computer, can enable the feature:

```
netsh freewall set service RemoteAdmin
```

After scanning the computer, if required, the Remote Administration feature can also be disabled. The following command disables the feature:

```
netsh freewall set service RemoteAdmin disable
```

---

**Error Message**
One of the WMI components is not registered properly

**Cause**
This message is shown if WMI is not available in the remote windows workstation. This happens in the Windows 9x, Windows NT and Windows ME. Such error codes might also occur in higher versions of Windows if the WMI Components are not registered properly.
Install WMI core in the remote workstation. This can be downloaded from the Microsoft web site.
If the problem is due to WMI Components registration, then register the WMI dlls by executing the following command at command prompt:

```
winmgmt /RegServer
```

---

**Error Message**
Execution failure in the WMI Service of workstation

**Cause**
Such error messages are shown, when there are some internal execution failures in the WMI Service (winmgmt.exe) running in the remote workstation. Probably the last update of the WMI Repository in that workstation could have failed.
Restart the WMI Service in the remote workstation. To restart the WMI service in the workstation
1. Click Start -> Run.
2. Type Services.msc
3. Click OK.
4. In the Services window that pops-up, select "Windows Management Instrumentation" service and right-click on that.
5. Click Restart.

---

**Error Message**
WMI Service is disabled in the workstation

**Cause**
This error message is shown when the WMI Service (winmgmt.exe) is not enabled in the remote workstation.
Modify the property of WMI Service to Manual or Automatic from Disabled.
1. Click Start -> Run.
2. Type Services.msc
3. Click OK.
4. In the Services window that pops-up, select "Windows Management Instrumentation" service and right-click on that.
5. Click Properties.
6. If the Startup type is "Disabled", change it to "Automatic/Manual" and start the service.
7. Restart the service.

Error Message: Request for scan operation rejected by the workstation
Cause: DCOM settings in Registry of the target workstation reject the scan request.
Resolution:
1. Use Regedit to navigate to: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINESOFTWAREMicrosoftOLE.
2. Double-click the EnableDCOM value Name, a string (REG_SZ) data type. Set its data value to Y, even if it is already SET to Y.
3. Click OK.
4. Shutdown and restart the computer.

Error Message: Connection to Telnet Service in the workstation failed
Cause: Telnet Service might not be running in the target computer (or) Telnet Service is not running in default port 23.
Resolution: Discovering remote Linux Machines by ServiceDesk is done using Telnet. Ensure that Telnet is running in the remote workstations in the default port 23.

Error Message: Either Username or Password is incorrect in the workstation
Cause: The username and password provided to scan the remote workstation is incorrect.
Resolution: Discovering Linux Workstations, in ServiceDesk Plus is done using the Telnet. Provide a valid username and password that can successfully establish a telnet session with the target workstation.

Error Message: Scan operation Timed out
Cause: Target workstation did not respond within the default time limit. This might be due to some delay in the network.
Resolution: Try scanning the workstation, sometime later. If the same error message repeats, contact ServiceDesk Plus Support Team at servicedeskplus-support@manageengine.com.

Error Message: The operation invoked is not supported in the current platform
Cause: Such error codes are shown if the workstation has an Operating System other than Windows or Linux.
Resolution: Currently, Network Discovery in ServiceDesk Plus supports Windows or Linux machines, only.

Error Message: General failure while performing the operation
Cause: Some unexpected exception occurred while, scanning the workstation.
Resolution: Contact the ServiceDesk support team at servicedeskplus-support@manageengine.com with the Error log files. You can obtain the error log files from Support tab by clicking on the Support File link in the ServiceDesk Plus application.
Installing Desktop Central Plugin

Example: Let's say, ServiceDesk Plus is installed in location: D:ManageengineServiceDeskplus
Then, DC Plugin should be installed in the location:
D:ManageengineServiceDeskplusDesktopcentral_Server,

1. Extract .exe file and install it under location: <SDP_home>Desktopcentral_Server
2. DC Plugin Startup/Shutdown

   • DC Plugin will start and shutdown along with ServiceDesk Plus server
   • During DC Plugin installation, the ServiceDesk Plus server will be running and the DC Plugin will automatically start functioning once its server details are configured

   • Uploading Desktop Central logs for Analysis

   • Zip the logs available under: D:ManageengineServiceDeskplusDesktopcentral_ServerLogs and upload it directly to the Desktop Central Server

   • Features available to ServiceDesk Plus users once DC Plugin is installed:

All features associated with Desktop Central will be available to ServiceDesk Plus users from its home page (Desktop Central & MDM dropdowns)

   • Following features will be particularly useful for ServiceDesk Plus users with respect to Desktop Central

   • Deploying software package from ServiceDesk Plus request details page
   • Deploying custom script execution from ServiceDesk Plus request details page
   • Advanced Remote control from ServiceDesk Plus asset details page and request details page
   • Ability to add worklogs after the completion of remote control sessions
   • Ability to invoke chat from request details page, which can be transcribed as: a) Notes for that request b) Resolution for that request C) A New Ticket

Note:
   • DC Plugin will automatically will push asset-related data to ServiceDesk Plus
   • Desktop Central users too can raise tickets in ServiceDesk Plus from Desktop Central application using desktop central agent trayicon
   • During startup, if ServiceDesk Plus server starts but DC Plugin does not, then the DC Plugin can be started from the service manager
   • For Desktop Central related queries, please send mail to: desktopcentral-support@manageengine.com
Performance Monitoring Tool

Monitor ServiceDesk Plus software metrics and scale the application's capacity (based on memory utilization and cpu usage) using the performance monitoring tool. This tool through regular monitoring (as per the configured schedule) checks for performance issues and finds out their rootcause. It presents "a clear picture of performance issues" which enable the application user to provide administrators with the exact log details required for effectively tackling application slowdowns.

Notes:
- Performance Monitoring Tool is an url-based tool which can be enabled/disabled only through urls.
- Technicians with SDAdmin role alone have the rights to operate performance monitoring tool

Contents
- Performance Monitoring Tool
- When will the performance monitoring tool alarm you?
- URLs for operating Performance Monitoring Tool
- Details generated during Performance Monitoring
- Notes

Performance Monitoring Tool
- Url-based thread dump generation tool
- Provides you with the following parameters: 'cpu usage', 'free memory' & 'time interval' using which application performance can be monitored
- Allows you to change performance monitoring schedule to suit your requirements
- Can be enabled/disabled

When will the performance monitoring tool alarm you?
- When the parameter 'cpu usage' exceeds threshold value for the specified time interval (OR)
- When the parameter 'free memory' goes below threshold value for the specified time interval

URLs for enabling, modifying & disabling Performance Monitoring Tool

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PURPOSE</th>
<th>URL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enable</td>
<td><a href="http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=true">http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=true</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modify</td>
<td><a href="http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=true&amp;timeinterval=5&amp;cpulimit=90&amp;freememorylimit=120">http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=true&amp;timeinterval=5&amp;cpulimit=90&amp;freememorylimit=120</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable</td>
<td><a href="http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=false">http://servername:portnumber/PerformanceSchedule.do?performancemonitoring=false</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information displayed on the Dashboard largely depends on the site and roles associated to the technician.

Viewing details generated during Performance Monitoring (in version 9400 and above)
- Click 'System Log Viewer' under 'Support Tab'
- Logs generated during performance monitoring will be appended with the threaddump0.txt file (under the location SDP_home/log/Directory) and the reason for the performance degradation will also be available in the same.

Viewing details generated during Performance Monitoring (in versions below 9400)
- Click 'System Log Viewer' under 'Support Tab'
- Logs generated during performance monitoring will be appended with the threaddump0.txt file (under the location SDP_home/server/default/log/Directory) and the reason for the
**performance degradation** will also be available in the same.

**Notes:**

- **Modify URL parameters** (time interval=5; cpulimit=90; freememory=120;) provided here are example values. This can be modified as per requirement.
- **Default parameter values** (generated when invoking Enable URL) are: time interval=2; cpu limit=80; freememory=100
Product Roadmap

The ServiceDesk Plus roadmap gives you an overview of what to expect in our future releases. To request for a new feature, head here.

Note: This is only a tentative schedule; the timing of the release may vary based on our internal priorities and schedules.

Product Development Workflow

In Testing

- Associate multiple changes and projects in logical parent-child relationships.
- Gamification: Break the monotony of the everyday and motivate technicians to enjoy their work.
- Auto-approve change: When all CAB members recommend a change, you can now configure auto-approval.
- Export requests: Ability to export requests from the request list view in multiple formats.
- Preventive maintenance tasks for service request templates.
- AMS renewal: Be notified of the subscription expiry and apply for renewal from the application.
- Health Meter: Assess your application's health metrics at a glance.
- HTML Editor Enhancements
  - Technician home page: The all new widget-based home page allows the SD Admin to organize the information on the home page and also build new widgets.
  - Sribble Pad: Make quick notes in the application.
  - Request custom triggers enhancements: Execute custom triggers when a new reply is received and each time a request is created, edited, created and edited, approved, rejected, and approved or rejected.
  - Organize Request Catalog: Sequence templates under the catalog to suit your requirements.

In Implementation

- Dashboard for projects: Display all project-related data in a single location and track them easily.
- Ability to configure who is performing a role in the Change through Add / Edit form of Change.
- Technician auto assign based on the availability of technicians.
- Ability to add notes while assigning a technician to a request.
- Schedule validation and auto rescheduling for projects.
- Ability for technician to start a chat conversation with another technician.
- Custom filters for tasks and change.
- Multi-level CAB for a change request.
- Option to modify a Service Request template.
- Ability to create Purchase Order for non-asset type of purchases such as training and services.
- New UI for request list view and details.
- User merge tool - To merge duplicate users.
- Survey Enhancements
- Support to configure different survey templates for different type of requests.
- Ability to send ad hoc surveys; the survey need not be associated to a request.
- Ability to send surveys periodically. Send surveys in predefined intervals, such as once after 2 weeks or 4 months.
- Ability to configure different answers for different questions.

- Option to custom sort the order of service categories listing and service catalog templates.
- Additional fields for projects.
- Ability to create business views for CMDB to display graphical views of CIs.
- Support to merge service requests.
- Option not to scan assets in certain resource states.
- Configure custom scripts for actions in business rule. Custom scripts will be invoked before storing the request data. This feature can be used to deny certain operations or update field values (like additional field value).
- Conversation for change requests.

**Service Catalog**
- To mark cost associated with a service request offering.
- Ability to include images for service catalog resources.

**Request Form Customizer:**
- Ability to define section, label text for section, and fields inside a section. Selecting the section includes the fields under the section as well.
- To set default height of description field and other rich text additional fields.
- Ability to include help card for filling the form. Provide instructions for requesters to fill out of the form correctly.
- Full customization of request form layout/canvas.
- Mark fields that are already used in any field and form rule.
- To support different type of additional fields like radio button, check box, and rich text field.

**Mobile App features**
- Bar code scan of asset.

**Approval action.**
- To create request based on request templates.
- View and search the solutions module.
- Module-level administrative roles (like SDHelpdeskAdmin, SDAssetAdmin).

**Solution enhancements.**
- To include 'Expiry' date for solution.
- Additional fields for solution.
- Requester can add comments over solution article.
- Requester can mark Like / Unlike over a solution article.
- Option to link solutions.

- Ability to configure request fields to be shown on the task details page.
- Ability to seek more info from requester/technician before the approver makes an approval decision.
- Option to add notes while assigning a request.
UI Design

- Technician shift timing and assign requests based on shift.
- Watch list for Requests.
- Major incident management. Support to bring members and stake holders from various teams and effectively handle major incidents.
- Ability for requester to cancel one's own request.
- Projects:
  - Rescheduling milestone/task schedules based on delay / advancement of other schedules

Planning

- Different operational hours for different days.
- To include a log entry in Log viewer for all Admin operations (like adding, editing, deleting entry in admin configuration section).
- Configuring backup approver for requesters.
- Custom filter for change requests views.
- Currently when a request is shared to technicians, their general request permissions (edit, delete) will be applied to shared request. We will look to include the ability to share request with 'Read' only permission to technicians.
- Projects
  - Dependency between tasks across milestones.
  - Configuring dependency between milestones.
Support Policy

Following is the support policy of ServiceDesk Plus

- Product support will be offered only for builds that are one year old. For example, support for ServiceDesk Plus 9.3 released on 8th February, 2017 will be available only till 8th February, 2018. To continue receiving support, you will have to move to the latest version of ServiceDesk Plus.
- Service packs released will be applicable only over the latest available build of ServiceDesk Plus.

Why upgrade
By upgrading to the latest version of ServiceDesk Plus, you get access to the new features that help improve your help desk performance and enhance IT service delivery. With every release, existing bugs are fixed, thus reducing the number of issues or breakdowns you experience with ServiceDesk Plus.

Help and guidance
All information about the latest versions are available here and the upgrades can be downloaded from here. If you are using a build earlier to 7612, you can follow the migration sequence to upgrade to the latest edition. In case you face a failed upgrade, you can request assistance to restore your build. If you need further assistance in upgrading ServiceDesk Plus, you can always contact us at support@servicedeskplus.com